

Model Optimizations: Pruning



Model Optimization Use Cases

- **Reducing latency and cost** for inference for both cloud and edge devices (e.g. mobile, IoT)

Model Optimization Use Cases

- **Reducing latency and cost** for inference for both cloud and edge devices (e.g. mobile, IoT)
- **Deploying models on edge devices** with restrictions on processing, memory and/or power-consumption

Model Optimization Use Cases

- **Reducing latency and cost** for inference for both cloud and edge devices (e.g. mobile, IoT)
- **Deploying models on edge devices** with restrictions on processing, memory and/or power-consumption
- **Reducing payload size** for over-the-air model updates

Model Optimization Use Cases

- **Reducing latency and cost** for inference for both cloud and edge devices (e.g. mobile, IoT)
- **Deploying models on edge devices** with restrictions on processing, memory and/or power-consumption
- **Reducing payload size** for over-the-air model updates
- Enabling execution on hardware restricted-to or optimized-for fixed-point operations
- Optimizing models for special purpose hardware accelerators.

The MLOps Personas



ML
Engineer



ML
Researcher



Data
Scientist



Data
Engineer



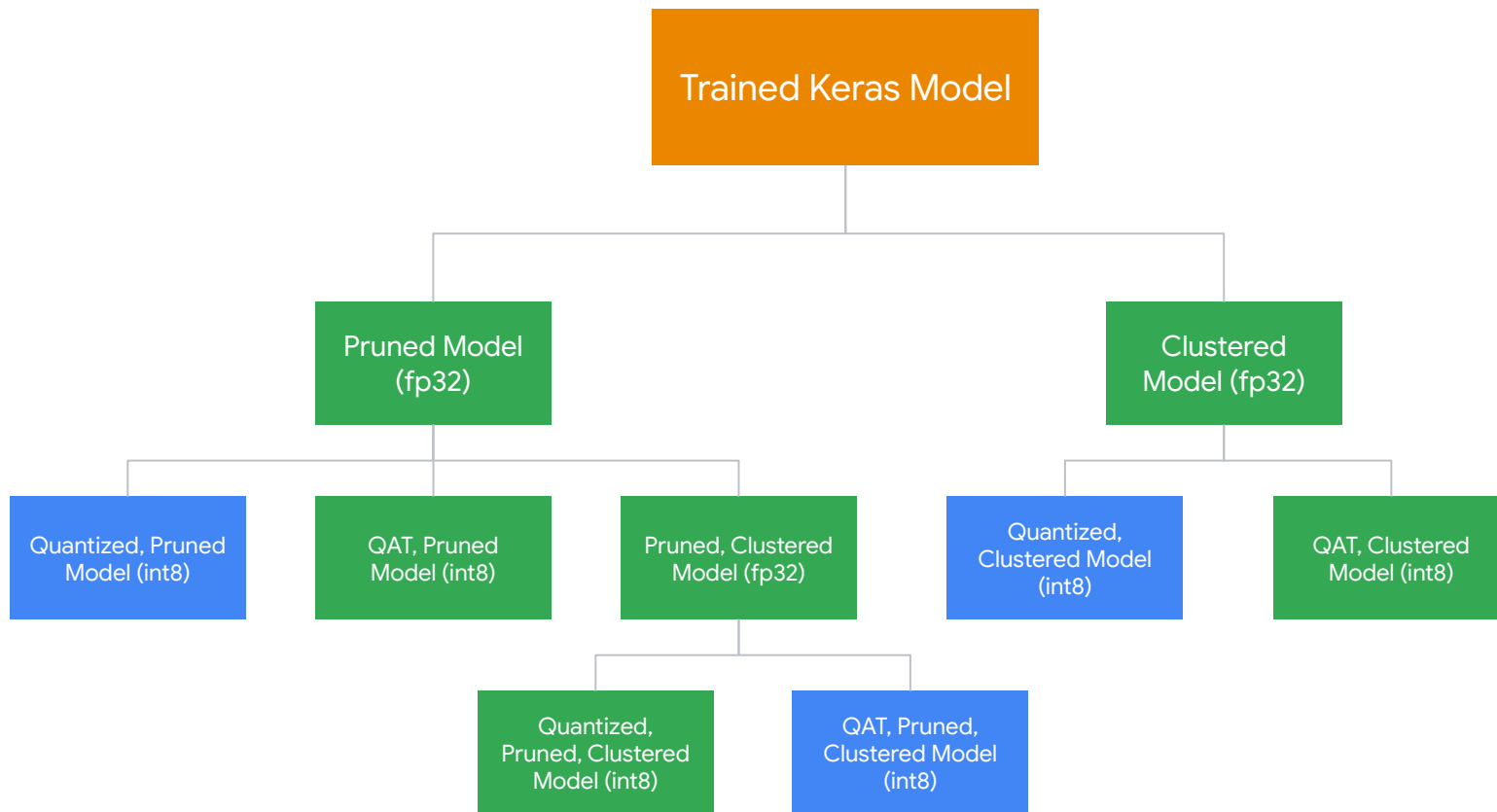
Software
Engineer

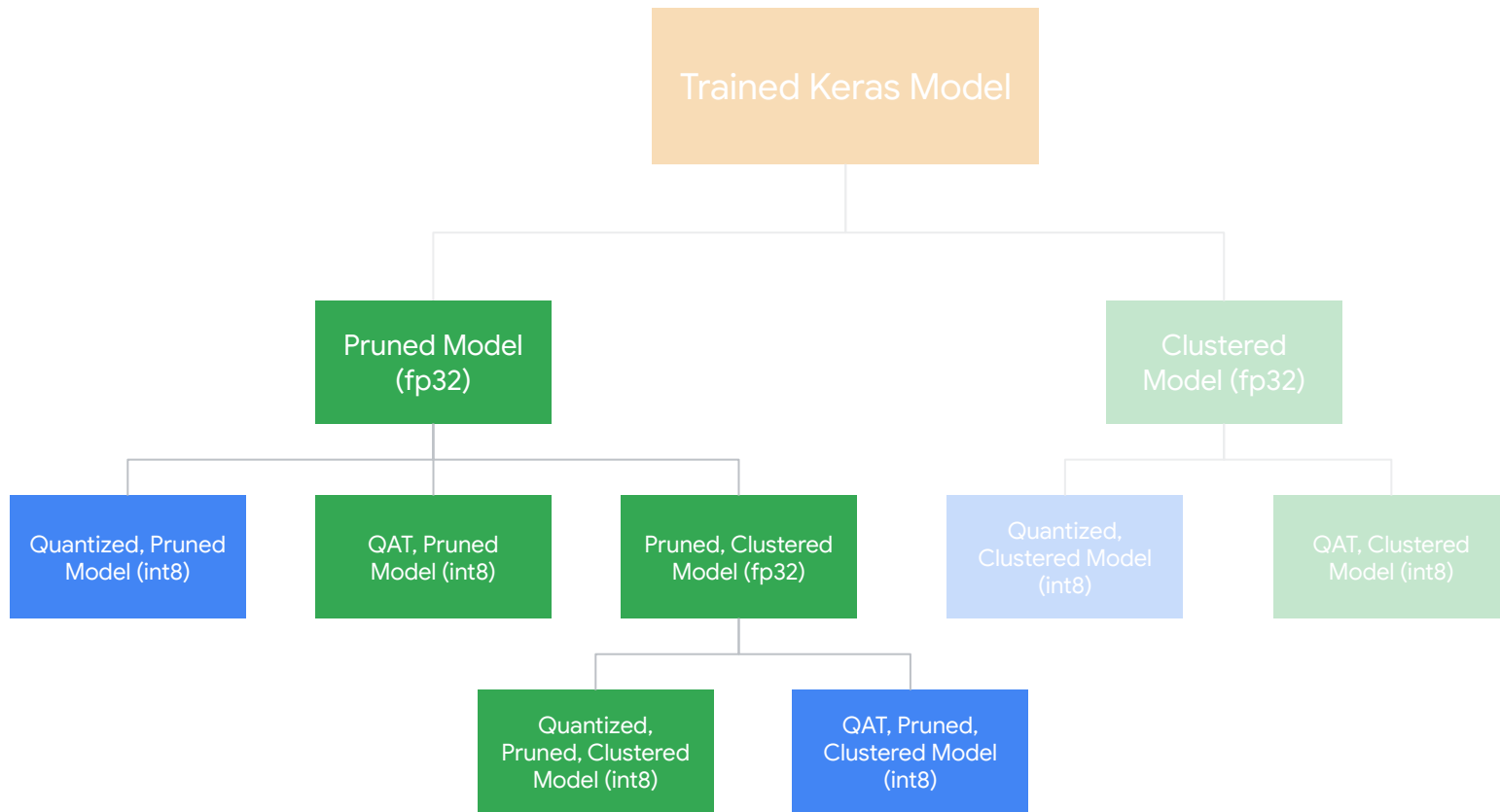


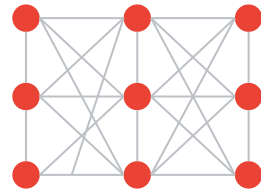
DevOps



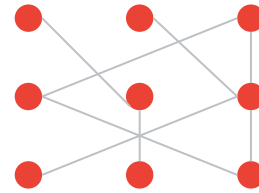
Business
Analyst



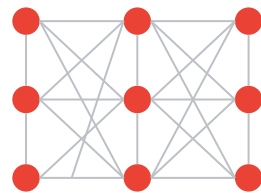




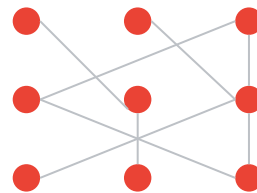
Dense



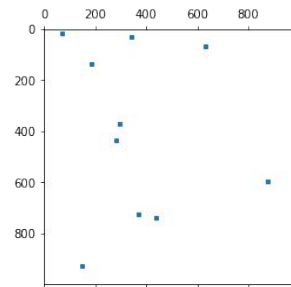
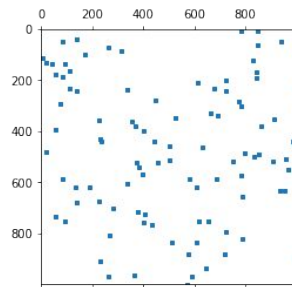
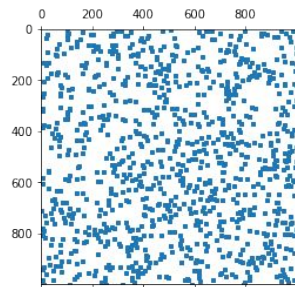
Sparse

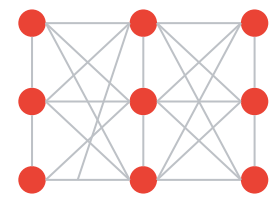


Dense

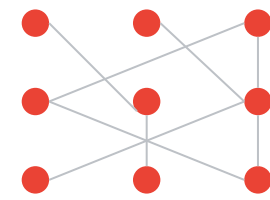


Sparse

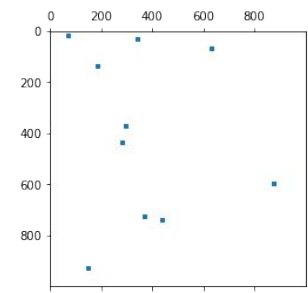
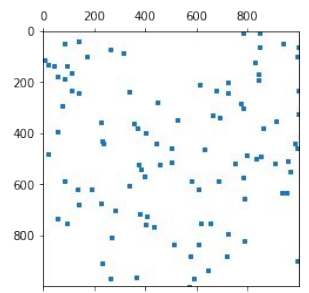
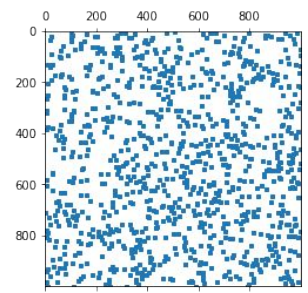




Dense



Sparse

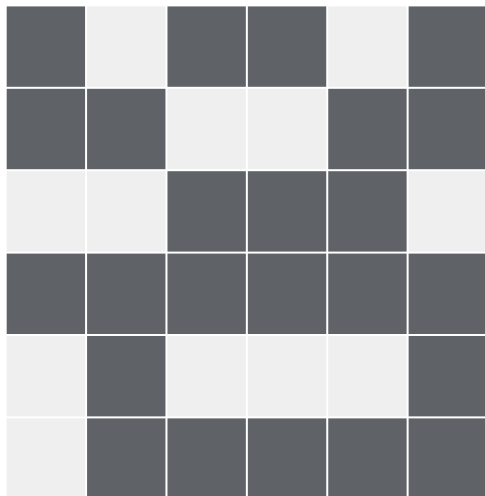


3	4	8
7	6	3
5	5	1

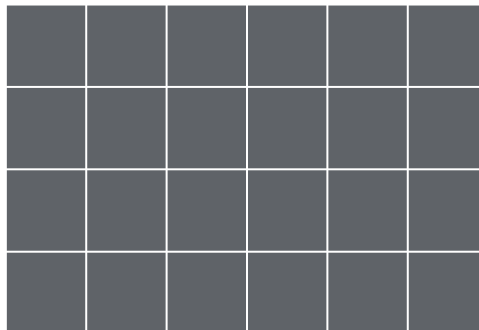
0	4	8
7	6	3
0	5	0

0	4	0
7	0	3
0	5	0

Sparse



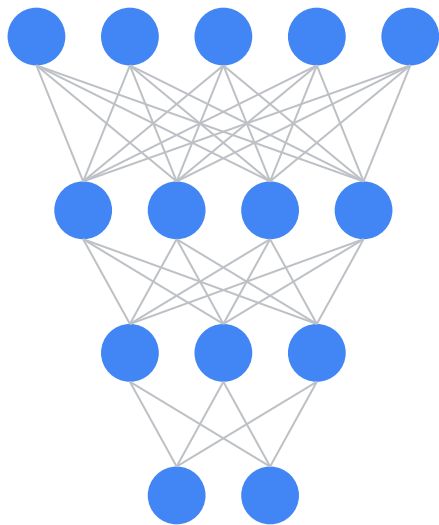
Packed



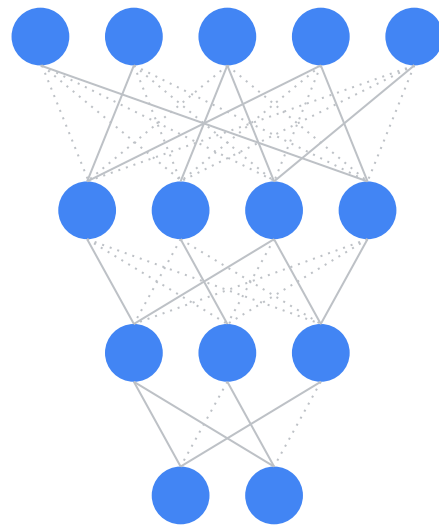
CPU

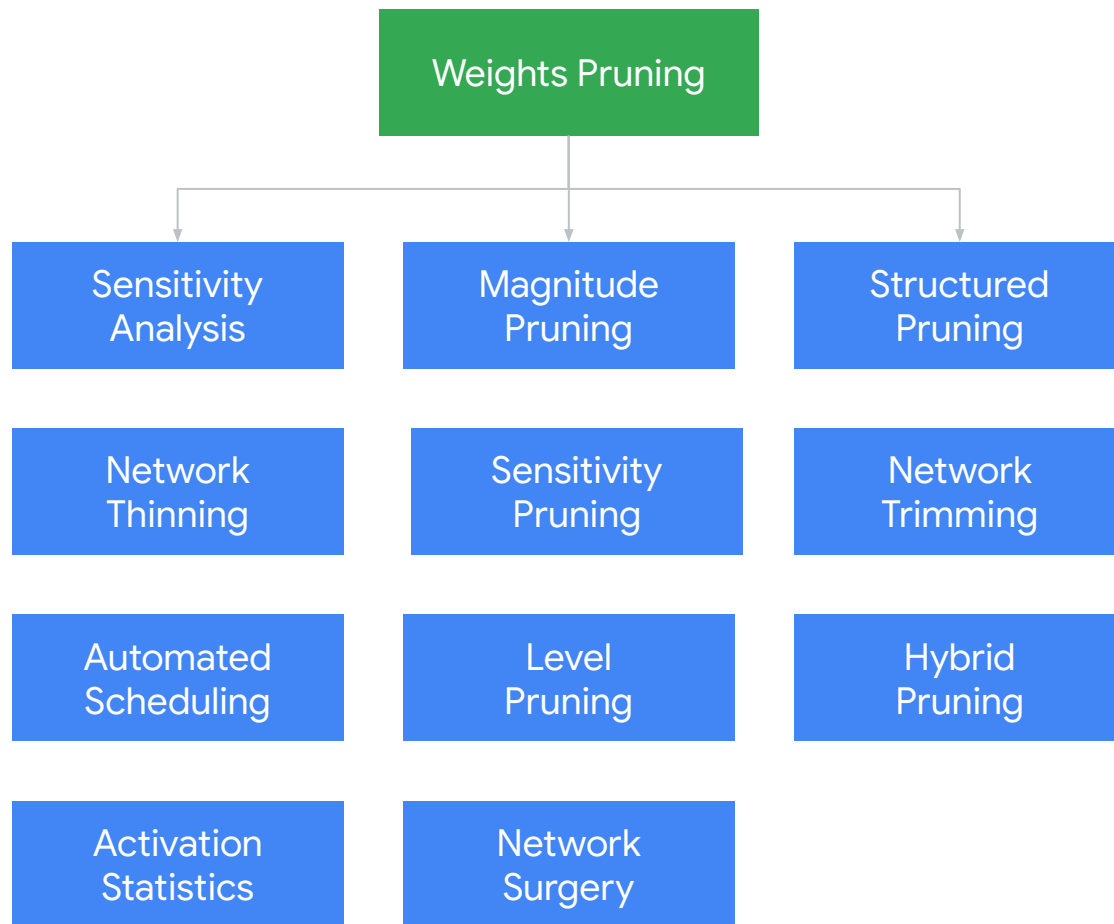
2X Faster Execution

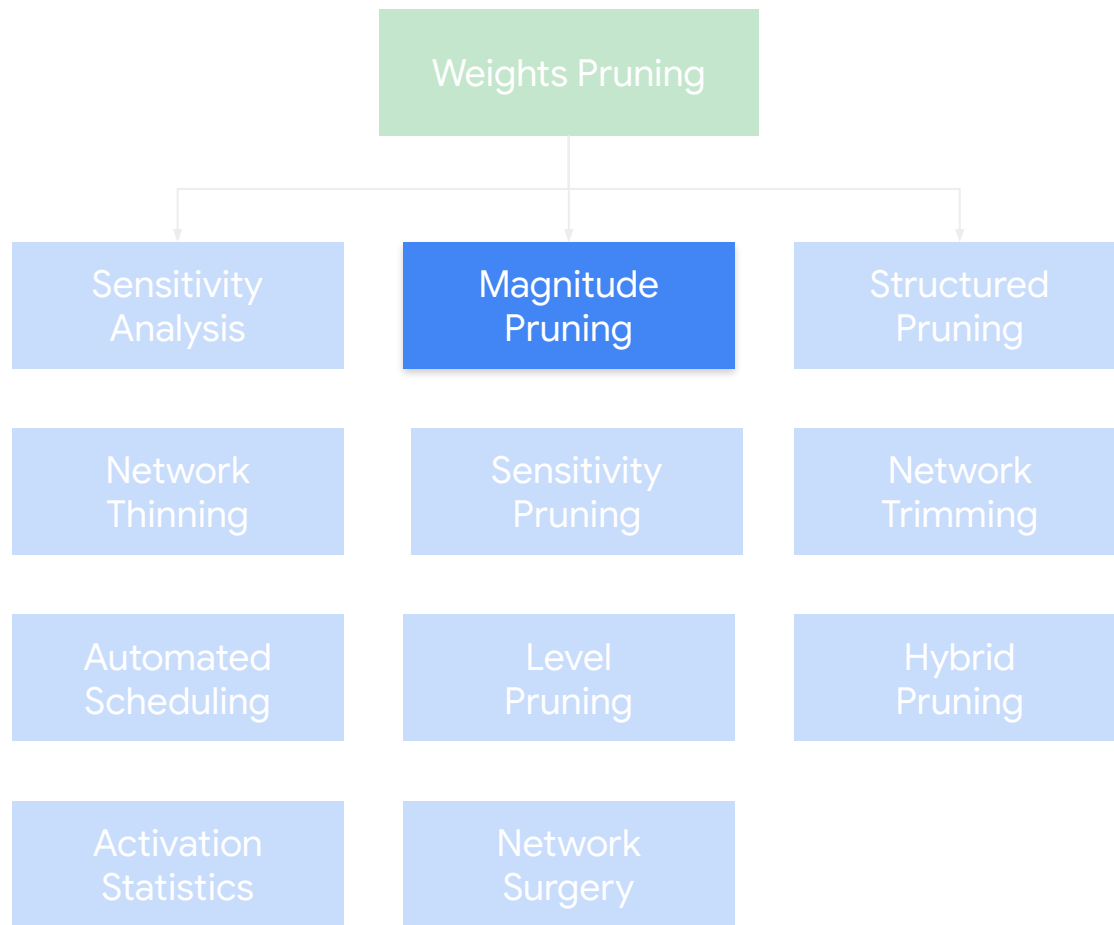
Pruning



**PRUNING
SYNAPSES**







Magnitude Pruning

- Sparse models are **easier to compress**

$$thresh(w_i) = \begin{cases} w_i & : \text{if } |w_i| > \lambda \\ 0 & : \text{if } |w_i| \leq \lambda \end{cases}$$

Magnitude Pruning

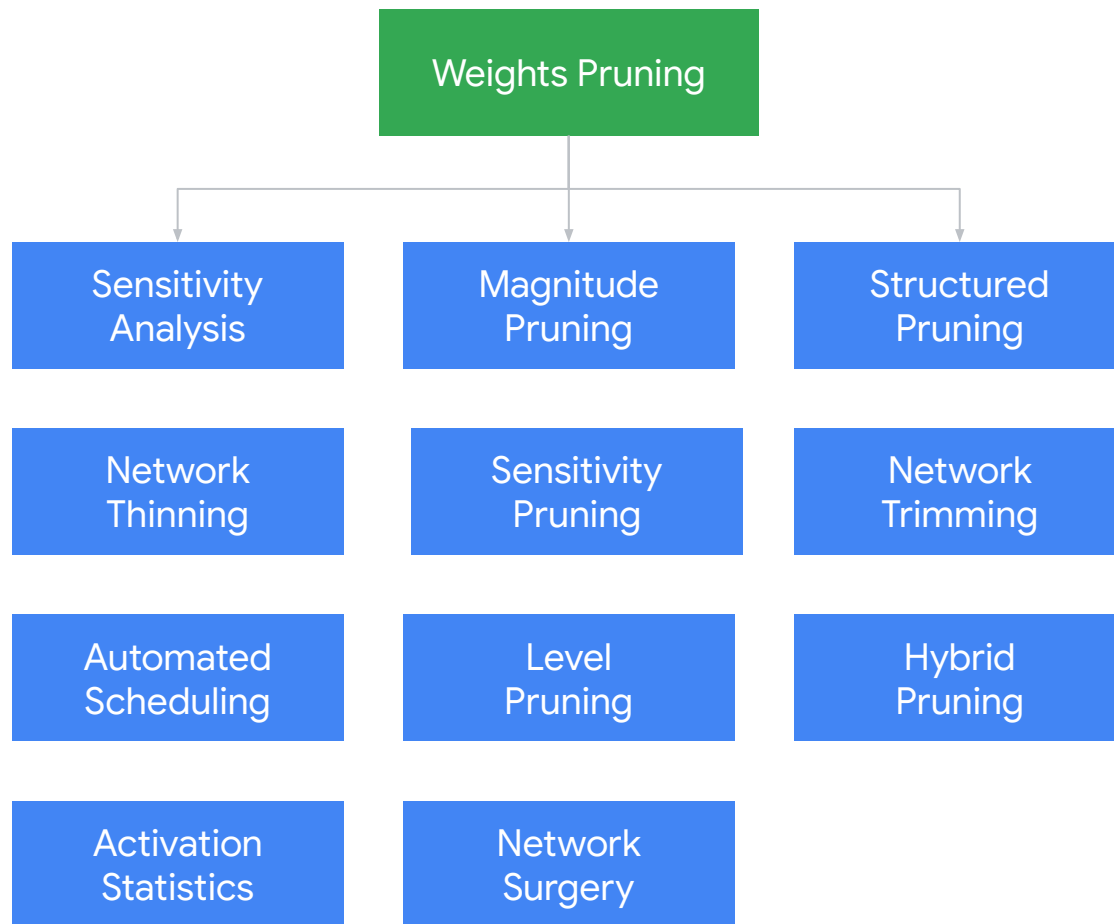
- Sparse models are **easier to compress**
- We can **skip the zeroes during inference** for latency improvements

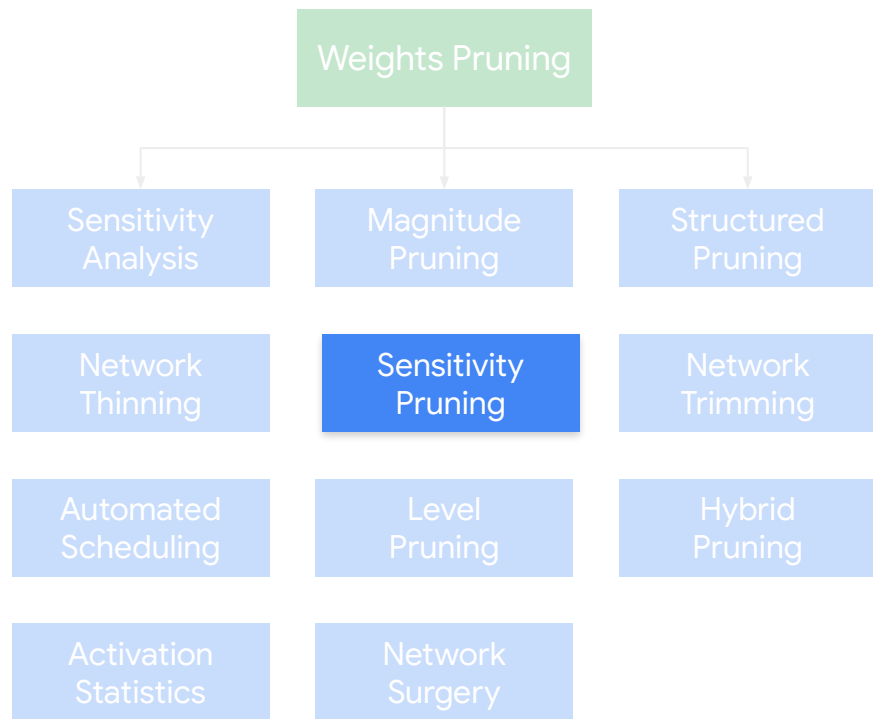
$$thresh(w_i) = \left\{ \begin{array}{ll} w_i & : \text{if } |w_i| > \lambda \\ 0 & : \text{if } |w_i| \leq \lambda \end{array} \right\}$$

Magnitude Pruning

- Sparse models are **easier to compress**
- We can **skip the zeroes during inference** for latency improvements
- Up to **6x improvement**

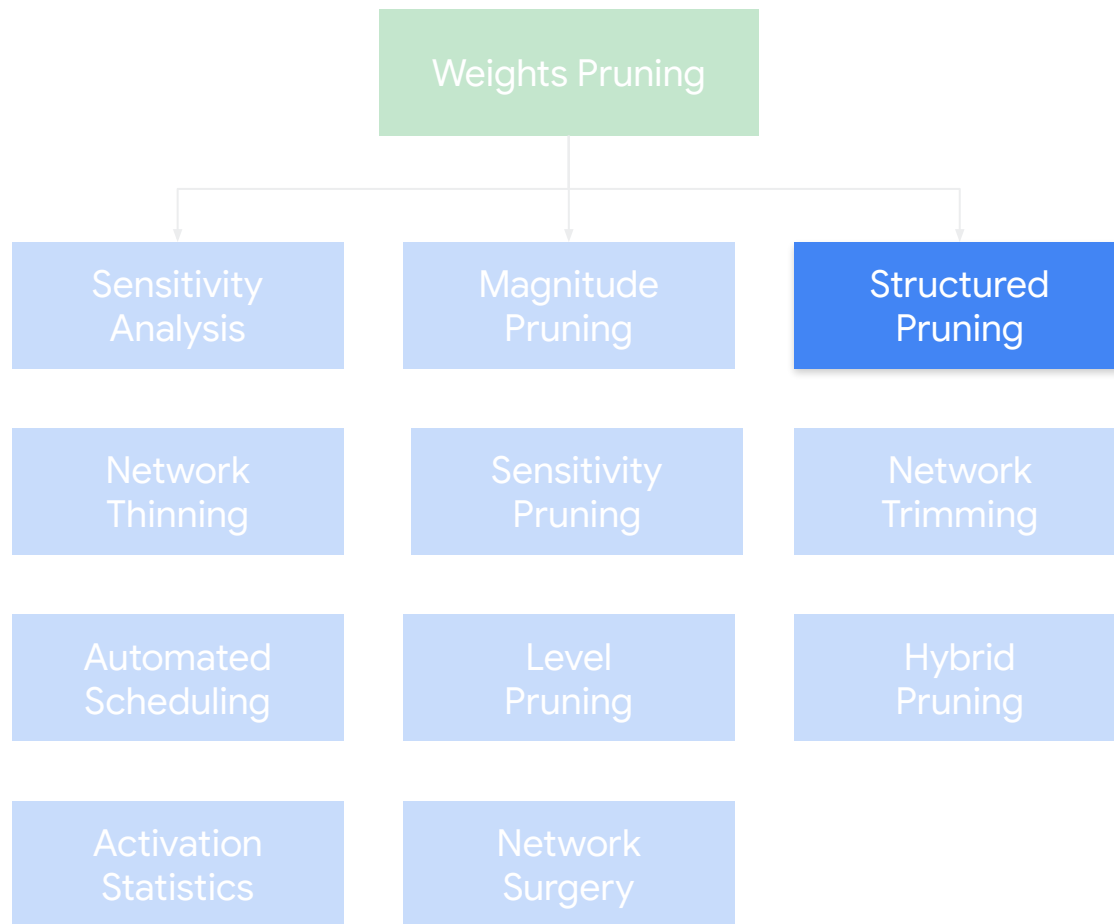
$$thresh(w_i) = \begin{cases} w_i : & \text{if } |w_i| > \lambda \\ 0 : & \text{if } |w_i| \leq \lambda \end{cases}$$



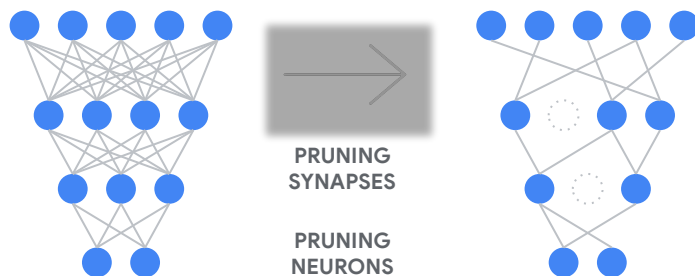


$$thresh(w_i) = \begin{cases} w_i & \text{if } |w_i| > \lambda \\ 0 & \text{if } |w_i| \leq \lambda \end{cases}$$

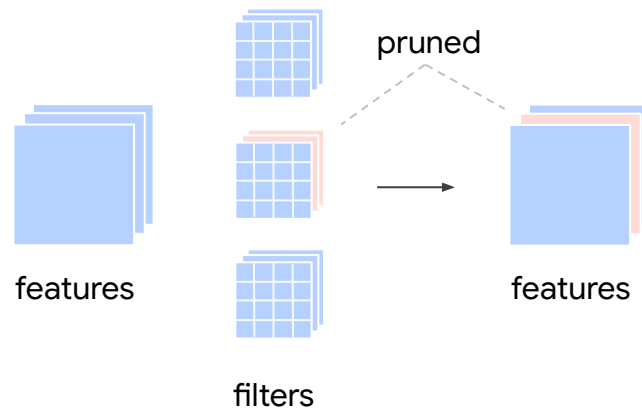
$\lambda = s * \sigma_l$ where σ_l is the std of layer l as measured on the dense model



Unstructured Pruning



Structured Pruning

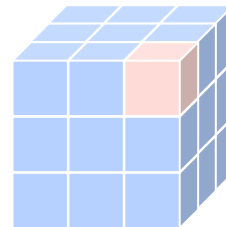
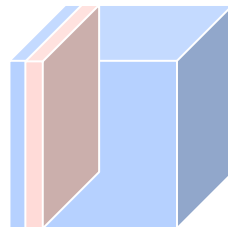
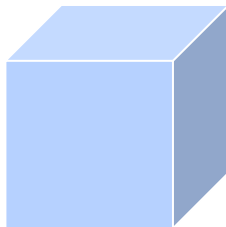


Filter Pruning

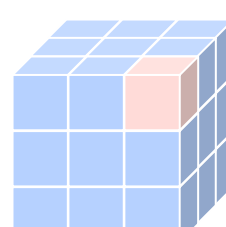
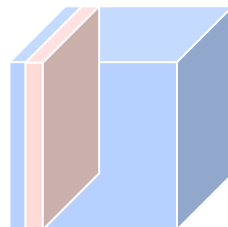
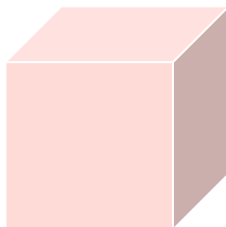
Channel Pruning

Filter Shape Pruning

Filter 1



Filter 2



Filter i

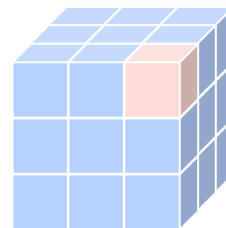
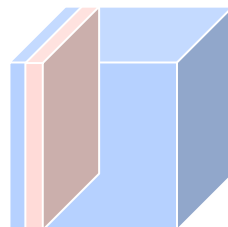
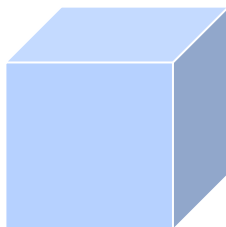


Image Classification

Model	Non-sparse Top-1 Accuracy	Sparse Accuracy	Sparsity
InceptionV3	78.1%	78.0%	50%
		76.1%	75%
		74.6%	87.5%
MobilenetV1 224	71.04%	70.84%	50%
The models were tested on Imagenet.			

Language Translation

Model	Non-sparse BLEU	Sparse BLEU	Sparsity
GNMT EN-DE	26.77	26.86	80%
		26.52	85%
		26.19	90%
GNMT DE-EN	29.47	29.50	80%
		29.24	85%
		28.81	90%

Keyword Spotting

Model	Non-sparse Accuracy	Structured Sparse Accuracy (2 by 4 pattern)	Random Sparse Accuracy (target sparsity 50%)
DS-CNN-L	95.23	94.33	94.84

