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题目. P₉ 1.3.6 对程序:

$$\mathcal{P}_2$$
:

IF $X \neq 0$ GOTO A
 $Y \leftarrow Y + 1$
 $Z \leftarrow Z + 1$

IF $Z \neq 0$ GOTO E
 $[A]X \leftarrow X - 1$
 $[B]$ IF $X \neq 0$ GOTO B

给出它从输入变量X分别等于0,1,5的初始状态开始的计算.

解答. (1) 思路: X=0, 不跳转到[A], 之后Y=1, Z=1, 此时 $Z\neq 0$, 跳转到[E], 结束程序. 程序结束时, 输出变量Y=1.

计算:

$$(1, \quad \{X=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$$

 $(2, \quad \{X=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$
 $(3, \quad \{X=0, Y=1, Z=0\})$
 $(4, \quad \{X=0, Y=1, Z=1\})$
 $(7, \quad \{X=0, Y=1, Z=1\})$ (终点快相)

(2) 思路: X = 1, 跳转到[A], 执行 $X \leftarrow X - 1$ 后, X = 0, 不执行[B], 结束程序. 程序结束时, 输出变量Y = 0. 计算:

$$\begin{aligned} &(1, \quad \{X=1, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(5, \quad \{X=1, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(6, \quad \{X=0, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(7, \quad \{X=0, Y=0, Z=0\}) \end{aligned}$$

(3) 思路: X = 5, 跳转到[A], 执行 $X \leftarrow X - 1$ 后, X = 4, 执行[B], 进入死循环. 程序结束时, 输出变量Y = 0. 计算:

$$(1, {X = 5, Y = 0, Z = 0})$$

$$(5, {X = 5, Y = 0, Z = 0})$$

$$(6, {X = 4, Y = 0, Z = 0})$$

$$(6, {X = 4, Y = 0, Z = 0})$$

$$\cdots (死循环)$$

题目. P₉ 1.3.7 对程序

$$\mathcal{P}_3:$$

$$X_1 \leftarrow X_1 + 1$$

$$X_1 \leftarrow X_1 + 1$$

$$[A]X_1 \leftarrow X_1 - 1$$

$$IF \quad X_1 \neq 0 \quad GOTO \quad C$$

$$[B]Z \leftarrow Z + 1$$

$$IF \quad Z \neq 0 \quad GOTO \quad B$$

$$[C]X_1 \leftarrow X_1 - 1$$

$$IF \quad X_1 \neq 0 \quad GOTO \quad A$$

$$IF \quad X_2 \neq 0 \quad GOTO \quad D$$

$$Y \leftarrow Y + 1$$

$$[D]Y \leftarrow Y$$

设输入变量的初始状态的值如下:

- (1) $X_1 = 2, X_2 = 0$
- (1) $X_1 = 4, X_2 = 3$
- (1) $X_1 = 1, X_2 = 4$

写出计算

解答. (1) 分析: 执行了[A]后, $X_1 = 3$, 跳转到C, 之后 $X_1 = 2$, 跳转回[A], $X_1 = 1$, 再跳转到[C], $X_1 = 0$, 而 $X_2 = 0$, 执行 $Y \leftarrow Y + 1$, 之后进入<mark>空指令</mark>[D]. 最后输出变量Y = 1. 计算:

$$(1, \quad \{X_1=2, X_2=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$$

$$(2, \{X_1 = 3, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(3, \{X_1 = 4, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(4, \{X_1 = 3, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(7, \{X_1 = 3, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(8, \{X_1 = 2, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(3, \{X_1 = 2, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(4, \quad \{X_1=1, X_2=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$$

$$(7, \quad \{X_1=1, X_2=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$$

$$(8, \{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(9, \quad \{X_1=0, X_2=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$$

$$(10, \quad \{X_1=0, X_2=0, Y=0, Z=0\})$$

$$(11, \quad \{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0, Y = 1, Z = 0\})$$

$$(12, \quad \{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 0, Y = 1, Z = 0\})$$

(2) 思路: 执行[A]之后, $X_1 = 5$, 跳转[C], 之后 $X_1 = 4$, 跳转回[A], 在[C], [A]间来回跳转, 根据 X_1 的 奇偶性, 最后在执行[C]的第一步之后 $X_1 = 0$, $X_2 = 3 \neq 0$, 跳转到<mark>空指令D</mark>. 最后输出变量Y = 0.

计算:

$$(1, \quad \{X_1 = 4, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(2, \quad \{X_1 = 5, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(3, \quad \{X_1 = 6, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(4, \quad \{X_1 = 5, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(7, \quad \{X_1 = 5, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(8, \quad \{X_1 = 4, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(3, \quad \{X_1 = 4, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(4, \quad \{X_1 = 3, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(7, \quad \{X_1 = 3, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(8, \quad \{X_1 = 2, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(3, \quad \{X_1 = 2, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(4, \quad \{X_1 = 1, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(7, \quad \{X_1 = 1, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

$$(8, \quad \{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\})$$

(3) 思路: 执行[A]之后, $X_1 = 2$, 跳转[C], 之后 $X_1 = 1$, 跳转回[A], $X_1 = 0$, 执行[B], Z = 1, 在[B]中进入<mark>死循环</mark>. 最后输出变量Y = 0. 计算:

(9, $\{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\}$) (11, $\{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\}$) (12, $\{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 3, Y = 0, Z = 0\}$)

$$\begin{aligned} &(1, \quad \{X_1=1, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(2, \quad \{X_1=2, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(3, \quad \{X_1=3, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(4, \quad \{X_1=2, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(7, \quad \{X_1=2, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(8, \quad \{X_1=1, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(3, \quad \{X_1=1, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(4, \quad \{X_1=0, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(5, \quad \{X_1=0, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=0\}) \\ &(6, \quad \{X_1=0, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=1\}) \\ &(5, \quad \{X_1=0, X_2=4, Y=0, Z=1\}) \end{aligned}$$

 $\{X_1 = 0, X_2 = 4, Y = 0, Z = 2\}$

题目. P_{12} 1.1 写出计算下述函数的 \mathcal{S} 程序(允许使用宏指令):

··· (进入死循环)

- (1) f(x) = |x/2|(向下取整)
- (2) x偶数, f(x) = 1; x奇数, f(x)无定义.

解答. (1) 思路: 除以2可以用一直减2表示.

$$\mathcal{P}_1$$
:
$$Z \leftarrow Z + 1$$

$$X \leftarrow X + 1 \quad (+1$$
的目的是为了保证2的输出是1,以此类推)
$$[A]X \leftarrow X - 1$$

$$X \leftarrow X - 1$$

$$\text{IF} \quad X \neq 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad B$$

$$\text{IF} \quad Z \neq 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad E$$

$$[B]Y \leftarrow Y + 1$$

$$\text{IF} \quad Y \neq 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad A$$

使用宏指令的版本:

$$\mathcal{P}_1^*$$
:
$$X \leftarrow X + 1$$

$$[A]X \leftarrow X - 2$$

$$\text{IF} \quad X \neq 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad B$$

$$\text{GOTO} \quad E$$

$$[B]Y \leftarrow Y + 1$$

$$\text{GOTO} \quad A$$

(2) 思路: 对输入的X,循环减两次1,但每次都检查X是否是0,来判断奇偶性,为了兼容0,首先加上1. 简单来说,就是看减去的是奇数个还是偶数个1来进行出口的分类.

$$\mathcal{P}_2^*:$$

$$X \leftarrow X + 1$$

$$[A]X \leftarrow X - 1$$

$$\text{IF} \quad X = 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad B$$

$$X \leftarrow X - 1$$

$$\text{IF} \quad X \neq 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad A$$

$$\text{GOTO} \quad C$$

$$[B]Y \leftarrow Y + 1$$

$$\text{GOTO} \quad E$$

$$[C]Z \leftarrow Z + 1$$

$$\text{IF} \quad Z \neq 0 \quad \text{GOTO} \quad C$$

如果不允许判断X=0, 可以这么写:

$$\mathscr{P}_2^*$$
:
$$X \leftarrow X + 1$$

$$[A]X \leftarrow X - 1$$
 IF $X \neq 0$ GOTO B GOTO C (偶数出口)

$$[B]X \leftarrow X - 1$$

IF $X \neq 0$ GOTO A
GOTO D (奇数出口)
 $[C]Y \leftarrow Y + 1$
GOTO E
 $[D]Z \leftarrow Z + 1$
IF $Z \neq 0$ GOTO D (死循环)

题目的注记. 可供使用的宏指令:

- \bullet GOTO A
- $V \leftarrow V'$
- 判断 X = 0 和跳转

题目. P_{12} 1.2 给出下列程序 \mathscr{P} 计算的函数 $\psi_{\mathscr{P}}^{(1)}(x)$:

$$(1)[A]X \leftarrow X + 1$$

$$X \leftarrow X - 1$$
 IF $X \neq 0$ GOTO A
$$(2)[A]X \leftarrow X - 1$$
 IF $X = 0$ GOTO A
$$X \leftarrow X - 1$$
 IF $X \neq 0$ GOTO A (3)空程序

解答. (1)
$$\psi_{\mathscr{P}_1}^{(1)}(x) = \begin{cases} \uparrow (未定义) & \text{if } x \in \mathbb{N}^*, \\ 0 & \text{if } x = 0. \end{cases}$$
(2) $\psi_{\mathscr{P}_1}^{(1)}(x) = \begin{cases} 0, & x$ 是正偶数
$$\uparrow, & x = 0 \text{ ox } x$$
是奇数 (3) $\psi_{\mathscr{P}_1}^{(1)}(x) = 0, \forall x \in \mathbb{N} \end{cases}$