TEM4-Grammar Subjunctive

You ____ Jim anything about it. It was none of his business. (00-48; 98-52)

- A. needn't have told
- B. needn't tell
- C. mustn't have told
- D. mustn't tell

As it turned out to be a small house party, we ____ so formally. (96-49)

- A. need not have dressed up
- B. must not have dressed up
- C. did not need to dress up
- D. must not dress up

The meeting's been cancelled. Ann ____ all that work. (95-55)

- A. need to do
- B. need have
- C. needn't have done
- D. needed not to do

Writers often coupled narration with other techniques to develop ideas and support opinions that otherwise _____ abstract, unclear, or unconvincing. (19-14)

- A. may remain
- B. could remain
- C. must have remained
- D. might have remained

- otherwise
- would/could/might/should + have done

He was lured into a crime he would not _____ have committed. (18-13)

- A. actually
- B. accidentally
- C. otherwise
- D. seldom

- ■副词、虚拟语气
- You use otherwise after stating a situation or fact, in order to say what the result or consequence would be if this situation or fact was not the case.

My mother was determined to help those in need and she would have been immensely proud of what has been achieved these last 20 years. The italicized part in the sentence expresses _____. (18-20)

- A. a hypothesis
- B. a suggestion
- C. a contradiction
- D. a surprise

Aren't you tired? I ____ you had done enough for today. (09-61)

- A. should have thought
- B. must have thought
- C. might have thought
- D. could have though

He would have finished his college education, but he ____ to quit and find a job to support his family. (07-60)

- A. had had
- B. has
- C. had
- D. would have

We could _____ him with a detached house when he came, but he had specifically asked for a small flat. (95-62)

- A. provided
- B. have provided
- C. not provide
- D. not have provided

Linda was _____ the experiment a month ago, but she changed her mind at the last minute. (07-55)

- A. to start
- B. to have started
- C. to be starting
- D. to have been starting

I was to have made a speech if _____. (97-51)

- A. I was not called away
- B. nobody would have called me away
- C. I had not been called away
- D. nobody called me away

I _____ writing the paper as scheduled, but my mother's illness interfered. I hope you will excuse me. (93-54)

- A. am to have finished
- B. was to have finished
- C. was to finish
- D. ought to finish

At that moment, with the crowd watching me, I was not afraid in the ordinary sense, as I ____ if I ____ alone. (17-19)

- A. would have been... had been
- B. should be... had been
- C. could be... were
- D. might have been... were

All of us would have enjoyed the party much more if there _____quite such a crowd of people there. (00-49)

- A. weren't
- B. hasn't been
- C. hadn't been
- D. wouldn't be

■ C

I _____ the party much more if there hadn't been quite such a crowd of people there. (96-43)

- A. would enjoy
- B. will have enjoyed
- C. would have enjoyed
- D. will be enjoying

If you ____ in such a hurry you ____ sugar into the sauce instead of salt. (92-50)

- A. were not, would not put
- B. were, would put
- C. had been, would have put
- D. had not been, would not have put

- -- "Did you hear of his death?"
- -- "Yes. If he ____ in time, he ____. (90-35)
- A. had been operated on, might not die
- B. had been operated on, might not have died
- C. were operated on, might not die
- D. were operated on, might not have died

_____ your advice, I would have made the wrong decision. (16-19)

- A. Hadn't it been for
- B. Had it not been for
- C. Had it been for
- D. Had not it been for

____ for the fact that she broke her leg, she might have passed the exam. (02-50)

- A. Had it not been
- B. Hadn't it been
- C. Was it not
- D. Were it not

____, he would not have recovered so quickly. (95-65)

- A. Hadn't he been taken good care of
- B. Had he not been taken good care of
- C. Had not he been taken good care of
- D. Had he been not taken good care of

____ your timely advice, I would never have known how to go about the work. (94-53)

- A. Unless
- B. But for
- C. Except for
- D. Not for

- B
- If it had not been for/without

____ you were busy, I wouldn't have bothered you with my questions. (94-62)

- A. If I realized
- B. Had I realized
- C. I realized that
- D. As I realized

their help, we would not have succeeded. (92-55)

- A. Hadn't been for
- B. Had it not been for
- C. It hadn't been for
- D. Had not it been for

the attempted rescue mission, the hostages might still be alive. (19-12)

- A. If it not had been for
- B. If had it not been for
- C. Had it not been for
- D. Had not it been for

- ■虚拟语气、混合非真实条件状语句、省略、倒装 If it had not been for...

Had Judy been more careful on the maths exam, she _____ much better results now. (08-52)

- A. would be getting
- B. could have got
- C. must get
- D. would get

- mixed conditionals

If only the patient ____ a different treatment instead of using the antibiotics, he might still be alive now. (07-54)

- A. had received
- B. received
- C. should receive
- D. were receiving

____ if I had arrived yesterday without letting you know beforehand? (04-44)

- A. Would you be surprised
- B. Were you surprised
- C. Had you been surprised
- D. Would you have been surprised

It's high time we ____ cutting down the rainforests. (06-54)

- A. stopped
- B. had to stop
- C. shall stop
- D. stop

That was not the first time he _____ us. I think it's high time we ____ strong actions against him. (05-60)

- A. betrayed ... take
- B. had betrayed ... took
- C. has betrayed ... took
- D. has betrayed ... take

- "What courses are you going to do next semester?"
- "I don't know. But it's about time ____ on something." (02-51)
- A. I'd decide
- B. I decided
- C. I decide
- D. I'm deciding

If you have really been studying English for so long. It's about time you ____ able to writer letters in English. (99-49)

- A. should be
- B. were
- C. must be
- D. are

It is essential that he ____ all the facts first. (14-51)

- A. is examining
- B. will examine
- C. examines
- D. examine

- 表主观意向的词(名词、动词、形容词)引导的名词性从句

Which of the following sentences contains subjunctive mood? (13-54)

- A. Lucy insisted that her son get home before 5 o'clock.
- B. She used to drive to work, but now she takes the city metro.
- C. Walk straight ahead, and don't turn till the second traffic lights.
- D. Paul will cancel his flight if he cannot get his visa by Friday.

My boss ordered that the legal documents _____ to him before lunch. (12-54)

- A. be sent
- B. were sent
- C. were to be sent
- D. must be sent

It is necessary that he ____ the assignment without delay. (10-60)

- A. hand in
- B. hands in
- C. must hand in
- D. has to hand in

He left orders that nothing ____ touched until the police arrived here. (07-43)

- A. should be
- B. ought to be
- C. must be
- D. would be

It is absolutely essential that William ____ his study in spite of learning difficulties. (07-65)

- A. will continue
- B. continued
- C. continue
- D. continues

It is imperative that the government ____ more investment into the shipbuilding industry. (06-59)

- A. attracts
- B. shall attracts
- C. attract
- D. has to attract

■ C

It is imperative that students _____ their term papers on time. (04-46)

- A. hand in
- B. would hand in
- C. have to hand in
- D. handed in

It was recommended that passengers _____ smoke during the flight. (94-58)

- A. not
- B. need not
- C. could not
- D. would not

She asked that she ____ allowed to see her son in police custody. (93-50)

- A. would be
- B. could be
- C. be
- D. was

C

The teacher demanded _____ his essay immediately. (91-4)

- A. Tom to hand in
- B. that Tom hands in
- C. that Tom handed in
- D. that Tom hand in

- ____, I'll marry him all the same. (04-42)
- A. Was he rich or poor
- B. Whether rich or poor
- C. Were he rich or poor
- D. Be he rich or poor

- D
- be的虚拟

Home is home, ____ ever so homely. (92-52)

- A. it is
- B. it were
- C. be it
- D. it be

C

- "I wondered if I could have a word with you." The past tense used in the sentence refers to a _____. (17-14)
- A. past event for exact time reference
- B. present event for tentativeness
- C. present event for uncertainty
- D. past event for politeness

- B
- tentativeness试探、犹疑
- present event for politeness委婉、礼貌

The sentence *I wish I had been more careful in spending money* expresses the speaker's ____. (16-20)

- A. hope
- B. joy
- C. regret
- D. relief

C

It's getting late. I'd rather you ____ now. (11-61)

- A. left
- B. leave
- C. are leaving
- D. will leave

If only I ____ play the guitar as well as you! (06-52)

- A. would
- B. could
- C. should
- D. might

"If I were you, I wouldn't wait to propose to her." The subjective mood in the sentence is used to ____. (17-15)

- A. alleviate hostility
- B. express unfavorable feelings
- C. indicate uncertainty
- D. make a suggestion

- unreal conditional

If you explained the situation to your lawyer, he ____ able to advise you much better than I can. (15-15)

- A. will be
- B. would be
- C. was
- D. were

If it _____ tomorrow, the match would be put off. (13-63)

- A. was to rain
- B. were to rain
- C. was raining
- D. had rained

If there were no subjunctive mood, English ____ much easier to learn. (09-52)

- A. could have been
- B. would be
- C. will be
- D. would have been

If you explained the situation to your solicitor, he ____ able to advise you much better than I can. (05-51)

- A. would be
- B. will have been
- C. was
- D. were

If I knew Japanese, I ____ for the position. (91-6)

- A. would apply
- B. will apply
- C. may have applied
- D. will have applied