Simulating coral growth in 2D



INTRODUCTION

RESEARCH QUESTION AND HYPOTHESIS

03 MODEL

METHODOLOGY

ANALYSIS METHODS

RESULTS AND DISCUSSION

#### INTRODUCTION

#### **Effect of Nutrient Diffusion and Flow on Coral Morphology**

Jaap A. Kaandorp, Christopher P. Lowe, Daan Frenkel, and Peter M. A. Sloot<sup>1</sup>

#### Use of fractal dimensions to quantify coral shape

B. Martin-Garin · B. Lathuilière · E. P. Verrecchia ·

J. Geister

Simulation and analysis of flow patterns around the scleractinian coral *Madracis mirabilis* (Duchassaing and Michelotti)

Jaap A. Kaandorp<sup>1\*</sup>, Evert A. Koopman<sup>1</sup>, Peter M. A. Sloot<sup>1</sup>, Rolf P. M. Bak<sup>2</sup>, Mark J. A. Vermeij<sup>3</sup> and Leo E. H. Lampmann<sup>4</sup>

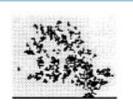


#### Research Question

How is the growth of coral influenced by its dependence on sunlight and nutrition?

- Sunlight
- Nutrients
- Flow
- Erosion









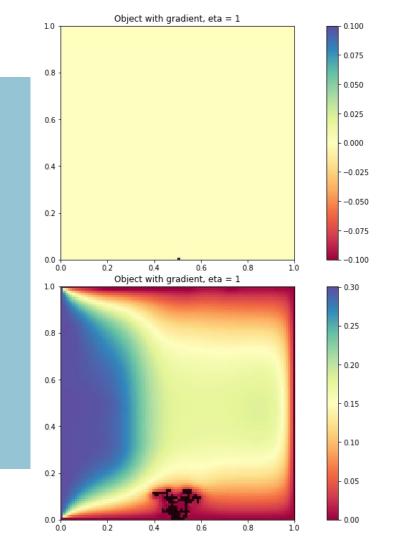






Kaandorp, J. A., Lowe, C. P., Frenkel, D., & Sloot, P. M. (1996). Effect of nutrient diffusion and flow on coral morphology. *Physical Review Letters*, 77(11), 2328.

- 2D box of size 100 by 100
- Source cell at center bottom
- Environmental factors influence the chance of growth
- Each step one coral cell is added to the model
- Model stops after 100 iterations
- Flow carrying nutrients comes from left



# SUNLIGHT

0.100

0.075

0.050

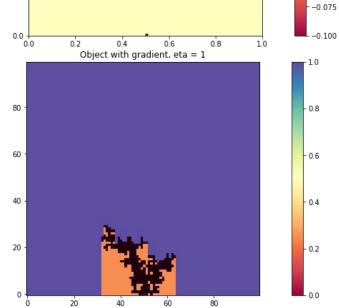
- 0.025

- 0.000

-0.025

-0.050

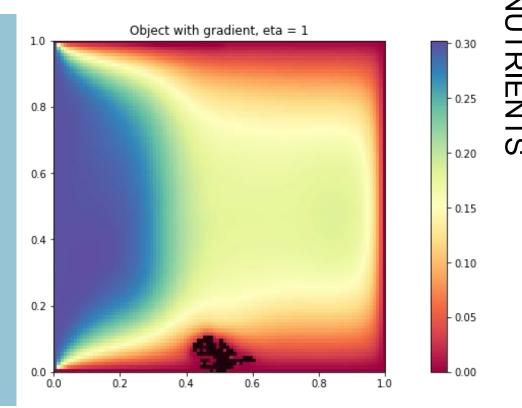
- Homogeneous initial concentration
- Shadow
- Reflection
- Too small for sensible luminescence difference

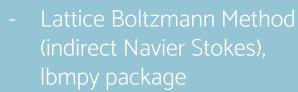


Object with gradient, eta = 1

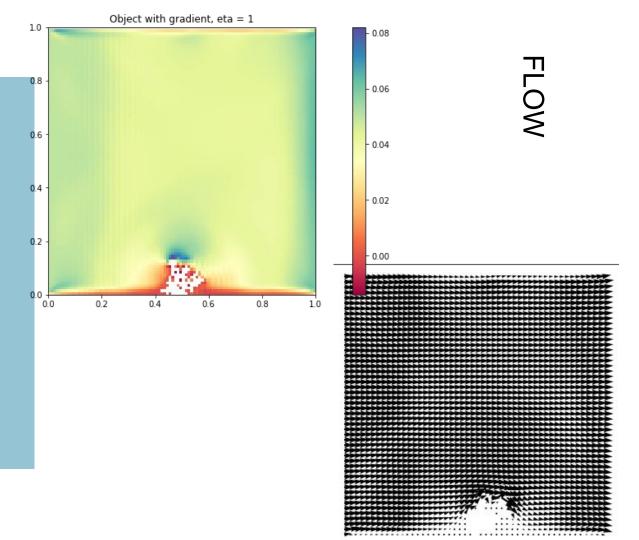
- Boundaries: sink at top,
  bottom, right; left-side source
- Displaced by flow + diffusion
- Finite-differencing method

$$\frac{\partial c}{\partial t} = \nabla \cdot (D\nabla c) - \nabla \cdot (\mathbf{v}c) + R$$





- Initial velocity field
- Inflow from left side of environment
- Boundaries: outflow, no-slip at bottom
- Flow strength is stable

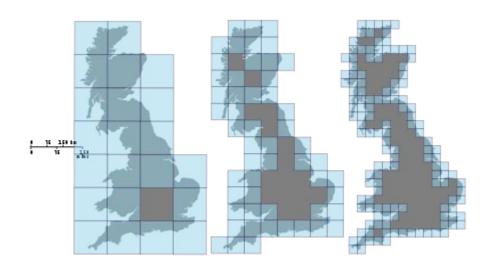


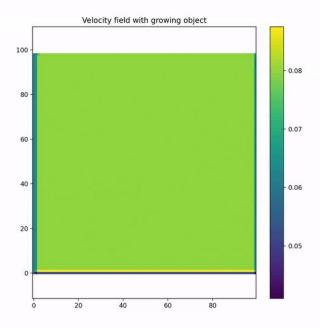
- Pressure by flow
- Coral cell dissolves
- Check which cells have connection with source cell

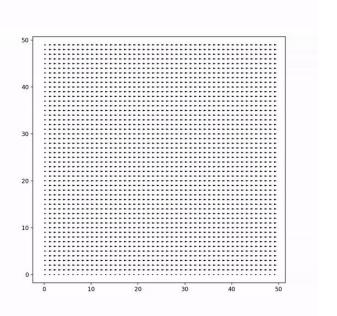


- Fraction of cells on edge (branch fraction)
- Fractal dimensions
   (estimation using
   box-counting method)

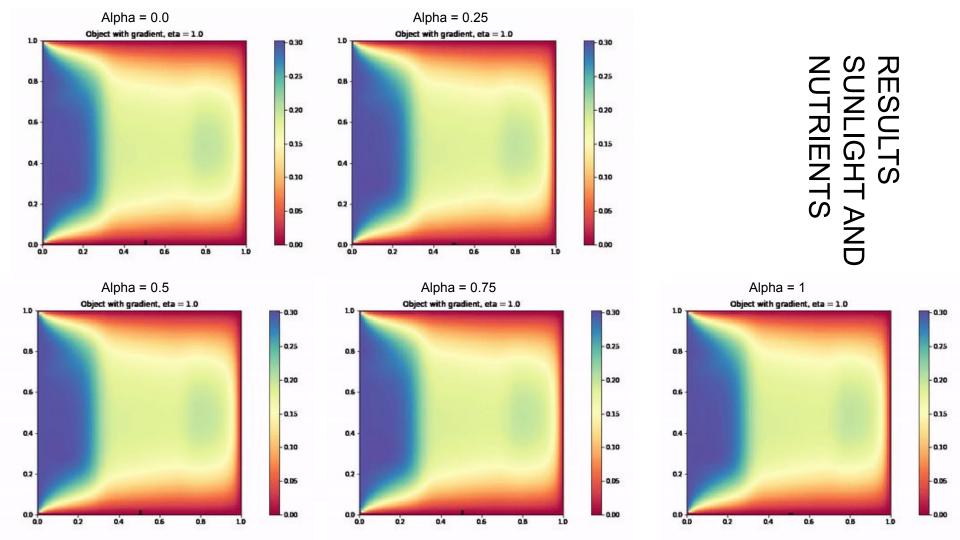
$$D_0 = \lim_{arepsilon o 0} rac{\log N(arepsilon)}{\log rac{1}{arepsilon}}.$$



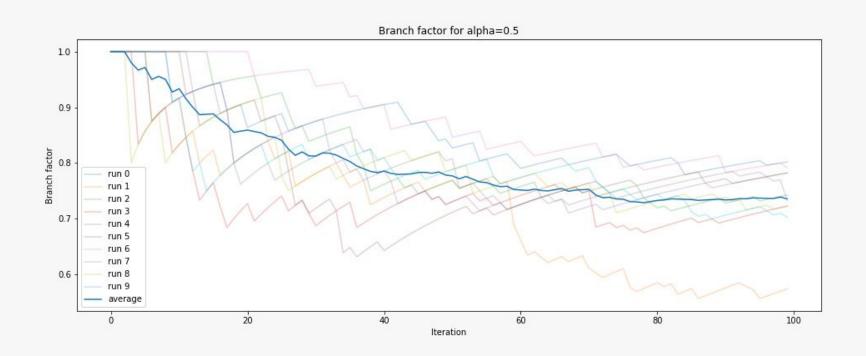




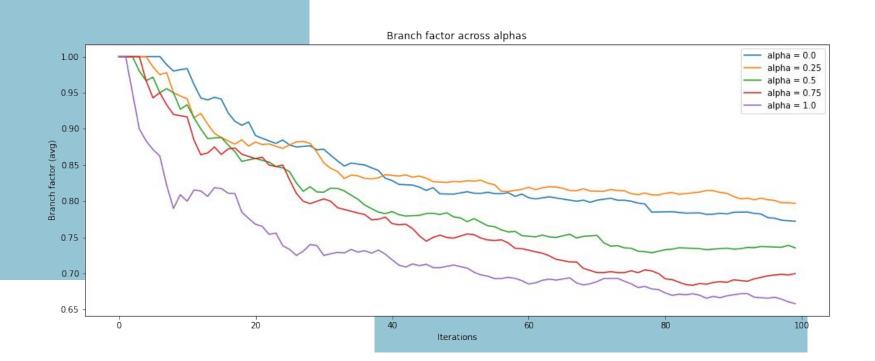
# DEMO GROWTH



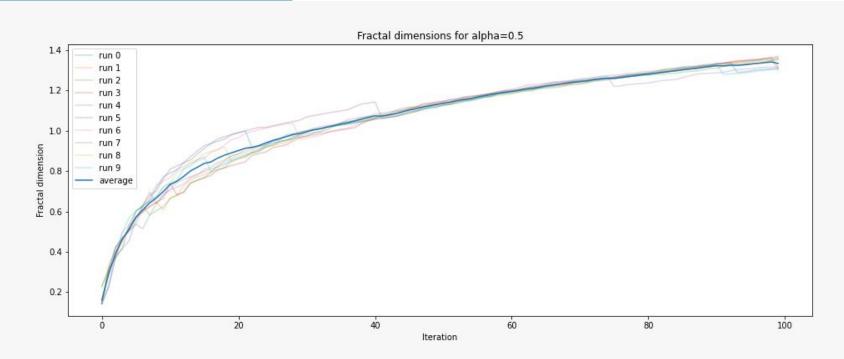
#### SUNLIGHT AND NUTRIENTS BRANCH FACTOR



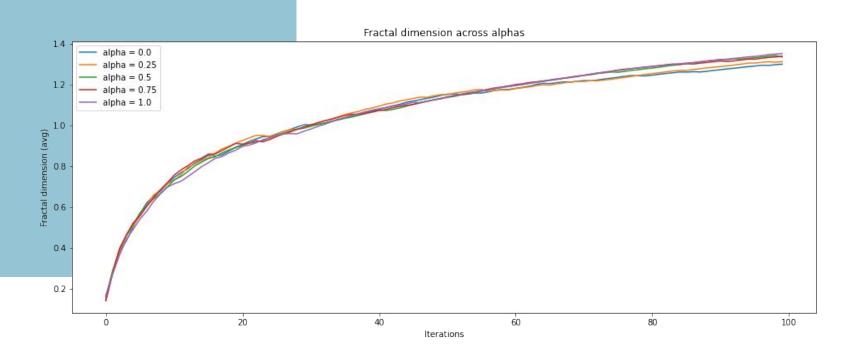
#### SUNLIGHT AND NUTRIENTS BRANCH FACTOR

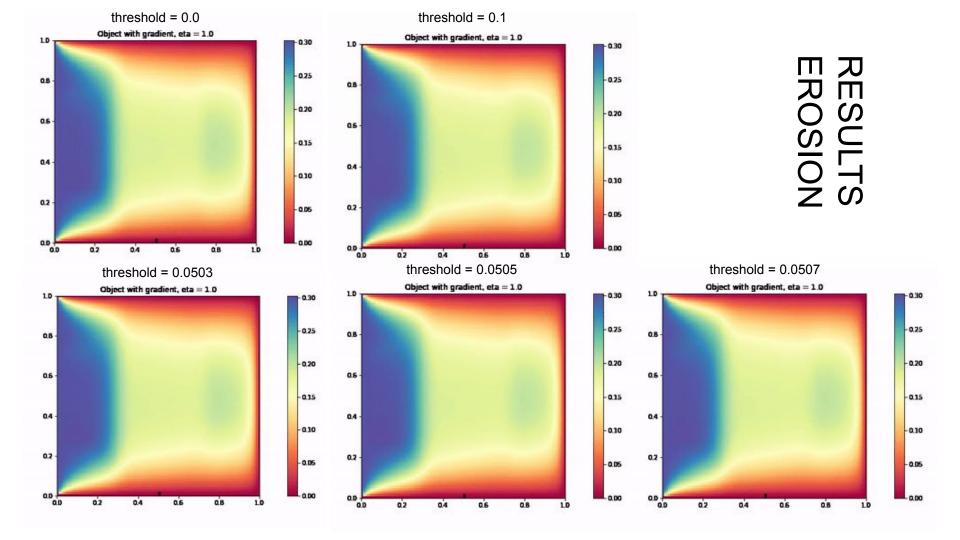


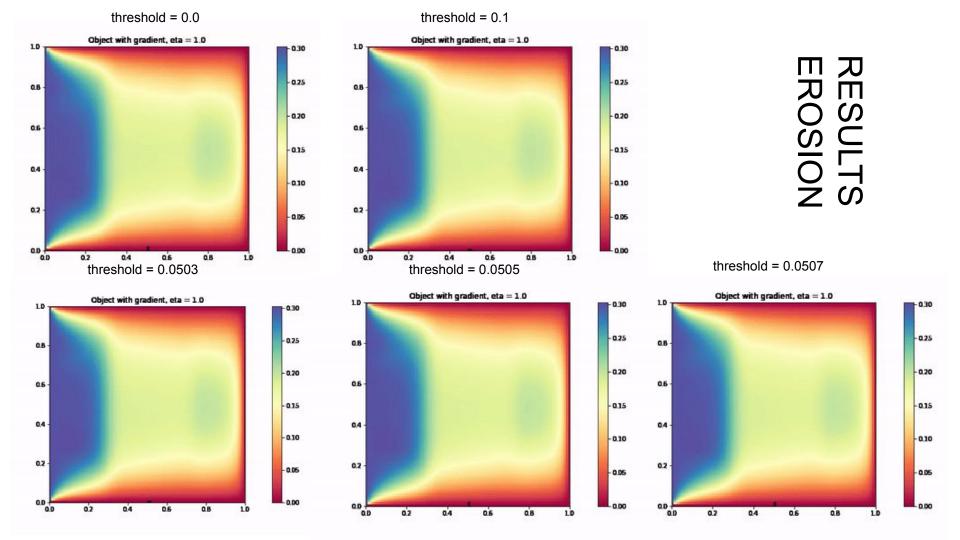
#### SUNLIGHT AND NUTRIENTS FRACTAL DIMENSION

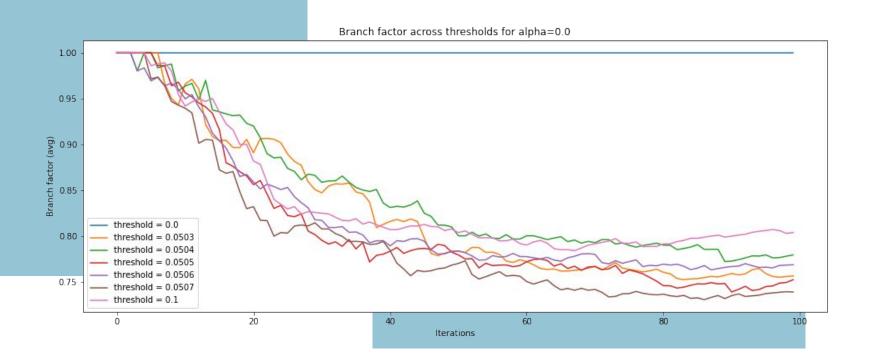


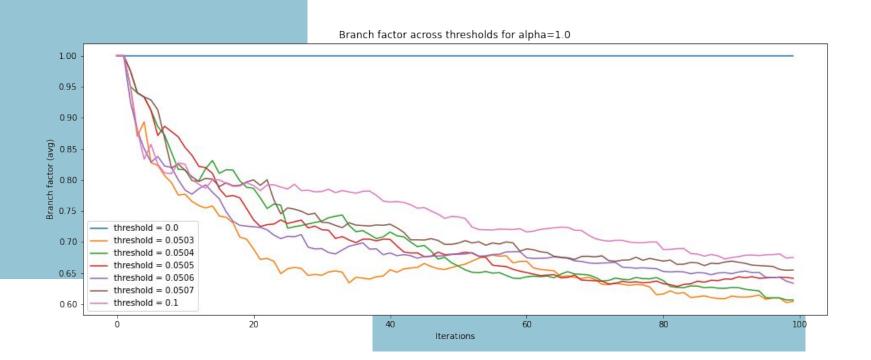
#### SUNLIGHT AND NUTRIENTS FRACTAL DIMENSION

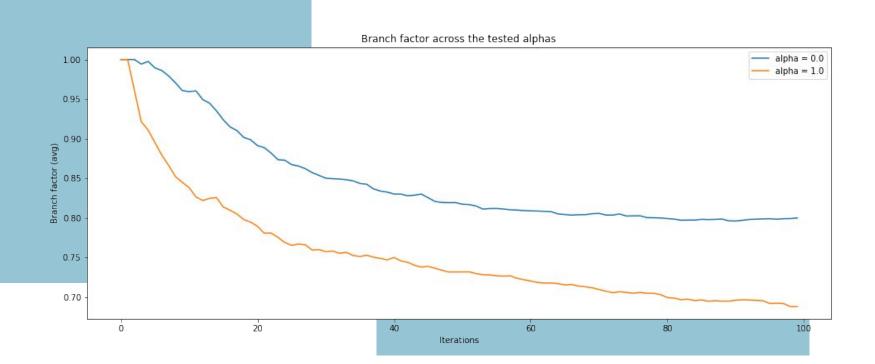


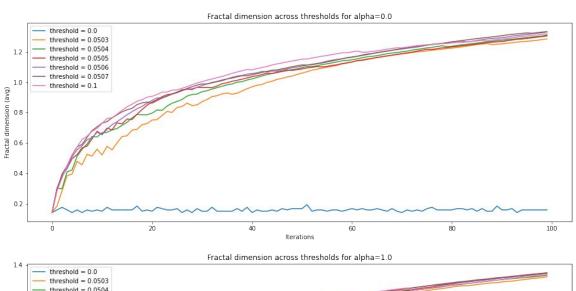


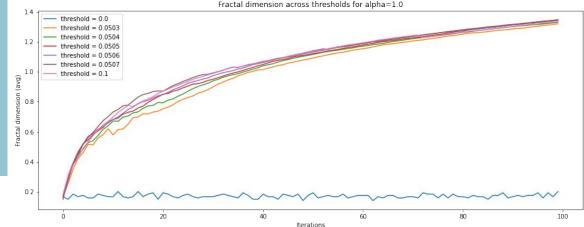












- Coral breaking would influence the environment
- Nutrient concentration has sink on all sides but left
- 2D makes a lot of assumptions
  - Nutrients cannot go around or through coral
  - Sunlight does not reflect or vary in intensity
- Flow is constant



Thank you for listening

Questions?



# APENDIX

#### REFERENCES

- Martin-Garin, B., Lathuilière, B., Verrecchia, E.P. et al. Use of fractal dimensions to quantify coral shape. Coral Reefs 26, 541–550 (2007)
- Kaandorp J.A., Filatov M., Chindapol N. Simulating and Quantifying the Environmental Influence on Coral Colony Growth and Form. In: Dubinsky Z., Stambler N. (eds) Coral Reefs: An Ecosystem in Transition. Springer, Dordrecht (2011)
- Kaandorp Jaap A., Koopman Evert A., Sloot Peter M. A., Bak Rolf P. M., Vermeij Mark J. A. and Lampmann Leo E. H. Simulation and analysis of flow patterns around the scleractinian coral Madracis mirabilis (Duchassaing and Michelotti)Phil. Trans. R. Soc. Lond. B3581551–1557 (2003)
- Jaap A. Kaandorp, Christopher P. Lowe, Daan Frenkel, and Peter M. A. Sloot Effect of Nutrient Diffusion and Flow on Coral Morphology (1996)

#### FRACTAL DIMENSION

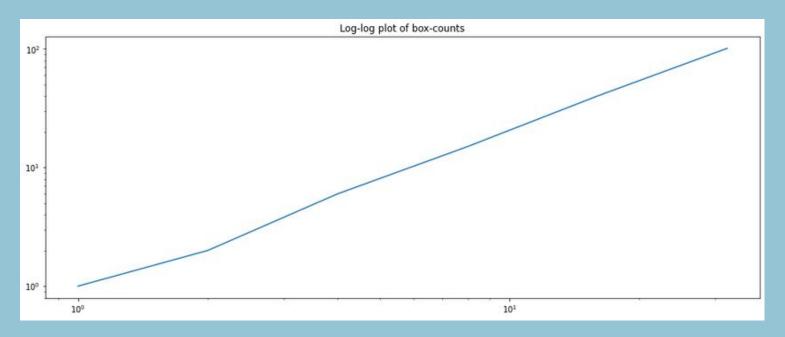


Figure 1: Plot of the fractal dimension for various alpha's. This time, it's plotted on a log-log scale to check the validity of the dimension: we should see a straight line, which we kinda see.