

Introduction to Computer Programming (Java A)

Lab 15

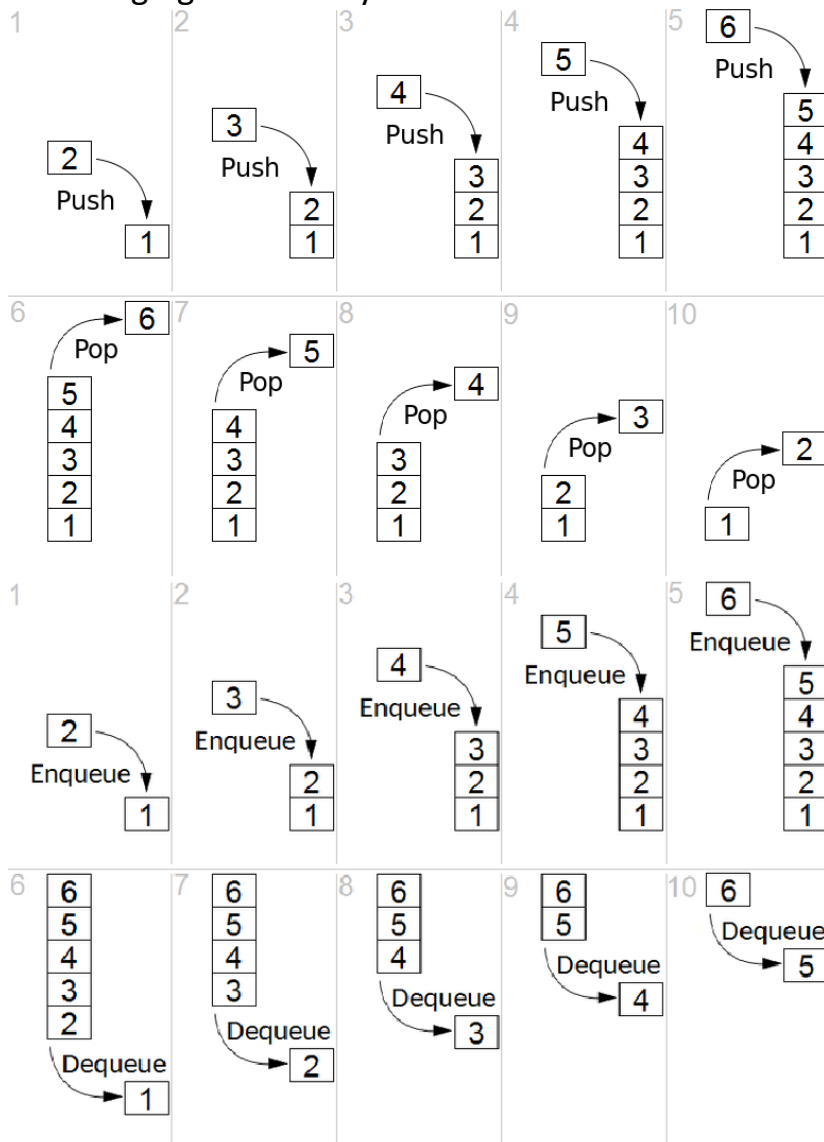
[Objective]

- Learn implementing generic class.

[Exercises]

1. Generic Classes

Stack and Queue are two widely used data structures. Stack has the property LIFO (last in first out), while Queue has the property FIFO (first in first out). In this lab, you are required to implement two generic classes: `Stack<E>` and `Queue<E>`. You should define the operations **push** and **pop** in the Stack class and **enqueue** and **dequeue** in the Queue class. Under the hood, you can use an `ArrayList` to store data items. The following figures show you the data structures.



Requirements:

The generic class `Stack<E>` should contain the following methods:

- ***push***: this method pushes a data item onto the stack
- ***pop***: this method pops the latest added data item from the stack. The method may throw runtime exceptions when it is invoked on an empty stack.
- ***hasItems***: this method returns true if the stack is not empty and false otherwise.

The generic class `Queue<E>` should contain the following methods:

- ***enqueue***: this method adds a new data item into the queue.
- ***dequeue***: this method returns the oldest data item from the queue and returns it.
- ***hasItems***: this method returns true if the queue is not empty and false otherwise.

We provide two classes for testing: `TestStudent` and `Student`. Please run the main method in the `TestStudent` class and see if it prints the expected result. If yes, your implementation is likely correct.

Copy the following code to `Student.java`

```
public class Student
{
    private String
        firstName; private String
        lastName; private Gender
        gender;
    public Student(String firstName, String lastName, Gender gender)
    {
        this.firstName = firstName;
        this.lastName = lastName;
        this.gender = gender;
    }

    public String toString() {
        return String.format("%s %s, %s", firstName, lastName, gender);
    }
}
enum Gender { MALE, FEMALE}
```

Copy the following code to `TestStudent.java`

```
public class TestStudent {
    public static void main(String[] args) throws Exception
    {
        Student s1 = new Student("Harry", "Potter",
            Gender.MALE); Student s2 = new Student("Ron", "Weasley",
            Gender.MALE);
        Student s3 = new Student("Hermione", "Granger", Gender.FEMALE);
        // test queue implementation
        Queue<Student> queue = new Queue<Student>();
        queue.enqueue(s1);
        queue.enqueue(s2);
        queue.enqueue(s3);
    }
}
```

```
while(queue.hasItems())
{ System.out.println(queue.dequeue());
}

// test stack implementation
Stack<Student> stack = new Stack<Student>();
stack.push(s1);
stack.push(s2);
stack.push(s3);
System.out.println("---Stack: last in first out---");
while(stack.hasItems()) {
    System.out.println(stack.pop());
}
}
```

Expected output:

```
---Queue: first in first out---
Harry Potter, MALE
Ron Weasley, MALE
Hermione Granger, FEMALE
---Stack: last in first out---
Hermione Granger, FEMALE
Ron Weasley, MALE
Harry Potter, MALE
```

To ease your task, the template code for Stack.java is given to you:

```
import java.util.ArrayList;

public class Stack<E> {
    private ArrayList<E> items = new ArrayList<E>();

    public void push(E item) {
        // fill in your code here
    }

    public E pop() {
        // fill in your code here
    }

    public boolean hasItems() {
        // fill in your code here
    }
}
```