

BUSINESS UNDERSTANDING

Business Overview

Given data of trade done on an e-commerce retailer in the United Kingdom, we as data scientists are tasked to study and analyze the dataset and get insights on the consumer behaviour and trends throughout the year. This will help the company's management in allocation of resources to their products catalogue and define the right amount across the different countries the e-commerce operates.

Business Objectives

The main idea of the analysis is to draw insights that will assist in policy formulations, marketing strategy, stock inventory management and assist the company in its growth and prediction of consumer behaviour.

Business Objective Question

Which products, country, month should the e-commerce retailer focus on and which products should it do away with in a bid to improve its marketing, inventory management and yearly turnover?

Business Success Criteria

To determine the most effective growth strategy for the company to optimize expenditure and returns.

Requirements, Assumptions and Constraints

a) Resources

- i) Personnel (Data Analysts, Data Miners)
- ii) The [project dataset](#).
- iii) Softwares (Jira, Google Colaboratory Notebook, GitHub)
- iv) Computing resources

b) Assumptions

- i) The data recorded is an actual representation of the transactions done.
- ii) The data follows a seasonal trend.

c) Risks and Contingencies

The data could be missing important information.

d) Cost/ Benefit Analysis

The potential revenues associated with discerning consumer behaviour and stock inventory management is totally incomparable to the consultancy and project implementation costs.

This is however dependent on the resources allocated to the marketing and the project implementation resources.

However getting to know the right products and peak months, hours, days results in more revenues and profits.

Data Mining Goals

We are concerned about the consumer behaviour in different times of the year, the products with the highest sales and returns across the countries.

The potential questions for consideration include:-

i) Which is the peak month of the year? Which is the most popular day for purchases?

ii) Which are the top three countries with the most sales? Which product is most popularly bought in these three countries? Which item has brought in most returns? Overall and in the three countries? Is the most popular product the one that brings in the most revenue?

iii) Which items have brought in the least returns? Overall and in the individual countries?

Does the least popular product bring in the least returns?

iv) Which products are more likely to have cancelling issues? The country with the highest cancelling issues, the popular product cancelled least and the highest.

v) Which country do we have the most customers from? Is it the country bringing the most revenue? What is the average expenditure of a consumer in the UK? Germany? France?

vi) Which country is seen to require more marketing to optimize its expenditure?

Project Plan

The Cross-Industry Standard Process for Data Mining (CRISP-DM) will be used as a guideline for conducting our research. Below is the overview plan:

Phase	Time	Resources	Risks
Business Understanding	1 Hour	The project dataset/ Data Scientists	
Data Understanding	1 Hour	The project dataset/ Data Scientists	
Data Preparation	2 Hours	The project dataset/ Data Scientists	

Data Analysis	3 Hours	The project dataset/ Data Scientists	Some assumptions
Recommendation	1 Hour	The project dataset/ Data Scientists	
Evaluation	1 Hour	The project dataset/ Data Scientists	

DATA UNDERSTANDING

Overview

The dataset was obtained from the kaggle website from the following link <https://www.kaggle.com/carrie1/ecommerce-data>. The existing dataset file contains an E-commerce retail company based in the United Kingdom. The initial dataset contains one table with 541,909 records of transactions in 8 columns.

The dataset to be analysed for our study is provided in the *link* below.

[project dataset](#)

Collecting initial data

The data set was downloaded from the website as a csv file into our local computers and then loaded the data into our notebook for further analysis.

Describing and exploring data

The dataset has been presented in columns and rows. Each column has a specific attribute as follows:

Invoice No - the invoice number of the transactions

Stock code - the unique identifier of the product

Customer ID - the unique identifier of the person who purchased the product

Description - the product description

Quantity - the amount of products purchased

Unit price - the price of each product

Invoice date - the date the transactions were made

Country - the country where the transaction was made

The data did not have any data description with it.

Verifying data quality

While verifying our data, we checked for

- Validity - all the columns were well defined and relevant for our analysis

- Accuracy - we came across some negative values in our quantity column which were accompanied by a unique Invoice number indicating the transactions that did not go through hence were cancelled
- Completeness - The dataset contained numerous missing values mostly on the CustomerID column and a few on the Description column
- Consistency- the dataset contained duplicate values of Invoice numbers and CustomerID's

DATA PREPARATION

Steps that were taken during data preparation are as follows:

Selecting Data

The following columns were used for analysis in this project based on the relevance of our goals and data quality:

- InvoiceNo, StockCode, Description, Quantity, UnitPrice, InvoiceDate, CustomerID and Country.

All the records were also necessary for our analysis hence no data was left out.

The data was loaded as a dataframe from a csv file as df1, previewed, examined basic properties such as the size of the dataframe, unique values from the categorical data, datatypes of each columns e.t.c

Data Cleaning

Data cleaning procedures performed during analysis included the following:

To ensure our dataset was complete, we checked for null values which were 135,080 records from our CustomerID column and 1,454 records in our description column. These records were dropped as they would have caused serious misanalysis of our data

To ensure accuracy of our analysis, the records with the cancelled transactions were derived from the dataset as a new data frame - df4 - which consisted of 8,905 records. This dataframe was used for its own set of analysis.

For consistency, we checked for duplicate values which were mainly in the columns InvoiceNo and CustomerID. However, we decided to retain the values as the contents were of great value to our analysis.

For uniformity of our dataset, the InvoiceDate was changed to a datetime datatype as it was necessary for our analysis and the date and time were both split to allow for individual manipulation

Constructing New Data

A new dataframe df3 was created, it contained the records and/or transactions that actually did go through. This contained 397,924 records which we used for most of our analysis. In addition to this, there was the df4 that had been mentioned earlier that contained the records with the cancelled transactions which was also used for a different set of analysis.

New rows were obtained from the dataset as follows:

- Total Expenditure - this was obtained by multiplying the Quantity and the UnitPrice columns. This was necessary as our analysis required calculations of returns by the e-commerce company. A box plot was used to check for outliers in our total expenditure column.
- Date and Time - Was a result of splitting of the InvoiceDate column to accommodate part of our analysis that required specific elements from the column i.e month and days with the highest returns
- Year, months and day - Further splitting of the Date column was conducted as we needed to access specific months in our analysis
- Hour, minutes and seconds - Further splitting of the Time column was also conducted as specific hours had to be accessed to allow for analysis

DATA ANALYSIS

The following questions were looked into during our analysis;

Question one

a. Which were the peak months of the year?

```
months
11      1161817.380
12      1090906.680
10      1039318.790
9        952838.382
5        678594.560
6        661213.690
```

8	645343.900
7	600091.011
3	595500.760
1	569445.040
4	469200.361
2	447137.350

b. Which are the peak days in the peak month - 11?

days

23	71979.93
10	70513.29
9	61489.18
3	60672.11
14	58777.71
4	56099.24
17	55885.30
28	51831.67
22	49664.89
29	48851.68
16	48439.76
15	47729.00
21	45333.13
6	42941.34
30	41481.23
2	38734.70
24	38579.11
8	38295.12

11	37081.37
18	36751.25
20	30190.92
1	29132.81
7	28779.24
13	28607.78
25	26674.66
27	17300.96

Question two

a. Which top three countries had the most sales?

Country	
United Kingdom	354345
Germany	9042
France	8342
EIRE	7238
Spain	2485
Netherlands	2363
Belgium	2031
Switzerland	1842
Portugal	1462
Australia	1185
Norway	1072
Italy	758
Channel Islands	748
Finland	685
Cyprus	614
Sweden	451
Austria	398
Denmark	380

b. Which products were most popularly bought in these countries?

- in the United Kingdom

Description	
WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER	1940
JUMBO BAG RED RETROSPOT	1464
REGENCY CAKESTAND 3 TIER	1426
ASSORTED COLOUR BIRD ORNAMENT	1333
PARTY BUNTING	1308

- in France

Description	
POSTAGE	300
RABBIT NIGHT LIGHT	73
RED TOADSTOOL LED NIGHT LIGHT	70
PLASTERS IN TIN WOODLAND ANIMALS	68
PLASTERS IN TIN CIRCUS PARADE	66

- in Germany

Description	
POSTAGE	374
ROUND SNACK BOXES SET OF4 WOODLAND	113
ROUND SNACK BOXES SET OF 4 FRUITS	72
PLASTERS IN TIN WOODLAND ANIMALS	64
REGENCY CAKESTAND 3 TIER	63

c. Which products brought in most returns? Overall and in the three countries with the highest sales?

- Overall

Description	
PAPER CRAFT , LITTLE BIRDIE	168469.600
REGENCY CAKESTAND 3 TIER	142592.950
WHITE HANGING HEART T-LIGHT HOLDER	100448.150
JUMBO BAG RED RETROSPOT	85220.780
MEDIUM CERAMIC TOP STORAGE JAR	81416.730

- in the United Kingdom

Description	
PAPER CRAFT , LITTLE BIRDIE	168469.60000
PICNIC BASKET WICKER 60 PIECES	19809.75000
TEA TIME TEA TOWELS	3022.50000
DOTCOM POSTAGE	744.14750
HALL CABINET WITH 3 DRAWERS	625.8825

- in France

Description	
Manual	1582.061667
MINI WOODEN HAPPY BIRTHDAY GARLAND	835.200000
PINK HAPPY BIRTHDAY BUNTING	232.500000
PINK PAINTED KASHMIRI CHAIR	171.800000
JUMBO BAG STRAWBERRY	132.766667

- in Germany

Description	
STOOL HOME SWEET HOME	318.250000
SET OF 16 VINTAGE BLACK CUTLERY	262.800000
Manual	255.138889
COLOURING PENCILS BROWN TUBE	212.000000
REGENCY CAKESTAND 3 TIER	143.840476

Question 3

a. Which products are the least popular, overall and in the three countries?

- Overall

Description	
PINK BAROQUE FLOCK CANDLE HOLDER	1
BLACK CHERRY LIGHTS	1
CRYSTAL CHANDELIER T-LIGHT HOLDER	1
BLACK 3 BEAD DROP EARRINGS	1
PINK POLKADOT KIDS BAG	1

- In the UK

Description	
LETTER "O" BLING KEYRING	1
BAKING MOULD CUPCAKE CHOCOLATE	1
GLASS AND PAINTED BEADS BRACELET OL	1
GLASS AND BEADS BRACELET IVORY	1
SET/3 TALL GLASS CANDLE HOLDER PINK	1

- in France

Description	
50'S CHRISTMAS GIFT BAG LARGE	1
MEASURING TAPE BABUSHKA BLUE	1
MEASURING TAPE BABUSHKA RED	1
MEDIUM PINK BUDDHA HEAD	1
METAL MERRY CHRISTMAS WREATH	1

- in Germany

Description	
CHRISTMAS GINGHAM HEART	1
MEDIUM MEDINA STAMPED METAL BOWL	1
DARK BIRD HOUSE TREE DECORATION	1
I'M ON HOLIDAY METAL SIGN	1
DANISH ROSE PHOTO FRAME	1

b. Which items have brought in the least returns? Overall and in the three countries? Does the least popular product bring in the least returns?

- Overall

Description	
PADS TO MATCH ALL CUSHIONS	0.00075
HEN HOUSE W CHICK IN NEST	0.42000
60 GOLD AND SILVER FAIRY CAKE CASES	0.55000
SET 12 COLOURING PENCILS DOILEY	0.65000
CHAMPAGNE TRAY BLANK CARD	0.76000

- in the United Kingdom?

Description	
PADS TO MATCH ALL CUSHIONS	0.00075
HEN HOUSE W CHICK IN NEST	0.42000
60 GOLD AND SILVER FAIRY CAKE CASES	0.55000
WINE BOTTLE DRESSING LT.BLUE	0.76000
CHAMPAGNE TRAY BLANK CARD	0.76000

- in France?

Description	
BLUE EGG SPOON	0.360000
GLITTER HEART DECORATION	0.390000
MIXED NUTS LIGHT GREEN BOWL	0.420000
TRAVEL CARD WALLET RETRO PETALS	0.420000
TRAVEL CARD WALLET VINTAGE ROSE	0.420000

- in Germany?

Description	
ROUND CAKE TIN VINTAGE GREEN	0.000000
SWALLOW SQUARE TISSUE BOX	0.390000
CHERUB HEART DECORATION GOLD	0.830000
SANDALWOOD FAN	0.850000
FOLKART ZINC HEART CHRISTMAS DEC	0.850000

Question four

a. Which products are more likely to have cancelling issues?

Description	
PAPERCRAFT , LITTLE BIRDIE	-80995
MEDIUM CERAMIC TOP STORAGE JAR	-74494
ROTATING SILVER ANGELS T-LIGHT HLDR	-9367
Manual	-3995
FAIRY CAKE FLANNEL ASSORTED COLOUR	-3150

b. Which products are least likely to have cancelling issues?

Description

FUNKY WASHING UP GLOVES ASSORTED	-1
BLACK HEART CARD HOLDER	-1
RECYCLED ACAPULCO MAT PINK	-1
RECYCLED ACAPULCO MAT TURQUOISE	-1
BLACK BAROQUE WALL CLOCK	-1

c. Which countries have the most and least cancelled products?

Country	
United Kingdom	-540518.16
EIRE	-15260.68
France	-12311.21
Singapore	-12158.90
Germany	-7168.93
Spain	-6802.53
Portugal	-4380.08
Japan	-2075.75
USA	-1849.47
Sweden	-1782.42
Australia	-1444.04
Norway	-1001.98
Netherlands	-784.80
Switzerland	-704.55
Cyprus	-644.09
Italy	-592.73
Channel Islands	-364.15
Belgium	-285.38
Israel	-227.44
Malta	-220.12
Finland	-219.34
Denmark	-187.20
Poland	-121.51
Czech Republic	-119.02
Greece	-50.00
Austria	-44.36
Saudi Arabia	-14.75
European Community	-8.50

Question five

a. Which countries do we have the most and the least customers from?

Country	
United Kingdom	354345
Germany	9042
France	8342
EIRE	7238
Spain	2485
Netherlands	2363
Belgium	2031
Switzerland	1842
Portugal	1462
Australia	1185
Norway	1072
Italy	758
Channel Islands	748
Finland	685
Cyprus	614
Sweden	451
Austria	398
Denmark	380
Poland	330
Japan	321
Israel	248
Unspecified	244
Singapore	222
Iceland	182
USA	179
Canada	151
Greece	145
Malta	112
United Arab Emirates	68
European Community	60
RSA	58
Lebanon	45
Lithuania	35
Brazil	32
Czech Republic	25
Bahrain	17
Saudi Arabia	9

b. Countries bringing in the most and least revenue?

Country	
United Kingdom	7.308392e+06
Netherlands	2.854463e+05
EIRE	2.655459e+05
Germany	2.288671e+05
France	2.090240e+05
Australia	1.385213e+05
Spain	6.157711e+04
Switzerland	5.644395e+04
Belgium	4.119634e+04
Sweden	3.837833e+04
Japan	3.741637e+04
Norway	3.616544e+04
Portugal	3.343989e+04
Finland	2.254608e+04
Singapore	2.127929e+04
Channel Islands	2.045044e+04
Denmark	1.895534e+04
Italy	1.748324e+04
Cyprus	1.359038e+04
Austria	1.019868e+04
Poland	7.334650e+03
Israel	7.221690e+03
Greece	4.760520e+03
Iceland	4.310000e+03
Canada	3.666380e+03
USA	3.580390e+03
Malta	2.725590e+03
Unspecified	2.667070e+03
United Arab Emirates	1.902280e+03
Lebanon	1.693880e+03
Lithuania	1.661060e+03
European Community	1.300250e+03
Brazil	1.143600e+03
RSA	1.002310e+03
Czech Republic	8.267400e+02
Bahrain	5.484000e+02
Saudi Arabia	1.459200e+02

c. What is the average expenditure of consumers per country?

Country	
Netherlands	120.798282
Australia	116.895620
Japan	116.561900
Singapore	95.852658
Sweden	85.096075
Denmark	49.882474
Lithuania	47.458857
Lebanon	37.641778
EIRE	36.687745
Brazil	35.737500
Norway	33.736418
Czech Republic	33.069600
Finland	32.913985
Greece	32.831172
Bahrain	32.258824
Switzerland	30.642752
Israel	29.119718
United Arab Emirates	27.974706
Channel Islands	27.340160
Austria	25.624824
Germany	25.311562
France	25.056827
Spain	24.779521
Malta	24.335625
Canada	24.280662
Iceland	23.681319
Italy	23.064960
Portugal	22.872702
Poland	22.226212
Cyprus	22.134169
European Community	21.670833
United Kingdom	20.625073
Belgium	20.283772
USA	20.002179
RSA	17.281207
Saudi Arabia	16.213333
Unspecified	10.930615

RECOMMENDATIONS

From our analysis, the following recommendations were provided,

- 1) The best time for the company to launch marketing campaigns should be around September, as most sales are recorded towards the end of the year i.e November, December and October respectively. Additionally, the company can employ research on why customers purchase more on these seasons for improving sales on the other seasons.
- 2) A product analysis on the most cancelled product (Paper Craft Little Birdie) should be launched concentrating on the product's quality, cost, product description and other key features as possible reasons why the product is being cancelled
- 3) Countries like the Netherlands, Japan, Eire and Australia have more promising indications on bringing in returns hence marketing strategies to increase the customer base should be launched to maximize returns
- 4) For products with the least sales overall the company can carry out a customer survey to find out why these products have low sales. Then in turn a marketing strategy can be implemented to increase sales. For example, advertisements, giving discounts, incentives.
- 5) The company should also maximise on sales of the top popular products being bought by the customers across all the countries. This is more likely to help improve revenue generation.
- 6) For inventory management, best time for the company to stock up is also towards the end of the year as it is when they receive most purchases
- 7) The company should embrace customer feedback platforms on all their products across all countries. This will in turn lead to identification of market gaps and product diversification as per customers suggestions.
- 8) For the UK, Germany and France, the company should try to standardize prices to reduce the gap revealed on returns and to maximize returns based on the sales they are making

EVALUATION

Our business success criteria has been successful as we have been able to cover the aspects of marketing strategies, inventory management and yearly turn over as has been indicated in our business objectives. This has been highlighted in the recommendations part based on insights obtained from our analysis. Our analysis was based on questions influenced by our need to investigate the dataset to gain knowledge and insights from the data. Also, comparing the products sold to the particular countries and the corresponding returns gained resulted in powerful insights that actually led to more questions and the need for further research.

Link to my to github.[<https://github.com/Nasreenz/E--Commerce-Retail-Analysis.git>]