





For





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Executive Summary

Project Name Methlab

Overview Methlab is a liquidation free lending borrowing platform which lets

you borrow tokens liquidation free. It also lets you take leverage

for repaying the loans.

Timeline 22nd December 2023 - 11th January 2024

Updated Code Received NA

Second Review NA

Method Manual Review, Functional Testing, Automated Testing, etc. All the

raised flags were manually reviewed and re-tested to identify any

false positives.

Audit Scope The scope of this audit was to analyze the Methlab codebase for

quality, security, and correctness.

Source Code https://github.com/Diffusion-Labs/valent-monorepo/tree/feat/

FlashSwapExecutor/packages/contracts

Branch <u>FlashSwapExecutor</u>

Fixed In NA

Number of Security Issues per Severity



	High	Medium	Low	Informational
Open Issues	0	0	0	0
Acknowledged Issues	0	0	0	3
Partially Resolved Issues	0	0	0	0
Resolved Issues	0	0	0	0

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Checked Vulnerabilities



Timestamp Dependence

Gas Limit and Loops

✓ DoS with Block Gas Limit

Transaction-Ordering Dependence

✓ Use of tx.origin

Exception disorder

Gasless send

Balance equality

✓ Byte array

Transfer forwards all gas

ERC20 API violation

Malicious libraries

Compiler version not fixed

Redundant fallback function

Send instead of transfer

Style guide violation

Unchecked external call

✓ Unchecked math

Unsafe type inference

Implicit visibility level

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Techniques and Methods

Throughout the audit of smart contracts, care was taken to ensure:

- The overall quality of code.
- Use of best practices.
- Code documentation and comments match logic and expected behavior.
- Token distribution and calculations are as per the intended behavior mentioned in the whitepaper.
- Implementation of ERC standards.
- Efficient use of gas.
- Code is safe from re-entrancy and other vulnerabilities.

The following techniques, methods, and tools were used to review all the smart contracts.

Structural Analysis

In this step, we have analyzed the design patterns and structure of smart contracts. A thorough check was done to ensure the smart contract is structured in a way that will not result in future problems.

Static Analysis

A static Analysis of Smart Contracts was done to identify contract vulnerabilities. In this step, a series of automated tools are used to test the security of smart contracts.

Code Review / Manual Analysis

Manual Analysis or review of code was done to identify new vulnerabilities or verify the vulnerabilities found during the static analysis. Contracts were completely manually analyzed, their logic was checked and compared with the one described in the whitepaper. Besides, the results of the automated analysis were manually verified.

Gas Consumption

In this step, we have checked the behavior of smart contracts in production. Checks were done to know how much gas gets consumed and the possibilities of optimization of code to reduce gas consumption.

Tools and Platforms used for Audit

Hardhat, Foundry.



Types of Severity

Every issue in this report has been assigned to a severity level. There are four levels of severity, and each of them has been explained below.

High Severity Issues

A high severity issue or vulnerability means that your smart contract can be exploited. Issues on this level are critical to the smart contract's performance or functionality, and we recommend these issues be fixed before moving to a live environment.

Medium Severity Issues

The issues marked as medium severity usually arise because of errors and deficiencies in the smart contract code. Issues on this level could potentially bring problems, and they should still be fixed.

Low Severity Issues

Low-level severity issues can cause minor impact and are just warnings that can remain unfixed for now. It would be better to fix these issues at some point in the future.

Informational

These are four severity issues that indicate an improvement request, a general question, a cosmetic or documentation error, or a request for information. There is low-to-no impact.

Types of Issues

Open

Security vulnerabilities identified that must be resolved and are currently unresolved.

Resolved

These are the issues identified in the initial audit and have been successfully fixed.

Acknowledged

Vulnerabilities which have been acknowledged but are yet to be resolved.

Partially Resolved

Considerable efforts have been invested to reduce the risk/impact of the security issue, but are not completely resolved.

Informational Issues

1. Ownable Contract was imported but not used

Path

Registry.sol

```
contract Registry is Ownable, IRegistry [
```

Description

In the registry contract, the ownable contract from Openzeppelin was imported but this contract was not used at all. There were no special functions on which the onlyOwner modifier from Ownable contract was attached to. Rather, these special functions are meant to be called by the Factory contract and this was handled with the onlyFactory modifier.

Recommendation

Remove unused libraries if not needed within the code implementation.

Status

Acknowledged

2. Double import of an interface in a contract

Path

LoanExecutor.sol

```
import {ILoan} from "../interfaces/ILoan.sol"; //@audit-issue imported twice
import {SafeERC20} from "@openzeppelin/contracts/token/ERC20/utils/SafeERC20.sol";
import {IERC20Decimals} from "../interfaces/IERC20Decimals.sol";
import {Errors} from "../libraries/Errors.sol";
import {IRouter, ISwapRouter} from "../interfaces/IRouter.sol";
import {ILoanTaker} from "../interfaces/ILoanTaker.sol";
import {IRegistry} from "../interfaces/IRegistry.sol";
import {ISwapper} from "../interfaces/ISwapper.sol";
import {ILoan} from "../interfaces/ILoan.sol";
```

Description

The ILoan interface was imported twice in the LoanEexcutor contract.



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Recommendation

Maintain using one of the ILoan interfaces.

Status

Acknowledged

3. Floating Solidity Version

Path

LoanExecutor.sol, Registry.sol, Factory.sol, Loan.sol, Lendersvault.sol

pragma solidity ^0.8.19;

Description

Contract has a floating solidity pragma version, ^0.8.19. This is present also in inherited contracts. Locking the pragma helps to ensure that the contract does not accidentally get deployed using, for example, an outdated compiler version that might introduce bugs that affect the contract system negatively. The recent solidity pragma version also possesses its own unique bugs.

Recommendation

Making the contract use a stable solidity pragma version prevents bugs occurrence that could be ushered in by prospective versions. It is recommended, therefore, to use a fixed solidity pragma version while deploying to avoid deployment with versions that could expose the contract to attack.

Status

Acknowledged

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Tests Performed

- X Test to check if attacker can steal amount via fake loan
- X Test to check if it is possible to repay lowest wei amount
- X Test if user is able to create loan while contract is paused
- X Test if flashswap can get locked
- ✓ Test to check interest rate change over period of time
- X Test to check if delegatecall can be performed
- X Test that the borrower halts the provision of collateral when getting loans
- Test reverts when borrowers don't get matched



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Automated Tests

No major issues were found. Some false positive errors were reported by the tools. All the other issues have been categorized above according to their level of severity.

Closing Summary

In this report, we have considered the security of the Methlab's codebase. We performed our audit according to the procedure described above.

Some issues of informational severity were found, Some suggestions and best practices are also provided in order to improve the code quality and security posture.

Disclaimer

QuillAudits Smart contract security audit provides services to help identify and mitigate potential security risks in Methlab smart contracts. However, it is important to understand that no security audit can guarantee complete protection against all possible security threats. QuillAudits audit reports are based on the information provided to us at the time of the audit, and we cannot guarantee the accuracy or completeness of this information. Additionally, the security landscape is constantly evolving, and new security threats may emerge after the audit has been completed.

Therefore, it is recommended that multiple audits and bug bounty programs be conducted to ensure the ongoing security of Methlab smart contracts. One audit is not enough to guarantee complete protection against all possible security threats. It is important to implement proper risk management strategies and stay vigilant in monitoring your smart contracts for potential security risks.

QuillAudits cannot be held liable for any security breaches or losses that may occur subsequent to and despite using our audit services. It is the responsibility of the Methlab to implement the recommendations provided in our audit reports and to take appropriate steps to mitigate potential security risks.

About QuillAudits

QuillAudits is a secure smart contracts audit platform designed by QuillHash Technologies. We are a team of dedicated blockchain security experts and smart contract auditors determined to ensure that Smart Contract-based Web3 projects can avail the latest and best security solutions to operate in a trustworthy and risk-free ecosystem.



850+Audits Completed



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