Analytical Geometry and Linear Algebra I. Midterm Exam. October 27, 2023 $\mathbf{VARIANT~1}$

Full name:	Group:
Task: Theory 1a 1b 2a 2b 3 4 5 Total	

Task:	Theory	1a	1b	2a	2b	3	4	5	Total
Score:									of 30 pts.

In each sheet, you should write your last name, first name, variant number, and group number in the upper right corner. Unsigned sheets or sheets without the information above will NOT BE graded. This assignment sheet must also be submitted along with your solution. glhf!

Theory. Maximum 5 points

- Definitions, simple proofs (from lectures).
 - 1. (1 point) Vectors $v_1, v_2, ..., v_n$ are linearly independent if...
 - 2. (2 points) Give a condition of coplanarity of three vectors.
 - 3. (2 points) Give definition of a trace, Tr(A), of matrix and prove linearity of trace.

Practice. Maximum 25 points

- 1. Vector operations / Matrices
 - (a) (2 points) Find the determinant of the 3x3 matrix:

$$\begin{bmatrix} 2 & 5 & -3 \\ 1 & 4 & -2 \\ -7 & 3 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) (4 points) Find a vector that is orthogonal to both $v_1 = (1, 0, 1)$ and $v_2 = (1, 3, 0)$ and which dot product with vector $v_3 = (1, 1, 0)$ equals to 8.
- 2. Lines / Planes
 - (a) (2 points) Find the angle between the planes 2x y + z = 6, x + y + 2z = 3.
 - (b) (4 points) What is the general equation of the plane which contains the following two parallel lines: $\frac{x+1}{6} = \frac{y-2}{7} = z$ and $\frac{x-3}{6} = \frac{y+4}{7} = z 1$
- 3. (4 points) Find the distance from the point (1, 1, -1) to the line of intersection of the planes x + y + z = 1 and 2x y 5z = 1.
- 4. (4 points) Two vertices of a triangle are (4, -3) and (-2, 5). If the orthocenter (intersection of altitudes) of the triangle is at (1, 2), find the coordinates of the third vertex.
- 5. (5 points) In a regular tetrahedron ABCD, find the coordinates of the point M in the basis $\{D, \mathbf{DA}, \mathbf{DB}, \mathbf{DC}\}$, if the point M has coordinates (0, 1/3, 1/3) in the basis $\{A, \mathbf{AD}, \mathbf{AB}, \mathbf{AC}\}$.

Analytical Geometry and Linear Algebra I. Midterm Exam. October 27, 2023 ${\bf VARIANT~2}$

Fu	ıll name:										Group):
	Task:	Theory	1a	1b	2a	2b	3	4	5	Tota	l	

of 30 pts.

In each sheet, you should write your last name, first name, variant number, and group number in the **upper right** corner. Unsigned sheets or sheets without the information above will NOT BE graded. This assignment sheet must also be submitted along with your solution. gl hf!

Theory. Maximum 5 points

1. Definitions, simple proofs.

Score:

- (a) (1 point) Let $V = \{v_1, v_2, ..., v_n\}$ be a set of vectors. Give a definition of a span S(V)
- (b) (2 points) What is the geometrical interpretation of the magnitude of $\mathbf{a} \times \mathbf{b}$?
- (c) (2 points) Given that BC and CB are valid, prove that Tr(BC) = Tr(CB)

Practice. Maximum 25 points

- 1. Vector operations / Matrices
 - (a) (2 points) Find the determinant of matrix

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -2 & 2 \\ 2 & 1 & -1 \\ 4 & -3 & 5 \end{bmatrix}$$

- (b) (4 points) Find a vector that is orthogonal to both $v_1 = (1, -1, 1)$ and $v_2 = (6, -3, 0)$ and which dot product with a vector $v_3 = (3, 2, 3)$ equals to
- 2. Lines / Planes
 - (a) (2 points) Find the angle between the planes x+y-4z=8, 4x+y-z=8.
 - (b) (4 points) What is the general equation of the plane which contains the following two parallel lines: $\frac{x-1}{5} = \frac{y+2}{3} = z$ and $\frac{x+3}{5} = \frac{y-4}{3} = z 1$
- 3. (4 points) Find the distance from the point (1, 1, -1) to the line of intersection of the planes x + y + z = 1 and 2x y 5z = 1.
- 4. (4 points) Two vertices of a triangle are (6, -1) and (-2, 5). If the orthocenter (intersection of altitudes) of the triangle is at (1, 2), find the coordinates of the third vertex.
- 5. (5 points) In a regular tetrahedron ABCD, find the coordinates of the point M in the basis $\{A, \mathbf{AD}, \mathbf{AB}, \mathbf{AC}\}$, if the point M has coordinates (1/3, 1/3, 1/3) in the basis $\{D, \mathbf{DA}, \mathbf{DB}, \mathbf{DC}\}$.