

DISTRIBUTED AND CLOUD COMPUTING

LAB14 KUBERNETES



WHAT CAN KUBERNETES DO?

- With modern web services, users expect applications to be available 24/7, and developers expect to deploy new versions of those applications several times a day.
- Containerization helps package software to serve these goals, enabling applications to be released and updated without downtime.
- Kubernetes helps you make sure those containerized applications run where and when you want, and helps them find the resources and tools they need to work. Kubernetes is a production-ready, open source container orchestration platform designed by Google.

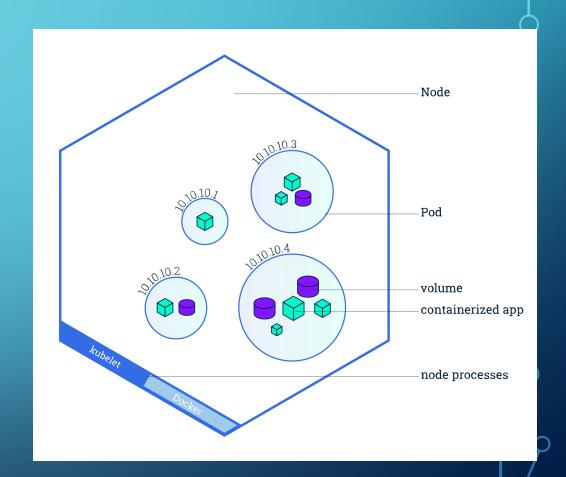


KUBERNETES

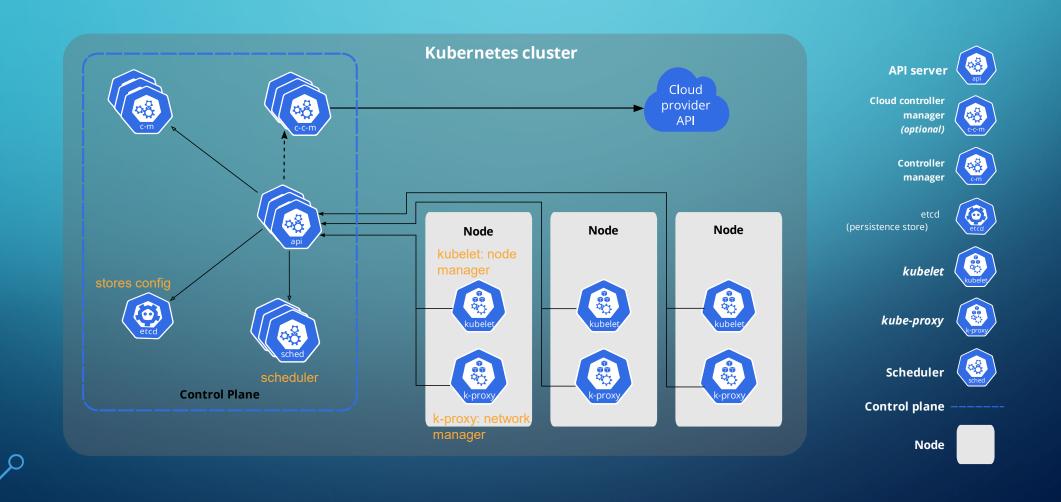
- Kubernetes, also known as k8s, is an open-source system for automating deployment, scaling, and management of containerized applications.
- Kubernetes supports:
 - Service discovery and load balancing
 - Storage management and scheduling
 - Automated bin packing
 - Self healing

TERMS

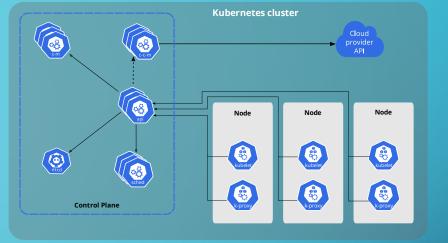
- Pod: Pods are the smallest deployable units of computing that you can create and manage in Kubernetes.
- Node: A physical machine or virtual machine
- Job: A Job creates one or more Pods and will continue to retry execution of the Pods until a specified number of them successfully terminate.



ARCHITECTURE



ARCHITECTURE



- manager
 (optional)

 Controller
 manager

 etcd
 (persistence store)

 kubelet

 kube-proxy

 Scheduler

 Control plane

 Node
- What k8s does: Place containers into pods, run pods on different nodes
- Management and control of cluster resources and jobs are managed by the Control Plane
- Node components: kubelet and kube-proxy

TRYING KUBERNETES ONLINE

https://kubernetes.io/docs/tutorials/kubernetes-basics/