

# 1 Implementation

Define

$$A[g(\omega)] = \int_{E_{\min}}^{\infty} dE e^{\alpha E} \left| \sum_{t=0}^{t_{\max}} g_t e^{(-t-1)E} - \Delta_{\sigma}(E, \omega) \right|^2, \quad (1)$$

$$B[g(\omega)] = \vec{g}(\omega)^T \cdot \text{Cov}_d \cdot \vec{g}(\omega), \quad (2)$$

$$\Delta_{\sigma}(E, \omega) = \frac{e^{\frac{(E-\omega)^2}{2\sigma^2}}}{Z(\omega)}, \quad (3)$$

$$Z(\omega) = \int_0^{\infty} dE e^{\frac{(E-\omega)^2}{2\sigma^2}} = \sqrt{\frac{\pi}{2}} \sigma \left[ 1 + \text{Erf} \left( \frac{\omega}{\sqrt{2}\sigma} \right) \right], \quad (4)$$

$$A_0(\omega) \equiv A[0](\omega) = \int_{E_{\min}}^{\infty} dE e^{\alpha E} \Delta_{\sigma}(E, \omega)^2 = \frac{\text{Erf} \left( \frac{\omega - E_{\min} + \alpha \sigma^2 / 2}{\sigma} \right) + 1}{\sigma \sqrt{\pi} \left( \text{Erf} \left( \frac{\omega}{\sqrt{2}\sigma} \right) + 1 \right)^2} e^{\alpha \omega + \alpha^2 \sigma^2 / 4}. \quad (5)$$

At each energy, we minimise

$$W[g] = (1 - \lambda) \frac{A[g]}{A_0} + \lambda \frac{B[g]}{B_{\text{norm}}}. \quad (6)$$

$B_{\text{norm}}$  can be a function of  $\omega$ . In order to nicely express the solution it is useful to define

$$\begin{aligned} f_t(\omega) &= \int_{E_{\min}}^{\infty} dE \Delta_{\sigma}(E, \omega) e^{(-t+\alpha)E} \\ &= \frac{e^{\frac{\sigma^2}{2}(\alpha-t)^2} e^{(\alpha-t)\omega} \left\{ 1 - \text{Erf} \left[ \frac{E_{\min} - \omega + \sigma^2(t-\alpha)}{\sqrt{2}\sigma} \right] \right\}}{1 + \text{Erf} \left[ \frac{\omega}{\sigma\sqrt{2}} \right]} \end{aligned} \quad (7)$$

$$\mathbf{s}_{tr} = \frac{1}{2 + t + r - \alpha}, \quad \mathbf{B}_{tr} = \text{Cov}_{t+1, r+1}, \quad \mathbf{f}_t = f_{t+1} \quad (8)$$

The minimisation then amounts to solve the following linear system

$$\vec{g} = \left( \mathbf{s} + \frac{\lambda A_0(\omega)}{(1 - \lambda) B_{\text{norm}}(\omega)} \mathbf{B} \right)^{-1} \vec{\mathbf{f}} \quad (9)$$