

随想随感

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Lemma 1.1. *If a rectangle is the almost disjoint union of finitely many other rectangles, say $R = \bigcup_{k=1}^N R_k$, then*

$$|R| = \sum_{k=1}^N |R_k|$$

If R, R_1, \dots, R_N are rectangles, and $R \in \bigcup_{k=1}^N R_k$, then

$$|R| \leq \sum_{k=1}^N |R_k|$$

Remark 1.2. 有限个几乎不交的并集，求面积可以直接相加；有交就小于等于。

theorem 1.3. *Every open subset \mathcal{O} of \mathbb{R} can be written uniquely as a countable union of disjoint open intervals*

Remark 1.4. 任何开区间可以被分解为可数个不交的开区间的并集

theorem 1.5. *Every open subset \mathcal{O} of \mathbb{R}^d , $d \geq 1$, can be written as a countable union of almost disjoint closed cubes*

Remark 1.6. 用小立方体(d 维)去不断逼近

definition 1.7 (Cantor Set). 非空，有界，闭集，完全不连通，不可数集，零测

definition 1.8 (Exterior Measure). *if E is any subset of \mathbb{R}^d , the exterior measure of E is*

$$m_*(E) = \inf \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |Q_j|$$

considering any arbitrary covering of a closed cube $Q \in \bigcup_{j=1}^{\infty} Q_j$ (Q_j is also closed cube), note that it suffices to prove that

$$|Q| \leq \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |Q_j|$$

稍微放大 Q_j ，得到 open cube S_j ，之后可以利用有限覆盖定理，得到

$$|Q| \leq (1 + \epsilon) \sum_{j=1}^M |Q_j| \leq (1 + \epsilon) \sum_{j=1}^{\infty} |Q_j|$$

So

$$|Q| \leq m_*(Q)$$

对于 closed cube Q , $m_*(Q) \leq |Q|$ 显然, $|Q| \leq m_*(Q)$ 需要稍微放大 Q_j 成 open cube S_j , 之后用有限覆盖定理

对于 open cube Q , 取 closure of Q , 那么 $m_*(Q) \leq |Q|$ 也同样显然, $|Q| \leq m_*(Q)$ 需要取任意被 Q 覆盖的 open cube Q_0 , 而任何对于 Q 的立方体开覆盖必然覆盖 Q_0 , 所以下确界 $m_*(Q) \geq |Q_0|$, 又可以取充分接近, 可得 $|Q| \leq m_*(Q)$