**Arrays**

Workshop 4 (out of 10 marks - 4% of your final grade)

In this workshop, you will code a user-friendly C-language program with an array data structure that processes the elements of the array logically.

**LEARNING OUTCOMES**

Upon successful completion of this workshop, you will have demonstrated the abilities:

* to store data of common type using an array structure
* to associate related data using parallel arrays
* to process the elements of an array using an iteration construct
* to describe to your instructor what you have learned in completing this workshop

**Submission Policy**

The "in-lab" section is to be completed during your assigned lab section.  It is to be completed and submitted by the end of the workshop period.  If you attend the lab period and cannot complete the in-lab portion of the workshop during that period, ask your instructor for permission to complete the in-lab portion after the period. If you do not attend the workshop, you can submit the “in-lab” section along with your “at-home” section (with a penalty; see below). The “at-home” portion of the lab is due on the day that is two days before your next scheduled workshop (23:59).

All your work (all the files you create or modify) must contain your name, Seneca email and student number.

You are responsible to back up your work regularly.

**Late submission penalties**:

* In-lab portion submitted late, with at-home portion: 0 for in-lab. Maximum of 70/70 for at-home and reflection
* If any of in-lab, at-home or reflection portions is missing the mark will be zero.

**IN-LAB: (30%)**

Download or clone workshop 4 (**WS04**) from <https://github.com/Seneca-144100/IPC-Workshops>

Code a program in a file called temps2.c that does the following:

1. All temperatures entered by the user must be stored in matching arrays.
2. Print the title of the application.  
     
   > ---=== IPC Temperature Calculator V2.0 ===--- <
3. Prompt the user to enter the number of days for which the temperature will be tracked. The value entered must be between 3 and 10, inclusive.   
     
   Please enter the number of days between 3 and 10, inclusive:
4. If the user does not enter a value in the correct range, print the following error message:  
     
   Invalid entry, please enter a number between 3 and 10, inclusive:  
     
   Keep doing this until a valid number is input by the user.
5. Using a for loop, prompt the user to enter the high and low temperature until data is entered for the required number of days, store the values entered in matching arrays:  
     
   Day 1 – High: (read user input from stdin\*)  
   Day 1 – Low: (read user input from stdin\*)  
     
   \*stdin: what the user types in (keyboard)
6. When the process is finished, display the values entered.

Output example:

---=== IPC Temperature Calculator V2.0 ===---

Please enter the number of days, between 3 and 10, inclusive: **2**

Invalid entry, please enter a number between 3 and 10, inclusive: **4**

Day 1 - High: **6**

Day 1 - Low: **-2**

Day 2 - High: **8**

Day 2 - Low: **-1**

Day 3 - High: **7**

Day 3 - Low: **-3**

Day 4 - High: **9**

Day 4 - Low: **-4**

Day Hi Low

1 6 -2

2 8 -1

3 7 -3  
4 9 -4

**In\_Lab SUBMISSION:**

To test and demonstrate execution of your program use the same data as the output example above, including the erroneous entries (the mistakes).

If not on matrix already, upload your **temps2.c** to your matrix account. Compile and run your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

**~profname.proflastname/submit 144\_w4\_lab <ENTER>**

and follow the instructions.

Please note that a successful submission does not guarantee full credit for this workshop.

If the professor is not satisfied with your implementation, your professor may ask you to resubmit. Resubmissions will attract a penalty.

**AT\_HOME: (30%)**

After completing the in\_lab section, upgrade your code in temps2.c to:

* display the highest temperature, and the day on which it occurred
* display the lowest temperature, and the day on which it occurred
* calculate and display the mean (average) temperature for a period entered by the user, until the user enters -1.

## Output Example

---=== IPC Temperature Calculator V2.0 ===---

Please enter the number of days, between 3 and 10, inclusive: **4**

Day 1 - High: **6**

Day 1 - Low: **-2**

Day 2 - High: **8**

Day 2 - Low: **-1**

Day 3 - High: **7**

Day 3 - Low: **-3**

Day 4 - High: **9**

Day 4 - Low: **-4**

Day Hi Low

1 6 -2

2 8 -1

3 7 -3

4 9 -4

The highest temperature was 9, on day 4

The lowest temperature was -4, on day 4

Enter a number between 1 and 4 to see the average temperature for the entered number of days, enter a negative number to exit: **5**

Invalid entry, please enter a number between 1 and 4, inclusive: **3**

The average temperature up to day 3 is: 2.50

Enter a number between 1 and 4 to see the average temperature for the entered number of days, enter a negative number to exit: **2**

The average temperature up to day 2 is: 2.75

Enter a number between 1 and 4 to see the average temperature for the entered number of days, enter a negative number to exit: **-1**

Goodbye!

// Name:ALBERTO LAURENZI

// Student Number:150954162

// Email:alaurenzi@myseneca.ca

// Section:SKK

// Workshop:W4\_home

#include <stdio.h>

int main() {

int days , field;

int highDay = 0;

int lowDay = 0;

int max = -100;

int min = 100;

int highTemp[10];

int lowTemp[10];

int i;

float totalAv= 0;

printf("---=== IPC Temperature Analyzer V2.0 ===---\n");

printf("Please enter the number of days, between 3 and 10, inclusive: ");

scanf("%d", &days);

while (days < 3 || days > 10) {

printf("\nInvalid entry, please enter a number between 3 and 10, inclusive: ");

scanf("%d", &days);

}

printf("\n");

for (i = 0; i < days; i++) {

printf("Day %d - High: ", i + 1);

scanf("%d", &highTemp[i]);

printf("Day %d - Low: ", i + 1);

scanf("%d", &lowTemp[i]);

if (highTemp[i] > max) {

max = highTemp[i];

highDay = i;

}

if (lowTemp[i] < min) {

min = lowTemp[i];

lowDay = i;

}

}

printf("\nDay Hi Low\n");

for (i = 0; i < days; i++) {

printf("%-2d %-3d %-3d\n", i + 1, highTemp[i], lowTemp[i]);

}

printf("The highest temperature was %d, on day %d\n", max, highDay +1);

printf("The lowest temperature was %d, on day %d\n", min, lowDay +1 );

do

{

printf("Enter a number between 1 and 4 to see the average temperature for the entered number of days, enter a negative number to exit : ");

scanf("%d", &field);

while (field == 0 || field > 4){

printf("\nInvalid entry, please enter a number between 1 and 4, inclusive: ");

scanf("%d", &field);

}

if (field < 0)

printf("Goodbye!\n");

else {

totalAv = 0;

for (i = 0; i < field; i++) {

totalAv += (float)(highTemp[i] + lowTemp[i]) / 2;

}

totalAv = totalAv / field;

printf("The average temperature up to day %d is: %.2f\n", field, totalAv);

}

} while (field > 0);

return 0;

}

**AT-HOME REFLECTION (40%)**

Please provide brief answers to the following questions in a text file named **reflect.txt.**

1. In one or two sentences explain why the arrays in this program have to be declared to hold 10 elements?
2. In two or three sentences explain the advantages and disadvantages of using matching arrays?
3. Was the at home portion of this workshop too easy, just right or too hard? Why?

**Note: when completing the workshop reflections it is a violation of academic policy to cut and paste content from the course notes or any other published source, or to copy the work of another student.**

**At-HOME SUBMISSION**

To test and demonstrate execution of your program use the same data as the output example above.

If not on matrix already, upload **temps2.c** to your matrix account. Compile and run your code and make sure everything works properly.

Then run the following script from your account: (replace profname.proflastname with your professors Seneca userid)

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