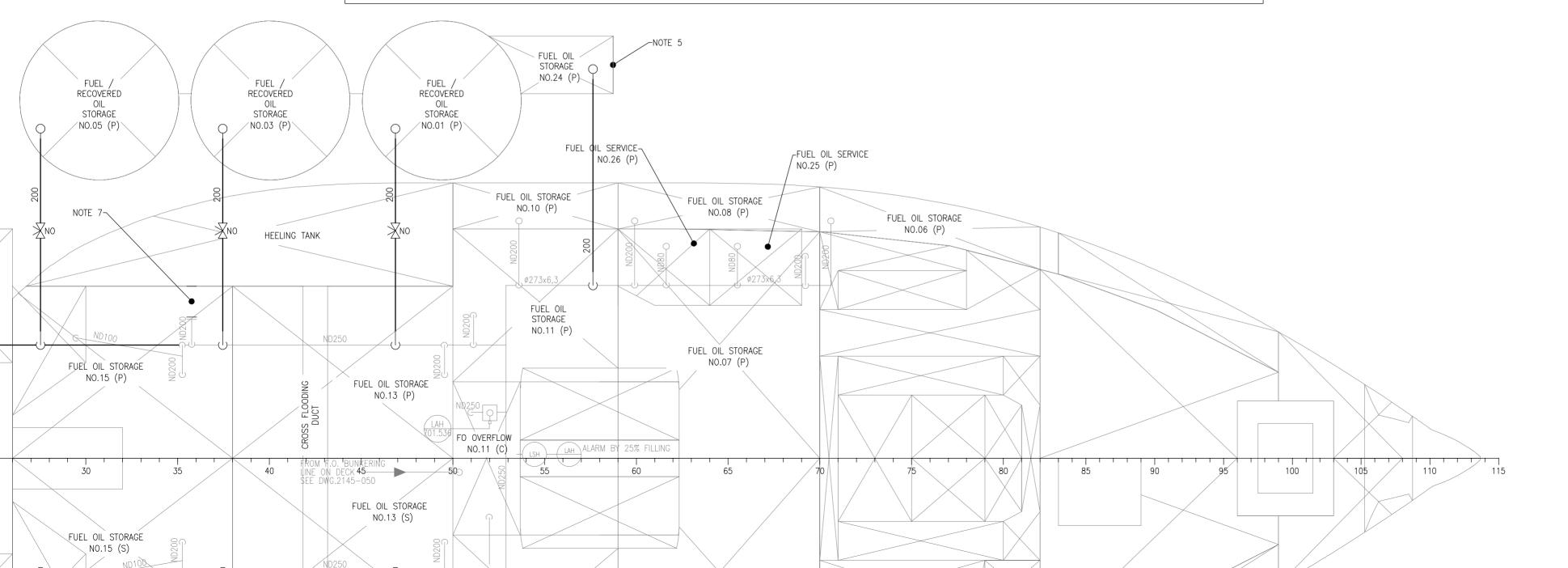
- 4. GREYED OUT PORTIONS OF DRAWING REPRESENT THE ORIGINAL VIKING DRAWING, SEE REF #1. DARKER SECTIONS REPRESENT MODIFICATIONS. 5. FUEL OIL STORAGE TANKS NO.24 AND FUEL/RECOVERED OIL STORAGE TANKS NO. 01-06 SHOWN OUTBOARD FOR CLARITY, SEE REFERENCE #2 FOR TANK LOCATION.
- 6. EXISTING VENTS FOR BRINE/FO TANKS (FO STORAGE NO. 17, 18, 19, 24) TO BE REMOVED, SEE REFERENCE #3.
- 7. CONNECTION FROM HEELING TANKS TO FO VENT SYSTEM TO BE REMOVED.
- 8. A SIGNBOARD SHALL BE FITTED TO SIGNIFY THAT THE OVERFLOW STORAGE TANK ENSURES SUFFICIENT VOLUME FOR OVERFLOW (PART 4, CHAPTER 6, SECTION 4, 11.3.3).
- 9. OVERFLOW PIPES SHALL NOT BE LESS THAN 125% OF THE SECTIONAL AREA OF THE FILLING PIPE (PART 4, CHAPTER 6, SECTION 4, 11.2.1).
- 10. OVERFLOW PIPES SHALL BE SELF-DRAINING UNDER NORMAL CONDITIONS OF TRIM AND AMBIENT TEMPERATURE (PART 4, CHAPTER 6, SECTION 4, 11.3.6).
- 11. INDIVIDUAL TANK OVERFLOW LINES SHOULD HAVE LOOPS EXTENDING ABOVE THE DEEPEST WATERLINE DERIVED FROM DAMAGED STABILITY CALCULATIONS (PART 4, CHAPTER 6, SECTION 4, 11.3.5).
- 12. FUEL OIL IS MARINE DIESEL OIL, FLASHPOINT OF 69°C.



SYMBOL SEE NOTE #3		DESCRIPTION
	— 1	FLANGE / BLIND FLANGE
<u>C</u>	C—	PIPE DOWN
0-	0-	PIPE UP
		AIR VENT HEAD VALVE
LSH		SWITCHES / SENSORS / INDICATORS
LAH		ALARM INDICATOR
>		DIRECTION OF FLOW ARROW
Q		OVERFLOW ALARM
	×	BUTTERFLY VALVE

CALCULATIONS

DNV-GL RULES FOR CLASSIFICATION: SHIPS, PART 4, CHAPTER 6, SECTION 4:

11.3.2: THE OVERFLOWING TANKS SHALL HAVE A CAPACITY LARGE ENOUGH TO TAI THE NORMAL RATE OF FILLING.

> 110 m³/HOUR (ASSUME UNCHANGE FILL RATE CAPACITY: 18.3 m³ FILL VOLUME/10 MIN:

OVERFLOW TANK CAPACITY: 21.6 m³

11.3.4: THE SECTIONAL AREA OF THE OVERFLOW PIPES SHALL BE DIMENSIONED II IN SECTION 11.2.1.

(REFERENCE #2)

11.2.1: ...THE CALCULATIONS SHALL VERIFY THAT THE DYNAMIC PRESSURE INCREASE EXCEED 25kN/m²

ASSUME MARINE DIESEL OIL FROM FUEL OIL STORAGE TANK NO.19:

FILL RATE = $110 \text{ m}^3/\text{HOUR}$ DENSITY = 833.4 kg/m^3 KINEMATIC VISCOSITY = $2.96 \text{ mm}^2/\text{s}$

LENGTH OF PIPE @ 200ND = 4 m

LENGTH OF PIPE @ 250ND = 35 mNUMBER OF 90 DEGREE ELBOWS = 2 @ 200ND + 5 @ 250ND

NUMBER OF TEES, LINE FLOW = 5 @ 250ND NUMBER OF TEES, BRANCH FLOW = 1 @ 200ND + 3 @ 250ND

TOTAL DYNAMIC PRESSURE LOSS = 1.7 kN/m^2