A Problem Squared Zero Three Six = Score Menu Sets

Arbitrarily large orders that will make your waiter sweat in computation.

Maths (not rigorous, a physicist's job)

Menu of size N (i.e. N different items are in the menu) let's have $S=s_0,...,s_i,...,s_{N-1}$ the set all menu items.

We note α_i the desired quantity of the ith item.

To write it with a specific base, we simply need to split it. The number of times the number must be repeated with quantity (k-1):

```
u_i = \alpha_i//(k-1) (with // being integer division).
```

The position of the menu item being i, to add a second instance of it, we'll place it naturally at S + i, then at S * 2 + i etc... u_i times in total (counting S * 0).

Then, another repeat of quantity $lpha_i \mod (base-1)$ with exponent $S*u_i+i$.

The ith item number is:

$$O_i = \sum_{r=0}^{u_i-1} (k-1) k^(r*S+i) + (lpha_i \mod (base-1))$$

then, your order is a sum of all item-numbers : $O = \sum_{i=0}^n O_i$

I hope Dexter can confirm my working out is in order.

Python (a random person offering you to run their code on your computer? Not suspicious at all)

simply run menu.py, I did not bother creating a nice interface, sorry. Only two inputs: the base and the menu order array that looks like this:

```
my_order=[0,0,2,15,0,3,0]
```

The output should be something like:

```
> python menu.py
Order with classical quantities: [0, 0, 2, 15, 0, 3, 0]
Base chosen: 5
Order with computed quantities and item index for each item:
[0, 0, 50, 178816986123047375, 0, 9375, 0]
Final order: 178816986123056800
### I changed the source to use the sanity check
> python menu.py
Order with classical quantities: [1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1]
Base chosen: 5
Order with computed quantities and item index for each item:
[1, 5, 25, 125, 625, 3125, 15625]
Final order: 19531
```