BookaBarber - Barber Shop Booking System

A comprehensive web application for booking barber services, connecting customers with skilled barbers in their area. BookaBarber streamlines appointment scheduling while providing powerful management tools for barbers and shop owners.

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Features

Customer Features

• User Profile Management

- o Personal information storage with secure data handling
- Profile photo upload with image optimization
- o Preference settings for notifications and communications
- Service history tracking and analytics
- Favorite barbers list for quick booking

Location-Based Services

- Geolocation API integration for current location detection
- Radius-based search with adjustable parameters
- Map view with interactive barber shop pins
- Route generation to selected barber shop
- Location-based recommendations

· Service Selection & Booking

- o Categorized service menu with detailed descriptions
- Visual gallery of hairstyle options
- Custom service requests with pricing estimates
- Multiple service selection for combination bookings
- Quick rebooking from service history

• Appointment Management

- Interactive calendar with availability highlighting
- Time slot selection with duration indicators
- Real-time booking confirmation
- · Appointment modification with business rules enforcement
- o Cancellation system with configurable policies

User Experience

- o Dark/light theme with system preference detection
- Responsive design for all device types
- Accessibility features (WCAG compliance)
- Multi-language support with auto-detection

Advanced search with filters and sorting options

Barber/Shop Features

· Business Profile Management

- o Customizable shop profile with rich media gallery
- Staff management with individual barber profiles
- Service catalog with pricing tier options
- Operating hours with exception date handling
- o Business analytics dashboard
- Scheduling & Calendar Management

- Scheduling & Calendar Management

- Multi-view calendar (day, week, month)
- · Resource allocation for multiple barbers
- Buffer time configuration between appointments
- Vacation and time-off planning
- Recurring booking handling

• Customer Relationship Management

- · Customer database with service history
- · Notes and preferences tracking
- Communication tools for direct messaging
- o Customer segmentation for targeted promotions
- Loyalty program management

Financial Tools

- o Revenue tracking and reporting
- Service-based performance analytics
- Commission calculation for barbers
- Tax report generation
- Payment reconciliation tools

Admin Features

· System Management

- User account administration with role-based access
- o Global settings configuration
- System health monitoring
- o Database maintenance tools
- · Activity logging and audit trails

Content Management

- News and announcements publication
- FAQ and help documentation editor
- o Email template customization
- · Marketing campaign management
- o Terms of service and policy administration

· Analytics & Reporting

- o Cross-shop performance comparisons
- o Trend analysis and forecasting
- Custom report generation
- Data export in multiple formats
- Real-time dashboard with KPIs

Technology Stack

Frontend

Core Technologies

- HTML5 with semantic markup
- CSS3 with Flexbox and Grid layouts
- JavaScript (ES6+) with async/await patterns
- o Bootstrap 5 framework for responsive design

• UI/UX Enhancements

- FontAwesome 6 for vector icons
- o Custom CSS animations and transitions
- o Interactive charts with Chart.js
- o Image lazy loading and optimization
- Progressive Web App capabilities

Backend

Core Framework

- Python 3.8+ with type hints
- Flask web framework with Blueprints architecture
- SQLAlchemy ORM for database interactions
- Jinja2 templating engine
- RESTful API design principles

Authentication & Security

- o JWT (JSON Web Tokens) for stateless authentication
- Role-based access control (RBAC)
- Password hashing with bcrypt
- CSRF protection
- Rate limiting for API endpoints

Database

Primary Database

- SQLite for development
- PostgreSQL recommended for production
- Database migration management with Alembic
- Connection pooling
- Query optimization

Services

• Email System

- SMTP integration with failover
- Template-based email generation
- o Queue-based sending for reliability
- o Delivery status tracking
- Bounce handling

Geolocation Services

- OpenStreetMap integration
- · Geocoding and reverse geocoding
- Distance calculation algorithms
- · Location data caching
- o Boundary detection for service areas

· Analytics & Monitoring

- · Custom event tracking
- User behavior analysis
- Performance metric collection
- o Error logging and alerting
- A/B testing framework

MVC Pattern Implementation

- Model Layer: Data structures and business logic
- View Layer: Template-based UI rendering
- Controller Layer: Request handling and response generation

Service Oriented Architecture

- Decoupled services with clear interfaces
- Microservices approach for core functions:
 - o Booking Service
 - Notification Service
 - User Management Service
 - Analytics Service

Request Flow

```
Client Request \rightarrow Routing \rightarrow Authentication \rightarrow Authorization \rightarrow Controller \rightarrow Service Layer \rightarrow Data Access Layer \rightarrow Database \rightarrow Response Generation \rightarrow Client
```

Caching Strategy

- Multi-level caching:
 - Browser-level caching
 - Application-level memory cache
 - o Redis-based distributed cache
- Invalidation policies for data consistency

Asynchronous Processing

- Task queue implementation with Celery
- · Background job processing for:
 - Email sending
 - Notification delivery
 - Report generation
 - o Data synchronization

Installation

System Requirements

- Operating System: Linux, macOS, or Windows
- CPU: Dual-core 2.0 GHz or higher
- RAM: Minimum 4GB (8GB recommended)
- Storage: 1GB available space for application
- Network: Broadband internet connection

Prerequisites

- Python 3.8 or higher
- pip (Python package manager)
- Git
- Node.js and npm (for frontend asset management)
- Redis (optional, for advanced caching)

Clone Repository

```
# Clone the repository
git clone https://github.com/Lusan-sapkota/Barber-booking-system.git

# Navigate to project directory
cd Barber-shop-booking-system
```

Setup Environment

```
# Create virtual environment
python -m venv venv

# Activate virtual environment
# On Windows
venv\Scripts\activate
# On macOS/Linux
source venv/bin/activate

# Install Python dependencies
pip install -r requirements.txt

# Install frontend dependencies (optional)
npm install
```

Initialize Database

```
# Initialize SQLite database with schema
python -c "from models import db; db.create_all()"

# Run database migrations
python manage.py db upgrade

# Seed initial data (optional)
python manage.py seed
```

Verify Installation

```
# Run tests to verify setup
python -m pytest

# Start development server
python app.py
```

M Database Configuration

SQLite (Default)

SQLite is configured by default and requires no additional setup:

```
# Initialize SQLite database with schema
python -c "from models import db; db.create_all()"

# Run database migrations
python manage.py db upgrade

# Seed initial data (optional)
python manage.py seed
```

PostgreSQL

For production environments, we recommend using PostgreSQL:

1. Install PostgreSQL and Required Python Packages

```
# Install PostgreSQL (Ubuntu/Debian)
sudo apt-get update
sudo apt-get install postgresql postgresql-contrib

# Install Python packages
pip install psycopg2-binary python-dotenv
```

2. Create a PostgreSQL Database

```
# Login to PostgreSQL
sudo -u postgres psql

# Create database and user
CREATE DATABASE barbershop;
CREATE USER barbershop_user WITH ENCRYPTED PASSWORD 'your_secure_password';
GRANT ALL PRIVILEGES ON DATABASE barbershop TO barbershop_user;

# Exit PostgreSQL
\q
```

3. Create Environment Variables

Create a .env file in your project root:

```
# PostgreSQL Configuration

POSTGRES_HOST=localhost

POSTGRES_DB=barbershop

POSTGRES_USER=barbershop_user

POSTGRES_PASSWORD=your_secure_password

POSTGRES_PORT=5432
```

4. Initialize Database

Create a script called init_postgres_db.py:

```
from models_postgres import init_db

print("Initializing PostgreSQL database...")
init_db()
print("Database initialization complete!")
```

Run it to create all tables:

```
python init_postgres_db.py
```

5. Update Your Application to Use PostgreSQL

Modify your app.py to use the PostgreSQL models:

6. Migrate Existing Data (Optional)

If you need to migrate data from SQLite to PostgreSQL, create a migration script (see original README for full script).

7. PostgreSQL Performance Optimization

For optimal PostgreSQL performance:

```
-- Create indexes for frequently queried fields

CREATE INDEX idx_bookings_date ON bookings(date);

CREATE INDEX idx_barbers_shop_id ON barbers(shop_id);

-- Add full text search capability

CREATE EXTENSION pg_trgm;

CREATE INDEX barbers_name_search_idx ON barbers USING gin(name gin_trgm_ops);

CREATE INDEX services_name_search_idx ON services USING gin(name gin_trgm_ops);
```

8. Connection Pooling with PgBouncer (Production)

For high-traffic production environments:

```
# Install PgBouncer
sudo apt-get install pgbouncer
# Configure PgBouncer
# Edit /etc/pgbouncer/pgbouncer.ini

# Example configuration:
[databases]
barbershop = host=localhost port=5432 dbname=barbershop

[pgbouncer]
listen_port = 6432
listen_addr = 0.0.0.0
auth_type = mdS
auth_file = /etc/pgbouncer/userlist.txt
pool_mode = transaction
max_client_conn = 1000
default_pool_size = 20
```

Configuration

Environment Variables

Create a .env file in the root directory with the following variables:

```
# Application Settings
APP_NAME=BookaBarber
ENVIRONMENT=development # development, testing, production
DEBUG=True
LOG_LEVEL=DEBUG
# Database Configuration
DATABASE_URL=sqlite:///barbershop.db
POOL_SIZE=10
MAX_OVERFLOW=20
POOL_TIMEOUT=30
POOL_RECYCLE=1800
# Security Settings
SECRET_KEY=your_secret_key
JWT_SECRET_KEY=your_jwt_secret
JWT_ACCESS_TOKEN_EXPIRES=3600 # seconds
PASSWORD_SALT=your_password_salt
ALLOWED_HOSTS=localhost,127.0.0.1
# Email Configuration
MAIL_SERVER=smtp.example.com
MAIL_PORT=587
MAIL_USERNAME=your_email@example.com
MAIL_PASSWORD=your_password
MAIL_USE_TLS=True
{\tt MAIL\_DEFAULT\_SENDER=noreply@bookabarber.com}
MAIL_MAX_EMAILS=100
# Redis Configuration (Optional)
REDIS_URL=redis://localhost:6379/0
CACHE_TYPE=redis
CACHE_REDIS_URL=redis://localhost:6379/1
# Location Services
MAPS_API_KEY=your_maps_api_key
DEFAULT SEARCH RADIUS=10 # km
GEOCODING_CACHE_TIMEOUT=86400 # seconds
# Feature Flags
ENABLE_SOCIAL_LOGIN=True
ENABLE_DYNAMIC_PRICING=True
ENABLE_NOTIFICATIONS=True
ENABLE ANALYTICS=True
```

Configuration Files

- config.py: Core configuration file with environment-specific settings
- logging.ini: Logging configuration
- gunicorn.conf.py: Production server settings

Email Configuration

For development, you can use sandbox environments:

Mailtrap

```
MAIL_SERVER=smtp.mailtrap.io

MAIL_PORT=2525

MAIL_USERNAME=your_mailtrap_username

MAIL_PASSWORD=your_mailtrap_password

MAIL_USE_TLS=True
```

```
MAIL_SERVER=localhost
MAIL_PORT=1025
MAIL_USERNAME=
MAIL_PASSWORD=
```

SendGrid (Production)

```
MAIL_SERVER=smtp.sendgrid.net

MAIL_PORT=587

MAIL_USERNAME=apikey

MAIL_PASSWORD=your_sendgrid_api_key

MAIL_USE_TLS=True
```

Third-Party Integrations

Payment Processors

• Stripe configuration:

```
STRIPE_PUBLIC_KEY=pk_test_...
STRIPE_SECRET_KEY=sk_test_...
STRIPE_WEBHOOK_SECRET=whsec_...
```

• PayPal configuration:

```
PAYPAL_CLIENT_ID=client_id...
PAYPAL_CLIENT_SECRET=client_secret...
PAYPAL_MODE=sandbox # or 'live'
```

Social Authentication

• Google OAuth:

```
GOOGLE_CLIENT_ID=your_client_id
GOOGLE_CLIENT_SECRET=your_client_secret
GOOGLE_DISCOVERY_URL=https://accounts.google.com/.well-known/openid-configuration
```

• Facebook OAuth:

```
FACEBOOK_CLIENT_ID=your_app_id
FACEBOOK_CLIENT_SECRET=your_app_secret
```

Algorithms & Technical Implementation

Appointment Scheduling Algorithm

- Implementation: algorithms.py SchedulingAlgorithm class
- Core Algorithm: Priority queue-based resource allocation
- Constraints Handling:
 - o Barber availability windows
 - Service duration requirements
 - Travel time between appointments
 - o Barber specialization matching
 - Client preferences

Barber Recommendation Engine

- Implementation: algorithms.py RecommendationEngine class
- Core Algorithm: Multi-factor weighted scoring with geographic filtering
- Features Used:
 - Geographic proximity using Haversine formula
 - Service-specific expertise and specialization
 - Rating trends and review sentiment analysis
 - Historical booking patterns and customer affinity

Smart Notification System

- Implementation: email_service.py NotificationManager class
- Core Algorithm: Time-based event triggering with priority queueing
- Notification Strategies:
 - Progressive notification sequence (email → SMS → push)
 - o Smart retry mechanism with exponential backoff
 - o Delivery time optimization
 - o Template personalization

Dynamic Pricing Model

- Implementation: algorithms.py DynamicPricingEngine class
- Core Algorithm: Multi-variable regression with seasonal adjustment
- Pricing Factors:
 - Time-based adjustments (peak hours, weekends)
 - o Barber experience and popularity metrics
 - Historical demand patterns by time slot
 - o Seasonal adjustments (holidays, special events)

Graph-Based Service Recommendation

- Implementation: algorithms.py ServiceGraph class
- Core Algorithm: Association rule mining with graph traversal
- Application Areas:
 - Bundle recommendations for service packages
 - Upselling opportunities identification
 - Personalized service discovery
 - Seasonal package optimization

Database Schema

Core Tables

- Users
 - o Authentication credentials
 - o Profile information
 - Account settings
 - o Role assignments

Customers

- Personal information
- Contact details
- o Preference settings
- Service history

Barbers

- Professional information
- o Skills and specializations
- Availability schedule
- o Performance metrics

• Shops

- Business information
- Location data
- Operating hours
- o Staff associations

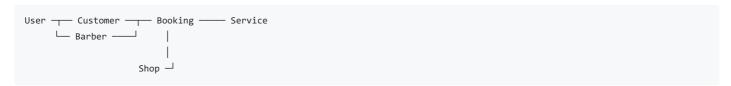
Services

- Service definitions
- Pricing information
- Duration estimates
- o Category classifications

• Bookings

- o Appointment details
- Status tracking
- Payment information
- Related services

Relationship Diagram



Indexes and Optimizations

- Composite indexes for frequent query patterns
- Full-text search indexes for name and location searches
- Temporal partitioning for historical booking data
- Spatial indexing for location-based queries

Usage Guide

Running the Application

```
# Development mode
python app.py
# Production mode with gunicorn
gunicorn "app:create_app()" --bind 0.0.0.0:5000 --workers=4 --threads=2
```

Then open your browser and navigate to http://127.0.0.1:5000

Customer Flow

- 1. Create Account / Sign In
- 2. Find a Barber
- 3. Book an Appointment
- 4. Manage Bookings

Barber/Shop Flow

- 1. Professional Registration
- 2. Manage Calendar
- 3. Process Appointments
- 4. Business Management

Admin Flow

- 1. System Management
- 2. Content Management
- 3. Analytics & Reporting

API Documentation

API Overview

The BookaBarber API is a RESTful interface allowing programmatic access to the system's functionality. All endpoints return JSON responses.

Base URL

```
Development: http://localhost:5000/api
Production: https://api.bookabarber.com/v1
```

Authentication

All API requests require authentication using JSON Web Tokens (JWT):

```
Authorization: Bearer <your_jwt_token>
```

Key Endpoints

- Authentication: /api/auth/register, /api/auth/login
- Barber Management: /api/barbers, /api/barbers/nearby
- Booking Management: /api/bookings, /api/bookings/{id}
- Service Management: /api/services
- Admin Functions: /api/admin/users

M Testing

Test Suite Structure

- Unit Tests: Test individual functions and classes
- Integration Tests: Test component interactions
- API Tests: Test API endpoints
- End-to-End Tests: Test complete user flows
- Performance Tests: Test system under load

Running Tests

```
# Run all tests
pytest

# Run specific test category
pytest tests/unit/
pytest tests/api/

# Run with coverage report
pytest --cov=. tests/
```

Continuous Integration

Tests are automatically run on:

- Pull request creation
 - Merge to main branch
 - Daily scheduled runs

M Security Considerations

Authentication Security

- · Password hashing using bcrypt with salt
- JWT with short expiration and refresh token rotation
- Multi-factor authentication option
- · Account lockout after failed attempts

Data Protection

- Encryption of sensitive data at rest
- TLS/SSL for all communications
- Regular security audits
- GDPR and CCPA compliance measures

API Security

- Rate limiting to prevent abuse
- Input validation and sanitization
- CSRF protection
- · CORS policy configuration

Infrastructure Security

- Regular security patches
- Network segmentation
- Web Application Firewall (WAF)
- DDoS protection

M Performance Optimization

Database Optimization

- Query optimization with proper indexing
- Connection pooling
- Statement caching
- Read replicas for scale

Caching Strategy

- Multi-level caching approach:
 - Browser caching for static assets
 - CDN for media content

- Redis for application data
- Memory cache for frequent lookups

Frontend Performance

- · Asset bundling and minification
- · Lazy loading of components
- Image optimization
- Critical CSS inlining

Backend Efficiency

- Asynchronous processing for long-running tasks
- Horizontal scaling for API services
- · Optimized algorithms for core functions
- Response compression

Deployment

Development Environment

- Local development with Docker
- Hot-reloading for rapid iteration
- Development database seeding
- Local email trapping

Staging Environment

- Cloud-based replica of production
- Integration with CI/CD pipeline
- Automated testing before promotion
- Data anonymization from production

Production Deployment

- Blue-green deployment strategy
- Automated rollback capabilities
- Health checks and monitoring
- Load balancing across multiple instances

Deployment Commands

```
# Build Docker image
docker build -t bookabarber:latest .

# Run Docker container
docker run -p 5000:5000 -e ENVIRONMENT=production bookabarber:latest

# Deploy to production
./deploy.sh production
```

II Troubleshooting

Common Issues

Application Won't Start

- Check database connection configuration
- Verify required environment variables are set
- Ensure Python version compatibility (3.8+)
- Check logs for specific error messages

Booking Creation Fails

- Verify selected time slot availability
- Check service and barber IDs validity
- Ensure user authentication
- Confirm required fields are provided

Email Notifications Not Sending

- Check SMTP server configuration
- Verify email templates exist
- · Check email service logs for errors

PostgreSQL-Specific Issues

Connection Failures

- Verify PostgreSQL is running (sudo systemctl status postgresql)
- · Check connection parameters in .env file
- · Ensure database/user permissions are correct
- Confirm firewall allows connections to PostgreSQL port

Migration Errors

- Check column compatibility between SQLite and PostgreSQL
- Handle data type differences (BOOLEAN vs INTEGER)
- · Ensure foreign key constraints are satisfied

Performance Issues

- Verify indexing on frequently queried columns
- Check query execution plans with EXPLAIN ANALYZE
- · Monitor connection count and resource usage

Logging and Debugging

```
# Enable debug mode
export DEBUG=True

# Set verbose logging
export LOG_LEVEL=DEBUG

# Check application logs
tail -f logs/application.log

# Check error logs
tail -f logs/error.log
```

Contributing

We welcome contributions! Please follow these steps:

1. Fork the Repository

```
git clone https://github.com/Lusan-sapkota/Barber-booking-system.git
cd Barber-shop-booking-system
```

2. Create a Feature Branch

```
git checkout -b feature/your-feature-name
```

3. Set Up Development Environment

```
pip install -r requirements-dev.txt
pre-commit install
```

4. Make Your Changes

- Follow existing code style and conventions
- o Add tests for new functionality
- Update documentation as needed

5. Run Tests

```
pytest
flake8
```

6. Commit and Push

```
git add .
git commit -m 'Add some feature'
git push origin feature/your-feature-name
```

7. Create a Pull Request

- o Open a PR against the main repository
- Provide clear description of changes
- o Reference related issues

Contribution Guidelines

- Follow existing code style and conventions
- Write clear, descriptive commit messages
- Include tests for new features and bug fixes
- Update documentation for API changes
- Keep PRs focused on single changes
- Ensure all tests pass before submitting

Roadmap

Upcoming Features (Q3 2023)

- Mobile application for iOS and Android
- · Integrated payment processing
- Al-powered style recommendation
- Video consultation before booking
- Loyalty program with rewards

Medium Term (Q4 2023)

- Inventory management for shops
- Staff performance analytics
- Advanced reporting dashboard
- Customer retention tools
- Multi-language support

Long Term (2024)

- Marketplace for barber products
- Franchise management system
- Integrated POS system
- Machine learning for improved recommendations
- White-label solution for enterprise customers

ILicense

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The project also includes a custom license with additional terms - see LICENSE-CUSTOM.txt for specific requirements and permissions beyond the Apache License 2.0.

Created with \P by Lusan Sapkota. For issues, feature requests, or questions, please open an issue.