



LumiWave

SECURITY ASSESSMENT REPORT

FINAL

Token & Vote Contract

Ver_1.0

2024.05.09

SOOHO®

1. Executive Overview

1-1. Abstract

LumiWave is a token based on Sui. It allows users to execute transactions quickly at a low cost.

SOOHO Audit conducted a security audit of the LumiWave Token & Vote Contract for a period of 15 days, **from April 24, 2024, to May 9, 2024**. This security audit aims to **detect security threats such as functional errors** in the token and vote contract, which is a core implementation for LumiWave.

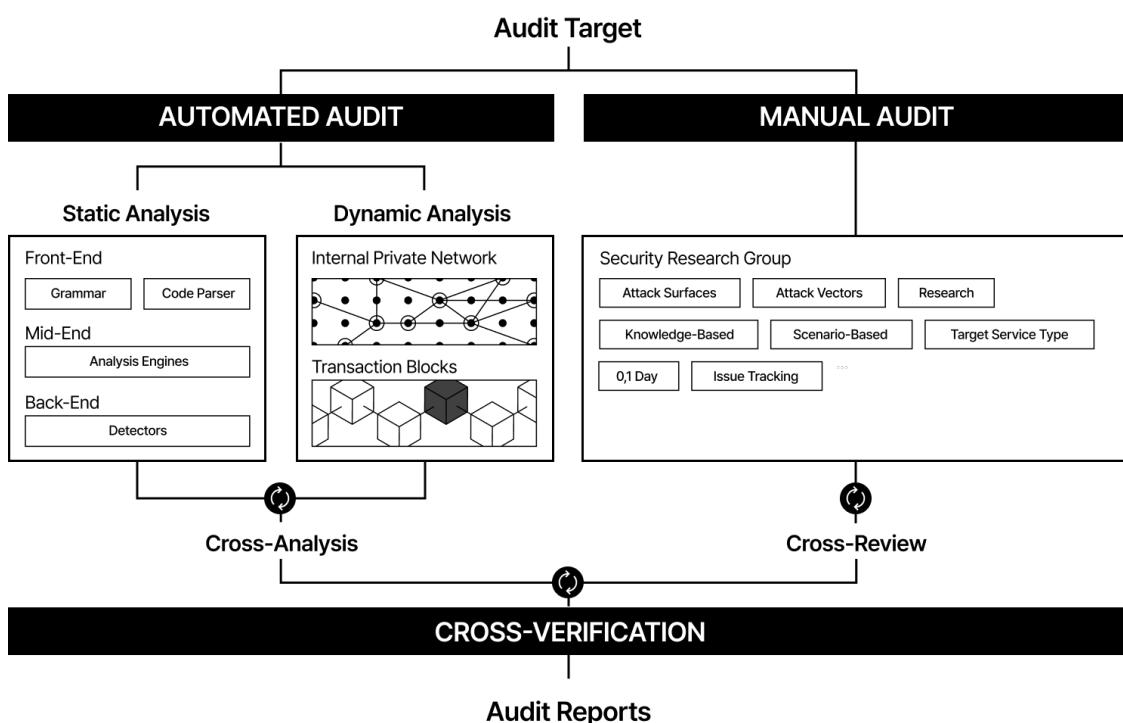
As a result, SOOHO Audit discovered **a total of 1 issue**. Note that **1 of 0** issues have been resolved by the LumiWave team. Through this audit, we have successfully addressed several threats, but it is important to note that the verification was limited to the essential aspects necessary to achieve the audit's objectives within the given resources. We recommend continuous security audits to consistently enhance the project's safety.

1-2. Assessment Methodology

SOOHO Audit applies two audit methodologies, Automated Audit and Manual Audit, to conduct a more comprehensive blockchain security audit.

Automated Audit utilizes cooperative analysis between static analysis and dynamic analysis to accurately and quickly detect various attacks, ensuring a high-quality audit. SOOHO's proprietary analyzer performs static analysis by parsing the syntax of the client's contract code, conducting semantic inference, variable tracking, and path exploration to validate conditions. In static analysis, SOOHO performs more sophisticated analysis through actual operation analysis, fuzzing, and concolic execution in its own test network.

In Manual Audit, SOOHO's team of security audit experts directly verifies the client's project by leveraging various security and domain knowledge. They focus on analyzing code with higher risks and examine whether the code has been written as intended by the partner company and whether access management is functioning correctly. Security audit experts handle complex attack scenarios and recent security issues, complementing the automated analysis to enhance the completeness of the audit. Additionally, through cross-validation among experts, more refined security audit results are provided.



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Audit Certificate

SOOHO.IO Verified on May 9, 2024



Project Overview

Chain	Sui	Language	Move
# of Files	4	# of Lines	437
Repository	https://github.com/LumiWave/inno-contract		
Commit	2b990663682bf41e26dcb1e07ec6891bd263c47b		
Audit Period	April 24, 2024 - May 9, 2024		

Findings Overview

Found	1	Resolved	0	Partially Resolved	0	Acknowledged	0
● CRITICAL	0						
● HIGH	0						
● MEDIUM	0						
● LOW	1	<input type="checkbox"/>					
● NOTE	0						



Revision History

- Ver_1.0 - Issued on May 9, 2024 : Initial Submission

2. Audit Summary

2-1. Findings Summary

Issue ID	Severity	Description	Status
VLS-SDS-001	● LOW	Possible DoS in <code>vote::vote_counting</code>	Found

2-2. Verification Summary

Verification ID	Description	Status
OnlyVoteCanMint	After the initial mint, additional mint is only possible through voting.	Verified
DenyCapAvail	add_deny can block token transfers.	Verified
CoinLockable	Token can be locked and transferred to a wallet.	Verified

3. Findings

#1. Possible DoS in **vote::vote_counting**

Status	 Found	Issue ID	VLS-SDS-001
Issue Type	Denial of Service	Severity	 LOW
Files affected	/sources/vote.move		

```

1      while( i < vector::length(&participants)) {
2          let participant = vector::borrow(&participants, i);
3          if ( participant.is_agree == true ) {
4              agree_cnt = agree_cnt + 1;
5          } else{
6              disagree_cnt = disagree_cnt + 1;
7          };
8          i = i + 1;

```

<https://github.com/LumiWave/inno-contract/blob/2b990663682bf41e26dcb1e07ec6891bd263c47b/LUMIWAVE/sources/vote.move#L113-L120>

Details

vote::vote_counting aggregates the results of completed votes. If an unusually high number of wallets participate in a specific vote, the transaction may fail due to exceeding the execution limit. This could be exploited by malicious users to continuously cause the failure of vote counting intended for additional minting.

Mitigation

Instead of aggregating the vote results through a final loop, it is recommended to implement a loop-free structure by saving the vote count after each vote function.

4. Appendix

4-1. Severity Definitions

● CRITICAL	There is a clear potential for direct asset leakage or immediate system shutdown in a typical environment.
● HIGH	There is a clear potential for indirect asset leakage or system disruption in a typical environment.
● MEDIUM	There is a possibility of temporary system suspension in typical environment or potential asset exposure in highly specific situations.
● LOW	There is a potential for temporary system suspension or partial functionality impairment in highly specific situations.
● NOTE	It is recommended for functional optimization .

4-2. File Hash Calculation Method

In the "Checksum" field of the "Audit Scope" section, the SHA-256 (Secure Hash Algorithm 2) digest, with a digest size of 256 bits, is used to calculate the checksum. It represents the hash value of each file content hosted in the specified source repositories listed below the designated commit. The result is encoded in hexadecimal format and is equivalent to the output of the Linux "shasum" command for the target files.

4-3. Vulnerability Classification

Access Control	When permissions are not properly granted to functions that should have authorization, or when arbitrary users can access privileged functions.
Authentication	When a user has the ability to influence values associated with arbitrary other EOAs or CAs.
Data Validation	When there is a lack of appropriate validation for the data provided by the user or when trusting unreliable data.
Reentrancy	When there is a presence of reentrancy vulnerability.
Centralization	When the permissions of the Owner or Admin are excessively strong, leading to the potential for a rug-pull.
Misimplementation	When there is a specification in the documentation, but the implementation is flawed, resulting in unintended or incorrect functionality.
Undefined Behavior	In specific cases where unforeseen scenarios in the design lead to unintended outcomes.
Deprecated Code	When using outdated versions of the code that require patching.
Front-running	When there is a loss of value due to front-running.
Gas Optimization	When there are opportunities to optimize gas usage.
Bad Randomness	When using a predictable random function.
Oracle Security	When using an incorrect Price Oracle or misusing the Oracle libraries.
Denial of Service	When there is a potential for a Denial of Service (DoS) attack.
Timing	When vulnerabilities occur based on the order or timing of transactions.
Cryptography	When vulnerabilities are associated with cryptographic basis.
Best Practice	Conventional best practices for producing high-quality code.

4-4. Audit Scope

Filename	SHA1 Hash
Move.toml	0c834c31f2386f7c6fa94032a5382da34fc9c04
sources/lock_coin.move	1ae68d31c644856974e8fdd8bed54c18a0fec0e
sources/lumiwave.move	740f11441c27d628e77242c9d7c53ea6ec3b2cce
sources/vote.move	37551a9941118519356bf91c6553158473d16240

About SOOHO.IO

SOOHO started with the aim of researching and providing technologies to enhance the security and reliability of the blockchain ecosystem. SOOHO verifies smart contract vulnerabilities using its own vulnerability analyzer and open-source analyzers. In addition, SOOHO's security team consists of skilled professionals with excellent hacking capabilities and experience, including winning awards in hacking competitions such as Defcon, Nuit du Hack, White Hat, SamsungCTF, and having academic backgrounds such as doctoral degrees in security. The experts at SOOHO are dedicated to protecting clients' smart contracts from both known 1-DAY vulnerabilities and 0-DAY vulnerabilities.

Contact us

Twitter @SOOHO_AUDIT

E-mail audit@sooho.io

Website <https://www.soho.io/solution/audit/>



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Institutional-Grade DeFi Infrastructure

To invite anyone who wishes to expand their financial opportunities, SOOHO is building a transparent and secure infrastructure with reliable partners. We aim to establish a cross-chain ecosystem connected by the safest bridges, creating a Gateway that enables easy access to various financial opportunities.