

# Audit Report January, 2024











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## **Executive Summary**

Project Name Ducatus Mobile Wallet

Overview Ducatus is a digital wallet that enables individuals and businesses

in the world to access Stablecoins. The platform is designed to help them mitigate the negative impacts of depreciating local currencies

on their income and growth by providing a more stable and

reliable payment method.

Timeline 21st December 2023 - 26th December 2023

Method Manual Review, Automated Testing, Functional Testing, etc.

Audit Scope The scope of this audit was to analyze the Ducatus Wallet Android

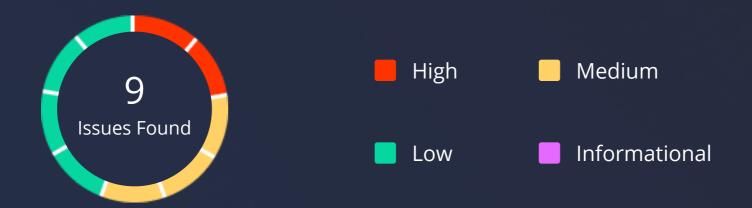
App for quality, security, and correctness:

Io.ducatus.walnew v3.11.3

Review 2 11th January 2024 - 19th January 2024

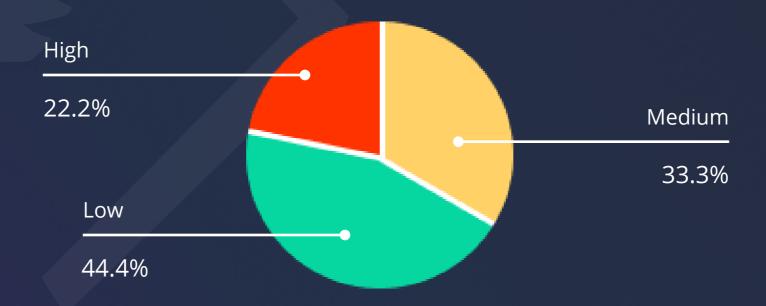
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# **Number of Issues per Severity**



	High	Medium	Low	Informational
Open Issues	0	0	0	0
Acknowledged Issues	2	2	4	0
Partially Resolved Issues	0	0	0	0
Resolved Issues	0	1	0	0

# **Security Issues**



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## **Checked Vulnerabilities**

We scanned the application for commonly known and more specific vulnerabilities. Here are some of the commonly known vulnerabilities that we considered:















Input Validation

✓ Injection Attacks

Cross-Site Request Forgery

Broken Authentication and Session Management

Insufficient Transport Layer
Protection

Broken Access Controls

Insecure Cryptographic Storage

Insufficient Cryptography

Insufficient Session Expiration

Information Leakage

Third-Party Components

Malware

Denial of Service (DoS) Attacks

Cross-Site Scripting (XSS)

Security Misconfiguration

Unvalidated Redirects and Forwards

And more...

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## **Techniques and Methods**

Throughout the pentest of Ducatus Mobile Wallet, care was taken to ensure:

- Information gathering Using OSINT tools information concerning the web architecture, information leakage, web service integration, and gathering other associated information related to web server & web services.
- Using Automated tools approach for Pentest like Nessus, Acunetix etc.
- Platform testing and configuration
- Error handling and data validation testing
- Encryption-related protection testing
- Client-side and business logic testing

### Tools and Platforms used for Pentest:

- Burp Suite
- DNSenum
- Dirbuster
- SQLMap
- Acunetix
- Neucli
- Nabbu
- Turbo Intruder
- Nmap
- Metasploit
- Horusec
- Postman
- Netcat
- Nessus and many more



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## **Issue Categories**

Every issue in this report has been assigned with a severity level. There are four levels of severity, and each of them has been explained below.

## **High Severity Issues**

A high-severity issue or vulnerability means that your web app can be exploited. Issues on this level are critical to the web app's performance or functionality, and we recommend these issues be fixed before moving to a live environment.

## **Medium Severity Issues**

The issues marked as medium severity usually arise because of errors and deficiencies in the web app code. Issues on this level could potentially bring problems, and they should still be fixed.

### **Low Severity Issues**

Low-level severity issues can cause minor impact and or are just warnings that can remain unfixed for now. It would be better to fix these issues at some point in the future.

#### **Informational**

These are four issues that indicate an improvement request, a general question, a cosmetic or documentation error, or a request for information. There is low-to-no impact.



## **Issues Found**

## **High Severity Issues**

### 1. Fingerprint Bypass

## **Description**

The Vulnerability has been identified in the Ducatus application, allowing unauthorized users to bypass the fingerprint authentication feature. This flaw poses a significant risk to the security and integrity of user data within the application. Immediate action is recommended to address and remediate this vulnerability.

## **Steps to Reproduce**

Connect device using adb and run Frida.

Frida –U --codeshare ax/universal-android-biometric-bypass –f io.ducatus.walnew

#### Recommendation

To implement secure biometric authentication, developers must use the Keychain/Keystore to access objects only when a valid biometric is used.

Ref:

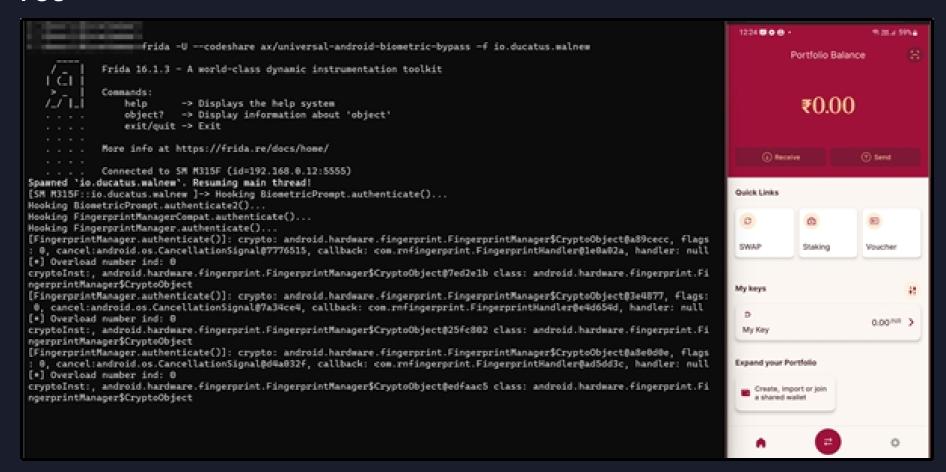
<u>https://labs.withsecure.com/publications/how-secure-is-your-android-keystore-authentication</u>

### **Impact**

The Ducatus application employs a fingerprint authentication mechanism as part of its security infrastructure. However, a flaw has been discovered that enables malicious actors to bypass this fingerprint authentication and gain unauthorized access to the application.



#### **POC**



#### **Status**

**Acknowledged** 

#### 2. Information Disclosure

## **Description**

The Platform is susceptible to information disclosure vulnerabilities, potentially exposing sensitive user data such as Lottery Insights, User Crypto Addresses, and Account Balances. These vulnerabilities could be exploited by malicious actors to gather valuable information about users, leading to privacy breaches and financial risks.

### **Vulnerable Endpoint**

Access the endpoints below from apk:

https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/statistics/wallets\_total/

http://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/statistics/ducx\_wallets/

http://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/statistics/duc\_wallets/

http://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/statistics/bitcore\_wallets/

https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/

https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/swagger(?P<format>\.json|\.yaml)\$ [name='schema-json']

https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/swagger/\$ [name='schema-swagger-ui']

https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/redoc/\$ [name='schema-redoc']



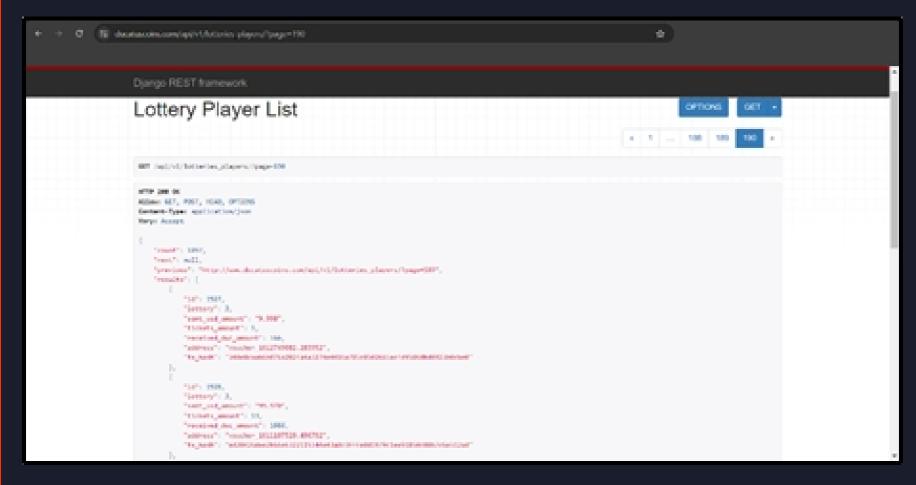
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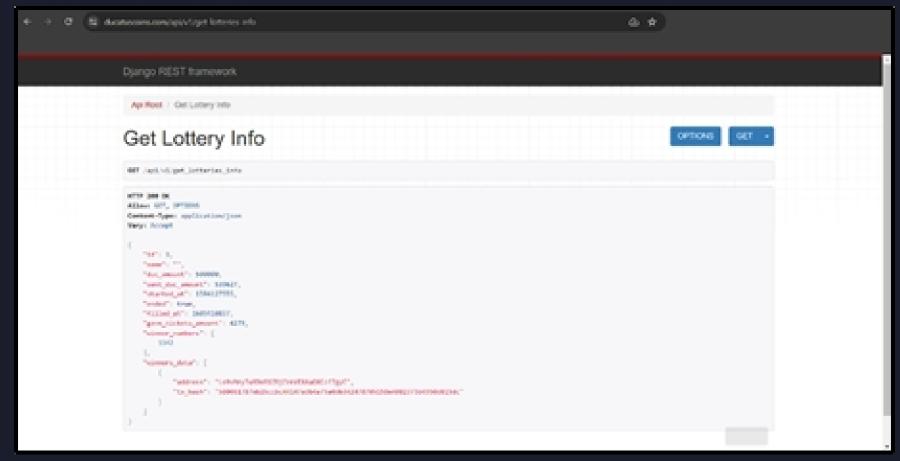
https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/rates/ https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/transfers/

## **Impact**

Knowledge of users' account balances provides attackers with the ability to target high-value accounts. This information can be exploited for fraudulent activities or to identify lucrative targets. Disclosure of user wallet addresses poses a significant risk as it opens the door for targeted attacks, phishing, or unauthorized access to cryptocurrency wallets.

#### **POC**







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#### Remediation

Secure API Endpoints using authentication and authorization. Encrypt sensitive user data, including crypto addresses and account balances, both in transit and at rest. This adds an extra layer of protection against data interception and unauthorized access. Implement RBAC to restrict access to information based on user roles. Only authorized personnel should have access to sensitive data, and permissions should be granted on a need-to-know basis.

#### **Status**

**Acknowledged** 

## **Medium Severity Issues**

1. Username & Password (RPC) Leaked in Response

## **Description**

Unauthorized disclosure of usernames and passwords in the response. This breach poses a severe threat to the confidentiality and integrity of user accounts, potentially leading to unauthorized access and compromise of sensitive information.

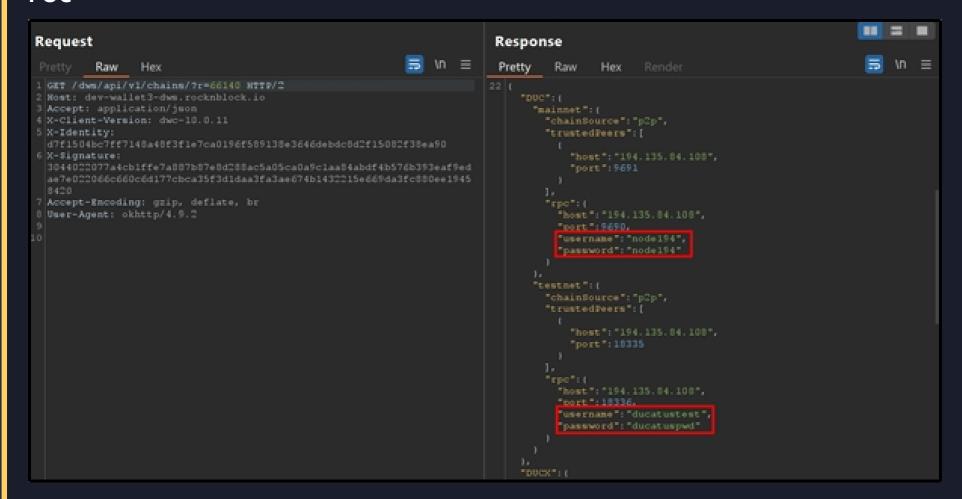
## Steps to Reproduce

- 1. Access the below URL using : https://dev-wallet3-dws.rocknblock.io/dws/api/v1/chains/?r=66149
- 2. Make sure you add headers with valid token to it. The headers X-Identity and X-Signature.

### **Impact**

Attackers can gain unauthorized access to user accounts, potentially compromising sensitive data and violating user privacy. The compromise of usernames and passwords may result in the exposure of additional personal information, leading to a significant data breach.

#### **POC**



#### Recommendation

Don't share any sensitive information such as username and password in the response headers or response body.

#### **Status**

**Resolved** 

## 2. Admin Panel Exposed

## **Description**

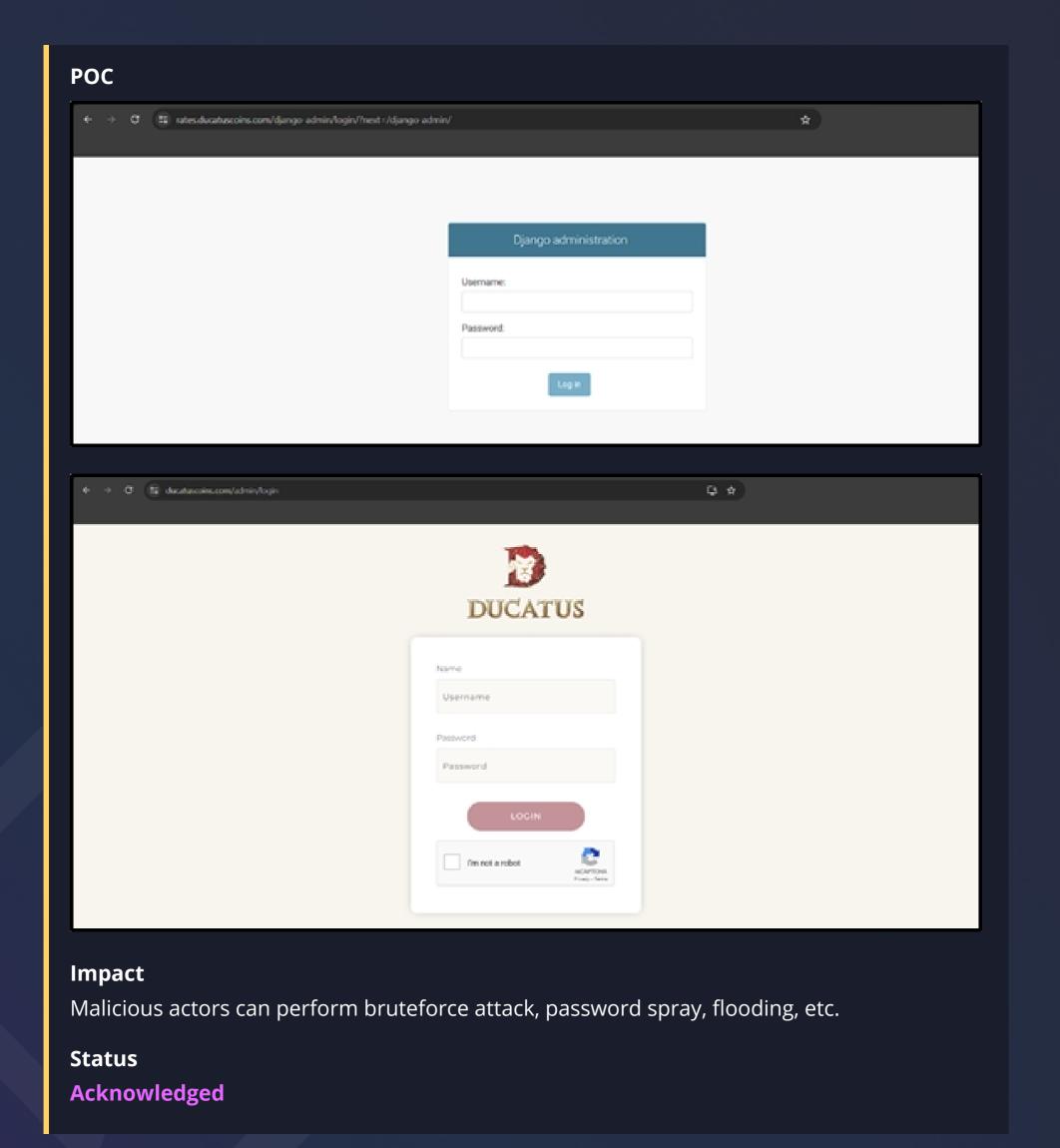
The admin panels are exposed over the internet using public ip address. This creates an open ground for attackers to increase the attack surface.

## **Steps to Reproduce**

Access the below URL using:

- 1. https://rates.ducatuscoins.com/django-admin/
- 2. <a href="https://www.ducatuscoins.com/admin/">https://www.ducatuscoins.com/admin/</a>
- 3. <a href="https://admin.ducatus.io/admin/login/?next=/admin/">https://admin.ducatus.io/admin/login/?next=/admin/</a>





## 3. Weak Cryptography

## **Description**

Using pseudorandom number generators (PRNGs) is security-sensitive. For example, it has led in the past to the following vulnerabilities:

- CVE-2013-6386
- CVE-2006-3419
- CVE-2008-4102

When software generates predictable values in a context requiring unpredictability, it may be possible for an attacker to guess the next value that will be generated, and use this guess to impersonate another user or access sensitive information.

As the Math.random() function relies on a weak pseudorandom number generator, this function should not be used for security-critical applications or for protecting sensitive data. In such context, a cryptographically strong pseudorandom number generator (CSPRNG) should be used instead.

## **Steps to Reproduce**

Sensitive Code Example

const val = Math.random(); // Sensitive

#### POC

- src/api/coinbase/index.ts
- src/constants/SupportedCurrencyOptions.tsx
- src/utils/password.ts

#### Remediation

Use a cryptographically strong pseudorandom number generator (CSPRNG) like crypto.getRandomValues(). Use the generated random values only once.

You should not expose the generated random value. If you have to store it, make sure that the database or file is secure.

## **Compliant Solution**

```
// === Client side ===
const crypto = window.crypto || window.msCrypto;
var array = new Uint32Array(1);
crypto.getRandomValues(array); // Compliant for security-sensitive use cases
// === Server side ===
const crypto = require('crypto');
const buf = crypto.randomBytes(1); // Compliant for security-sensitive use cases
```

#### **Status**

**Acknowledged** 

## **Low Severity Issues**

1. Debug Mode is set to True

## **Description**

Debug mode is a feature commonly found in software development environments that allows developers to identify and rectify issues by providing detailed information about the application's internal processes. While it is a valuable tool during development, leaving debug mode enabled in a production environment poses a significant security risk. This vulnerability exposes sensitive information about the application's structure, potential weaknesses, and may even allow unauthorized access to critical data.

## **Steps to Reproduce**

Access the below URL using:

- 1. https://www.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/dscndsc
- 2. https://rates.ducatuscoins.com/api/v1/sdcnds

#### **Recommended Fix**

Set Debug to false

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## **Impact**

Debug mode often reveals detailed error messages, stack traces, and internal variables, providing attackers with valuable insights into the application's logic and structure. Debug features may introduce additional endpoints or functionalities that are not present in a standard production setup, expanding the attack surface and providing adversaries with potential entry points.

#### **Status**

**Acknowledged** 

### 2. Clickjacking

## **Description**

Clickjacking is a type of attack that tricks a user into clicking on a malicious link or button without their knowledge. This can be done by overlaying an invisible layer over a legitimate link or button on a web page, thus making the user unwittingly click the malicious link or button.

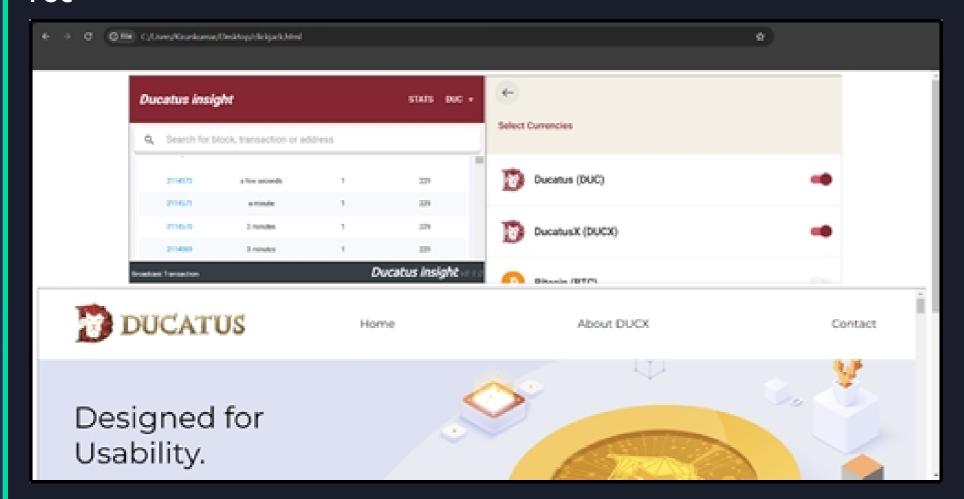
## **Steps to Reproduce**

Create a HTML file and paste the script provided below-

- <!DOCTYPE html>
- <html>
- <head>
- <title>Clickjacking PoC</title>
- </head>
- <body>
- <iframe src="https://insight.ducatus.io/" width=745px height=350px></iframe><iframe</pre>
- src="https://wallet.ducatus.io/" width=745px height=350px></iframe><br>
- <iframe src="https://www.ducatuscoins.com/" width=1500px height=350px></iframe>
- </body>
- </html>

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### **POC**



#### Recommendation

To prevent clickjacking attacks, web developers should use the X-Frame-Options header in their web applications. This header instructs browsers not to render the page in a frame or iframe. Additionally, developers should avoid using legacy code such as ActiveX controls, Flash, and Java Applets as these can be targeted with clickjacking attacks.

### **Impact**

If a user is tricked into clicking on a malicious link or button, they may unknowingly give away sensitive information, install malicious software, or be redirected to a malicious website.

#### **Status**

**Acknowledged** 



## 3. Sqlite Database is not encrypted

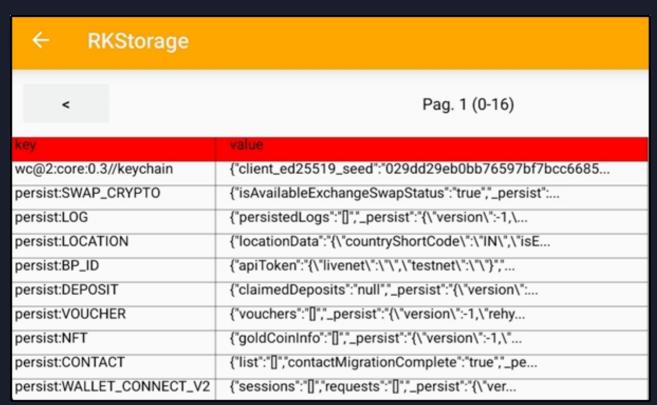
### **Description**

The Unencrypted SQLite Database Vulnerability arises from the absence of encryption on an SQLite database, exposing sensitive data to potential unauthorized access and compromise. SQLite, being a serverless and self-contained database engine, lacks inherent encryption features, making it imperative for developers and administrators to implement proper security measures.

## **Steps to Reproduce**

- 1. Use the ducatus android application
- 2. Go to data/data/io.ducatus.walnew/databases
- 3. Open the Sqlite DB called RKStorage using sqlite3 cli or SQLite DB Browser

#### **POC**



## **Impact**

Without encryption, sensitive information stored in the SQLite database, such as user credentials, personal details, or proprietary data, is vulnerable to unauthorized access. Failure to encrypt sensitive data in the database may lead to non-compliance with data protection regulations, exposing organizations to legal and financial consequences.

#### Remediation

Encrypted the sqlite database or encrypt the sensitive values of the database.

### **Status**

Acknowledged



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## 4. Multiple Deprecated Libraries in package-lock.json, yarn.lock, Gemfile.lock

## **Description**

Package-lock, Gemfile.lock and yarn.lock Stores files that can be useful for the dependency of the application. This is used for locking the dependency with the installed version. It will install the exact latest version of that package in your application and save it in package. This arises a problem if the dependency used has an exploit in the version mentioned. It can create a backdoor for an attacker.

## **Vulnerable Dependencies**

- @babel/traverse
- cocoapods-downloader
- nth-check
- moment
- browserify-sign
- get-func-name
- fast-xml-parser
- Lodash
- Activesupport
- Dottie
- Node-fetch
- Prismjs
- xml2js
- Semver
- React-devtools-core
- Markdown-it
- Request
- Tough-cookie
- @walletconnect/web3wallet
- bl
- highlight.js
- axios

### **Recommended Fix**

- 1. Update all the above mentioned Dependencies
- 2. Remove any Library Not needed



## **Impact**

Multiple of these libraries have public exploits and CVE-registered issues that have been patched and can help your application stay more secure from any dependency-vulnerable issues.

## Status

**Acknowledged** 



## **Closing Summary**

In this report, we have considered the security of the Ducatus Mobile wallet app. We performed our audit according to the procedure described above.

Some issues of High, medium, and low severity were found, Some suggestions and best practices are also provided in order to improve the code quality and security posture.

## Disclaimer

QuillAudits Dapp/Wallet Pentest security audit provides services to help identify and mitigate potential security risks in the Ducatus Android Wallet App. However, it is important to understand that no security audit can guarantee complete protection against all possible security threats. QuillAudits audit reports are based on the information provided to us at the time of the audit, and we cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information. Additionally, the security landscape is constantly evolving, and new security threats may emerge after the audit has been completed.

Therefore, it is recommended that multiple audits and bug bounty programs be conducted to ensure the ongoing security of the Ducatus Android Wallet App. One audit is not enough to guarantee complete protection against all possible security threats. It is important to implement proper risk management strategies and stay vigilant in monitoring your smart contracts for potential security risks.

QuillAudits cannot be held liable for any security breaches or losses that may occur subsequent to and despite using our audit services. It is the responsibility of the Ducatus Team to implement the recommendations provided in our audit reports and to take appropriate steps to mitigate potential security risks.

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## **About QuillAudits**

QuillAudits is a secure smart contracts audit platform designed by QuillHash Technologies. We are a team of dedicated blockchain security experts and smart contract auditors determined to ensure that Smart Contract-based Web3 projects can avail the latest and best security solutions to operate in a trustworthy and risk-free ecosystem.



**850+**Audits Completed



**\$30B**Secured



**\$30B**Lines of Code Audited



## **Follow Our Journey**





















# Audit Report January, 2024

For







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