

# Technical Design Document (TDD)

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## altpay - Nigerian Payment Gateway

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### Document Information

Field	Details
<b>Project Name</b>	altpay Payment Gateway
<b>Version</b>	1.0
<b>Date</b>	January 30, 2026
<b>Status</b>	Draft
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<b>Related Documents</b>	BRD.md, MVP_SPECIFICATION.md

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### Table of Contents

1. Introduction
  2. System Architecture
  3. Technology Stack
  4. Database Design
  5. API Design
  6. Security Architecture
  7. Third-Party Integrations
  8. Infrastructure & DevOps
  9. Development Timeline
  10. Team Structure
  11. Testing Strategy
  12. Deployment Strategy
  13. Monitoring & Observability
  14. Risk Assessment
- 

## 1. Introduction

### 1.1 Purpose

This Technical Design Document outlines the technical architecture, technology choices, implementation approach, and development timeline for the altpay payment gateway platform.

### 1.2 Scope

This document covers:

- System architecture and design patterns
- Technology stack selection with justifications
- Database schema design
- API specifications
- Security implementation
- Infrastructure setup
- Development phases and timeline
- Team requirements

### 1.3 Goals

- Build a scalable, secure payment gateway for Nigerian businesses
  - Achieve 99.9% uptime for payment processing
  - Process transactions within 3 seconds
  - Support 10,000+ concurrent transactions
  - PCI DSS Level 1 compliance
- 

## 2. System Architecture

### 2.1 High-Level Architecture



```

Q["Emails | SMS | Webhooks | Settlements | Reports"]
end

subgraph OBS ["OBSERVABILITY LAYER"]
    direction LR
    SENTRY["Sentry<br/>(Error Tracking)"]
    GRAFANA["Grafana + Prometheus<br/>(Metrics/Dashboards)"]
    POSTHOG["PostHog<br/>(Product Analytics)"]
    ELK["ELK Stack<br/>(Centralized Logging)"]
    SEGMENT["Segment<br/>(Data Pipeline)"]
    CW["CloudWatch<br/>(AWS Logs)"]
end

CLIENT --> BACKEND
BACKEND --> DATA
DATA --> QUEUE
QUEUE --> OBS

```

## 2.2 Modular Monolith Architecture

Given the 5-person team size, we adopt a **Modular Monolith** approach - organized like microservices but deployed as a single application.

Module	Responsibility	Future Extraction Priority
<b>Payment</b>	Transaction processing, card tokenization	High (PCI compliance)
<b>Merchant</b>	Merchant management, onboarding, KYC	Low
<b>Settlement</b>	Fund disbursement, reconciliation	Low
<b>Notification</b>	Email, SMS, webhooks	Medium
<b>Analytics</b>	Reporting, dashboards, metrics	Medium

### Benefits:

- Faster development with small team
- Easier debugging and deployment
- Clear module boundaries for future extraction
- Lower infrastructure complexity

## 2.3 Design Patterns

- **Modular Monolith:** Single deployable with clear module boundaries
- **Repository Pattern:** Data access abstraction via Laravel Eloquent
- **Service Layer:** Business logic encapsulation
- **Queue-based Processing:** Async tasks via Laravel Queue
- **API Resources:** Consistent JSON response transformation
- **Form Requests:** Validation and authorization

### 3. Technology Stack

#### 3.1 Frontend

Layer	Technology	Version	Justification
Framework	Next.js	15.x	SSR, SEO optimization, React 19 support, App Router
Language	TypeScript	5.7	Type safety, better DX, reduced bugs
Styling	Tailwind CSS	4.x	Rapid UI development, consistent design
UI Components	Shadcn/ui	Latest	Accessible, customizable components
State Management	Zustand	5.x	Lightweight, simple API
Form Handling	React Hook Form + Zod	Latest	Performance, validation
HTTP Client	Axios / TanStack Query	5.x	Caching, request management
Charts	Recharts	2.x	Dashboard visualizations

#### 3.2 Backend

Layer	Technology	Version	Justification
Framework	Laravel	12.x	Batteries-included, excellent for APIs, large Nigerian community
Language	PHP	8.4	Modern features, improved performance
ORM	Eloquent	12.x	Elegant Active Record implementation
Validation	Laravel Validation	Built-in	Powerful, declarative rules
Authentication	Laravel Sanctum	4.x	API token authentication
API Documentation	Scramble / L5-Swagger	Latest	Auto-generated OpenAPI docs
Task Queue	Laravel Queue (Redis)	Built-in	Background job processing
Caching	Laravel Cache (Redis)	Built-in	Application caching
Performance	Laravel Octane (Swoole)	2.x	High-performance application server

#### 3.3 Database

Type	Technology	Version	Use Case
<b>Primary DB</b>	PostgreSQL	16.x	Transactional data, ACID compliance
<b>Cache</b>	Redis	7.x	Sessions, rate limiting, caching, queues
<b>Search</b>	Meilisearch	1.x	Transaction search, fast indexing (Laravel Scout)

### 3.4 Infrastructure & Cloud

Component	Technology	Justification
<b>Cloud Provider</b>	AWS (Primary)	Reliability, Lagos region availability
<b>Compute</b>	AWS EC2 / Laravel Forge	Managed server provisioning
<b>Container Orchestration</b>	Kubernetes (EKS)	Scalability, auto-healing (Phase 2)
<b>Container Runtime</b>	Docker	Consistent environments
<b>Load Balancer</b>	AWS ALB	High availability
<b>CDN</b>	CloudFront	Static asset delivery, low latency
<b>DNS</b>	Route 53	DNS management, health checks
<b>SSL/TLS</b>	AWS ACM	Free SSL certificates
<b>File Storage</b>	AWS S3	Uploads, documents, exports

### 3.5 DevOps & CI/CD

Component	Technology	Purpose
<b>Version Control</b>	GitHub	Code repository
<b>CI/CD</b>	GitHub Actions	Automated pipelines
<b>Deployment</b>	Laravel Forge / Envoyer	Zero-downtime deployments
<b>Configuration</b>	Laravel .env + AWS Secrets Manager	Environment config
<b>Error Tracking</b>	Sentry	Real-time error monitoring and alerts
<b>Metrics</b>	Grafana + Prometheus	Dashboards and system metrics
<b>APM</b>	Laravel Telescope	Local debugging and query analysis

### 3.6 Analytics & Observability

Component	Technology	Purpose
<b>Error Tracking</b>	Sentry	Real-time error monitoring, stack traces, releases

Component	Technology	Purpose
Metrics & Dashboards	Grafana + Prometheus	Custom dashboards, system metrics, alerts
Product Analytics	PostHog	User behavior, funnels, feature flags, session replay
Data Pipeline	Segment	Customer data collection, event routing, integrations
Application Logs	ELK Stack (Elasticsearch, Logstash, Kibana)	Centralized logging, log analysis, search
Cloud Logs	AWS CloudWatch	Infrastructure logs, Lambda logs
Uptime Monitoring	UptimeRobot	Availability alerts

## 4. Database Design

### 4.1 Entity Relationship Diagram

```

erDiagram
    MERCHANTS {
        uuid id PK
        string business_name
        string email
        string phone
        text address
        string business_type
        string rc_number
        string tin_number
        string settlement_account
        string api_key
        string webhook_url
        string status
        timestamp created_at
        timestamp updated_at
    }

    TRANSACTIONS {
        uuid id PK
        uuid merchant_id FK
        uuid customer_id FK
        decimal amount
        string currency
        string status
        string payment_method
        uuid card_token_id FK
        string reference
    }

```

```

        string processor_ref
        decimal fee_amount
        boolean settled
        timestamp settled_at
        timestamp created_at
        timestamp updated_at
    }

USERS {
    uuid id PK
    string email
    string password_hash
    string first_name
    string last_name
    string phone
    string role
    uuid merchant_id FK
    timestamp created_at
    timestamp updated_at
}

CARD_TOKENS {
    uuid id PK
    uuid customer_id FK
    uuid merchant_id FK
    string token
    string last_four
    string card_type
    int exp_month
    int exp_year
    boolean is_active
    timestamp created_at
}

SETTLEMENTS {
    uuid id PK
    uuid merchant_id FK
    decimal amount
    decimal fee_total
    decimal net_amount
    int transaction_count
    timestamp period_start
    timestamp period_end
    string status
    string bank_reference
    timestamp processed_at
    timestamp created_at
}

CUSTOMERS {
    uuid id PK
    string email
    string first_name
}

```

```

        string last_name
        string phone
        timestamp created_at
        timestamp updated_at
    }

WEBHOOKS {
    uuid id PK
    uuid merchant_id FK
    uuid transaction_id FK
    string event_type
    json payload
    string status
    int attempts
    timestamp last_attempt_at
    timestamp created_at
}

AUDIT_LOGS {
    uuid id PK
    uuid user_id FK
    string action
    string entity_type
    uuid entity_id
    json old_value
    json new_value
    string ip_address
    string user_agent
    timestamp created_at
}

MERCHANTS ||--o{ TRANSACTIONS : has
MERCHANTS ||--o{ USERS : employs
MERCHANTS ||--o{ SETTLEMENTS : receives
MERCHANTS ||--o{ WEBHOOKS : triggers
MERCHANTS ||--o{ CARD_TOKENS : stores
CUSTOMERS ||--o{ TRANSACTIONS : makes
CUSTOMERS ||--o{ CARD_TOKENS : owns
TRANSACTIONS ||--o| CARD_TOKENS : uses
TRANSACTIONS ||--o{ WEBHOOKS : generates
USERS ||--o{ AUDIT_LOGS : creates

```

## 4.2 Key Tables Schema

### **merchants**

```

CREATE TABLE merchants (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    business_name  VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    email        VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE NOT NULL,

```

```

    phone      VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    address    TEXT,
    business_type  VARCHAR(50),
    rc_number   VARCHAR(50),
    tin_number  VARCHAR(50),
    settlement_bank VARCHAR(100),
    settlement_account VARCHAR(20),
    api_key     VARCHAR(255) UNIQUE,
    api_secret_hash VARCHAR(255),
    webhook_url VARCHAR(500),
    status      VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'pending',
    kyc_verified BOOLEAN DEFAULT false,
    created_at   TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    updated_at   TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

```

## transactions

```

CREATE TABLE transactions (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    merchant_id UUID REFERENCES merchants(id),
    customer_id UUID REFERENCES customers(id),
    amount      DECIMAL(15, 2) NOT NULL,
    currency    VARCHAR(3) DEFAULT 'NGN',
    status      VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'pending',
    payment_method VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    card_token_id UUID REFERENCES card_tokens(id),
    reference   VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    processor_ref VARCHAR(100),
    fee_amount   DECIMAL(15, 2),
    fee_percentage DECIMAL(5, 4) DEFAULT 0.015,
    fee_cap      DECIMAL(15, 2) DEFAULT 2000.00,
    settled      BOOLEAN DEFAULT false,
    settled_at   TIMESTAMP,
    metadata     JSONB,
    created_at   TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    updated_at   TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE INDEX idx_transactions_merchant ON transactions(merchant_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_transactions_status ON transactions(status);
CREATE INDEX idx_transactions_created ON transactions(created_at);
CREATE INDEX idx_transactions_reference ON transactions(reference);

```

## refunds

```

CREATE TABLE refunds (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    transaction_id UUID REFERENCES transactions(id) NOT NULL,
    merchant_id   UUID REFERENCES merchants(id) NOT NULL,
    amount        DECIMAL(15, 2) NOT NULL,
    reason        VARCHAR(255),
    status         VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'pending',
    -- Status: pending, processing, succeeded, failed
    processor_ref VARCHAR(100),
    refunded_at   TIMESTAMP,
    metadata       JSONB,
    created_at     TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    updated_at     TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE INDEX idx_refunds_transaction ON refunds(transaction_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_refunds_merchant ON refunds(merchant_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_refunds_status ON refunds(status);

```

## disputes (Chargebacks)

```

CREATE TABLE disputes (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    transaction_id UUID REFERENCES transactions(id) NOT NULL,
    merchant_id   UUID REFERENCES merchants(id) NOT NULL,
    amount        DECIMAL(15, 2) NOT NULL,
    reason        VARCHAR(100) NOT NULL,
    -- Reasons: fraudulent, duplicate, product_not_received,
    --           product_unacceptable, subscription_canceled, other
    status         VARCHAR(20) DEFAULT 'needs_response',
    -- Status: needs_response, under_review, won, lost
    evidence_due_by TIMESTAMP,
    processor_ref VARCHAR(100),
    resolved_at   TIMESTAMP,
    created_at     TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    updated_at     TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE INDEX idx_disputes_merchant ON disputes(merchant_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_disputes_status ON disputes(status);

```

## dispute\_evidence

```

CREATE TABLE dispute_evidence (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    dispute_id  UUID REFERENCES disputes(id) NOT NULL,
    evidence_type VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,

```

```

-- Types: receipt, shipping_documentation, customer_communication,
--         refund_policy, service_documentation, other
file_url      VARCHAR(500),
description   TEXT,
submitted_at  TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

```

## payment\_links (Coming Soon)

```

CREATE TABLE payment_links (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    merchant_id UUID REFERENCES merchants(id) NOT NULL,
    name        VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    description TEXT,
    amount      DECIMAL(15, 2), -- NULL for variable amount
    currency   VARCHAR(3) DEFAULT 'NGN',
    slug        VARCHAR(100) UNIQUE NOT NULL,
    url         VARCHAR(500) NOT NULL,
    active      BOOLEAN DEFAULT true,
    expires_at  TIMESTAMP,
    success_url VARCHAR(500),
    metadata    JSONB,
    created_at  TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP,
    updated_at  TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE INDEX idx_payment_links_merchant ON payment_links(merchant_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_payment_links_slug ON payment_links(slug);

```

## fraud\_rules

```

CREATE TABLE fraud_rules (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    merchant_id UUID REFERENCES merchants(id),
    -- NULL merchant_id = global rule
    rule_type   VARCHAR(50) NOT NULL,
    -- Types: velocity, geolocation, amount, card_country, email_domain
    condition   JSONB NOT NULL,
    action      VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    -- Actions: block, challenge, review, allow
    priority    INTEGER DEFAULT 100,
    active      BOOLEAN DEFAULT true,
    created_at  TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

```

## api\_keys

```

CREATE TABLE api_keys (
    id          UUID PRIMARY KEY DEFAULT gen_random_uuid(),
    merchant_id UUID REFERENCES merchants(id) NOT NULL,
    key_type    VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    -- Types: publishable, secret, restricted
    key_prefix  VARCHAR(20) NOT NULL,
    -- Prefixes: pk_live_, pk_test_, sk_live_, sk_test_, rk_live_, rk_test_
    key_hash    VARCHAR(255) NOT NULL,
    last_four   VARCHAR(4) NOT NULL,
    name        VARCHAR(100),
    permissions JSONB, -- For restricted keys
    last_used_at TIMESTAMP,
    expires_at  TIMESTAMP,
    revoked_at  TIMESTAMP,
    created_at  TIMESTAMP DEFAULT CURRENT_TIMESTAMP
);

CREATE INDEX idx_api_keys_merchant ON api_keys(merchant_id);
CREATE INDEX idx_api_keys_prefix ON api_keys(key_prefix);

```

## 5. API Design

### 5.1 API Standards

- RESTful design principles
- JSON request/response format
- API versioning via URL path (e.g., [/api/v1/](#))
- ISO 8601 date format
- Snake\_case for JSON keys
- Pagination for list endpoints
- Consistent error response format

### 5.2 Authentication

- API Key + Secret for merchant APIs
- JWT tokens for dashboard access
- OAuth 2.0 for third-party integrations

### 5.3 Core API Endpoints

#### Payment APIs

Method	Endpoint	Description
POST	<a href="#">/api/v1/payments/initialize</a>	Initialize a payment
GET	<a href="#">/api/v1/payments/{reference}</a>	Get payment status

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/payments/{reference}/verify	Verify payment
POST	/api/v1/payments/charge	Direct card charge
GET	/api/v1/payments	List merchant payments
POST	/api/v1/payments/{id}/capture	Capture authorized payment
POST	/api/v1/payments/{id}/cancel	Cancel pending payment

## Refund APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/refunds	Create a refund
GET	/api/v1/refunds/{id}	Get refund details
GET	/api/v1/refunds	List all refunds

## Customer APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/customers	Create customer
GET	/api/v1/customers/{id}	Get customer details
PUT	/api/v1/customers/{id}	Update customer
DELETE	/api/v1/customers/{id}	Delete customer
GET	/api/v1/customers	List customers

## Card/Payment Method APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/tokens	Tokenize card (single-use)
POST	/api/v1/payment_methods	Create saved payment method
GET	/api/v1/payment_methods/{id}	Get payment method
DELETE	/api/v1/payment_methods/{id}	Delete payment method
POST	/api/v1/payment_methods/{id}/attach	Attach to customer
POST	/api/v1/payment_methods/{id}/detach	Detach from customer

## Dispute/Chargeback APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
GET	/api/v1/disputes	List disputes
GET	/api/v1/disputes/{id}	Get dispute details
POST	/api/v1/disputes/{id}/accept	Accept dispute
POST	/api/v1/disputes/{id}/submit_evidence	Submit evidence

## Merchant APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/merchants/register	Register merchant
GET	/api/v1/merchants/me	Get merchant profile
PUT	/api/v1/merchants/me	Update merchant
GET	/api/v1/merchants/balance	Get merchant balance
GET	/api/v1/merchants/transactions	List transactions

## Settlement APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
GET	/api/v1/settlements	List settlements
GET	/api/v1/settlements/{id}	Get settlement details
GET	/api/v1/settlements/{id}/transactions	Get settlement transactions

## Webhook APIs

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/webhook_endpoints	Create webhook endpoint
GET	/api/v1/webhook_endpoints	List webhook endpoints
PUT	/api/v1/webhook_endpoints/{id}	Update webhook endpoint
DELETE	/api/v1/webhook_endpoints/{id}	Delete webhook endpoint

## Payment Link APIs (Coming Soon)

<b>Method</b>	<b>Endpoint</b>	<b>Description</b>
POST	/api/v1/payment_links	Create payment link
GET	/api/v1/payment_links/{id}	Get payment link

Method	Endpoint	Description
PUT	/api/v1/payment_links/{id}	Update payment link
POST	/api/v1/payment_links/{id}/deactivate	Deactivate link

## 5.4 Sample API Request/Response

### Initialize Payment

```
POST /api/v1/payments/initialize
Authorization: Bearer sk_live_xxxxxxxxxx
Content-Type: application/json

{
    "amount": 10000,
    "currency": "NGN",
    "email": "customer@example.com",
    "reference": "ALT-TXN-123456",
    "callback_url": "https://merchant.com/callback",
    "metadata": {
        "order_id": "ORD-789",
        "customer_name": "John Doe"
    }
}
```

### Response

```
{
    "status": true,
    "message": "Payment initialized",
    "data": {
        "reference": "ALT-TXN-123456",
        "authorization_url": "https://checkout.altpay.ng/pay/xyz123",
        "access_code": "xyz123",
        "expires_at": "2026-01-30T12:30:00Z"
    }
}
```

## 5.5 Error Response Format

```
{
    "status": false,
    "message": "Validation error",
    "errors": [
        {
            "path": "customer_email",
            "message": "Email is required"
        },
        {
            "path": "customer_email",
            "message": "Email must be valid"
        }
    ]
}
```

```

        "field": "amount",
        "message": "Amount must be greater than 0"
    }
],
"error_code": "VALIDATION_ERROR"
}

```

## 5.6 Error Codes Reference

Error Code	HTTP Status	Description
VALIDATION_ERROR	400	Invalid request parameters
INVALID_API_KEY	401	API key is invalid or expired
AUTHENTICATION_ERROR	401	Authentication failed
PERMISSION_DENIED	403	Insufficient permissions
RESOURCE_NOT_FOUND	404	Requested resource not found
IDEMPOTENCY_ERROR	409	Idempotency key already used with different params
RATE_LIMIT_ERROR	429	Too many requests
CARD_ERROR	402	Card was declined
PROCESSING_ERROR	500	Payment processor error
API_ERROR	500	Internal server error

## Card Decline Codes

Code	Description	Suggested Action
insufficient_funds	Card has insufficient funds	Try different card
card_declined	Card declined by issuer	Contact bank
expired_card	Card has expired	Use different card
invalid_cvv	CVV verification failed	Re-enter CVV
invalid_expiry	Invalid expiration date	Re-enter expiry
card_not_supported	Card type not supported	Use Visa/Mastercard/Verve
fraud_suspected	Suspected fraud	Contact support
do_not_honor	Bank refused transaction	Contact bank
lost_card	Card reported lost	Contact bank
stolen_card	Card reported stolen	Contact bank
processing_error	Processor error	Retry later

<b>Code</b>	<b>Description</b>	<b>Suggested Action</b>
<code>3ds_required</code>	3D Secure required	Complete 3DS
<code>3ds_failed</code>	3D Secure failed	Retry or use different card

## 5.7 Pagination

All list endpoints support cursor-based pagination:

```
GET /api/v1/payments?limit=25&starting_after=pay_abc123
```

Response includes pagination info:

```
{
  "object": "list",
  "data": [...],
  "has_more": true,
  "url": "/api/v1/payments"
}
```

## 5.8 Expanding Objects

Use the `expand` parameter to include related objects:

```
GET /api/v1/payments/pay_abc123?expand[]=customer&expand[]=refunds
```

## 5.9 Filtering & Search

```
GET /api/v1/payments?
status=succeeded&created[gte]=1704067200&email=customer@example.com
```

<b>Filter</b>	<b>Type</b>	<b>Description</b>
<code>status</code>	string	Filter by status
<code>created[gte]</code>	timestamp	Created after
<code>created[lte]</code>	timestamp	Created before
<code>amount[gte]</code>	integer	Amount greater than
<code>email</code>	string	Customer email

## 6. Security Architecture

### 6.1 PCI DSS Level 1 Compliance

As a payment service provider, altpay must achieve **PCI DSS Level 1 compliance** (highest level).

Requirement	Implementation	Status
<b>Req 1-2: Network Security</b>	VPC isolation, security groups, WAF, network segmentation	Required
<b>Req 3: Protect Cardholder Data</b>	Tokenization, never store CVV, mask PAN	Required
<b>Req 4: Encrypt Transmission</b>	TLS 1.3, certificate pinning	Required
<b>Req 5-6: Vulnerability Mgmt</b>	Daily scans, patch within 30 days, secure SDLC	Required
<b>Req 7-9: Access Control</b>	RBAC, MFA, physical security, unique IDs	Required
<b>Req 10-11: Monitoring &amp; Testing</b>	Audit logs, IDS/IPS, quarterly pen tests	Required
<b>Req 12: Security Policies</b>	Documented policies, annual review	Required

#### Compliance Timeline

- **Month 1-2:** Self-Assessment Questionnaire (SAQ D)
- **Month 3-4:** Remediation of gaps
- **Month 5:** QSA audit engagement
- **Month 6:** ROC (Report on Compliance) submission

### 6.2 Data Security & Encryption

#### Encryption Standards

Data Type	At Rest	In Transit	Storage
<b>Card Numbers (PAN)</b>	AES-256-GCM	TLS 1.3	Tokenized only
<b>CVV/CVC</b>	Never stored	TLS 1.3	Never stored
<b>API Keys</b>	AES-256	TLS 1.3	Hashed (Argon2id)
<b>Passwords</b>	Argon2id	TLS 1.3	Hashed
<b>PII (Name, Email)</b>	AES-256	TLS 1.3	Encrypted
<b>Transaction Data</b>	AES-256	TLS 1.3	Encrypted

#### Key Management (AWS KMS)

```

flowchart TB
    subgraph KMS ["KEY HIERARCHY"]
        CMK["AWS KMS Master Key (CMK)"]
        DEK1["DEK - Card Tokens"]
        DEK2["DEK - PII Data"]
        DEK3["DEK - API Secrets"]
        DEK4["DEK - Webhook Secrets"]

        CMK --> DEK1
        CMK --> DEK2
        CMK --> DEK3
        CMK --> DEK4
    end

    subgraph POLICY ["Key Policies"]
        ROT["Key Rotation: Every 90 days (automatic)"]
        ACC["Key Access: IAM roles with least privilege"]
        AUD["Audit: All key usage logged to CloudTrail"]
    end

```

### 6.3 Card Tokenization (Card Vault)

altpay implements a **card vault** for secure tokenization:

```

sequenceDiagram
    participant Browser as Customer Browser
    participant SDK as altpay.js SDK<br/>(Secure iFrame)
    participant Vault as Card Vault Service<br/>(Isolated PCI Environment)
    participant App as Merchant App

    Browser->>SDK: Card: 4242***<br/>Exp: 12/28<br/>CVV: ***
    Note over Browser,SDK: HTTPS (TLS 1.3)
    SDK->>Vault: Submit card data<br/>(Hosted fields - PCI scope reduction)
    Vault->>Vault: Encrypt & Store<br/>Input: PAN
    Vault-->>SDK: Token: tok_abc123xyz789
    SDK-->>Browser: Return token
    Browser->>App: tok_abc123xyz789<br/>(Safe to store, log, transmit)

```

### Token Types

Token Type	Prefix	Validity	Use Case
<b>Single-use Token</b>	<b>tok_</b>	15 minutes	One-time payment
<b>Payment Method</b>	<b>pm_</b>	Permanent	Saved card
<b>Customer</b>	<b>cus_</b>	Permanent	Customer reference
<b>Card Fingerprint</b>	<b>fp_</b>	Permanent	Duplicate detection

## 6.3 Authentication & Authorization

```
sequenceDiagram
    participant User as User/Merchant
    participant Auth as Auth Service
    participant GW as API Gateway
    participant Svc as Backend Service

    rect rgb(240, 248, 255)
        Note over User,Auth: Initial Login
        User->>Auth: Login Request
        Auth->>Auth: Validate Credentials
        Auth->>Auth: Generate JWT Token<br/>(Access + Refresh)
        Auth-->>User: JWT Tokens
    end

    rect rgb(255, 248, 240)
        Note over User,Svc: Subsequent Requests
        User->>GW: Request + JWT
        GW->>GW: Validate Token
        GW->>GW: Check Permissions
        GW->>Svc: Route to Service
        Svc-->>User: Response
    end
```

## 6.4 Rate Limiting

Endpoint Type	Rate Limit
Payment Initialize	100 req/min per merchant
Payment Verify	200 req/min per merchant
General API	1000 req/min per merchant
Checkout Page	60 req/min per IP

## 6.5 Security Headers

```
Strict-Transport-Security: max-age=31536000; includeSubDomains
Content-Security-Policy: default-src 'self'
X-Frame-Options: DENY
X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
```

## 6.11 Idempotency

All mutating API endpoints support **idempotency keys** to safely retry requests:

```

POST /api/v1/payments/charge
Authorization: Bearer sk_live_xxxx
Idempotency-Key: order_12345_charge_001
Content-Type: application/json

{
    "amount": 50000,
    "currency": "NGN",
    "source": "tok_xxx"
}

```

Behavior	Description
<b>Key Storage</b>	Redis with 24-hour TTL
<b>Key Format</b>	Any string up to 255 characters
<b>Collision</b>	Returns cached response (same key = same result)
<b>Different Payload</b>	Returns 409 Conflict error

## 7. Third-Party Integrations

### 7.1 Payment Processors

Processor	Purpose	Priority
<b>Interswitch</b>	Card processing, switching	Primary
<b>NIBSS</b>	Bank transfers, NIP	Primary
<b>Flutterwave</b>	Backup processor	Secondary
<b>Paystack</b>	Backup processor	Secondary

### 7.2 Banking Partners

Partner	Integration	Purpose
<b>alt bank</b>	Direct API	Settlement, corporate accounts
<b>NIBSS</b>	NIP, NUBAN	Account verification

### 7.3 Communication Services

Service	Provider	Purpose
<b>Email</b>	SendGrid / AWS SES	Transactional emails
<b>SMS</b>	Termii / Africa's Talking	OTP, notifications

## 7.4 Identity & KYC

Service	Purpose
<b>Smile Identity</b>	Identity verification
<b>Youverify</b>	Business verification
<b>CAC API</b>	Company registration lookup

## 7.5 Analytics & Data Platform

Service	Purpose	Integration
<b>Segment</b>	Customer data platform, event collection	Backend + Frontend
<b>PostHog</b>	Product analytics, funnels, session replay	Via Segment
<b>Sentry</b>	Error tracking, performance monitoring	Backend + Frontend
<b>Grafana</b>	Metrics dashboards, system monitoring	Backend metrics

## Data Flow Architecture

```
graph TD
    subgraph SOURCES ["Data Sources"]
        direction LR
        FE["Next.js Frontend<br/>• User Events<br/>• Page views<br/>• Clicks<br/>• Forms"]
        BE["Laravel Backend<br/>• Server-side Events<br/>• Payments<br/>• Signups"]
        end

        FE --> SEG
        BE --> SEG

        SEG["SEGMENT<br/>(Data Collection & Routing)"]

        SEG --> POSTHOG["PostHog<br/>(Product Analytics)"]
        SEG --> SENTRY["Sentry<br/>(Errors)"]
        SEG --> GRAFANA["Grafana<br/>(Metrics)"]
```

## 7.6 Webhook System

altpay implements a robust webhook system for real-time event notifications:

### Webhook Events

Category	Event Type	Description

Category	Event Type	Description
Payment	payment.created	Payment intent created
Payment	payment.succeeded	Payment completed successfully
Payment	payment.failed	Payment attempt failed
Payment	payment.pending	Awaiting customer action (3DS)
Payment	payment.refunded	Full refund processed
Payment	payment.partially_refunded	Partial refund processed
Charge	charge.succeeded	Card charge successful
Charge	charge.failed	Card charge failed
Charge	charge.dispute.created	Chargeback initiated
Charge	charge.dispute.closed	Dispute resolved
Customer	customer.created	New customer record
Customer	customer.updated	Customer details changed
Card	card.created	Card tokenized and saved
Card	card.expiring	Card expires within 30 days
Settlement	settlement.created	Settlement batch created
Settlement	settlement.completed	Funds transferred to bank
Settlement	settlement.failed	Settlement transfer failed
Account	account.updated	Merchant account changed

## Webhook Payload Structure

```
{  
  "id": "evt_1abc2def3ghi4jkl",  
  "object": "event",  
  "api_version": "2026-01-30",  
  "created": 1738252800,  
  "type": "payment.succeeded",  
  "livemode": true,  
  "pending_webhooks": 1,  
  "request": {  
    "id": "req_xyz123",  
    "idempotency_key": "order_12345"  
  },  
  "data": {  
    "object": {  
      "id": "pay_abc123xyz789".
```

```

    "object": "payment",
    "amount": 50000,
    "currency": "ngn",
    "status": "succeeded",
    "customer": "cus_xxx",
    "metadata": {
        "order_id": "ORD-789"
    }
},
"previous_attributes": {
    "status": "pending"
}
}
}

```

## Webhook Security

```

sequenceDiagram
    participant AP as altpay Server
    participant WH as Webhook Delivery
    participant MR as Merchant Server

    Note over AP: 1. Generate Signature
    AP->>AP: signature = HMAC-SHA256<br/>(webhook_secret, payload + timestamp)

    Note over AP,MR: 2. Send Webhook with Headers
    AP->>WH: POST /webhook
    WH->>MR: altpay-Signature: t=1738252800,v1=5257a869...

    Note over MR: 3. Merchant Verification
    MR->>MR: Check timestamp within 5 minutes<br/>(replay attack prevention)
    MR->>MR: Verify signature matches<br/>computed value

    MR-->>WH: HTTP 200 OK

```

## PHP Verification Example:

```

	payload = file_get_contents('php://input');
	$signature = $_SERVER['HTTP_ALTPAY_SIGNATURE'];
	isValid = Altpay\Webhook::verify($payload, $signature, $secret);

```

## Webhook Delivery & Retry

Attempt	Delay	Total Time
1	Immediate	0

Attempt	Delay	Total Time
2	5 minutes	5 min
3	30 minutes	35 min
4	2 hours	2h 35m
5	8 hours	10h 35m
6	24 hours	34h 35m
<b>Give up</b>	-	After 6 attempts

## 7.7 SDKs & Libraries

altpay provides official SDKs for easy integration:

### Official SDKs

Language	Package	Installation
<b>PHP</b>	altpay/altpay-php	composer require altpay/altpay-php
<b>JavaScript/Node</b>	@altpay/altpay-js	npm install @altpay/altpay-js
<b>Python</b>	altpay	pip install altpay

### JavaScript SDK (altpay.js)

```
<!-- Hosted checkout fields (PCI compliant) -->
<script src="https://js.altpay.ng/v1/altpay.js"></script>

<script>
const altpay = Altpay('pk_live_xxxxxxxxxx');

// Create payment element
const elements = altpay.elements();
const cardElement = elements.create('card', {
    style: {
        base: {
            fontSize: '16px',
            color: '#32325d',
        }
    }
});
cardElement.mount('#card-element');

// Handle payment
const form = document.getElementById('payment-form');
form.addEventListener('submit', async (e) => {
    e.preventDefault();
```

```

const { token, error } = await altpay.createToken(cardElement);

if (error) {
    console.error(error.message);
} else {
    // Send token to your server
    submitPayment(token.id);
}
});

</script>

```

## PHP SDK Example

```

<?php
use Altpay\AltpayClient;
use Altpay\Exception\ApiException;

$altpay = new AltpayClient('sk_live_xxxxxxxxxxx');

try {
    // Initialize payment
    $payment = $altpay->payments->create([
        'amount' => 5000, // ₦500.00 in kobo
        'currency' => 'ngn',
        'email' => 'customer@example.com',
        'reference' => 'order_' . uniqid(),
        'callback_url' => 'https://yoursite.com/callback',
        'metadata' => [
            'order_id' => 'ORD-123',
        ],
    ]);
    // Redirect to checkout
    header('Location: ' . $payment->authorization_url);

} catch (ApiException $e) {
    // Handle error
    echo $e->getMessage();
}

// Verify payment
$verification = $altpay->payments->verify('reference_here');
if ($verification->status === 'success') {
    // Payment successful
}

```

## 7.8 Checkout Integration Options

Option	PCI Scope	Customization	Best For
<b>Redirect Checkout</b>	SAQ A	Low	Quick integration
<b>Embedded Checkout</b>	SAQ A	Medium	In-page experience
<b>Custom Elements</b>	SAQ A-EP	High	Full UI control
<b>Direct API</b>	SAQ D	Full	Existing PCI compliance

## 8. Infrastructure & DevOps

### 8.1 AWS Architecture

```

flowchart TB
    subgraph AWS ["AWS CLOUD"]
        subgraph VPC ["VPC (10.0.0.0/16)"]
            subgraph PUB1 ["Public Subnet (10.0.1.0/24)"]
                NAT1 ["NAT GW"]
                ALB1 ["ALB"]
            end

            subgraph PUB2 ["Public Subnet (10.0.2.0/24)"]
                NAT2 ["NAT GW"]
                ALB2 ["ALB"]
            end

            subgraph PRIV1 ["Private Subnet (10.0.3.0/24)"]
                EKS1 ["EKS Nodes<br/>(K8s)"]
            end

            subgraph PRIV2 ["Private Subnet (10.0.4.0/24)"]
                EKS2 ["EKS Nodes<br/>(K8s)"]
            end

            subgraph DB1 ["Database Subnet (10.0.5.0/24)"]
                RDS1 ["RDS Primary"]
                REDIS1 ["ElastiCache<br/>(Redis)"]
            end

            subgraph DB2 ["Database Subnet (10.0.6.0/24)"]
                RDS2 ["RDS Standby"]
                REDIS2 ["ElastiCache<br/>(Redis)"]
            end
        end

        CF ["CloudFront<br/>(CDN)"]
        R53 ["Route 53<br/>(DNS)"]
        S3 ["S3<br/>(Static)"]
    end

```

```

R53 --> CF
CF --> ALB1 & ALB2
ALB1 --> EKS1
ALB2 --> EKS2
EKS1 --> RDS1 & REDIS1
EKS2 --> RDS2 & REDIS2
RDS1 <--.-> RDS2
REDIS1 <--.-> REDIS2

```

## 8.2 Infrastructure Phases

### **Phase 1: Simplified Infrastructure (MVP - Small Team)**

For initial launch with 5-person team, we use managed services:

Component	Technology	Justification
<b>Hosting</b>	Laravel Forge / AWS Elastic Beanstalk	Simplified deployment, managed servers
<b>Web Server</b>	Nginx + Laravel Octane	High performance
<b>Database</b>	AWS RDS (PostgreSQL 16)	Managed, auto-backups
<b>Cache/Queue</b>	AWS ElastiCache (Redis)	Managed Redis
<b>File Storage</b>	AWS S3	Scalable storage
<b>CDN</b>	CloudFront	Static assets, low latency
<b>SSL</b>	AWS ACM / Let's Encrypt	Free SSL certificates
<b>Logging</b>	ELK Stack (Managed OpenSearch)	Centralized log management

### **Phase 2: Kubernetes Migration (Scale - Larger Team)**

When team scales beyond 10 engineers or transaction volume exceeds 100K/day:

Component	Specification
<b>Cluster</b>	AWS EKS 1.29
<b>Node Groups</b>	2 (General + Compute-optimized)
<b>Min Nodes</b>	3
<b>Max Nodes</b>	20
<b>Instance Type</b>	t3.large (general), c5.xlarge (compute)
<b>Autoscaling</b>	Horizontal Pod Autoscaler
<b>Service Mesh</b>	Istio (optional)

## 8.3 CI/CD Pipeline

```

flowchart LR
    subgraph BUILD["Build Stage"]
        PUSH["Code Push"] --> BLD["Build"]
        BLD --> TEST["Test"]
        TEST --> SEC["Security Scan"]
    end

    subgraph DEPLOY["Deploy Stage"]
        SEC --> IMG["Build Image"]
        IMG --> QA["QA Deploy"]
        QA --> STG["Staging Deploy"]
        STG --> PROD["Prod Deploy"]
    end

    subgraph ENV["Environments"]
        direction TB
        E1["Development: Auto-deploy on PR merge to develop"]
        E2["QA: Auto-deploy on PR merge to qa"]
        E3["Staging: Manual approval + auto-deploy"]
        E4["Production: Manual approval + blue-green deployment"]
    end

```

## 8.4 Environment Configuration

Environment	Purpose	Database	Scaling
<b>Development</b>	Feature development	Shared DB	Minimal
<b>QA</b>	Testing	Isolated DB	Minimal
<b>Staging</b>	Pre-production	Production mirror	Medium
<b>Production</b>	Live system	HA cluster	Auto-scale

## 9. Development Timeline

### 9.1 Project Phases Overview (5 Months Total)

```

gantt
    title PROJECT TIMELINE (5 MONTHS)
    dateFormat YYYY-MM-DD
    section MVP Phase
    MVP Phase (2 Months) :mvp, 2026-02-03, 8w
    section Phase 2
    Enhanced Features (6 Weeks) :phase2, 2026-03-31, 6w
    section Phase 3
    Scale & Advanced (6 Weeks) :phase3, 2026-05-12, 6w
    section Milestones

```

MVP Launch	:milestone, 2026-03-28, 0d
Full Launch	:milestone, 2026-06-20, 0d

## 9.2 MVP Phase Breakdown (8 Weeks)

### Sprint 1: Foundation (Week 1-2)

**Timeline:** February 3-14, 2026

Task	Owner	Deliverables
Project setup, repos, CI/CD	Tech Lead	Git repos, pipelines
AWS infrastructure (Forge, RDS)	Tech Lead	Cloud resources
Database schema & migrations	Backend 1	DB structure
Laravel project + Sanctum auth	Backend 1	Auth system
Merchant registration API	Backend 2	Registration endpoints
Next.js project setup	Frontend 1	Frontend foundation
Design system (Shadcn)	Frontend 2	Component library
Test planning	QA	Test strategy

**Milestone:** Development environment running, registration works

### Sprint 2: Payment Core (Week 3-4)

**Timeline:** February 17-28, 2026

Task	Owner	Deliverables
Payment initialization API	Backend 1	Payment endpoints
Interswitch integration	Backend 1	Card processing
Card tokenization	Backend 2	Secure card handling
API key generation	Backend 2	Key management
Checkout page (card form)	Frontend 2	Payment UI
Merchant dashboard	Frontend 1	Dashboard UI
Payment flow testing	QA	Test coverage

**Milestone:** Card payments working in test mode

### Sprint 3: 3DS & Webhooks (Week 5-6)

**Timeline:** March 3-14, 2026

Task	Owner	Deliverables
3D Secure integration	Backend 1	3DS authentication
Payment verification API	Backend 1	Verify endpoints
Webhook system	Backend 2	Event delivery
Transaction status updates	Backend 2	Status tracking
3DS challenge UI	Frontend 2	3DS pages
Transaction views	Frontend 1	History pages
Integration testing	QA	E2E tests

**Milestone:** End-to-end payment flow complete

---

#### Sprint 4: Settlement & Launch (Week 7-8)

**Timeline:** March 17-28, 2026

Task	Owner	Deliverables
Settlement engine	Backend 1	Daily settlements
Bank transfer integration	Backend 1	Payout system
Rate limiting & security	Backend 2	API protection
Audit logging	Backend 2	Transaction logs
Settlement pages	Frontend 1	Settlement UI
API documentation	Frontend 2	Docs site
UAT & security testing	QA	Final validation
Production deployment	Tech Lead	Live environment

**Milestone:**  MVP Launch - March 28, 2026

---

#### 9.3 Phase 2: Enhanced Features (6 Weeks)

**Timeline:** March 31 - May 9, 2026

Week	Features	Description
Week 9-10	Refunds	Full/partial refund processing
Week 11-12	Payment Links	Shareable payment pages

<b>Week</b>	<b>Features</b>	<b>Description</b>
Week 13-14	Bank Transfers	Accept bank payments, Dispute management

**Milestone:** Phase 2 Complete - Enhanced payment gateway

---

## 9.4 Phase 3: Scale & Advanced (6 Weeks)

**Timeline:** May 12 - June 20, 2026

<b>Week</b>	<b>Features</b>	<b>Description</b>
Week 15-16	Recurring Payments	Subscription billing
Week 17-18	Multi-currency & Fraud	USD/GBP, ML fraud detection
Week 19-20	Advanced Features	Installments, polish, documentation

**Milestone:** 🎉 Full Launch - June 20, 2026

---

## 9.5 Sprint Schedule Summary

<b>Sprint</b>	<b>Dates</b>	<b>Focus</b>	<b>Phase</b>
Sprint 1	Feb 3-14	Foundation & Auth	MVP
Sprint 2	Feb 17-28	Payment Core	MVP
Sprint 3	Mar 3-14	3DS & Webhooks	MVP
Sprint 4	Mar 17-28	Settlement & Launch	MVP
Sprint 5	Mar 31 - Apr 11	Refunds	Phase 2
Sprint 6	Apr 14-25	Payment Links	Phase 2
Sprint 7	Apr 28 - May 9	Bank Transfers & Disputes	Phase 2
Sprint 8	May 12-23	Recurring Payments	Phase 3
Sprint 9	May 26 - Jun 6	Multi-currency & Fraud	Phase 3
Sprint 10	Jun 9-20	Final Polish & Launch	Phase 3

## 10. Team Structure

### 10.1 Required Team

<b>Role</b>	<b>Count</b>	<b>Responsibilities</b>
Tech Lead	1	Architecture, code review, technical decisions, DevOps, security oversight

Role	Count	Responsibilities
<b>UI Designer</b>	1	User experience design, interface mockups, design system, prototyping
<b>Backend Engineers</b>	2	Laravel API development, database, integrations, payment processing, settlements
<b>Frontend Engineers</b>	2	Next.js dashboard, checkout UI, responsive design, API integration
<b>QA Engineer</b>	1	Manual testing, test automation, quality assurance, UAT coordination

**Total:** 7 team members

## 10.2 Role Details

### Tech Lead

- Full-stack expertise (Laravel + Next.js)
- Infrastructure and DevOps management
- Security and PCI compliance oversight
- Code reviews and architectural decisions
- Mentoring team members
- Stakeholder communication

### UI Designer

- User experience (UX) research and design
- Interface mockups and prototypes (Figma)
- Design system and component library design
- Checkout flow and payment UI design
- Dashboard layouts and merchant experience
- Collaborate with frontend engineers on implementation

### Backend Engineers (2)

- **Backend Engineer 1:** Payment processing, card tokenization, Interswitch integration, 3DS
- **Backend Engineer 2:** Settlement engine, webhooks, notifications, audit logging
- Both: Laravel API development, database design, queue jobs

### Frontend Engineers (2)

- **Frontend Engineer 1:** Merchant dashboard, analytics, settings
- **Frontend Engineer 2:** Checkout flow, payment UI, public pages
- Both: Component library, responsive design, API integration

### QA Engineer

- Test planning and execution

- Automated testing (Playwright, PHPUnit)
- API testing (Postman, Pest)
- Bug tracking and regression testing
- UAT coordination with stakeholders

## 10.3 Team Organization

```

flowchart TB
    TL["Tech Lead<br/>(Architecture, DevOps, Security)"]
    UI["UI Designer<br/>UX & Interface Design"]
    BE["Backend Team<br/>2 Laravel Engineers"]
    FE["Frontend Team<br/>2 Next.js Engineers"]
    QA["QA Team<br/>1 QA Engineer"]

    TL --> UI
    TL --> BE
    TL --> FE
    TL --> QA

    UI -.->|Design Specs| FE
  
```

## 10.4 Communication & Workflow

Activity	Frequency	Participants
Daily Standup	Daily (15 min)	All team
Sprint Planning	Bi-weekly	All team
Code Review	Ongoing	Tech Lead + relevant engineer
Sprint Retro	Bi-weekly	All team
Tech Sync	Weekly	Tech Lead + Engineers

## 11. Testing Strategy

### 11.1 Testing Pyramid

```

pie showData
  title Testing Distribution
  "Unit Tests (70%)" : 70
  "Integration Tests (20%)" : 20
  "E2E Tests (10%)" : 10
  
```

### 11.2 Testing Types

Type	Tools	Coverage Target
<b>Unit Tests (Backend)</b>	PHPUnit, Pest	80% code coverage

Type	Tools	Coverage Target
<b>Unit Tests (Frontend)</b>	Vitest, React Testing Library	70% code coverage
<b>Integration Tests</b>	Pest, Postman	All API endpoints
<b>E2E Tests</b>	Playwright	Critical user flows
<b>Performance Tests</b>	k6	Load testing
<b>Security Tests</b>	OWASP ZAP, Laravel Security Checker	Vulnerability scanning

## 11.3 Test Environments

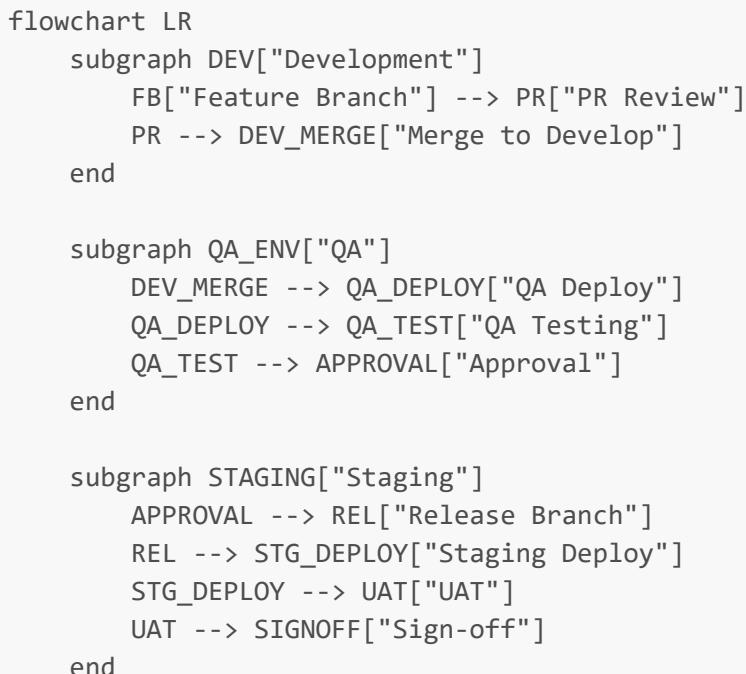
Environment	Data	Purpose
Local	Mocked	Developer testing
CI	Seeded	Automated tests
QA	Test data	Manual QA
Staging	Sanitized prod	Pre-release validation

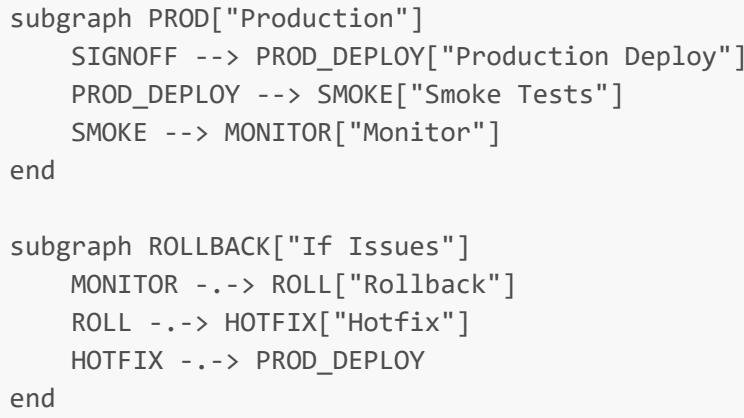
## 12. Deployment Strategy

### 12.1 Deployment Approach

- **Strategy:** Blue-Green Deployment
- **Rollback Time:** < 5 minutes
- **Zero Downtime:** Required

### 12.2 Release Process





## 12.3 Database Migrations

- Forward-only migrations
- Backward compatible changes
- Migration testing in staging first
- Rollback scripts for emergency

# 13. Monitoring & Observability

## 13.1 Monitoring Stack

Component	Tool	Purpose
Error Tracking	Sentry	Exception monitoring, stack traces, release tracking
Metrics & Dashboards	Grafana + Prometheus	System metrics, custom dashboards, alerting
Product Analytics	PostHog	User behavior, conversion funnels, feature flags
Data Pipeline	Segment	Event collection, data routing to analytics tools
Logs	ELK Stack (OpenSearch)	Centralized logging, log search, analysis
Cloud Logs	AWS CloudWatch	Infrastructure and Lambda logs
APM (Dev)	Laravel Telescope	Query debugging, request inspection
Uptime	UptimeRobot	External availability monitoring

## 13.2 Key Metrics (SLIs/SLOs)

Metric	SLO	Alert Threshold
Availability	99.9%	< 99.5%

Metric	SLO	Alert Threshold
<b>API Latency (p95)</b>	< 500ms	> 800ms
<b>Payment Success Rate</b>	> 98%	< 95%
<b>Error Rate</b>	< 0.1%	> 0.5%
<b>Settlement Time</b>	< 24 hours	> 20 hours

### 13.3 Alerting Rules

Severity	Response Time	Examples
<b>Critical</b>	5 minutes	Payment service down, DB failure
<b>High</b>	15 minutes	High error rate, slow responses
<b>Medium</b>	1 hour	Elevated latency, disk space
<b>Low</b>	Next business day	Non-critical warnings

## 14. Risk Assessment

### 14.1 Technical Risks

Risk	Probability	Impact	Mitigation
Payment processor downtime	Medium	High	Multi-processor failover
Database failure	Low	Critical	Multi-AZ, automated backups
Security breach	Low	Critical	PCI compliance, WAF, monitoring
Scaling issues	Medium	High	Auto-scaling, load testing
Third-party API changes	Medium	Medium	API versioning, abstraction layer

### 14.2 Project Risks

Risk	Probability	Impact	Mitigation
Scope creep	High	Medium	Clear requirements, change control
Resource availability	Medium	High	Cross-training, documentation
Integration delays	Medium	High	Early integration, mock services
Compliance delays	Medium	High	Early engagement with compliance

### 14.3 Contingency Plans

Scenario	Response
System Failure	Switch to backup system, notify stakeholders

Scenario	Response
Primary processor down	Automatic failover to secondary
Data center outage	Multi-region deployment
Key personnel unavailable	Documentation, pair programming
Security incident	Incident response plan, communication

## 15. Appendix

### 15.1 Glossary

Term	Definition
<b>PCI DSS</b>	Payment Card Industry Data Security Standard
<b>JWT</b>	JSON Web Token
<b>APM</b>	Application Performance Monitoring
<b>SLI</b>	Service Level Indicator
<b>SLO</b>	Service Level Objective
<b>E2E</b>	End-to-End
<b>UAT</b>	User Acceptance Testing
<b>WAF</b>	Web Application Firewall

### 15.2 References

- [PCI DSS Requirements](#)
- [AWS Well-Architected Framework](#)
- [OWASP Security Guidelines](#)
- [Twelve-Factor App Methodology](#)

### 15.3 Document History

Version	Date	Author	Changes
1.0	Jan 30, 2026	Engineering Team	Initial draft

*End of Technical Design Document*