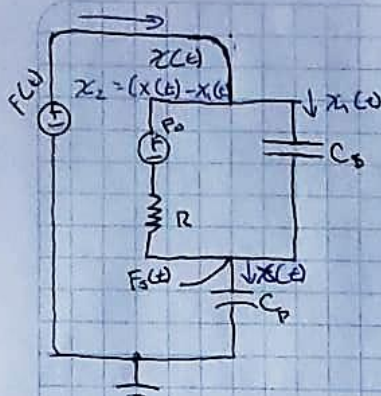


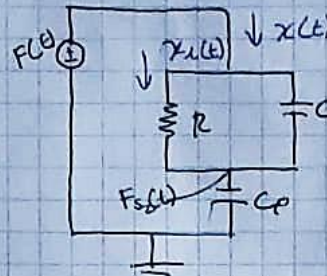
23-OCT-2025

### Circuito eléctrico



$$X(t) = X_1(t) + X_2(t)$$

### Función de Transferencia Análisis apagando $F_0$



$$X(t) = X_1(t) + X_2(t)$$

$$X(t) = C_p \frac{d[F_0(t)]}{dt}$$

$$X(t) = C_p \frac{d[F_0(t)]}{dt}$$

$$X_2(t) = \frac{F(t) - F_0(t)}{R}$$

$$X_1(t) = C_s \frac{d[F(t) - F_0(t)]}{dt}$$

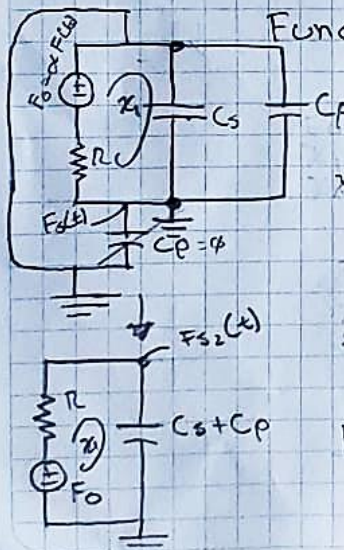
### Transformada de Laplace

$$C_p \frac{dF_0(t)}{dt} = C_s \frac{d[F(t) - F_0(t)]}{dt} + \frac{F(t) - F_0(t)}{R}$$

$$(C_p s + C_s s + \frac{1}{R}) F_0(s) = F(s) (C_p s + \frac{1}{R})$$

$$C_p s F_0(s) = C_s s [F(s) - F_0(s)] + F(s) - F_0(s)$$

$$\frac{F_0(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{(C_s s + \frac{1}{R})}{(C_p s + C_s s + \frac{1}{R})} = \frac{C_s s + \frac{1}{R}}{s(C_p + C_s) + \frac{1}{R}} = \frac{C_s R s + 1}{C_p R s + C_s R s + 1} = \frac{C_s R s + 1}{(C_p R + C_s R) s + 1}$$



### Función de transferencia

Apagando  $F(t)$

$$F_0 = \alpha F(s)$$

$$X \propto F_0(t) = R X(t) - \frac{1}{C_s + C_p} \int X(t) dt$$

$$F_0(t) = \frac{1}{C_s + C_p} \int X(t) dt$$

### Transformada de Laplace

$$-\alpha F(s) = R X(s) - \frac{X(s)}{C_s s + C_p s}$$

$$F_0(s) = \frac{X(s)}{C_s s + C_p s}$$

$$F(s) = \frac{R(C_s s + C_p s) + 1}{\alpha(C_s + C_p)s} X(s)$$



$$\frac{F_3(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{\frac{\chi(s)}{(C_s + C_p)s}}{\frac{R(C_s + C_p)s + 1}{\alpha(C_s + C_p)s} \chi(s)} = - \frac{\alpha}{R(C_s + C_p)s + 1}$$

$$F_{32}(s) = - \frac{\alpha F(s)}{R(C_s + C_p)s + 1} \quad F_3(s) = F_{32}(s) + F_2(s)$$

$$F_3(s) = \frac{(C_s R s + 1) F(s) - \alpha F(s)}{R(C_p + C_s)s + 1}$$

$$\frac{F_3(s)}{F(s)} = \frac{C_s R s + 1 - \alpha}{R(C_p + C_s)s + 1}$$

Error en estado estacionario - Estabilidad lazo abierto

$$e(s) = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s F(s) \left[ 1 - \frac{F_3(s)}{F(s)} \right] = \lim_{s \rightarrow 0} s \cdot \frac{1}{s} \left[ 1 - \frac{C_s R s + 1 - \alpha}{R(C_p + C_s)s + 1} \right]$$

$$e(s) = \left[ 1 - \frac{1 - \alpha}{1} \right] = 1 - 1 + \alpha = \alpha \quad e(t) = \alpha V$$

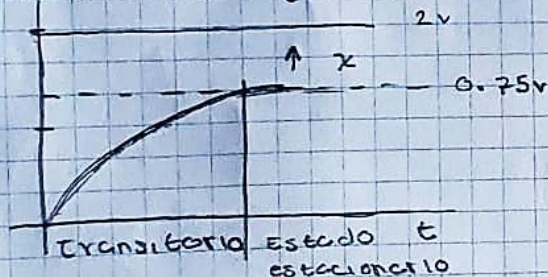
$$e(s) = \alpha$$

→  $R(C_p + C_s)s + 1 = 0$   
sistema de primer orden

$$\lambda = - \frac{1}{R(C_p + C_s)}$$

$$\operatorname{Re} \lambda < 0$$

c) sistema representa una respuesta estable



La respuesta es asintóticamente estable.