QUERYING

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Query

```
Return all
db.users.find()
```

• Filter results

```
db.users
.find({"dept" : "sales", "location" : "nyc"})
```

• Project keys (_id always returned)

Comparison

• Operators:

```
- "$It"
```

- "\$lte"

- "\$gt"

- "\$gte"

- "\$ne"

Example

```
db.users.find({"age" : {"$gte" : 18, "$lte" : 30}})
start = new Date("01/01/2007")
db.users.find({"registered" : {"$lt" : start}})
```

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Comparison

• Set membership:

• Disjunction:

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Type-Specific Queries

Regular Expressions

```
db.users.find({"name" : /joey?/i})
```

- Null
 - Matches "does not exist":

```
db.coll.find({"x" : null})
```

- Find keys whose value is null:

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Querying Arrays

- Array: any element can match search key
- Insertion:

```
db.food.insert(
    {"fruit" : ["apple", "banana", "peach"]})
```

Query:

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Array Slicing

• First 10 comments:

Last 10 comments:

• Range of comments:

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Querying for Embedded Keys

- Issue: embedded doc match must match the whole doc
- Example database:

```
{
    "name" : {
        "first" : "Joe",
        "last" : "Schmoe"
},
    "age" : 45
}
```

Query:

Embedded Document Matches

• Issue: author and score match should be for same list elem

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\$where Queries

• Example database:

Cursors

Assign result of database query:

```
var cursor = db.foo.find()
while (cursor.hasNext()) {
  obj = cursor.next();
  // do something
}
```

Iterator interface:

```
Var cursor = db.people.find();
cursor.forEach(function(x) {
  print(x.name);
});
```

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Cursor Options

```
• Options: limit(), skip(), sort()
```

Add options using builder pattern

```
var cursor =
  db.people.find().sort({"x" : 1}).limit(1).skip(10);

var cursor =
  db.people.find().limit(1).sort({"x" : 1}).skip(10);

var cursor =
  db.people.find().skip(10).limit(1).sort({"x" : 1});
```

• Execute query:

```
cursor.forEach(function(x) {
  print(x.name);
});
```

Paginating without skip

Avoid long skips - expensive

```
var page1 = db.foo.find(criteria).limit(100)
var page2 = db.foo.find(criteria).skip(100).limit(100)
var page3 = db.foo.find(criteria).skip(200).limit(100)
```

Alternative: Keep track of current position via key

```
var page1 = db.foo.find().sort({"date" : -1}).limit(100)
var latest = null; // display first page
while (page1.hasNext()) {
   latest = page1.next();
   display(latest);
}
// get next page
var page2 =
   db.foo.find({"date" : {"$gt" : latest.date}});
page2.sort({"date" : -1}).limit(100);
```

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Wrapped Queries

Plain query

```
var cursor = db.foo.find({"foo" : "bar"})
```

Wrapping

```
var cursor = db.foo.find({"foo" : "bar"}).sort({"x" : 1})
```

Other options

```
$maxscan : integer
$min : document
$max : document
$hint : document
$explain : boolean
$snapshot : boolean
```

\$snapshot for Consistent Result

• Typical scenario:

```
cursor = db.foo.find();
while (cursor.hasNext()) {
  var doc = cursor.next();
  doc = process(doc);
  db.foo.save(doc);
}
```

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```
$snapshot for Consistent Result

Cursor batch

cursor =
db.foo
.find()
.snapshot();
```

Indexes

- Rule of thumb: create index with all keys in query
- Example query:

```
db.people.find({"username" : "mark"})
```

Create index

```
db.people.ensureIndex({"username" : 1})
```

• Example table scan

Create index

```
db.ensureIndex({"date" : 1, "username" : 1})
```

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