Huffman

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Question 1

- ▶ *n* piles of stones are arranged around a playground. The stones are to be merged into **one pile** in order. 2 piles of stones can be merged into one pile. The merger cost is the sum of the two stones. The total cost is the sum of all intermediate results.
- \blacktriangleright Try to design an algorithm to calculate the maximum and minimum total cost of merging n piles of stones into one pile

Question 2

- ▶ n piles of stones are arranged around a playground. The stones are to be merged into **one pile** in order. At least 2 piles and at most k piles of stones can be merged into a new pile at a time. The merger cost is the sum of the merged stones. The total cost is the sum of all intermediate results.
- ightharpoonup Try to design an algorithm to calculate the maximum and minimum total cost of merging n piles of stones into one pile.

minimum total cost

```
if (n \% (k-1) <> 1){
Fill in (k-n \% (k-1)) zeros
}
```

Huffman algorithm, each time merge k small piles of stones