Micro-Batch, Streaming and Serveless



@Luminous Moonlight
Presented by KONY128
2020-11-21

Map Reduce Review

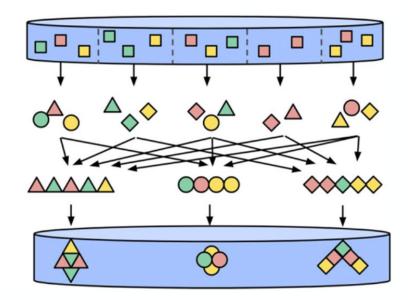
(Prepare)

Map

(Shuffle)

Reduce

(Produce)





Google MapReduce https://research.google/pubs/pub62/

RDD Review



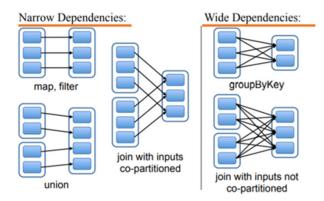
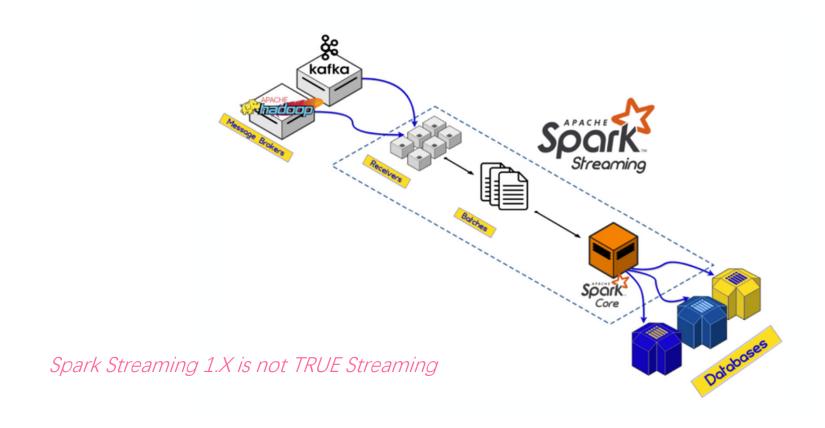


Figure 4: Examples of narrow and wide dependencies. Each box is an RDD, with partitions shown as shaded rectangles.

No Scheduler Fault-Tolerance

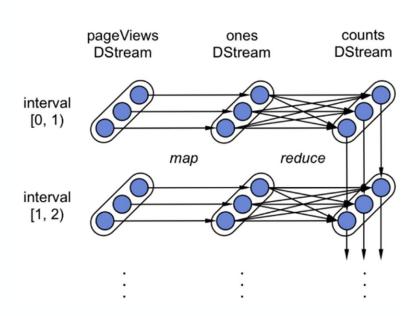
Resilient Distributed Datasets: https://www.usenix.org/system/files/conference/nsdi12/nsdi12-final138.pdf

Spark Streaming



Discretized Streams

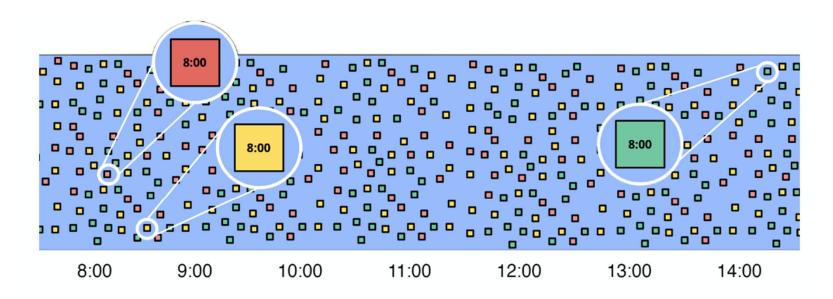
```
pageViews = readStream("http:// ... ", "1s")
ones = pageViews.map(event ⇒ (event.url, 1))
counts = ones.runningReduce((a, b) ⇒ a + b)
```



The Dataflow Model

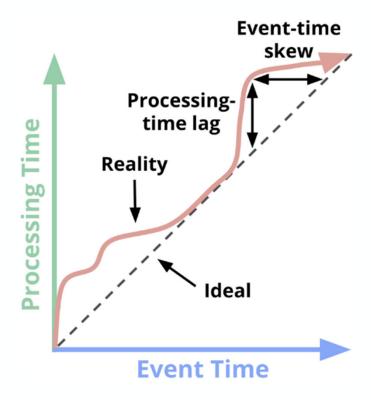
A Practical Approach to Balancing Correctness, Latency, and Cost in Massive-scale, Unbounded, Out-of-order Data Processing

Data Distribution Of Streaming



Data can be infinitely big with unknown delays.

Time Distribution Of Events



Focus

What are you computing?

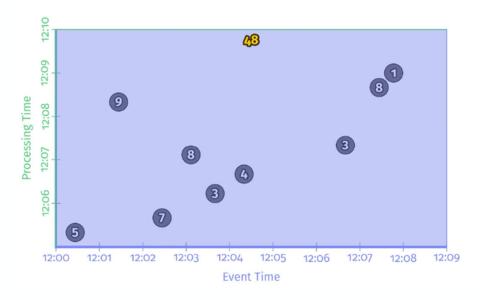
Where in event time?

When in processing time?

How do refinements relate?

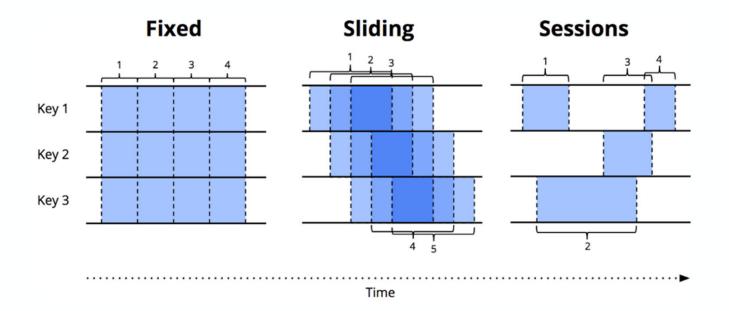
What Are You Computing

```
PCollection<KV<String, Integer>> input = I0.read(...);
PCollection<KV<String, Integer>> output = input
    .apply(Sum.integersPerKey());
```



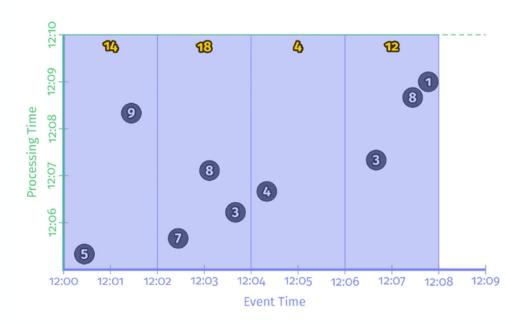
Where in Event Time

Windowing

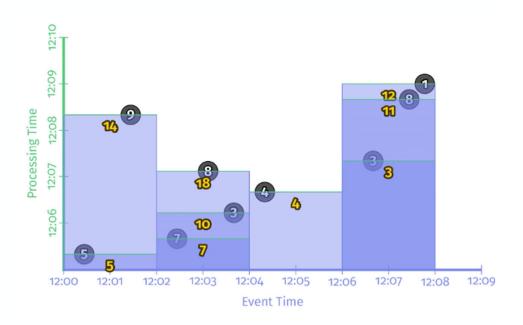


Where in Event Time

```
PCollection<KV<Team, Integer>> scores = input
   .apply(Window.into(FixedWindows.of(TWO_MINUTES)))
   .apply(Sum.integersPerKey());
```

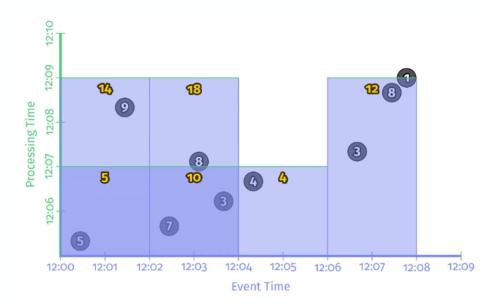


Repeated Update Triggers

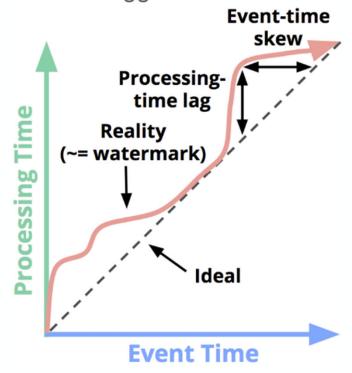


Repeated Update Triggers

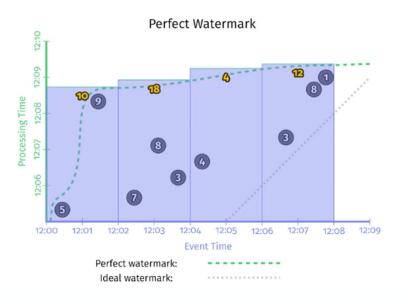
```
PCollection<KV<Team, Integer>> scores = input
  .apply(Window.into(FixedWindows.of(TWO_MINUTES)))
| | | | | | .triggering(Repeatedly(AlignedDelay(TWO_MINUTES)))
  .apply(Sum.integersPerKey());
```

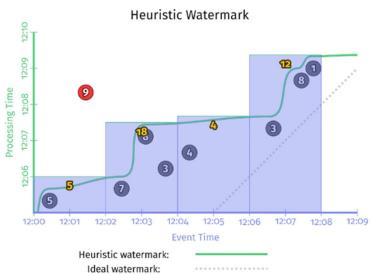


Watermarks — Completeness Triggers

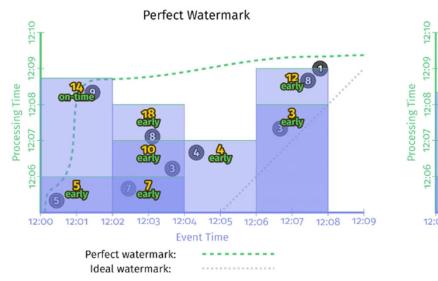


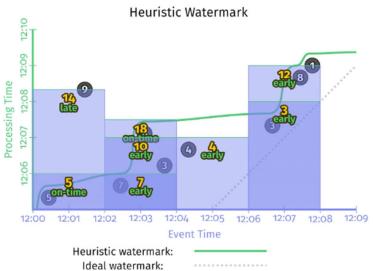
Watermarks — Completeness Triggers





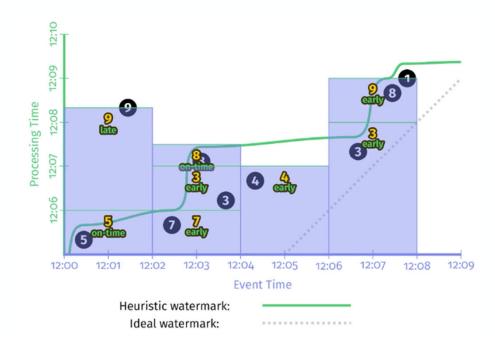
Early/On-time/Late Trigger





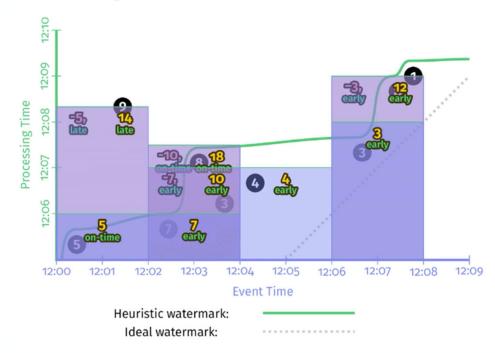
How do refinements relate

Discarding



How do refinements relate

Accumulating & Retracting



The Dataflow Model Summary

What are you computing?

- Pipeline Code

Where in event time?

- Windowing

When in processing time?

- Triggers & Watermark

How do refinements relate?

- Discarding, Accumulating and Accumulating&Retracting

Serveless - FaaS











AWS Lambda

无需预置或管理服务器即可运行代码,您只需 为实际使用的资源付费



Amazon S3

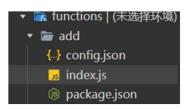
以行业领先的可扩展性、数据可用性、安全性 和性能存储任意数量的数据

Exp. Wechat Mini Program Serveless



数据库容量	本日数据库读请求数	存储容量	本月 CDN 流量	本月云函数资源使用量
O _{MB / 2 GB}	0次/5万次	O _{MB / 5 GB}	O _{Byte / 5 GB}	O GBs / 4万GBs
			资源生命周期: 2020-11-12 00	0:00:00 - 2020-12-11 23:59:59
资源名称		使用量		配额
存储容量		0 MB		5 GB

Exp. Serveless Function: add



```
// Cloud Function Entrance File
const cloud = require('wx-server-sdk')

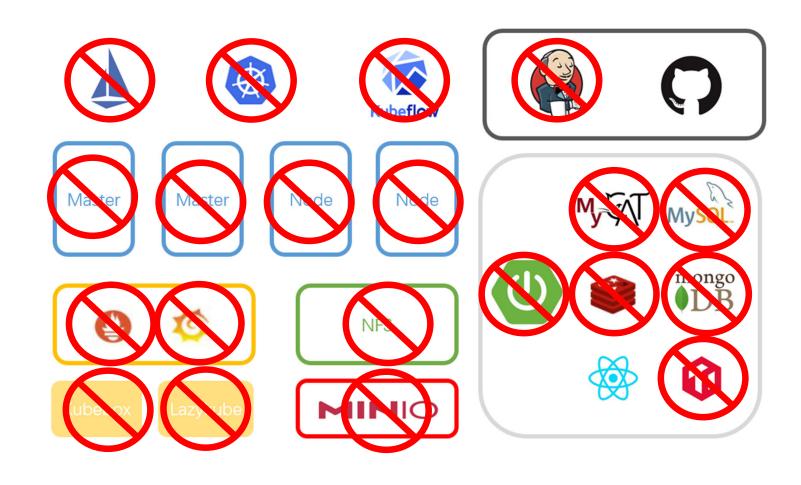
cloud.init()

// Cloud Function Entrance

vexports.main = async (event, context) => {
    const wxContext = cloud.getWXContext()

veturn {
    sum: event.a + event.b,
    event,
    openid: wxContext.OPENID,
    appid: wxContext.APPID,
    unionid: wxContext.UNIONID,
    }
}
```

The Pro of Serveless From A Project Exp.



The Challenge of Serveless



