$I. \ge Y = X_{i+1} - X_i \sim N(0, 26^2)$   $E(Y^2) = \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} y^2 \int_{-\sqrt{2}6}^{+\infty} dy = \int_{-26\pi}^{+\infty} \left( \left[ -26^2 y e^{\frac{1}{46^2}} \right]_{-\infty}^{+\infty} + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} 26^2 e^{\frac{1}{46^2}} dy \right) = \int_{-\pi}^{+\infty} \left[ e^{-\frac{1}{46^2}} dy \right]_{-\infty}^{+\infty} + \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} 26^2 e^{\frac{1}{46^2}} dy$  $2m = \frac{y}{26}$ ,  $M = (Y^2) = \frac{1}{2\sqrt{7}} \int_{-10}^{+100} e^{-m^2} dm$  $\int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-m^2} dm = \frac{1}{2} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-(m^2 + n^2)} dm dn$   $= \int_{-\infty}^{2} m - \rho \cos \theta, n - \rho \sin \theta, n \sin \theta = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \int_{-\infty}^{+\infty} e^{-\rho^2} d\rho d\theta = \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} \left[ -e^{-\rho^2} \right]_{0}^{+\infty} d\theta = 2\pi$ :E(Y2)= 東·22-5元 无偏伤计:  $E(\hat{6}^2) = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} E(X_{i+1} - X_i)^2 = \frac{1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} E(Y^2) = \frac{n-1}{k} \sum_{i=1}^{n-1} Z_i = 6^2 \implies k = \frac{1}{k} (n-1)$ 2 E(Y) = a E(x) + b E(x)