## 题目:

Given an array S of n integers, find three integers in S such that the sum is closest to a given number, target. Return the sum of the three integers. You may assume that each input would have exactly one solution.

For example, given array  $S = \{-1 \ 2 \ 1 \ -4\}$ , and target = 1.

The sum that is closest to the target is 2. (-1 + 2 + 1 = 2).

这条题目与 3Sum 类似,使用三指针法。唯一不同的是需要初始化一个result。把 res 初始化为最开头的三个数组元素的和。然后在每次移动指针后把计算结果与这个结果像比较,进而判断是否需要更新这个结果。待三个指针扫过所有的元素后,返回这个结果值即可。

## 伪代码:

```
res = nums[0] + nums[1] + nums[2]
移动指针 i, j, k
sum = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k]
if |sum-target| < |res - target|
res = sum
if sum == target
return res
else if sum < target
移动指针 j ++
else sum > target
移动指针 k--
```

return res

## 代码如下

```
def threeSumCloset(nums, target):

n = len(nums)
if n<3:
    return 0

nums.sort()

#initialize the result to be summary of the frist
res = nums[0] + nums[1] + nums[2]
for i in range(n-2):
    j = i + 1
    k = n - 1
    while j < k:
        sum = nums[i] + nums[j] + nums[k]
        if abs(sum - target) < abs(res - target):
        res = sum # update the result

if sum == target:
    return sum
    elif sum < target:
    j += 1
    else:
    k -= 1

return res</pre>
```