TEM4 Grammar

Non-finite: Gerund

Aspects and Voices

■ 一般体:

□ doing – being done

■ 完成体

□ having done – having been done

Dangling/unattached gerund

- By holding a discussion, the problem was solved. X
- By holding a discussion, they solved the problem. √

Logical subject

- ■逻辑主语与语法主语一致
- He enjoys asking questions.
- He was highly praised for having written such a scientific paper.

- ■逻辑主语与语法主语不一致
- Possessive case
- I insisted on his going.
- Common case / objective pronoun
- I didn't notice the door being shut.
- I am interested in our talk going on.
- I object to Mary and John going out on such a night.
- He spoke of there being danger.

Part of the Sentence

- Reporting the news is their job.
- Seeing much, suffering much, and studying much are the three pillars of learning. –Benjamin Disraeli
- ■主语
- It is no use crying over spilt milk.
- It is no use to cry over spilt milk.
- 一次体; 动名词为多次体

- Suddenly everyone stopped talking.
- He has given up smoking. (二词动词)
- ■动宾
- She is interested in acting.
- Reading without reflecting is like eating without digesting.
 - -Edmund Burke
- ■介宾
- His job is collecting folk songs.
- 主补

- The children were busy building sand castles.
- She had no trouble finding the man.
- ■美语口语
- The children were busy with building sand castles.
- She had no trouble in finding the man.
- ■介宾
- He loves his profession, teaching.
- There are three ingredients in the good life: learning, earning and yearning. —Christopher Morley
- ■同位语

- Who won the swimming competition?
- ■定语
- What did you do after leaving school?
- Carol went to work in spite of feeling ill.
- 状语;介词+动名词
- living room, fishing ground, parking meter; family planning, zebra crossing
- ■可变成复合名词
- a swimming pool/girl, a smoking room/man, a sleeping car/baby
- ■名词与分词有逻辑主谓关系
- No smoking!

不定式与动名词的比较

- Seeing is believing.
- To see is to believe.
- 词汇意义不同;泛指、抽象;特指、具体
- I like swimming.
- I don't like to swim today.
- 词汇意义不同;多次体;一次体
- She has learned typing.
- She has learned to type.
- 体的用法不同;未完成,学过;已完成,学会

- I forgot writing the letter.
- I forgot to write the letter.
- 时间意义不同;过去的行为,忘了已写;将来的行为,忘了 要写
- I don't like speaking against one behind one's back.
- I don't like to speak against one behind one's back.
- ■逻辑主语不同;泛指一般人的行为;特指主语本身的行为
- We must improve our working method.
- This is a good place to work in.
- 作定语时的位置不同; 前置; 后置

- Thanks for coming.
- He desires nothing but to study abroad.
- 介词宾语;可作;不可作,六个介词除外
- We can do nothing but fight.
- about, besides, but, except, save, than六个介词前面有实义动词do, 后跟bare infinitive
- Do you know his going?
- It's great for me to go.
- ■逻辑主语表示法不同;物主代词、名词所有格、名词通格、代词宾格;for, of, with引导

This is one of the issues that deserve ____. (16-17)

- A. mentioning
- B. being mentioned
- C. to mention
- D. for mention

A

Please pardon _____ you. (14-58)

- A. disturbing
- B. my disturbing
- C. me to disturb
- D. that I disturb

B

Which of the italicized parts functions as an object? (12-58)

- A. He doesn't like the idea of my speaking at the meeting.
- B. It is no use *your pretending not to know the matter*.
- C. My parents strongly object to my going out alone at night.
- D. Her falling into the river was the climax of the whole trip.

In the sentence "It's no use *waiting for her*", the italicized phrase is _____. (10-61)

- A. the object
- B. an adverbial
- C. a complement
- D. the subject

____ should not become a serious disadvantage in life and work. (10-65)

- A. To be not tall
- B. Not being tall
- C. Being not tall
- D. Not to be tall

B

What a nice day! How about the three of us ____ a walk in the park nearby? (09-51)

- A. to take
- B. take
- C. taking
- D. to be taking

What's the chance of ____ a general election this year? (05-61)

- A. there being
- B. there to be
- C. there be
- D. there going to be

A

The meeting was put off because we ____ a meeting without John. (05-62)

- A. objected having
- B. were objected to having
- C. objected to have
- D. objected to having

In international matches, prestige is so important that the only thing that matters is to avoid ____. (96-48)

- A. from being beaten
- B. being beaten
- C. beating
- D. to be beaten

B

I never regretted ____ offer, for it was not where my interest lay. (93-53)

- A. not to accept
- B. not accepting
- C. not having accepted
- D. having not accepted

C

Though her father never approved of _____ to drama school, she became a well-known actress. (91-16)

- A. going
- B. her to go
- C. her going
- D. her go

Mr. Brown had the report ____ as soon as he finished ____ it. (90-33)

- A. to be typed, to write
- B. typed, to write
- C. being typed, writing
- D. typed, writing