```
b. X= { [1.5+2+2.5+3+3.5+1.5]= }
              S2====[
7. (x p(x)), p(x=k) = \begin{cases} \frac{x^k}{k!}e^{-\lambda}, & k>0 \end{cases}
           (1) f(x_1, x_2, \dots, x_n) = \prod_{i=1}^n f(x_i) = \prod_{i=1}^n p(x_i k) = \prod_{i=1}^n \frac{\lambda^k}{k!} e^{-\lambda} = \left(\frac{\lambda^k}{k!}\right)^n e^{-n\lambda}
             (2) E(\overline{X}) = \lambda \sum_{i=1}^{n} E(X_i) = \lambda, D(\overline{X}) = \lambda \sum_{i=1}^{n} D(X_i) = \lambda
                                  E(S_{n}^{2}) = E(\frac{1}{h} \sum_{i=1}^{h} X_{i}^{2} - X_{i}^{2}) = E(x_{i}^{2}) - E(X_{i}^{2}) = D(X_{i}) + [E(X_{i})]^{2} - D(X_{i}) - (E(X_{i}))^{2} = \lambda + \lambda^{2} - \frac{\lambda}{h} - \lambda^{2} - \frac{h}{h} \lambda
                                  E(S_n^{*2}) = E(\frac{n}{n!}S_n^2) = \lambda
 8. X;~N(0.62) : Xi~N(0,1)
                 U = \sum_{i=1}^{n} (X_i)^2 \sim \chi_{(n)}^2 \qquad V = \sum_{i=n}^{n+m} (X_i)^2 \sim \chi_{(m)}^2
              F = \frac{m \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i^2}{n \sum_{i=1}^{n} X_i^2} = \frac{U/n}{U/m} \sim F(n,m)
    9. X,~N(µ, 62), X,~N(µ, 52), X,-X2~N(0.262)
                 P(|\overline{X}_1 - \overline{X}_2| > 6) = 0.0) \Rightarrow P(-6 \leq \overline{X}_1 - \overline{X}_2 \leq 6) = 0.99
          \Rightarrow P(\frac{-6}{126^2} \le \frac{x_1 - x_2}{126^2} \le \frac{6}{126^2}) = P(-\frac{x_1 - x_2}{126^2} \le \frac{x_1 - x_2}{126^2} \le \frac{x_1
           \Rightarrow \Phi(\cancel{E}) -\Phi(-\cancel{E}) = 0.99 \Rightarrow \Phi(\cancel{E}) = 0.995
 (0. \times N | \mu, \frac{6^2}{n}), \frac{n S_n^2}{6} \sim \chi^2 (n-1)
                 Xn+1- \(\tau_N(0, (1+\frac{1}{h})6^2), \(\frac{\text{Xn+1}-\text{X}}{\text{Jn+1}} \) \(\text{N(0, 1)}\)
                T = \frac{\langle x_{n+1} - \overline{x} \rangle / \langle \overline{n}^{-1} \rangle}{\langle x_{n+1} - \overline{x} \rangle / \langle \overline{n}^{-1} \rangle} \sim t(n-1)
  11. \frac{4}{2} \chi_i \sim N(0, 46^2) \Rightarrow \frac{4}{121} \chi_i \sim N(0, 1)
                    ZXi~ X(6)
                                                                                                                                                                                                                      老丫~ t,见260=1=) 0=726
                     Y = a \frac{4}{121} = 7260 \frac{4}{121} \times 1/26
```