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# Kafka for CQRS

- Free audit log
- Loosely coupled
- Availability Sender doesn't require receiver
- Immutable log ⇒ less need to encapsulate access to the data
  - Emphasis on sharing the data
  - Data more important than API

# Kafka Message Broker

- Publish-subscribe
  - Messages organized into topics
  - Transactional event producers
  - In-order event consumption
  - Message published to a topic
  - Consumed once per consumer group
- CQRS
  - One consumer group per app (event notifications)
  - One handler group per topic (event handling)

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# Kafka Message Broker Order system instance updating-group-0 EventHandler event-handler-group Updating-Gonsumer updating-group-1 EventHandler updating-group-1 EventStore

# Meal Event

```
public abstract class MealEvent {
    private final Instant instant;
    protected MealEvent() { instant = Instant.now(); }
    protected MealEvent(Instant instant) {
        this.instant = instant;
    }
    ...
}

public class OrderPlaced extends MealEvent {
    private final OrderInfo orderInfo;
    public OrderPlaced(OrderInfo orderInfo) { this.orderInfo = orderInfo; }
    public OrderPlaced(OrderInfo orderInfo, Instant instant) {
        super(instant);
        this.orderInfo = orderInfo;
    }
    ...
}
```

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# **Event Handler**

```
@Singleton
public class OrderEventHandler {

    @Inject
    MealPreparationService mealService;

public void handle(@Observes OrderPlaced event) {
    mealService.prepareMeal(event.getOrderInfo());
    }
}
```

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# **Event Processing**

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### **Persistent Event State**

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```
import org.apache.kafka.clients.producer.KafkaProducer;
import org.apache.kafka.clients.producer.Producer;

@ApplicationScoped
public class EventProducer {
    private Producer<String, MealEvent> producer;
    private String topic;
    @Inject Properties kafkaProperties;

@PostConstruct
private void init() {
    producer = new KafkaProducer<>(kafkaProperties);
    topic = kafkaProperties.getProperty("topics.order");
    producer.initTransactions();
}
```

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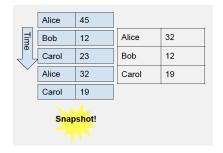
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## **Persistent Event State**

```
public void publish(MealEvent event) {
      ProducerRecord<String, MealEvent> record = new
                                  ProducerRecord<>(topic, event);
      try {
         producer.beginTransaction();
         producer.send(record);
         producer.commitTransaction();
      } catch (ProducerFencedException e) {
         producer.close();
      } catch (KafkaException e) {
         producer.abortTransaction();
      }
   }
  @PreDestroy
   public void close() { producer.close(); }
}
                                                                       126
```

# **Events and Tables**

• Table = stream snapshot • Stream = table changelog



Alice	45		Alice	45
Bob	12		Bob	12
Carol	23		Carol	23
Update Alice set score=32			Alice	32
Update Carol set score=19			Carol	19

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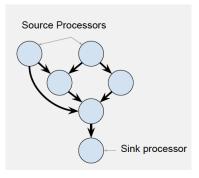
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# Kafka Streams

- Higher level API than "topics"
- Operations on streams of records instead of records
  - filter
  - map
  - etc

# Kafka Streams

- Application = directed graph
- Processor = node
- Source processor: stream from topic
- Sink Processor: stream to topic

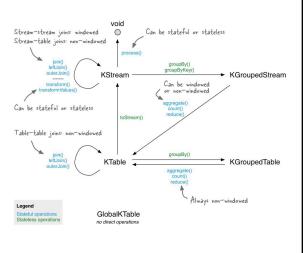


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# Streams DSL

- Operations on streams:
- Stateless: Filter, Map, GroupBy etc
- Stateful: Join,
   Aggregation, etc
   Table results!
- Compose operations to perform computation



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