

■ Tutorials > **Building MCP clients**

Tutorials

Building MCP clients

Learn how to build your first client in MCP

In this tutorial, you'll learn how to build a LLM-powered chatbot client that connects to MCP servers. It helps to have gone through the Quickstart tutorial that guides you through the basic of building your first server.

Python

You can find the complete code for this tutorial here.

System Requirements

Before starting, ensure your system meets these requirements:

Mac or Windows computer

Latest Python version installed

Latest version of | uv | installed

Setting Up Your Environment

First, create a new Python project with | uv :

Create project directory

uv init mcp-client

cd mcp-client



```
Tutorials > Building MCP clients
# Activate virtual environment

# On Windows:
.venv\Scripts\activate
# On Unix or MacOS:
source .venv/bin/activate

# Install required packages
uv add mcp anthropic python-dotenv

# Remove boilerplate files
rm hello.py

# Create our main file
touch client.py
```

Setting Up Your API Key

You'll need an Anthropic API key from the Anthropic Console.

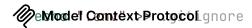
```
Create a .env file to store it:

# Create .env file
touch .env

Add your key to the .env file:
```

```
Add .env to your .gitignore:
```

ANTHROPIC_API_KEY=<your key here>



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Make sure you keep your ANTHROPIC_API_KEY secure!

Creating the Client

Basic Client Structure

First, let's set up our imports and create the basic client class:

```
import asyncio
from typing import Optional
from contextlib import AsyncExitStack

from mcp import ClientSession, StdioServerParameters
from mcp.client.stdio import stdio_client

from anthropic import Anthropic
from dotenv import load_dotenv

load_dotenv() # load environment variables from .env

class MCPClient:
    def __init__(self):
        # Initialize session and client objects
        self.session: Optional[ClientSession] = None
        self.exit_stack = AsyncExitStack()
        self.anthropic = Anthropic()

# methods will go here
```

Server Connection Management

Next, we'll implement the method to connect to an MCP server:

```
@aModel Context Protocob_server(self, server_script_path: str):
"""Connect to an MCP server
```

Tutorials > Building MCP clients

```
server_script_path: Path to the server script (.py or .js)
is_python = server_script_path.endswith('.py')
is_js = server_script_path.endswith('.js')
if not (is_python or is_js):
    raise ValueError("Server script must be a .py or .js file")
command = "python" if is_python else "node"
server_params = StdioServerParameters(
   command=command,
   args=[server_script_path],
   env=None
)
stdio_transport = await self.exit_stack.enter_async_context(stdio_client(serv
self.stdio, self.write = stdio_transport
self.session = await self.exit_stack.enter_async_context(ClientSession(self.s
await self.session.initialize()
# List available tools
response = await self.session.list_tools()
tools = response.tools
print("\nConnected to server with tools:", [tool.name for tool in tools])
```

Query Processing Logic

Now let's add the core functionality for processing queries and handling tool calls:

```
"role": "user",

Model Context Protes | query
```

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```
response = await self.session.list_tools()
available_tools = [{
    "name": tool.name,
    "description": tool.description,
    "input_schema": tool.inputSchema
} for tool in response.tools]
# Initial Claude API call
response = self.anthropic.messages.create(
    model="claude-3-5-sonnet-20241022",
    max_tokens=1000,
   messages=messages,
   tools=available tools
)
# Process response and handle tool calls
tool results = []
final text = []
for content in response.content:
    if content.type == 'text':
        final_text.append(content.text)
    elif content.type == 'tool_use':
        tool_name = content.name
        tool_args = content.input
        # Execute tool call
        result = await self.session.call_tool(tool_name, tool_args)
        tool_results.append({"call": tool_name, "result": result})
        final_text.append(f"[Calling tool {tool_name} with args {tool_args}]"
        # Continue conversation with tool results
        if hasattr(content, 'text') and content.text:
            messages.append({
              "role": "assistant",
```

```
"content": content.text

Model Context Protoçol
```

Interactive Chat Interface

Now we'll add the chat loop and cleanup functionality:

```
async def chat_loop(self):
    """Run an interactive chat loop"""
    print("\nMCP Client Started!")
    print("Type your queries or 'quit' to exit.")

while True:
    try:
        query = input("\nQuery: ").strip()

    if query.lower() == 'quit':
        break

    response = await self.process_query(query)
    print("\n" + response)

    except Exception as e:
```

```
print(f"\nError: {str(e)}")

Model Context Protocol
```

```
async def cleanup(self):

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await self.exit_stack.aclose()
```

Main Entry Point

Finally, we'll add the main execution logic:

```
async def main():
    if len(sys.argv) < 2:
        print("Usage: python client.py <path_to_server_script>")
        sys.exit(1)

    client = MCPClient()
    try:
        await client.connect_to_server(sys.argv[1])
        await client.chat_loop()
    finally:
        await client.cleanup()

if __name__ == "__main__":
    import sys
    asyncio.run(main())
```

You can find the complete client.py file here.

Key Components Explained

1. Client Initialization

The MCPClient class initializes with session management and API clients

Uses AsyncExitStack for proper resource management

Configures the Anthropic client for Claude interactions

2. Server Connection Model Context Protocol

Supports both Python and Node.js servers

Tradicates servicing avior type ats

Sets up proper communication channels

Initializes the session and lists available tools

3. Query Processing

Maintains conversation context

Handles Claude's responses and tool calls

Manages the message flow between Claude and tools

Combines results into a coherent response

4. Interactive Interface

Provides a simple command-line interface

Handles user input and displays responses

Includes basic error handling

Allows graceful exit

5. Resource Management

Proper cleanup of resources

Error handling for connection issues

Graceful shutdown procedures

Common Customization Points

1. Tool Handling



Modify process_query() to handle specific tool types

Add custom error handling for tool calls

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2. Response Processing

Customize how tool results are formatted

Add response filtering or transformation

Implement custom logging

3. User Interface

Add a GUI or web interface

Implement rich console output

Add command history or auto-completion

Running the Client

To run your client with any MCP server:

```
uv run client.py path/to/server.py # python server
uv run client.py path/to/build/index.js # node server
```

If you're continuing the weather tutorial from the quickstart, your command might look something like this: python client.py .../weather/src/weather/server.py

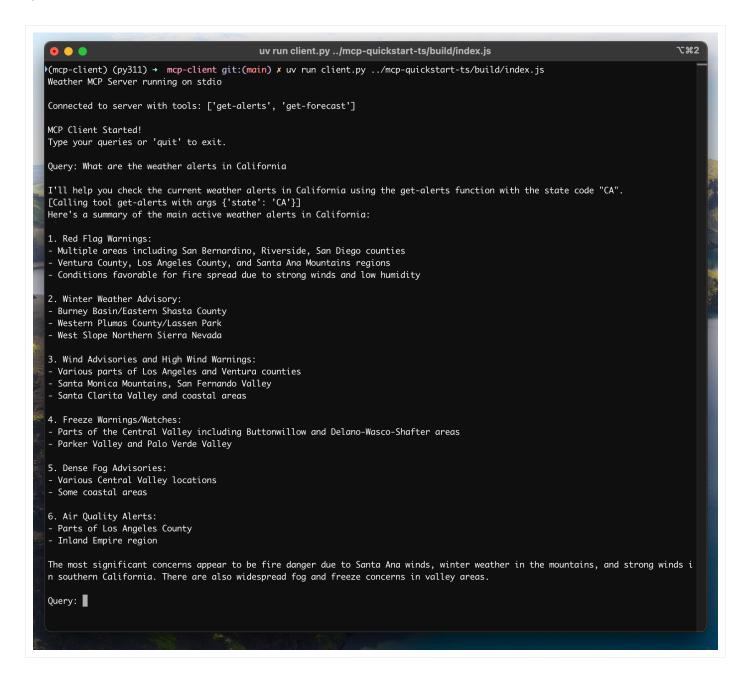
The client will:

- 1. Connect to the specified server
- 2. List available tools
- 3. Start an interactive chat session where you can:



Tutor and responding with the land

Here's an example of what it should look like if connected to the weather server from the quickstart:



How It Works

When you submit a query:

- 1. The client gets the list of available tools from the server Model Context Protocol
- 2. Your query is sent to Claude along with tool descriptions
- 3. Change decides which tools (if any) to use
- 4. The client executes any requested tool calls through the server
- 5. Results are sent back to Claude
- 6. Claude provides a natural language response
- 7. The response is displayed to you

Best practices

1. Error Handling

Always wrap tool calls in try-catch blocks

Provide meaningful error messages

Gracefully handle connection issues

2. Resource Management

Use AsyncExitStack for proper cleanup

Close connections when done

Handle server disconnections

3. Security

Store API keys securely in .env

Validate server responses

Be cautious with tool permissions

Troubleshooting

Server Path Issues



Double-check the path to your server script is correct **Model Context Protocol**

Use the absolute path if the relative path isn't working

Full Mindows illing McPake styre to use forward slashes (/) or escaped backslashes (\) in the path

Verify the server file has the correct extension (.py for Python or .js for Node.js)

Example of correct path usage:

```
# Relative path
uv run client.py ./server/weather.py

# Absolute path
uv run client.py /Users/username/projects/mcp-server/weather.py

# Windows path (either format works)
uv run client.py C:/projects/mcp-server/weather.py
uv run client.py C:/projects/mcp-server/weather.py
```

Response Timing

The first response might take up to 30 seconds to return

This is normal and happens while:

The server initializes

Claude processes the query

Tools are being executed

Subsequent responses are typically faster

Don't interrupt the process during this initial waiting period

Common Error Messages

If you see:



FileNotFoundError: Check your server path Model Context Protocol

Connection refused: Ensure the server is running and the path is correct

Tนี่เดาใลเราะงานเหลือเครื่องเรื่องเลือง the tool's required environment variables are set

Timeout error: Consider increasing the timeout in your client configuration

Next steps

Example servers

Check out our gallery of official MCP servers and implementations

Clients

View the list of clients that support MCP integrations

Building MCP with LLMs

Learn how to use LLMs like Claude to speed up your MCP development

Core architecture

Understand how MCP connects clients, servers, and LLMs

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< Clients

Building MCP with LLMs →



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