Introduction to Computer Programming (Java A) Lab 7

[Objective]

- Learn how to define a Java class and create its object
- Learn how to define and use instance variables
- Learn how to define and use instance methods
- Learn how to use get and set methods
- Learn how to use ArrayList and make the object as its element.

[Before Exercises]

Step1: How to define a circle on a 2D plane?

A circle has three attributes including the **radius**, the **x** *coordinate* and the **y** *coordinate*.

We can define a class named Circle, in which there are three private attributes.

```
public class Circle {
         private double radius;
         private double x;
         private double y;
}
```

Step2: Define the methods of a circle.

Define three public methods for computing the area, perimeter and print position of the circle.

```
public class Circle {
    private double radius;
    private double x;
    private double y;

public double area() {
        return radius*radius*Math.P!;
    }
    public double perimeter () {
        return 2*Math.P!*radius;
    }
    public void position() {
            System.out.printf("Position of the cricle is (%.1f,%.1f)\n",x,y);
    }
}
```

Step3: How to use the class Circle?

Create another class named CircleTest in the same package, in which there is a main method to be used.

In the main method, we can create an object of Circle by using the statement as follows:

```
Circle c1=new Circle();
```

After that, we want to know the perimeter, area and position about the C1, so we need to invoke the method of C1.

```
public class CircleTest {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Circle c1=new Circle();
        System.out.printf("The area of c1 is %.2f\n", c1.area());
        System.out.printf("The perimeter of c1 is %.2f\n", c1.perimeter());
        c1.position();
    }
}
When we run the program, the result would as follows:
The area of c1 is 0.00
```

```
The area of c1 is 0.00
The perimeter of c1 is 0.00
Position of the cricle is (0.0,0.0)
```

Step4: Set and get the values of the attributes

If we set or get the radius of a circle object in main method directly, it would lead to an error because of its private privilege.

In addition, the radius of a circle should not contain a negative number, how can we set the restriction?

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Circle c1=new Circle();
   System.out.printf("The area of c1 is %.2f\n", c1.area());
   System.out.printf("The perimeter of c1 is %.2f\n", c1.perimeter());
   c1.position();
   c1.radius=-1;
   System.out.println(c1.radius);
```

We can define several public methods in class Circle for getting or setting the class variables, and we can check the validity of input value in the set method.

```
public class Circle {
    private double radius;
    private double x;
    private double y;

public double area() {
        return radius*radius*Math.PI;
    }
    public double perimeter () {
        return 2*Math.PI*radius;
}
```

```
}
       public void position() {
              System. out: printf("Position of the cricle is (%.1f,%.1f)\n",x,y);
       public double getRadius() {
              return radius;
       public void setRadius(double radius) {
              if (radius > 0) {
                     this.radius = radius;
              }
       }
       public double getX() {
              return x;
       public void setX(double x) {
              this.x = x;
       public double getY() {
              return y;
       public void setY(double y) {
              this.y = y;
       }
}
```

After that, we can access the attributes by the get and set methods.

```
public static void main(String[] args) {
   Circle c1=new Circle();

c1.setRadius(5);
   System.out.println(c1.getRadius());

   System.out.printf("The area of c1 is %.2f\n", c1.area());
   System.out.printf("The perimeter of c1 is %.2f\n", c1.perimeter());
   c1.position();
}
```

```
5.0
The area of c1 is 78.54
The perimeter of c1 is 31.42
Position of the cricle is (0.0,0.0)
```

Step5: How to manage multiple circle objects?

We can use an array or an ArrayList to manage them.

In the main method, create an arrayList with a Circle type, to store many objects of Circle. Add the following code at the end of main method.

```
ArrayList<Circle> circleList=new ArrayList<Circle>();
circleList.add(c1);
System.out.printf("Radius of %d circle is %.2f:
\n",1,circleList.get(0).getRadius());
Sample output:

5.0
The area of c1 is 78.54
The perimeter of c1 is 31.42
Position of the cricle is (0.0,0.0)
Radius of 1 circle is 5.00:
```

Step5: Add more circles in the ArrayList.

Add the following code at the end of main method.

```
5.0
The area of c1 is 78.54
The perimeter of c1 is 31.42
Position of the cricle is (0.0,0.0)
Radius of 1 circle is 5.00:
---Begin to print the circle list---
The area of 1 circle is 78.54
The perimeter is 31.42
The area of 2 circle is 3.14
The perimeter is 6.28
The area of 3 circle is 12.57
The perimeter is 12.57
The perimeter is 12.57
The perimeter is 18.85
The area of 5 circle is 50.27
The perimeter is 18.85
The area of 5 circle is 50.27
The perimeter is 25.13
```

[Exercises]

- 1. Declare a class named User. The class contains:
 - a. Private data fields:
 - i. String account;
 - ii. String password;
 - iii. double money;
 - b. Implement a public method named introduce() to print the user name and his account balance.
 - c. Implement a public method expense(double value, Scanner in). It withdraws the money from the user account if the password is correct.
 - d. Implement a public method income(double value). It deposits the money to the user account.
 - e. Implement the getter and setter methods for each private field of the class User.

In the same package, we create a class named UserTest, which has a main method.

Statements in main method:

```
User user =new User();
   Scanner in = new Scanner(System.in);
   user.setUser("Lucy");
   user.setPassword("123456");
   user.setMoney(1000);
   user.introduce();
   user.expense(2000,in);
   user.expense(500,in);
   user.income(1000);
   user.introduce();
   in.close();
```

```
Lucy's account has a balance of 1000.00 dollar
Plan to expense 2000.00 dollar but no sufficient funds
Plan to expense 500.00 dollar
Please input your password:
123456
Expense 500.00 dollar and balance 500.00 dollar
Got 1000.00 as income, balance is 1500.00 dollar
Lucy's account has a balance of 1500.00 dollar
```

- 2. Design a class named Food. The class contains:
 - a. Private data fields:

- i. int id;
- ii. String name;
- iii. String type;
- iv. int size;
- v. double price;
- b. Implement a public method named **getMenu()** to print all the information of this food object.
- c. Implement the **getter** and **setter** method for each private field of Food.

In FoodTest class, create four objects of Food as follows:

Object Name	id	name	type	size	price
pizza1	1	pizza	Seafood	11	12
pizza2	2	pizza	Beef	9	10
Fried rice	3	fried rice	Seafood	5	12
Noodles	4	noodles	Beef	6	14

Create an ArrayList<Food> to add those four Food objects, and then show the information of them as follows by iterating the ArrayList<Food> we created.

- 3. Design a class named softOpening. The class contains no data fields but:
- a. Implement a public static method named **generateMenu()** to generate 4 object of Food and add them to the ArrayList<Food>.
- b. Implement a public static method named
 getMenu(ArrayList<Food>) to print the items in the ArrayList<Food> as designed.
- c. Implement a public static method named to generateUser(Scanner in) to generated a user whose account and money is get by using the Scanner object 'in'.
- d. Implement a public static method named UserConsume(ArrayList<Food>,User user,Scanner in) to invoke the getMenu, ask user to select the foods in the Menu, count the cost and invoke the expense of the user.

e. Invoke the method introduce() of the User object to show his/hers balance.

Statements in main method:

```
Generate a user, please input name: Bob
balance($):2000
Bob's account has a balance of 2000.00 dollar
-----welcome, this is Start of the Menu-----
[id] 1 [type] Seafood
                        [name] pizza
                                         [size] 11 (Inches) 12.00 $
[id] 2 [type] Beef
                        [name] pizza
                                         [size] 9 (Inches) 10.00 $
[id] 3 [type] Seafood
                        [name] fried rice [size] 5 (Inches) 12.00 $
[id] 4 [type] Beef
                        [name] noodles
                                         [size] 6 (Inches) 14.00 $
------welcome, this is End of the Menu------
please input the foodID and the number you want, to exit input 0 as foodID
food id(input 0 to end select):2
number of this food:10
food id(input 0 to end select):4
number of this food:1
food id(input 0 to end select):0
select end
Plan to expense 114.00 dollar
Please input your password:
123456
Expense 114.00 dollar and balance 1886.00 dollar
Bob's account has a balance of 1886.00 dollar
```