

[CS304] Lab06 Maven

Part 1 Maven Introduction

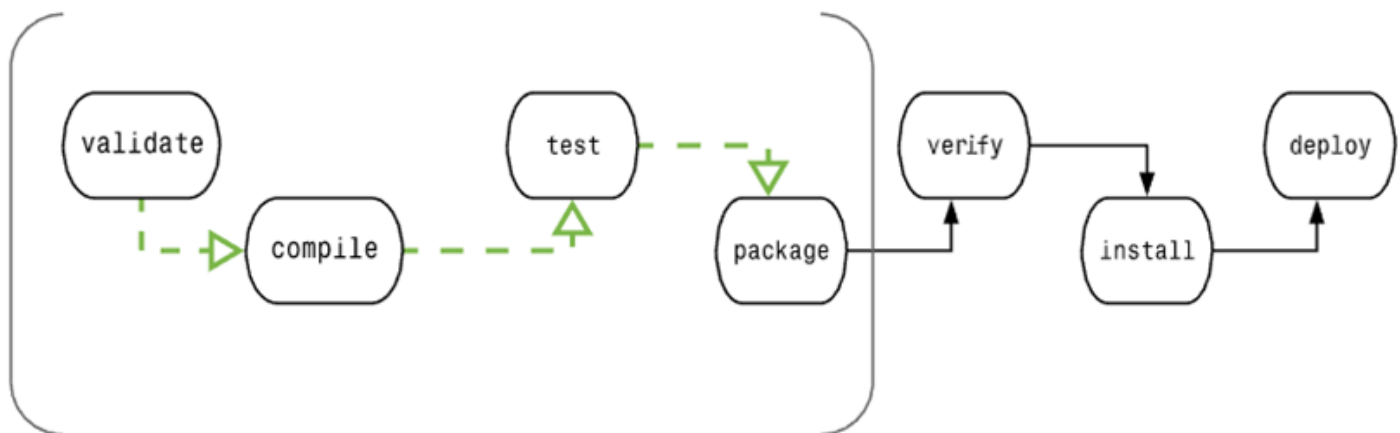
Maven is a software project management and comprehension tool, can be used for building and managing any Java-based project. Based on the concept of a project object model (POM), Maven can manage a project's build, reporting and documentation from a central piece of information.

Maven deals with several areas of concern:

1. Making the build process easy
2. Providing a uniform build system
3. Providing quality project information
4. Encouraging better development practices
5. Making the build process easy

A Build Lifecycle is Made Up of Phases.

Each of these build lifecycles is defined by a different list of build phases, wherein a build phase represents a stage in the lifecycle.



When the default lifecycle is used, Maven will first validate the project, then will try to compile the sources, run those against the tests, package the binaries (e.g. jar), run integration tests against that package, verify the integration tests, install the verified package to the local repository, then deploy the installed package to a remote repository.

For example, the default lifecycle comprises of the following phases:

validate - validate the project is correct and all necessary information is available
compile - compile the source code of the project
test - test the compiled source code using a suitable unit testing framework. These tests should not require the code be packaged or deployed
package - take the compiled code and package it in its distributable format, such as a JAR.
verify - run any checks on results of integration tests to ensure quality criteria are met
install - install the package into the local repository, for use as a dependency in other projects locally
deploy - done in the build environment, copies the final package to the remote repository for sharing with other developers and projects.

These lifecycle phases (plus the other lifecycle phases not shown here) are executed sequentially to complete the default lifecycle.

You can refer below for Maven:

<https://maven.apache.org/index.html>

Download and install(you can use command also):

URL:<https://maven.apache.org/download.cgi>

The screenshot shows the 'Files' section of the Maven download page. It includes a table with download links, checksums, and signatures for various Maven distributions. The 'apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.zip' link is highlighted with a red box. Below the table, there are links to release notes, documentation, and source code. The 'Previous Releases' section is also visible at the bottom of the screenshot.

	Link	Checksums	Signature
Binary tar.gz archive	apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.tar.gz	apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.tar.gz.sha512	apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.tar.gz.asc
Binary zip archive	apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.zip	apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.zip.sha512	apache-maven-3.9.0-bin.zip.asc
Source tar.gz archive	apache-maven-3.9.0-src.tar.gz	apache-maven-3.9.0-src.tar.gz.sha512	apache-maven-3.9.0-src.tar.gz.asc
Source zip archive	apache-maven-3.9.0-src.zip	apache-maven-3.9.0-src.zip.sha512	apache-maven-3.9.0-src.zip.asc

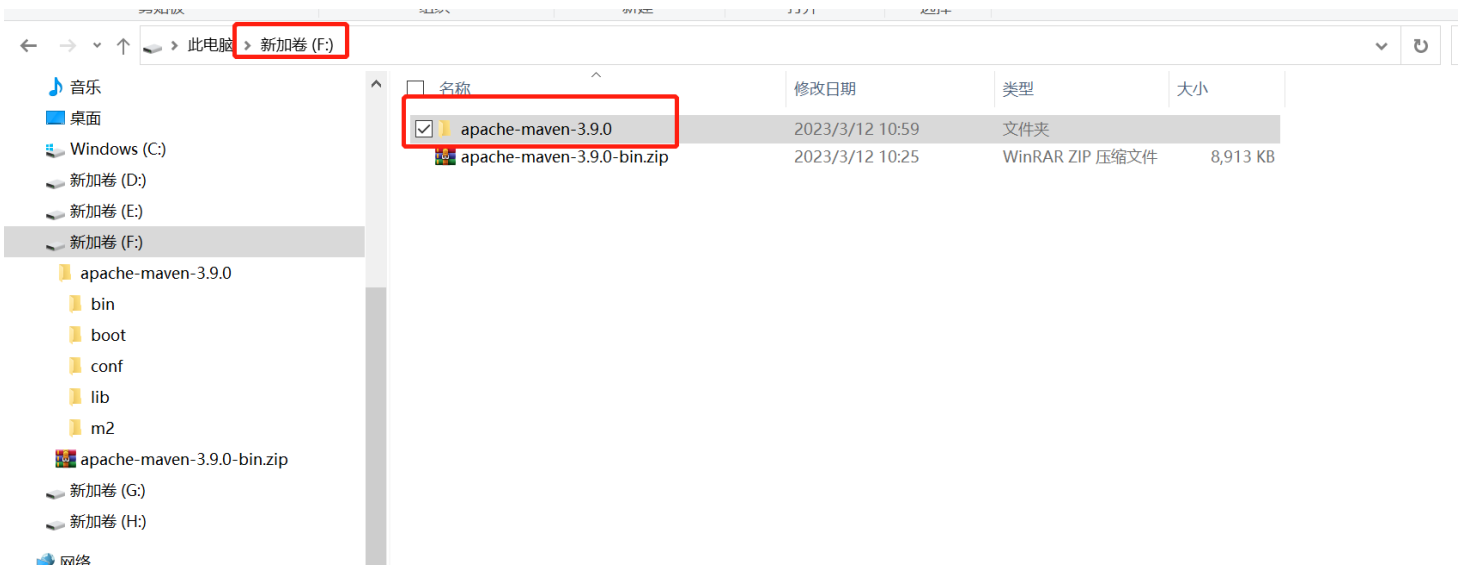
- Release Notes
- Reference Documentation
- Apache Maven Website As Documentation Archive
- All current release sources (plugins, shared libraries,...) available at <https://downloads.apache.org/maven/>
- latest source code from source repository
- Distributed under the [Apache License](#), version 2.0

Previous Releases

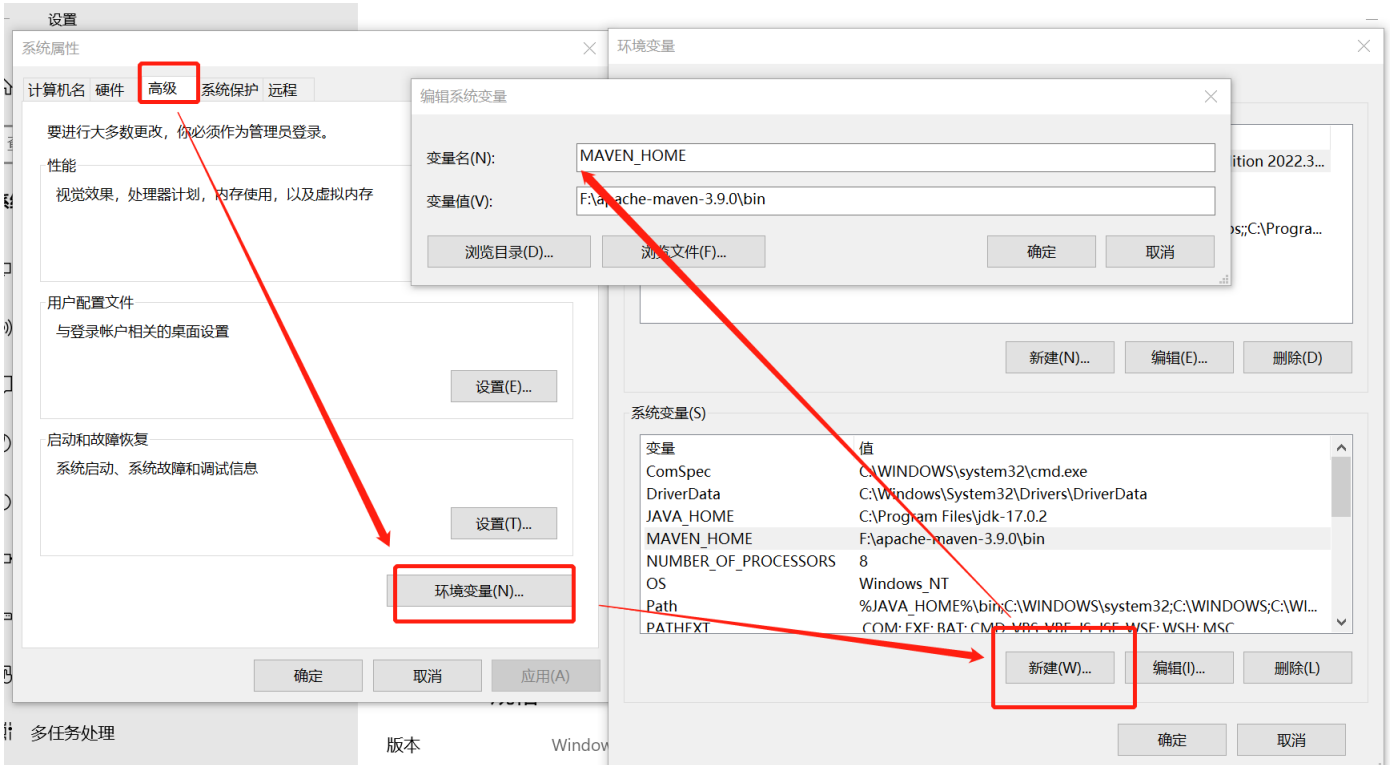
It is strongly recommended to use the latest release version of Apache Maven to take advantage of newest features and bug fixes.

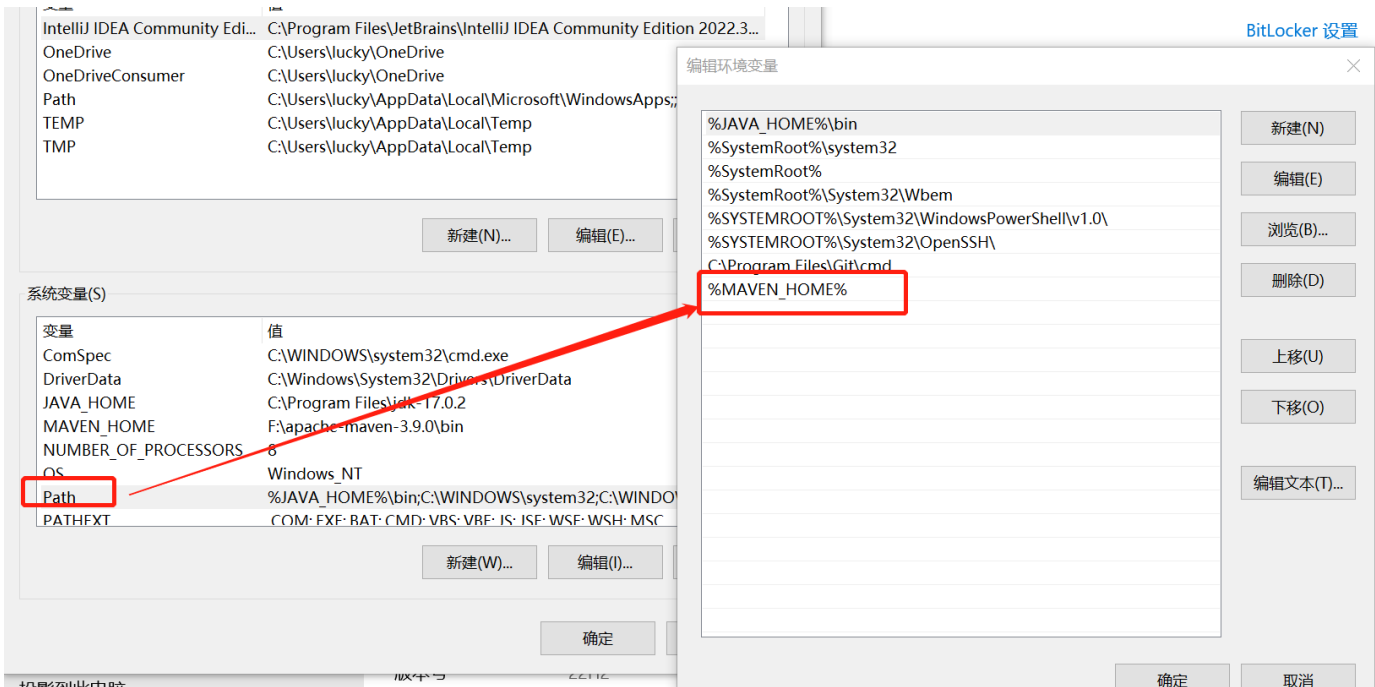
If you still want to use an old version you can find more information in the [Maven Releases History](#) and can download files from the [archives](#) for versions 3.0.4+ and

Extract distribution archive in any directory:



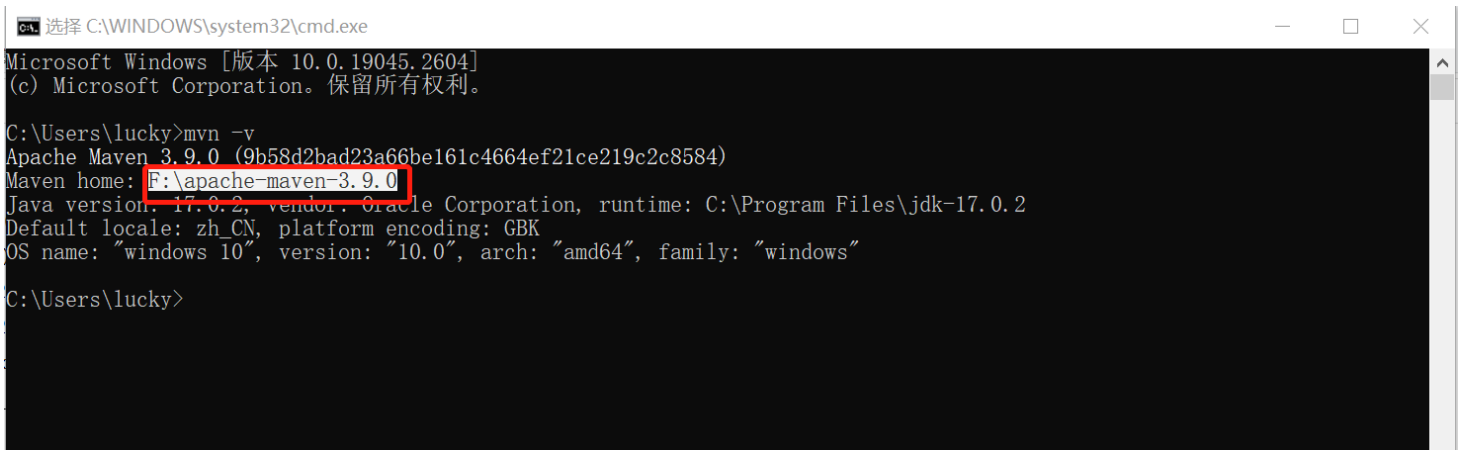
Config environment variables:MAVEN_HOME





Open dos and run command:

```
mvn -v
```



Part 2 Run a simple Maven Java project

1. Simple Java project by hand

1. Create files and pom.xml below:

The src/main/java directory contains the project source code, the src/test/java directory contains the test source, and the pom.xml file is the project's Project Object Model, or POM.

A screenshot of a web browser window. The address bar shows the URL "maven.apache.org/pom.html". The page content displays XML code for the <profiles> and </project> tags. The code is as follows:

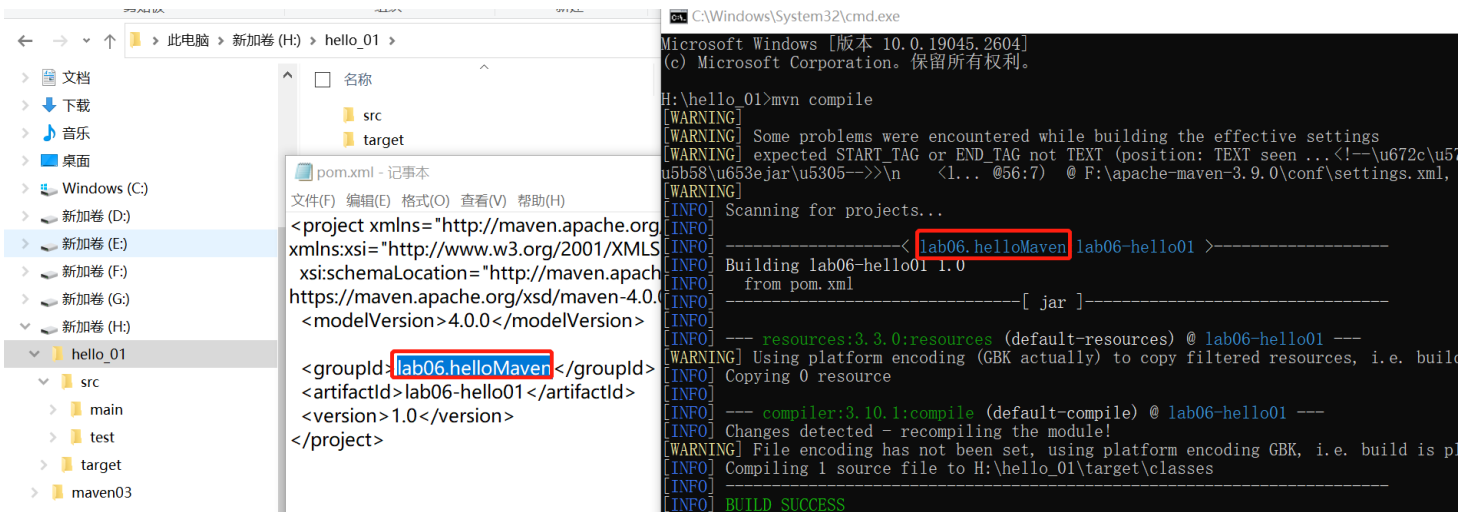
```
39. <profiles>...</profiles>
40. </project>
```

The POM contains all necessary information about a project, as well as configurations of plugins to be used during the build process. It is the declarative manifestation of the "who", "what", and "where", while the build lifecycle is the "when" and "how". That is not to say that the POM cannot affect the flow of the lifecycle - it can. For example, by configuring the `maven-antrun-plugin`, one can embed Apache Ant tasks inside of the POM. It is ultimately a declaration, however. Whereas a `build.xml` tells Ant precisely what to do when it is run (procedural), a POM states its configuration (declarative). If some external force causes the lifecycle to skip the Ant plugin execution, it does not stop the plugins that are executed from doing their magic. This is unlike a `build.xml` file, where tasks are almost always dependant on the lines executed before it.

```
mvn compile
```

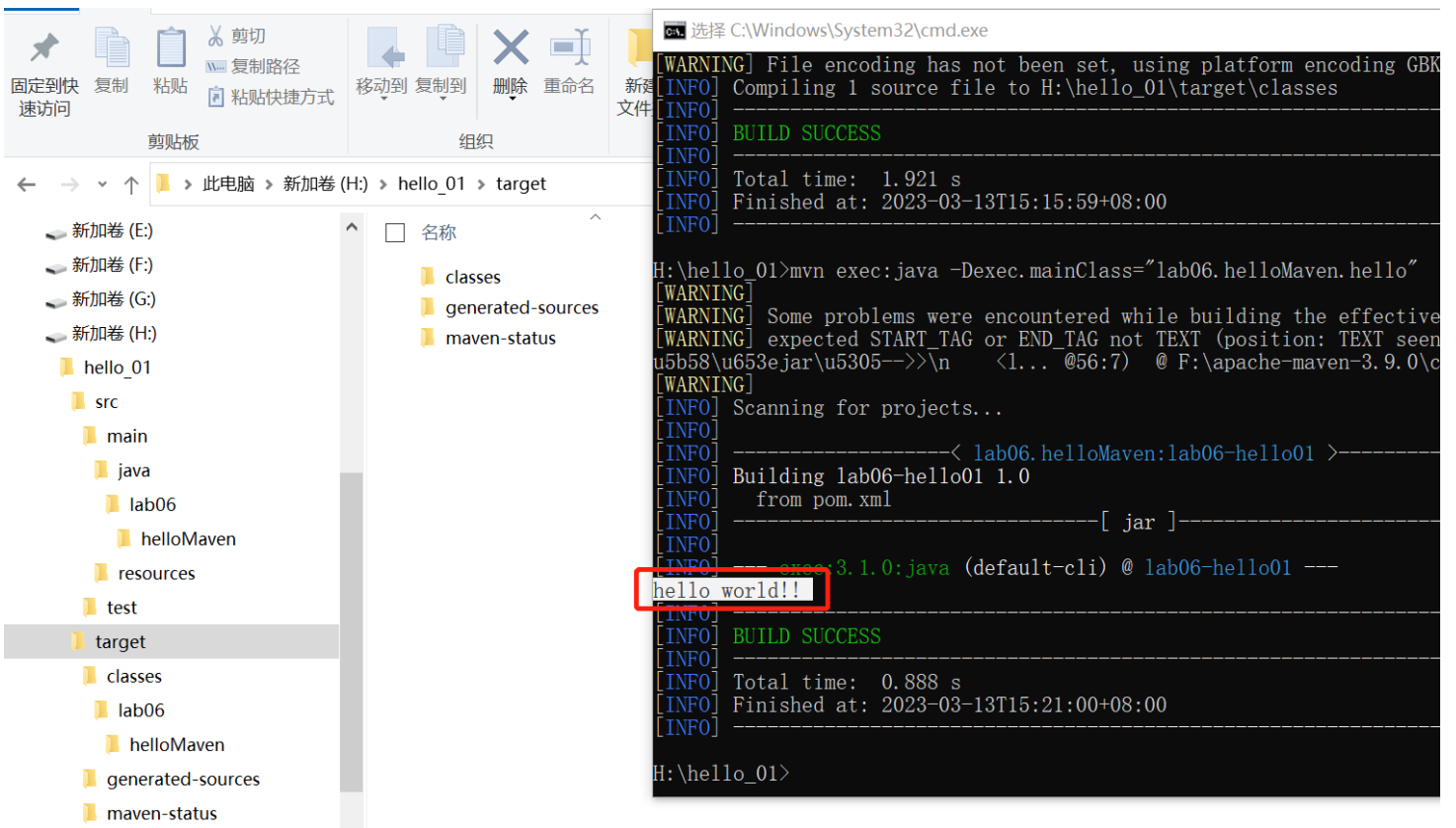
[illegible]

if I modify pom.xml:

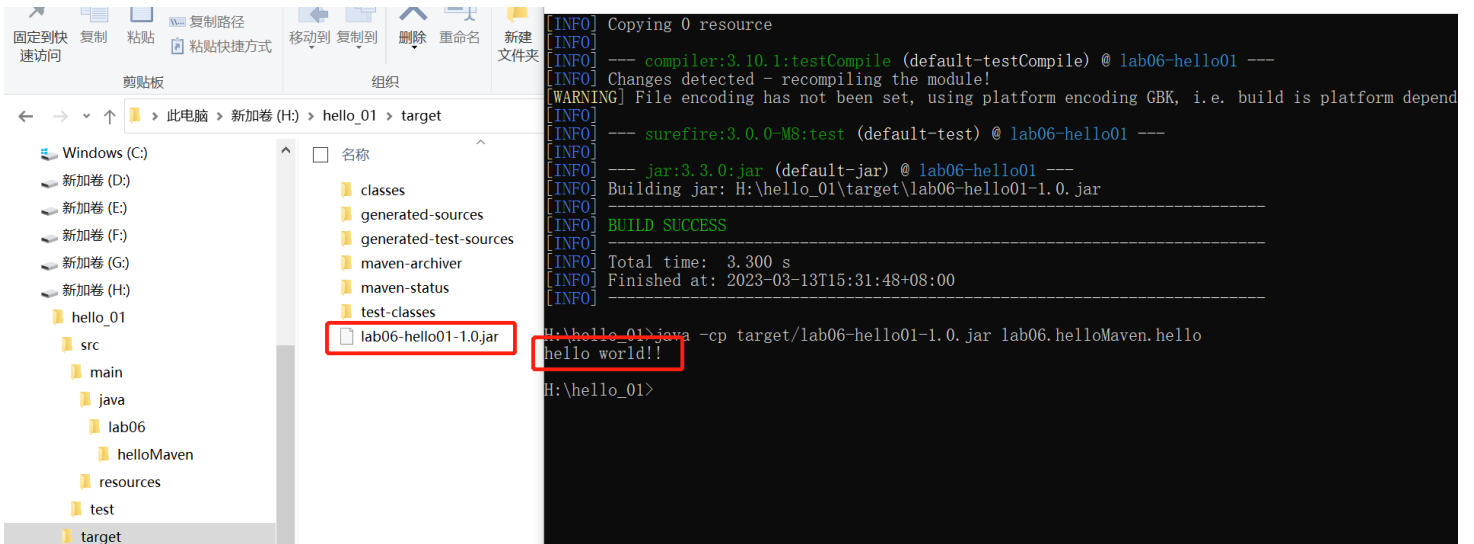
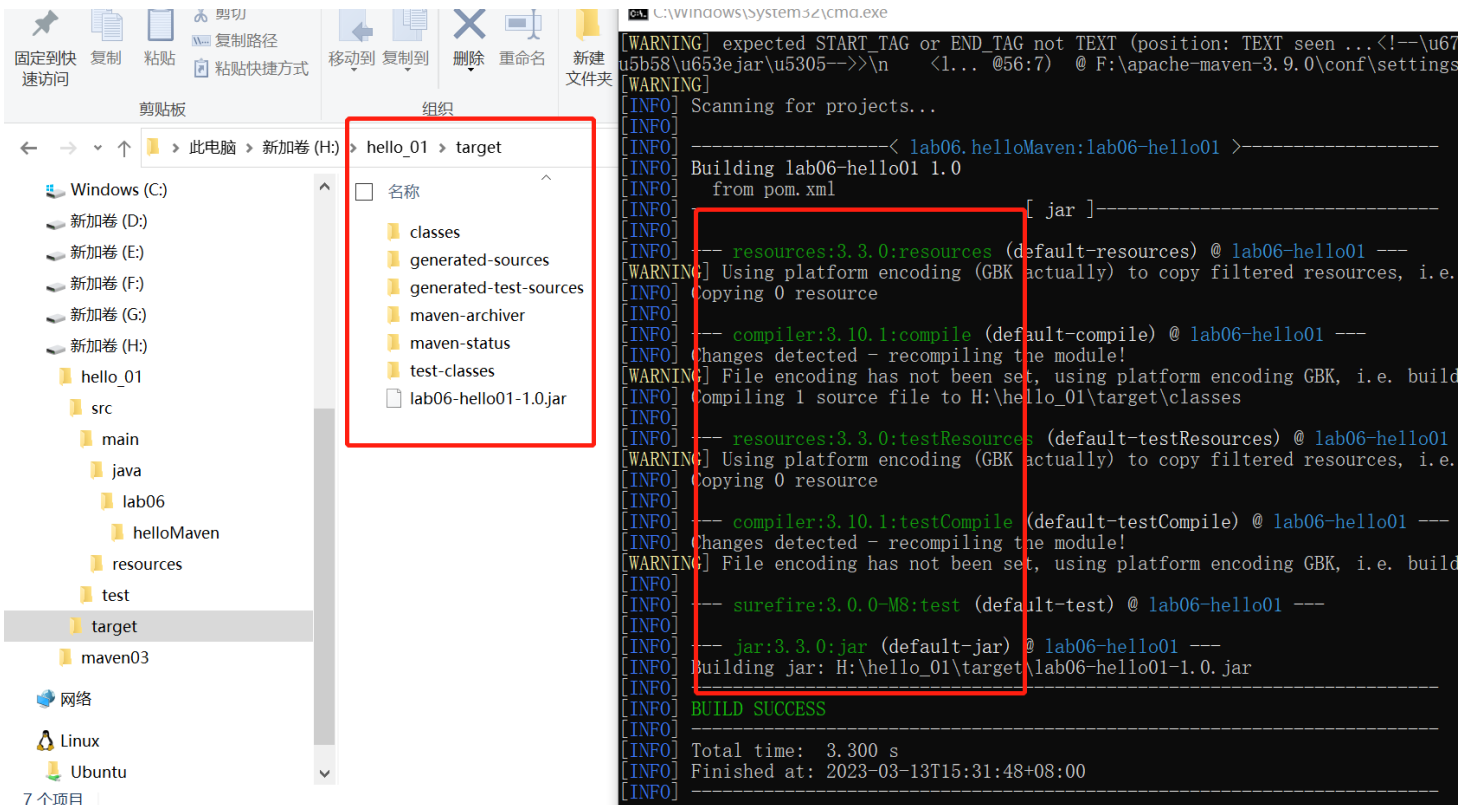


5. Execute java command:

```
mvn exec:java -Dexec.mainClass="lab06.helloMaven.hello"
```



If I use package command:



2. Simple project directory Automatic creation

Maven has its own standard Directory Layout:

<https://maven.apache.org/guides/getting-started/maven-in-five-minutes.html>

<https://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-the-standard-directory-layout.html>

The screenshot shows the Maven website's 'Introduction to the Standard Directory Layout' page. The left sidebar contains navigation links like 'FAQ', 'Plugin Developer Centre', 'Maven Repository Centre', 'Maven Developer Centre', 'Books and Resources', 'Security', 'COMMUNITY', 'Community Overview', 'Project Roles', 'How to Contribute', 'Getting Help', 'Issue Management', 'Getting Maven Source', 'The Maven Team', 'PROJECT DOCUMENTATION', 'Project Information', and 'MAVEN PROJECTS'. The main content area is titled 'Introduction to the Standard Directory Layout' and explains that having a common directory layout allows users familiar with one Maven project to immediately find their way in another. It lists the expected directory structure for a project:

- `src/main/java`: Application/Library sources
- `src/main/resources`: Application/Library resources
- `src/main/filters`: Resource filter files
- `src/main/webapp`: Web application sources
- `src/test/java`: Test sources
- `src/test/resources`: Test resources
- `src/test/filters`: Test resource filter files
- `src/it`: Integration Tests (primarily for plugins)
- `src/assembly`: Assembly descriptors
- `src/site`: Site
- `LICENSE.txt`: Project's license
- `NOTICE.txt`: Notices and attributions required by libraries that the project depends on
- `README.txt`: Project's readme

```
mvn archetype:generate -DgroupId=com.mycompany.app -DartifactId=my-app -DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-quickstart -DarchetypeVersion=1.4 -DinteractiveMode=false
```

We use this command to create a directory and start it.

This archetype:generate goal created a simple project based upon a maven-archetype-quickstart archetype.

(groupId:com.mycompany.app will create the path: /com/mycompany/app)

The screenshot shows two windows. On the left is a Windows File Explorer window showing the directory structure of 'my-app'. The 'src' directory is highlighted with a red box, showing its contents: 'main' (containing 'java' and 'com'), 'test' (containing 'java', 'com', and 'mycompany'), and 'target'. On the right is a terminal window showing the output of the Maven command. The output includes warnings about the effective settings, information about scanning for projects, and the successful creation of the project from the 'maven-archetype-quickstart:1.4' archetype. The terminal output shows the following parameters used for creating the project:

```
Parameter: groupId, Value: com.mycompany.app
Parameter: artifactId, Value: my-app
Parameter: version, Value: 1.0-SNAPSHOT
Parameter: package, Value: com.mycompany.app
Parameter: packageInPathFormat, Value: com/mycompany/app
Parameter: package, Value: com.mycompany.app
Parameter: groupId, Value: com.mycompany.app
Parameter: artifactId, Value: my-app
Parameter: version, Value: 1.0-SNAPSHOT
Project created from Archetype in dir: H:\my-app
```

Then we can see the pom.xml:

Compare with previous xml, there are more information.

Dependency management is a core feature of Maven. We can find more information by <https://maven.apache.org/guides/introduction/introduction-to-dependency-mechanism.html>

Maven has two kinds of plugins build and reporting, are executed during the build and during the site generation.

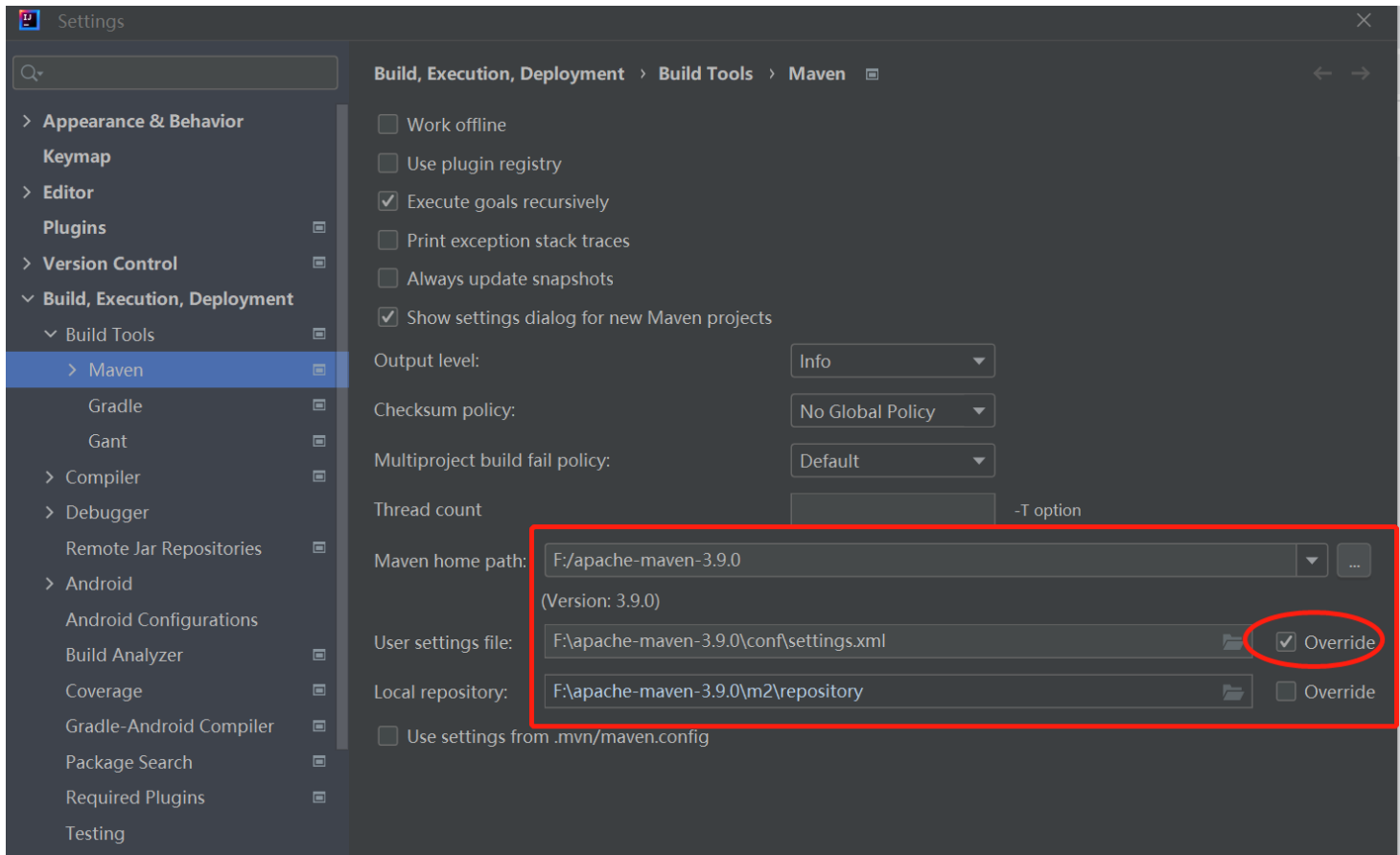
properties like a label, you can get plugin and dependency version by property.

```
my-app > pom.xml
1  <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2
3  <project xmlns="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0" xmlns:xsi="http://www.w3.org/2001/XMLSchema-instance"
4    xsi:schemaLocation="http://maven.apache.org/POM/4.0.0 http://maven.apache.org/xsd/maven-4.0.0.xsd"
5    <modelVersion>4.0.0</modelVersion>
6
7    <groupId>com.mycompany.app</groupId>
8    <artifactId>my-app</artifactId>
9    <version>1.0-SNAPSHOT</version>
10
11    <name>my-app</name>
12    <!-- FIXME change it to the project's website -->
13    <url>http://www.example.com</url>
14
15    <properties>
16      <project.build.sourceEncoding>UTF-8</project.build.sourceEncoding>
17      <maven.compiler.source>1.7</maven.compiler.source>
18      <maven.compiler.target>1.7</maven.compiler.target>
19    </properties>
20
21    <dependencies>
22      <dependency>
23        <groupId>junit</groupId>
24        <artifactId>junit</artifactId>
25        <version>4.11</version>
26        <scope>test</scope>
27      </dependency>
28    </dependencies>
29
30  <build>
31    <pluginManagement><!-- lock down plugins versions to avoid using Maven defaults (m
32      <plugins>
33        <!-- clean lifecycle, see https://maven.apache.org/ref/current/maven-core/life
34        <plugin>
35          <artifactId>maven-clean-plugin</artifactId>
36          <version>3.1.0</version>
37        </plugin>
38        <!-- default lifecycle, jar packaging: see https://maven.apache.org/ref/current
39        <plugin>
40          <artifactId>maven-resources-plugin</artifactId>
41          <version>3.0.2</version>
42        </plugin>
43        <plugin>
44          <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
45          <version>3.8.0</version>
46        </plugin>
47        <plugin>
48          <artifactId>maven-surefire-plugin</artifactId>
49          <version>2.22.1</version>
50        </plugin>
51        <plugin>
52          <artifactId>maven-jar-plugin</artifactId>
53          <version>3.0.2</version>
54        </plugin>
55        <plugin>
56          <artifactId>maven-install-plugin</artifactId>
57          <version>2.5.2</version>
58        </plugin>
59        <plugin>
60          <artifactId>maven-deploy-plugin</artifactId>
61          <version>2.8.2</version>
62        </plugin>
63        <!-- site lifecycle, see https://maven.apache.org/ref/current/maven-core/life
64        <plugin>
65          <artifactId>maven-site-plugin</artifactId>
66          <version>3.7.1</version>
67        </plugin>
68        <plugin>
69          <artifactId>maven-project-info-reports-plugin</artifactId>
70          <version>3.0.0</version>
71        </plugin>
72      </plugins>
73    </pluginManagement>
74  </build>
75 </project>
76
```

Part 3 Run a simple Maven JavaWeb project with IDEA

Let's config IDEA first:

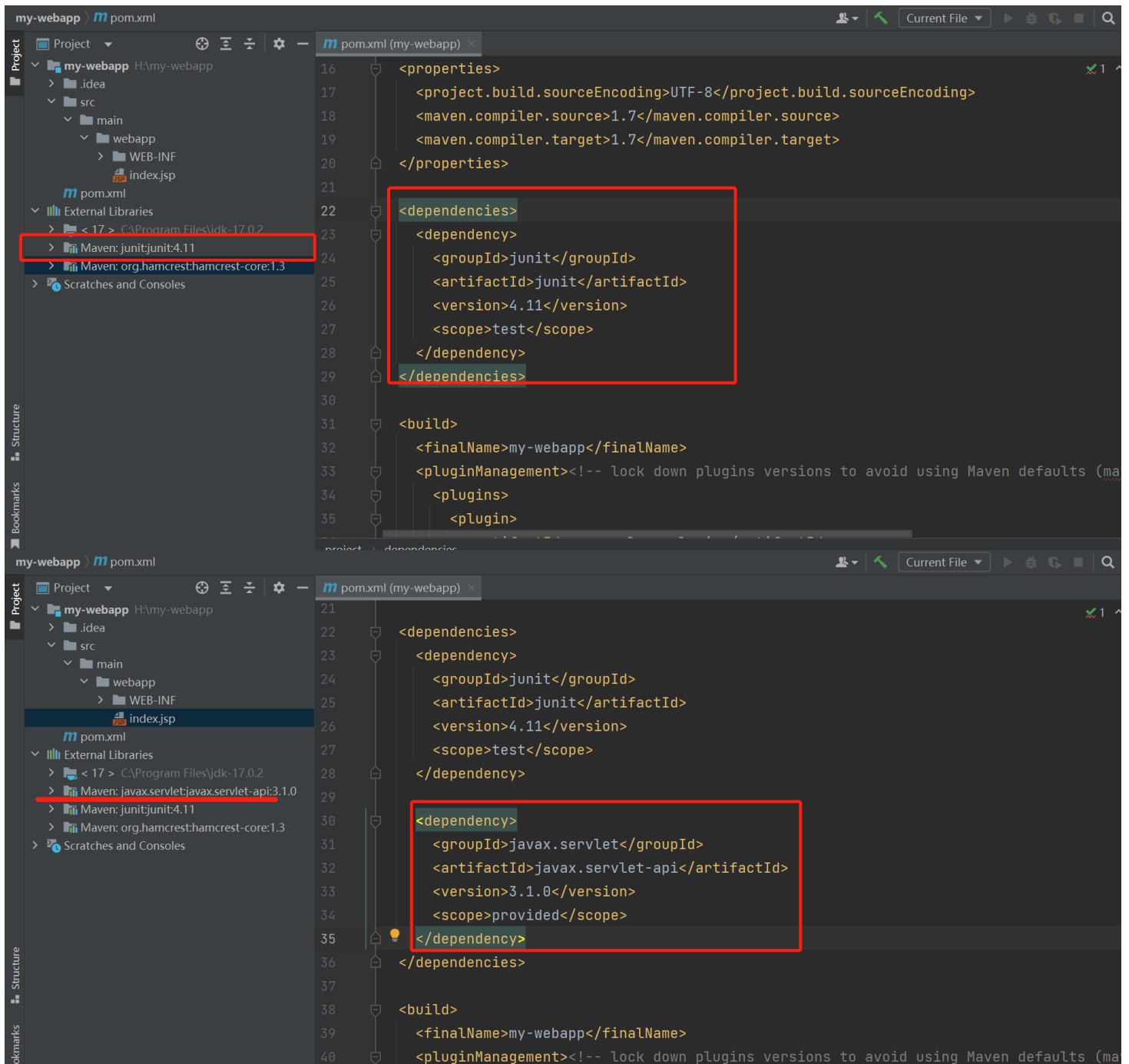
File——new project setup——settings for new project(different version has different path):



command to create a dirctory

```
mvn archetype:generate -DgroupId=com.mycompany.webapp -DartifactId=my-webapp -DarchetypeArtifactId=maven-archetype-webapp -DarchetypeVersion=1.4 -DinteractiveMode=false
```

Open with IDEA , Try to add a dependency:



Add jetty server in build:

add jetty run command:

```
<plugin>
  <groupId>org.eclipse.jetty</groupId>
  <artifactId>jetty-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <version>11.0.14</version>
</plugin>
```

Where can I find this config:

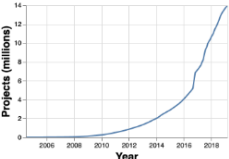
<https://mvnrepository.com/>

mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.eclipse.jetty/jetty-maven-plugin

MVN REPOSITORY

Search for groups, artifacts, categories

Indexed Artifacts (32.7M)



Popular Categories

- Testing Frameworks & Tools
- Android Packages
- Logging Frameworks
- Java Specifications
- JSON Libraries
- Core Utilities
- JVM Languages
- Mocking
- Language Runtime
- Web Assets

Home » org.eclipse.jetty » jetty-maven-plugin

Jetty :: Jetty Maven Plugin

Jetty maven plugins

License: Apache 2.0 EPL 2.0

Categories: Maven Plugins

Tags: plugin server eclipse build build-system webserver maven jetty

Ranking: #25121 in MvnRepository (See Top Artifacts)
#47 in Maven Plugins

Used By: 14 artifacts

Central (225) Redhat GA (2) Redhat EA (1) EmergyaPub (1) Kantega (1)

Version	Vulnerabilities	Repository	Usages	Date
11.0.14		Central	0	Feb 27, 2023
11.0.13		Central	0	Dec 07, 2022
11.0.12		Central	0	Sep 15, 2022
11.0.11		Central	0	Jun 22, 2022

mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.eclipse.jetty/jetty-maven-plugin/11.0.14

Jetty :: Jetty Maven Plugin » 11.0.14

Jetty maven plugins

License: Apache 2.0 EPL 2.0

Categories: Maven Plugins

Tags: plugin server eclipse build build-system webserver maven jetty

Date: Feb 27, 2023

Files: pom (12 KB) maven-plugin (138 KB) View All

Repositories: Central

Ranking: #25119 in MvnRepository (See Top Artifacts)
#53 in Maven Plugins

Used By: 14 artifacts

Maven Gradle Gradle (Short) Gradle (Kotlin) SBT Ivy Grape Leiningen Buildr

```
<!-- https://mvnrepository.com/artifact/org.eclipse.jetty/jetty-maven-plugin -->
<dependency>
  <groupId>org.eclipse.jetty</groupId>
  <artifactId>jetty-maven-plugin</artifactId>
  <version>11.0.14</version>
</dependency>
```

☒ Include comment with link to declaration

```

1  <build>
2    <finalName>my-webapp</finalName>
3    <pluginManagement><!-- lock down plugins versions to avoid using Maven
4
5    <plugins>
6      <plugin>
7        <groupId>org.eclipse.jetty</groupId>
8        <artifactId>jetty-maven-plugin</artifactId>
9        <version>11.0.14</version>
10      </plugin>
11
12      <plugin>
13        <artifactId>maven-clean-plugin</artifactId>
14        <version>3.1.0</version>

```

compile and run jetty server:

1.by command:

```

mvn install
mvn jetty:run

```

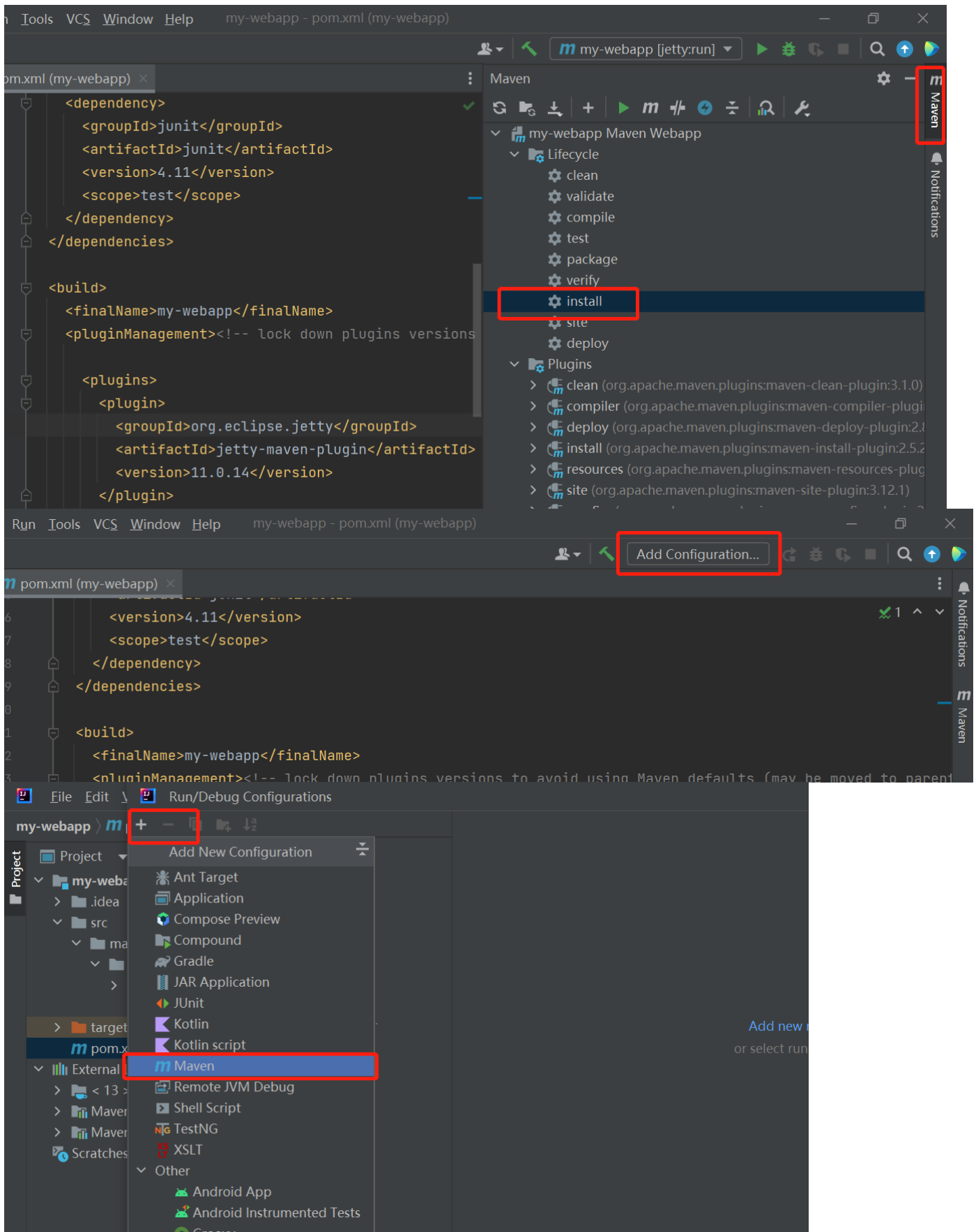
The screenshot shows a web browser window at `localhost:8080` displaying "Hello World!". Below the browser, a Windows File Explorer window shows the directory `K:\pro\my-webapp` with files `.idea`, `src`, `target`, and `pom.xml`. To the right, a terminal window shows the command `mvn jetty:run` being executed. The terminal output includes:

```

C:\Windows\System32\cmd.exe - mvn jetty:run
[INFO] Finished at: 2023-03-16T20:46:44+08:00
[INFO] -----
K:\pro\my-webapp>mvn jetty:run
[INFO] Scanning for projects...
[INFO] -----< com.mycompany.webapp:my-webapp >-----
[INFO] Building my-webapp Maven Webapp 1.0-SNAPSHOT
[INFO] from pom.xml
[INFO] -----[ war ]-----
[INFO] >>> jetty:9.4.46.v20220331:run (default-cli) > test-compile @ my-webapp >>>
[INFO] --- resources:3.0.2:resources (default-resources) @ my-webapp ---
[INFO] Using 'UTF-8' encoding to copy filtered resources.
[INFO] skip non existing resourceDirectory K:\pro\my-webapp\src\main\resources
[INFO] --- compiler:3.8.0:compile (default-compile) @ my-webapp ---
[INFO] No sources to compile
[INFO] --- resources:3.0.2:testResources (default-testResources) @ my-webapp ---
[INFO] Using 'UTF-8' encoding to copy filtered resources.

```

2.by IDEA(you can add command to configuration):



Run Configuration for my-webapp [jetty:run]

Name: my-webapp [jetty:run] ☐ Store as project file

Run: jetty:run Alt+M

Press Alt for field hints

Working directory: my-webapp

Profiles:

Open run/debug tool window when started

> Maven Options

> Java Options

Run/Debug Configurations

my-webapp [jetty:run]

my-webapp [install]

Name: my-webapp [install] ☐ Store as project file

Run: install Alt+M

Press Alt for field hints

Working directory: my-webapp

Profiles:

Separate with spaces. Use "-" prefix to disable a profile, for example, -test

Build Run Tools VCS Window Help

my-webapp - pom.xml (my-webapp)

my-webapp [install]

pom.xml (my-webapp)

```
44 <artifactId>maven-clean-plugin</artifactId>
45 <version>3.1.0</version>
46 </plugin>
47 <!-- see http://maven.apache.org/ref/current/maven-core/default-bindings.html#Plugin_bindings_for_v
48 <plugin>
49 <artifactId>maven-resources-plugin</artifactId>
50 <version>3.0.2</version>
51 </plugin>
52 <plugin>
53 <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
54 <version>3.8.0</version>
55 </plugin>
56 </plugin>
```

project > build > pluginManagement > plugins > plugin > version

[INFO] Installing K:\projects\my-webapp\pom.xml to K:\Application\apache-maven-3.9.0\repository\com\mycompany\webapp\my

[INFO] BUILD SUCCESS

[INFO] -----

[INFO] Total time: 4.521 s

[INFO] Finished at: 2023-03-16T20:59:21+08:00

[INFO] -----

Process finished with exit code 0

The screenshot shows an IDE with a Maven `pom.xml` file open. The file contains the following XML snippets:

```
44 <artifactId>maven-clean-plugin</artifactId>
45 <version>3.1.0</version>
46 </plugin>
47 <!-- see http://maven.apache.org/ref/current/maven-core/default-bindings.html#Plugin_bindings_for_v
48 <plugin>
49 <artifactId>maven-resources-plugin</artifactId>
50 <version>3.0.2</version>
51 </plugin>
52 <plugin>
53 <artifactId>maven-compiler-plugin</artifactId>
54 <version>3.8.0</version>
55 </plugin>
```

The breadcrumb navigation at the bottom of the editor shows: `project > build > pluginManagement > plugins > plugin > version`.

Below the editor, a terminal window displays the following logs:

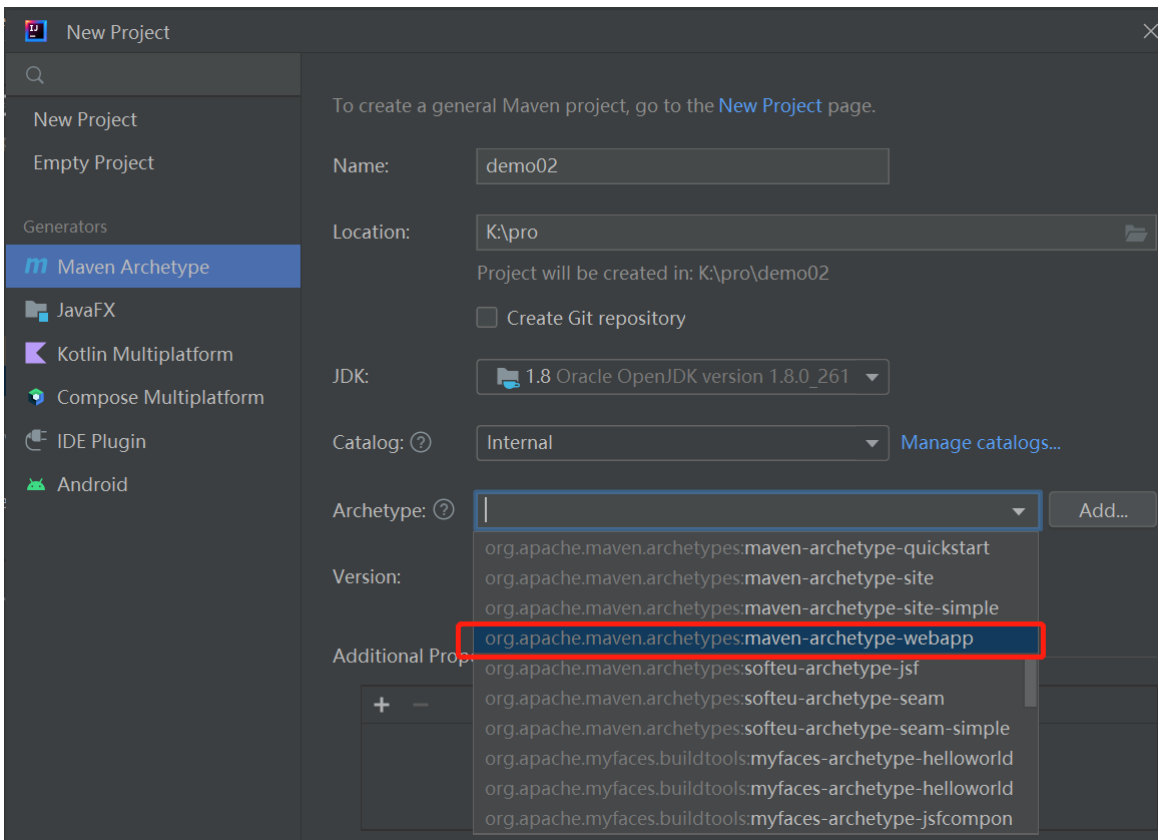
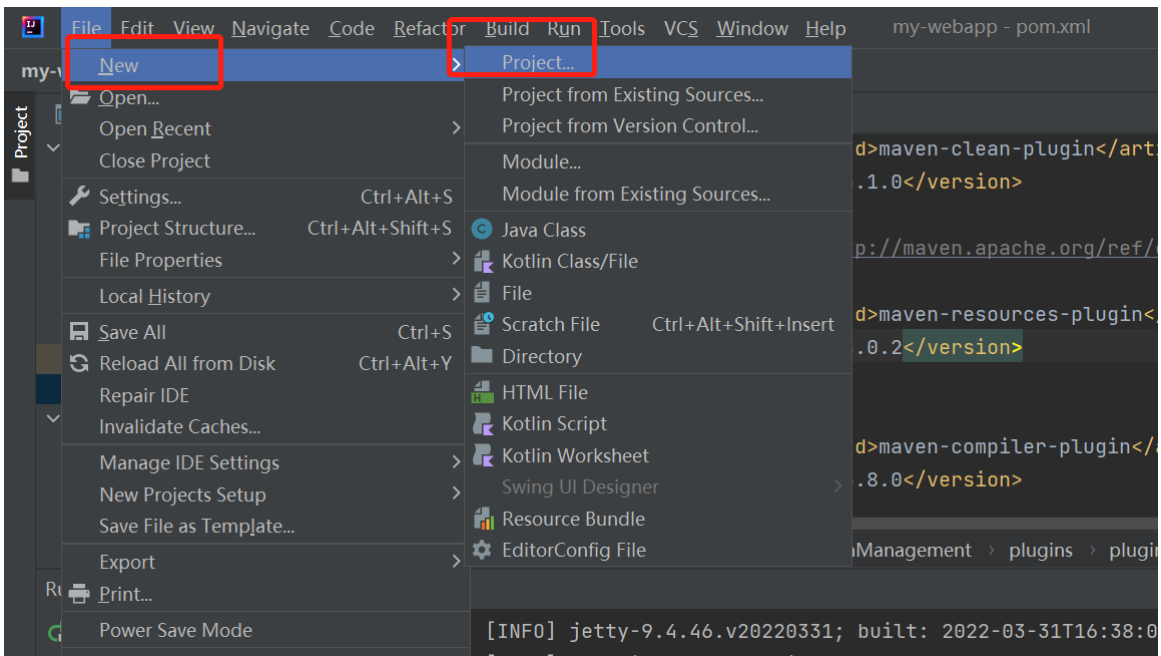
```
[INFO] jetty-9.4.46.v20220331; built: 2022-03-31T16:38:08.030Z; git: bc17a0369a11ecf40bb92c839b9ef0a8ac50ea18; jvm
[INFO] Scanning elapsed time=89ms
[INFO] DefaultSessionIdManager workerName=node0
[INFO] No SessionScavenger set, using defaults
[INFO] node0 Scavenging every 660000ms
[INFO] Started o.e.j.m.p.JettyWebAppContext@35f639fa{Archetype Created Web Application,/,file:///K:/pro/my-webapp/
[INFO] Started ServerConnector@24d61e4{HTTP/1.1, (http/1.1)}{0.0.0.0:8080}
[INFO] Started @9750ms
[INFO] Started Jetty Server
```

At the bottom, a browser address bar shows `localhost:8080`.

Hello World!

you can use tomcat also,please search tomcat7 in
<https://mvnrepository.com/>

-- Create project by IDEA



Part 4 Teedy poms

1. /Teedy/pom.xml

1.Title:

```

<groupId>com.sismics.docs</groupId>
<artifactId>docs-parent</artifactId>

<!--packaging is the default: jar,this means the type is pom-->
<packaging>pom</packaging>

<version>1.10</version>

<!--project name-->
<name>Docs Parent</name>

```

2. Properties:

version define: line 21 and 182-186

```

<!--properties define the version of dependency-->
<org.apache.commons.commons-compress.version>1.18</org.apache.commons.commons-compress.version>

<dependency>
  <groupId>org.apache.commons</groupId>
  <artifactId>commons-compress</artifactId>
  <version>${org.apache.commons.commons-compress.version}</version>
</dependency>

```

3. scm :line 69~70:

You can config your repo by scm.

```

<scm>
  <connection>scm:git:https://github.com/sismics/docs.git</connection>
  <developerConnection>scm:git:https://github.com/docs/docs.git</developerConnection>
  <url>scm:git:https://github.com/sismics/docs.git</url>
  <tag>HEAD</tag>
</scm>

```

4. modules:list every modules that construct this project.

```

<modules>
  <module>docs-core</module>
  <module>docs-web-common</module>
  <module>docs-web</module>
</modules>

```

5. dependency:line 131~508

dependencyManagement:if you have 3 modules, you can use dependencyManagement to manage dependency version.

Parent:

```
<version>1.10</version>

<dependencyManagement>
  <dependencies>
    <dependency>
      <groupId>com.sismics.docs</groupId>
      <artifactId>docs-core</artifactId>
      <version>${project.version}</version>
    </dependency>
  </dependencies>
</dependencyManagement>
```

sub modules:

```
<dependencies>
  <!-- Dependencies to Docs -->
  <dependency>
    <groupId>com.sismics.docs</groupId>
    <artifactId>docs-core</artifactId>
  </dependency>
</dependencies>
```

From this pom we can see there are 3 modules:docs-core,docs-web-common,docs-web.

Teedy

```
| -- pom.xml
  |--dependency(core)
  |--dependency(web-common)
  |--dependency(web)
|-- docs-core
  |-- pom.xml
|-- docs-web-common
  |-- pom.xml
  |--dependency(core)
|-- docs-web
  |-- pom.xml
  |--dependency(core)
  |--dependency(web-common)
```

2. /Teedy/docs-core/pom.xml

1.Front part

/Teedy/pom.xml

```
<groupId>com.sismics.docs</groupId>
<artifactId>docs-parent</artifactId>
<packaging>pom</packaging>
<version>1.10</version>
```

/Teedy/docs-core/pom.xml

/Teedy/docs-web-common/pom.xml

/Teedy/docs-web/pom.xml

```
<parent>
  <groupId>com.sismics.docs</groupId>
  <artifactId>docs-parent</artifactId>
  <version>1.10</version>
  <!--Parent Pom.xml relative path-->
  <relativePath>../relativePath>
</parent>
```

2. scope line 218~228:when you run test command this dependency is used.

....

```
<dependency>
  <groupId>com.h2database</groupId>
  <artifactId>h2</artifactId>
  <scope>test</scope>
</dependency>
```

....

3. profile:

Teedy defined 2 profiles:dev and prod which correspond to different configurations,and this id affect docs-web configurations.

```

<profiles>
  <!-- Development profile (active by default) -->
  <profile>
    <id>dev</id>
    <activation>
      <activeByDefault>true</activeByDefault>
      <property>
        <name>env</name>
        <value>dev</value>
      </property>
    </activation>

    ....

    <!-- Production profile -->
    <profile>
      <id>prod</id>
    </profile>
  </profiles>

```

3. /Teedy/docs-web-common/pom.xml

Two jar packages are exported here, and there are two dependencies in the web.

```

...
  <executions>
    <execution>
      <goals>
        <goal>test-jar</goal>
      </goals>
    </execution>
  </executions>
...

```

4. /Teedy/docs-web/pom.xml

line 152~285:

config 2 profiles: Development profile and Production profile.