Collision Events

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1 Collision event in Ball Game

The total energy for a system of N balls before any collision takes place is given by

$$E_b = \sum_{i=1}^{N} \frac{1}{2} m_i (\boldsymbol{v}_i \cdot \boldsymbol{v}_i)$$
 (1)

Assume two balls are colliding. Introduce the vector N_i defined as the vector from the center of the ball i to the collision point. Further on, we introduce a quantity k defined from

$$N_i = k_i \frac{N_i}{|N_i|} = k_i \bar{N}_i \tag{2}$$

Note that $\bar{N}_1 = -\bar{N}_2$. Assume two balls 1 and 2 are colliding. During collision, it is assumed that body 1 new velocity will get a contribution from N_2 and similarly body 2 will get a contribution from N_1 . Conservation of linear momentum dictates that following relation must hold before and after the collision

$$m_1 \mathbf{v}_1 + m_2 \mathbf{v}_2 = m_1 (\mathbf{v}_1 + k_2 \bar{\mathbf{N}}_2) + m_2 (\mathbf{v}_2 + k_1 \bar{\mathbf{N}}_1)$$
 (3)

E.g that

$$m_1 k_2 \bar{\mathbf{N}}_2 = -m_2 k_1 \bar{\mathbf{N}}_1 \tag{4}$$

And since the vectors are of unit length and exactly opposite direction, we have that $m_1k_2 = m_2k_1$

The total energy of the system after the collision is assumed to be given by

$$E_a = \frac{1}{2} m_1 \left((\boldsymbol{v}_1 + k \bar{\boldsymbol{N}}_2) \cdot (\boldsymbol{v}_1 + k \bar{\boldsymbol{N}}_2) \right) + \frac{1}{2} m_2 \left((\boldsymbol{v}_2 + k \bar{\boldsymbol{N}}_1) \cdot (\boldsymbol{v}_2 + k \bar{\boldsymbol{N}}_1) \right) - d(\boldsymbol{v}_2 - \boldsymbol{v}_1) \cdot (\boldsymbol{v}_2 - \boldsymbol{v}_1)$$
(5)

where d is a disspative constant chosen by the user. If set equal to zero, all collisions are perfectly elastic and total energy is conserved. Setting the total energies before and after collision to be equal, e.g. $E_b = E_a$, cf. (1) and (5), we obtain a new equation with the unknown k. It is a second degree equation which explicitly becomes

$$\frac{(m_1k_1^2 + m_2k_2^2)}{2} + (k_2m_1(\boldsymbol{v}_1 \cdot \boldsymbol{N}_2) + k_1m_2(\boldsymbol{v}_2 \cdot \boldsymbol{N}_1)) - \tilde{d} = 0$$
(6)