

Differences between LXI 1.5 and LXI 1.6 - 2022



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Use the connection you already know!

LXI 1.6 in Summary

- Updated Device Spec
 - Incorporated the Clarification Document
 - Rule to support HTTPS Web server
 - Permission to still support HTTP if required
 - New URL alias: <hostname>/lxi to get to LXI Welcome Page
 - Enable/disable mDNS
 - Permission to have a blank password is now deprecated
- New Extended Functions
 - Security (see slides later on)
 - API (see later slides)



Extended Functions – no changes

- No changes to these Extended functions
 - Eventlog
 - Event Messaging
 - Timestamped Data
 - Wired Trigger Bus
 - VXI-11
 - Clock Synchronization
 - Still requires at a minimum IEEE1588-2008(v2) and not IEEE1588-2019 (v2.1)



Extended Functions – minor changes

HiSLIP

- Implement IVI HiSLIP 2.0 instead of 1.1
 - IVI HiSLIP 2.0 added rules for TLS and authenticated connections, but they are optional
 - Therefore, LXI HiSLIP does not require them either
 - If you implement the Security Extended function, then you do need to support TLS and authenticated connections



Extended Functions - major Changes

IPv6

- LXI IPv6 written 10 years ago
 - greater adoption of IPv6 especially in US Gov
 - RFC's have changed numerous time
 - NIST maintains the NIST IPv6 Profile. A definitive list of all current RFC's pertaining to IPv6.
- IPv6 compliance rules vs. LXI IPv6 rules
- Recommendations Static IP and DHCPv6 are now rules
- Added rule to be able to enable/disable IPv4 or IPv6
- Enable/Disable Privacy Setting now becomes a rule
- Added rule that if you support any extended functions on IPv6 then they have to work on IPv6 as well. This was a recommendation previously. E.g Clock Sync, Event messaging.



Other Specifications

- Guide to LXI Documentation
 - List of all LXI specs with dates and versions for LXI 1.6
- LXI Example and Reference Material
 - The example screenshots of web pages, to show support for LXI 1.6,
 will be updated when the Reference Design gets released



LXI 1.6 Schedule

- LXI 1.6 Standard Schedule
 - 2/28/22: LXI Board approval to start the 45-day formal review process
 - 3/4/22: Start formal 45-day review process
 - 4/25/22: Review process complete, conduct voting member LXI 1.6 Standard approval vote
 - 5/9/22: Member voting complete; LXI Board LXI 1.6 Standard approval vote
- LXI 1.6 Reference Design Schedule
 - 2/25/22: Updated LXI Reference Design alpha version
 - 3/31/22: Code complete LXI 1.6 Reference Design
 - 6/30/22: Final version with any updates identified with TSEP Kerberos testing LXI 1.6 compliant implementation
- LXI 1.6 Conformance Testing Using TSEP Kerberos Schedule
 - April 22: Start licensing of initial Kerberos LXI 1.6 updates
 - 6/30/22: Full conformance tests complete / released (LXI 1.6 Device, HiSLIP, IPv6, Security, API, all existing Extended Functions (not WTB))



LXI SharePoint / Notebook

- All 1.6 specs are here
 - LXI Website
 - https://lxistandard.org/Specifications/Specification2022.aspx
 - LXI SharePoint:
 - https://lxistandard.sharepoint.com/:f:/r/Shared%20Documents/Technical%20Co mmittee/Specifications/Under%20Construction/v1.6/Standard/Review/Specs?csf =1&web=1&e=yYirUh

- Detailed Summary of Spec Changes in LXI Notebook:
 - Changes from 1.5 to 1.6 (Web view)





Customer Updates 2021-10-14



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Use the connection you already know!

Purpose of IVI/LXI Security

- Establish response to strong customer request for security
 - Including practical requirement for interoperability
- Establish a security baseline that customers can reference
- Setup an LXI CA to sign IDevIDs
- Companies working together to understand customer needs
- Security is Complex:
 - 213(API)+17(Security) RULES
 - Device spec: 75 rules



Status

- LXI has completed a "stable" draft of the LXI Security and LXI API extended functions
 - Will wait for completion of a trial implementation to ballot
 - Doing some rework of LXI IPv6 requirements, will impact the schema
- IVI has completed a first draft of VISA-C to support security
 - Impacts Drivers, since they only require secure address string
- IVI support for VISA.NET/VISA-COM drafts are ready for ballot



LXI Security Standard Provisions

- HTTPS (which will be required in LXI Device specification 1.6)
- SCPI must provide a secure connection
 - HiSLIP
 - Raw SCPI over TLS, Telnet in scope of specification
- Optional Client Authentication
- Flexible Configuration via REST API
 - Device configuration needed for security
 - Client credentials to the device
 - Manage the device credentials (certificates)



LXI Authentication

- Device authentication using IDevID or LDevID
 - IDevID
 - LXI has a CA and will sign certificates for members
 - Devices may self-sign, or use other CAs
 - LDevID
 - Standard provisioning and management of LDevID with REST API
- Client authentication using either:
 - Username and Password
 - Fingerprinted certificates
 - Certificates authenticated based on a root certificate



LXI Authorization

- Authorization only provided for the API
 - No concept of certain instrument users can access certain functions
 - Generally, users only need to be authenticated
- API KEY
 - Client provides a shared secret key with every API call
- Username/Password
 - The client user list includes a tag of API-authorized users
 - Utilizes HTTPS security scheme to pass username and password



LXI Configuration API

- The API is currently just for security, may be extended
- Common Configuration
 - Single document with:
 - Device configuration
 - Client credentials
 - Goal to permit same Common Configuration for all devices in a system
- Device-specific/Automatic Configuration
 - Basic network parameters (DNS,DHCP, addresses, SLAAC, etc)
- General read/write support
 - Get capability information on a read



Protocol Configuration

```
<Interface name="lxi" enabled="true" insecureMode="true" LXIConformant=""</pre>
        otherInsecureProtocolsEnabled="true">
    <Network>
        <IPv4 enabled="true" DHCPEnabled="true" autoIPEnabled="true" dynamicDNSEnabled="true" />
        <IPv6 enabled="true" DHCPEnabled="true" dynamicDNSEnabled="true"</pre>
                mDNSEnabled="true" pingEnabled="true" prefix="123"
                privacyModeEnabled="true" SLAACEnabled="true" />
    </Network>
    <HTTP operation="enable" port="80" />
    <HTTPS clientAuthenticationRequired="true" port="443">
        <Basic enabled="false" />
        <Digest enabled="true"/>
        <Service name="LXIAPI" enabled="true" />
    </HTTPS>
    <SCPIRaw enabled="true" port="5025" />
    <Telnet enabled="true" clientAuthenticationRequired="false" port="5024" TLSRequired="true"/>
   <SCPITLS port="5026" capability="99" clientAuthenticationRequired="true" enabled="true" />
    <HiSLIP enabled="true" port="4880" encryptionMandatory="true" mustStartEncrypted="true">
        <ClientAuthenticationMechanisms>
            <PLAIN enabled="true"></PLAIN>
            <SCRAM enabled="true"></SCRAM>
            <MTLS enabled="true"></MTLS>
        </ClientAuthenticationMechanisms>
   </HiSLIP>
   <VXI11 enabled="true" />
</Interface>
```

Client Credentials

```
<ClientAuthentication>
        <ClientCredential APIAccess="true" password="secret" user="Suzie"/>
        <ClientCredential APIAccess="false" password="supersecret" user="Billy"/>
        <ClientCertAuthentication>
            <RootCertPEM>
                ----BEGIN CERTIFICATE----
                MIIEczCCA1ugAwIBAgIBADANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQQFAD..AkGA1UEBhMCR0Ix
                EzARBgNVBAgTC1NvbWUtU3RhdGUxFDASBgNVBAoTC0..0EgTHRkMTcwNQYD
                VQQLEy5DbGFzcyAxIFB1YmxpYyBQcmltYXJ5IENlcn..XRpb24gQXV0aG9y
                aXR5MRQwEgYDVQQDEwtCZXN0IENBIEx0ZDAeFw0wMD..TUwMTZaFw0wMTAy
                MDQxOTUwMTZaMIGHMQswCQYDVQQGEwJHQjETMBEGA1..29tZS1TdGF0ZTEU
                MBIGA1UEChMLQmVzdCBDQSBMdGQxNzA1BgNVBAsTLk..DEgUHVibGljIFBy
                aW1hcnkgO2VydG1maWNhdG1vbiBBdXRob3JpdHkxFD..AMTC0J1c3OgO0Eg
                THRkMIIBIjANBgkqhkiG9w0BAQEFAAOCAQ8AMIIBCg..Tz2mr7SZiAMfQyu
                AQH/MA@GCSqGSIb3DQEBBAUAA4IBAQC1uYBcsSncwA..DCsQer772C2ucpX
                xQUE/C0pWWm6gDkwd5D0DSMDJRqV/weoZ4wC6B73f5..bLhGYHaXJeSD6Kr
                XcoOwLdSaGmJYs1LKZB3ZIDEp0wYTGhgteb6JFiTtn..sf2xdrYfPCiIB7g
                BMAV7Gzdc4VspS6ljrAhbiiawdBiQlQmsBeFz9JkF4..b318BoGN+qMa56Y
                It8una2gY4120//on88r5IWJlm1L0oA8e4fR2yrBHX..adsGeFKkyNrwGi/
                7vQMfXdGsRrXNGRGnX+vWDZ3/zWI0joDtCkNngEpVn..HoX
                ----END CERTIFICATE----
            </RootCertPEM>
            <CertThumbprint hash="SHA-256" thumbPrint="4281B2V490b84a129weff08908fsdjfksljf" />
        </ClientCertAuthentication>
```

</ClientAuthentication>

LXI Certificate Management API

- Several conventional REST APIs to:
 - List certs
 - Delete a cert
 - Get a cert
 - Get a Certificate Signing Request, then Put signed certificate
 - Request the device generate a self-signed certificate
- No LXI requirement for SCEP or EST
 - EST seems the 'proper' well-written secure standard, but limited support in IT infrastructures
 - SCEP is commonly used, but implementations are a little divergent
 - Configuration, debug, and scalability all concerns
 - The API makes it practical for a client to integrate into any system



IVI Address for Drivers and VISA

The address string has decoration of "Credential Information"

```
TCPIP0::DevCredentials@192.168.1.0::INSTR
```

- Identifier includes how VISA:
 - Authenticates itself to the device
 - Authenticates the device
- Vendor-specific configuration completed outside of VISA
- Optional syntax permits credentials directly in string (vendor specific)
 - Contentious, some vendors refuse to implement (security concerns)
- Why do it this way?
 - Vendors utilize their own scheme to secure the credential information.
 - Vendors create their own applications software to collect and store credentials (difficult for consortium)



IVI Extensions for Security

- VISA-C with Address string updates, completed early 2021
 - Additional APIs to acquire device certificate and various fields
 - Address strings per previous slide
- VISA-COM, VISA.NET, minor changes, ready for ballot
- No changes identified for drivers only address strings needed



Future Priorities (Need Input!)

- Certificate Enrollment using standard protocols
 - Do we use EST, SCEP or something else?
 - What does a customer need to debug and configure?
- Port-based network access control
 - IEEE 802.1X and subsequent standards
 - How common is this in T&M systems? Is MAC registration adequate?
- More complete User Authorization solution
 - What users are allowed to do what?
- Participation in federated/SSO systems for user Authentication and Authorization
 - What systems to support? (MSFT Active Directory)
 - How to use information?

