BLUETOOTH SMART MODULE

CONFIGURATION GUIDE

Sunday, 16 February 2014

Version 3.3



Copyright © 2001 - 2013 Bluegiga Technologies

Bluegiga Technologies reserves the right to alter the hardware, software, and/or specifications detailed herein at any time without notice, and does not make any commitment to update the information contained herein. Bluegiga Technologies assumes no responsibility for any errors which may appear in this manual. Bluegiga Technologies' products are not authorized for use as critical components in life support devices or systems.

Bluegiga Access Server, Access Point, APx4, AX4, BSM, iWRAP, BGScript and WRAP THOR are trademarks of Bluegiga Technologies.

The Bluetooth trademark and logo are registered trademarks and are owned by the Bluetooth SIG, Inc.

ARM and ARM9 are trademarks of ARM Ltd.

Linux is a trademark of Linus Torvalds.

All other trademarks listed herein belong to their respective owners.

Table of Contents

1	Versio	on History	4
	Introdu		5
3	Projec	ct Configuration File BLE	6
	3.1 <	device>	6
	3.2 <	gatt>	7
	3.3 <	hardware>	8
	3.4 <	config>	8
	3.5 <	script>	8
	3.6 <	:usb_main>	8
	3.7 <	cimage>	9
	3.8 <	<pre><ota></ota></pre>	9
	3.9 <	:boot>	9
	3.10 E	Examples	11
4		vare Configuration File (hardware.xml)	12
	4.1 <	sleeposc>	12
	4.2 <	script>	13
	4.3 <	sslow_clock>	13
	4.4 <	<pre>clock_debug></pre>	14
	4.5 <	:sleep>	14
	4.6 <	:wakeup_pin>	16
	4.7 <	chost_wakeup_pin>	17
	4.8 <	ctxpower>	18
		<pre>cpmux></pre>	19
	4.10 <	<pre><port></port></pre>	20
	4.11 <	:usb>	21
	4.12 <	:usart>	22
	4.13 <	ctimer_ticks>	25
	4.14 <	ctimer>	26
	4.15 <	cotaboot>	28
	4.16		28
	4.17 E	Endpoints	29
	4.18 E	Examples	29
5	Applic	ation Configuration File (config.xml)	
	5.1 <	connections>	30
	5.2 <	defrag>	30
	5.3 <	manual_confirm>	31
	5.4 <	sscript_timeout>	31
	5.5 <	ctnrougnput>	33
	5.6 <	spasskey>	33
	5.7 <	cuser_data>	34
	5.8 F	Examples	34

1 Version History

Version	Comments
3.0	This document is separated from the Profile Toolkit Developer Guide document.
	Compatibility changes for the Bluetooth Smart Software v.1.2 added:
	 Added BLE113 reference for <txpower> in hardware.xml</txpower> Added fixed passkey documentation to config.xml Bootloader definition added for OTA update. USB interface is disabled by default Default maximum power mode defined to be 3 Wake up pin functionality added Defrag tag added for running the defragmentation automatically in the boot-up. In addition, editorial improvements done within the document.
3.1	Improved examples and configuration option descriptions.
3.2	Compatibility changes for the Bluetooth Smart Software v.1.2.2 added: 256kB variant configuration supported added for BLE113 Binary image and memory configurability added for OTA SW update under the <ota> and <otaboot> tags</otaboot></ota>
3.3	Improved examples

2 Introduction

The *Bluetooth* Smart configuration guide instructs you how to how to create a project file for your application and how to configure your *Bluetooth* Smart Modules hardware and application configuration settings.

3 Project Configuration File -- BLE

The project file (typically *project.bgproj* or *project.xml)* is the file that describes all the components included in a Bluetooth Smart software and hardware project. Typically these files are for example:

- Hardware configuration file: hardware.xml
- Application configuration file: config.xml
- GATT database file: gatt.xml
- Optional BGScript application code: script.bgs
- Optional USB descriptor file: cdc.xml

The project file also defines other features of the project like the hardware version (BLE112 or BLE113), firmware output files and the boot loader type.

The project file itself is a simple XML file with just few tags on it, which are described below.



If the project file is named as *project.bgproj* the Bluegiga BLE Update tool will automatically recognize it and compile the project and try to install it using a CC debugger.

3.1 <device>

Hardware type configuration

XML tag	Description	
type	This tag defines the type of your <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart Module	
	Options:	
	ble112: Use if you have BLE112 or BLED112	
	ble113: Use if you have BLE113	
	Default: ble112	
memory	This tag defines the flash size of <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart Module	
	Options:	
	128: Use if BLE112, BLED112, or BLE113 128kB variant	
	256: Use if BLE113 256kB variant	
	Default: 128	
Example	Defining device type BLE112	
<device t<="" td=""><td>vpe="ble112" /></td></device>	vpe="ble112" />	
Example	Defining device type BLE113 (128kB flash variant)	
<device td="" ty<=""><td colspan="2"><device type="ble113"></device></td></device>	<device type="ble113"></device>	
Example	Example: Defining device type BLE113 (256kB flash variant)	
<device td="" ty<=""><td>/pe="ble113" memory="256" /></td></device>	/pe="ble113" memory="256" />	

3.2 <gatt>

GATT database file

XML tag	Description
gatt	This tag tag is used to describe the XML file, which contains the GATT data base description
Example : Defining the GATT database file	
<gatt in="gatt.xml"></gatt>	

3.3 <hardware>

Hardware configuration file

XML tag	Description	
hardware	This tag is used to describe the XML file, which contains the hardware configuration for your Bluegiga <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart device.	
Example : Defining the hardware configuration file		
<hardware< th=""><td colspan="2"><pre><hardware in="hardware.xml"></hardware></pre></td></hardware<>	<pre><hardware in="hardware.xml"></hardware></pre>	

3.4 <config>

Application configuration file

XML tag	Description
config	This tag is used to describe the XML file, which contains generic application configuration of your Bluegiga <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart device.
Examp	le: Defining the application configuration file
<config in="config.xml"></config>	

3.5 <script>

BGScript application file (optional)

XML tag	Description
script	This tag is used to describe the BGScript file, which contains the BGScript code of your standalone <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart application. If you use BGAPI protocol and a separate host and do not use BGScript code, this tag should be left out.
_	le: Defining the BGScript file in="bgscript.bgs"/>

3.6 <usb_main>

USB descriptor definition (optional)

XML tag	Description
usb_main	This tag is used to describe the XML file, which contains the USB descriptor for BLED112 or BLE112 <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart devices. If USB interface is disabled in the hardware configuration, this tag is not needed.

XML tag	Description
Example: [Defining the USB descriptor file
<usb_main< th=""><td>in="cdc.xml"/></td></usb_main<>	in="cdc.xml"/>

3.7 <image>

Firmware binary output file

XML tag	Description	
image	This tag is used to describe the 128kB firmware output file for the compiler. The output file can be uploaded to the device using CC debugger or DFU process.	
Example: Defining the binary output file for the compiler		
<image< th=""><th colspan="2"><image out="out.hex"/></th></image<>	<image out="out.hex"/>	

3.8 <ota>

This tag is used to generate a firmware file that can be uploaded to the device using Over-the-Air (OTA) update.

XML tag	Description	
ota	This tag is used to describe the OTA firmware output file from the compiler. The output file can be uploaded to the device using Over-the-Air (OTA) firmware update process / tool.	
Exam	ple: Defining the firmware output file for Over-the-Air updates	
<ota< th=""><th colspan="2"><ota out="out.ota"></ota></th></ota<>	<ota out="out.ota"></ota>	

3.9 <boot>

Selects the boot loader interface used for On-the-Field or Over-the-Air firmware updates.

XML tag	Description	
fw	This tag is used to describe the boot loader used in the firmware. The boot loader also devices which interface is used for the on-the-field firmware updates. Only one boot loader can be active in the device.	
	Options:	
	boot: Configures the boot loader for the USB interface. Use only with BLE112 or BLED112.	
	bootuart: Configures the boot loader for the UART interface.	
	bootota: Configures the boot loader for Over-the-Air (OTA) interface.	
	Default:	
	boot	
Example: Enabling UART boot loader		
<book< td=""><td colspan="2"><boot fw="bootuart"></boot></td></book<>	<boot fw="bootuart"></boot>	

XML Description tag

Example: Enabling USB boot loader

<boot fw="boot"/>

Example: Enabling OTA boot loader

<book fw="bootota"/>

3.10 Examples

Below is an example of a project file for BLE112 Bluetooth Smart Module or BLED112 USB dongle using USB interface:

Below is an example of a project file for BLE113 Bluetooth Smart Module using UART interface:

Below is an example of a project file for BLE113 Bluetooth Smart Module running a BGScript application and OTA boot loader

4 Hardware Configuration File (hardware.xml)

The hardware configuration file is used to configure the hardware features such as TX-power, UART, SPI and GPIO settings of your Bluegiga *Bluetooth* Smart device.

4.1 <sleeposc>

Sleep oscillator settings

Attribute	Value - Description	
enable	This setting can be used to enable or disable the sleep clock.	
	Options:	
	true: This enables the external 32.768KHz sleep oscillator. This sleep oscillator allows the BLE112 or BLE113 to enter power mode 1 or 2 between <i>Bluetooth</i> operations, for example between connection intervals.	
	false : This disables the external 32.768KHz sleep oscillator and the internal 32KHz RC oscillator is used for timings. Using this options increases the current consumption.	
	Default:	
	false	
	Note:	
	In BLE112 and BLE113 this options SHOULD be enabled but in BLED112 this MUST NOT be used, since the USB dongle does not contain the sleep clock.	
ррт	This setting defines the sleep clock accuracy and must always by 30.	
	Options:	
	30	
	Note:	
	Do not modify.	
	Example for BLE112 or BLE113 <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart Modules: <sleeposc enable="true" ppm="30"></sleeposc>	
	Example for BLED112 USB dongle: <sleeposc enable="false" ppm="30"></sleeposc>	
Example	Example : Configuration for BLE112 or BLE113 <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart Modules:	
<sleeposo< th=""><th colspan="2"><sleeposc enable="true" ppm="30"></sleeposc></th></sleeposo<>	<sleeposc enable="true" ppm="30"></sleeposc>	
Example	: Configuration for BLED112 USB dongle:	
<sleeposo< th=""><th colspan="2"><sleeposc enable="false" ppm="30"></sleeposc></th></sleeposo<>	<sleeposc enable="false" ppm="30"></sleeposc>	

4.2 <script>

BGScript settings

Attribute	Value - Description
enable	This setting can be used to enable or disable BGScript application execution.
	Options:
	true: BGScript application and VM are enabled.
	false: BGScript application and VM are disabled and BGAPI should be used instead.
	Default:
	false
Example: Enable scripting	
<script end<="" th=""><th colspan=2><script enable="true"/></th></tr></tbody></table></script>	

4.3 <slow_clock>

This setting can be used to slow the system clock when radio is active in order to lower the peak-power consumption.

Attribute	Value - Description	
enable	Options:	
	true: System clock is slowed down.	
	false: System clock is not slowed down	
	Default:	
	false	
Example: Enable slow clock		
<slow_clock enable="true"></slow_clock>		



UART and PWM interfaces use system clock for timings. If the system clock is slowed down the peripheral interface timings are invalid. This feature must only be enabled when peripherals requiring stable clock are not used.

SPI Master sends clock signal with transmission which allows enabling the slow clock feature.

4.4 <lock_debug>

This feature can be used to lock down the debug interface (CC debugger interface) on the BLE112 and BLE113 *Bluetooth* Smart Modules and protect application code and data. If this feature is enabled only a full erase of the firmware can be done with the CC debugger.

Attribute	Value - Description	
enable	Options:	
	true: Debug interface is locked.	
	false: Debug interface is available.	
	Default:	
	false	
Example: Lock debug interface		
<lock_debug enable="true"></lock_debug>		

4.5 <sleep>

This setting can be used to enable or disable sleep modes.

Attribute	Value - Description
enable	Options:
	true: All power modes can be enabled. Selection of power modes is done automatically by the firmware. Firmware will select the best power saving mode automatically to achieve lowest possible power consumption.
	false: Use this to prevent the firmware from entering any of the sleep modes.
	Default:
	true
max_mode	Maximum power mode device is allowed to use.
	Range:
	1-3
	Default:
	3



Mhen the lowest sleep mode (power mode 3) is enabled and the module is not kept awake for example using the wake-up pin, then the Bluetooth Smart module will not respond to any BGAPI commands sent to it via UART. If you want to enable the power mode 3 and use the UART interface to communicate with the module you need to enable the wake-up pin feature and (described next) and provide a wake-up signal from an external host.

4.6 <wakeup_pin>

This feature (GPIO pin) is used to prevent the Bluetooth Smart module from entering any sleep modes like power mode 3, or alternatively used to to wake it up. So if you for example use UART to communicate with the module you need to enable this pin before sending any BGAPI commands to the module.

attribute	description
enable	Used to enable wake-up pin feature. Wake-up pin wakes the device up from a sleep mode or prevents it from entering it again.
	Options:
	true: wake-up pin is enabled
	false: wake-up pin is disabled
port	Defines the port where wake-up pin is.
	Options:
	0-1
pin	Defines the pin inside the selected port
	Options:
	0-7
state	Logic state for wake-up pin
	Options:
	up
	down
	Default:
	up
Example:	Enabling wake-up on P0_0
<wakeup_< th=""><th>pin enable="true" port="0" pin="0" state="up" /></th></wakeup_<>	pin enable="true" port="0" pin="0" state="up" />



Mhen this pin is pulled, the *Bluetooth* Smart module does not enter any sleep modes which increases power consumption.



Mhen this pin is used to wake up the *Bluetooth* Smart module from a power mode 3, a hardware_io_port_status API event is triggered immediately, since it's handled as a normal GPIO interrupt. You should expect this event to occur and handle or ignore it intentionally if you are using external control via the BGAPI protocol.

4.7 <host_wakeup_pin>

This pin can be used to wake-up an external host from sleep when the *Bluetooth* Smart module has data to send. The external host should then allow flow control for module to send data to it.

attribute	description	
enable	Use to enable the host wake-up pin feature. Host wake-up pin is asserted when the <i>Bluetooth</i> Smart module has data to send.	
	Options:	
	true: host wake-up pin is enabled	
	false: host wake-up pin is disabled	
port	Defines the port used for the host wake-up.	
	Options:	
	0-2	
pin	Defines the pin inside the selected port	
	Options:	
	0-7	
state	Logic state for host wake-up signal.	
	Options:	
	up	
	down	
	Default:	
	up	
	Example:	
Example:	Enabling wake-up on P1_1	
<host_wa< th=""><th colspan="2"><pre><host_wakeup_pin enable="true" pin="1" port="1" state="up"></host_wakeup_pin></pre></th></host_wa<>	<pre><host_wakeup_pin enable="true" pin="1" port="1" state="up"></host_wakeup_pin></pre>	

4.8 <txpower>

This can be used to configure the TX output power.

Attribute	Value - Description	
power	TX power setting	
	Range:	
	0-15	
	BLE112: 15 is the highest TX power setting and equals roughly to +3dBm while 0 is the lowest value and corresponds to around -24dBm BLE113: 15 is the highest TX power setting and equals roughly to +0dBm while 0 is the lowest value and corresponds to around -24dBm	
bias	TX power amplifier bias setting. Do not modify.	
	Options:	
	5	
	Example: BLE112 with +3 dBm TX power <txpower bias="5" power="15"></txpower>	
	Example: BLE112 with 0 dBm TX power <a 13"="" bias="5" href="txpower power=">	
	Example: BLE113 with 0 dBm TX power <a 15"="" bias="5" href="txpower power=">	

4.9 <pmux>

This setting is used to configure the control pin for an external DC/DC converter which can be used to reduce the peak TX and RX power consumption. An IO pin needs to be dedicated to control the DC/DC converter enable or bypass modes. Any IO pin from port 1 can be dedicated as the DC/DC control pin and the firmware will automatically control the pin depending on the Bluetooth transmission and reception states.

The BLE112 and BLE113 development kits contain an external DC/DC converter (Texas Instruments TPS62730) and when the IO pin defined with pmux> is high the DC/DC converter is enabled and when the IO pin is low the converter is disabled.

attribute	description
regulator_pin	Defines the output pin for the external DC/DC converter in Port 1.
	Range:
	0-7
	Note:
	Only Port 1 can be used to control the DC/DC converter.
clock_pin	Defines the output pin in Port 0 for a 32.768 kHz clock signal, which can be used to provide the clock value to external devices.
	Range:
	0-7
	Note:
	Only Port 0 can be used for clock signal output.
Example : This is for DKBLE112 and DKBLE113 with DC/DC control on P1_7 and no clock signal in use	
<pre><pmux regulator_pin="7"></pmux></pre>	

4.10 <port>

This setting is used for the I/O port configuration settings (input only).

attribute	description
index	Port index to configure
	Range:
	0-2
tristatemask	Tristate configuration (bit mask) for port. For the pins defined with this bit mask, no high/low pull will be used, but the pins will be in tristate mode.
	Range:
	0x00 - 0xFF
	For example 0x02 means pin number 1 is configured to be tristated instead of being pulled high/low.
pull	Defines the pull direction.
	Options:
	up: Pins are pulled up
	down: Pins are pulled down
	Note:
	The pull direction will affect the whole port and and individual pin directions cannot be configured.
Example : pu	lling all pins in Port 0 down
<port index="0" pull="down" tristatemask="0"></port>	



By default all the ports except P1_0 and P1_1 are configured as inputs with pull-ups. P1_0 and P1_1 should be configured as outputs or pulled up externally.

All unused I/O pins should have a defined level and should not be left floating. This can be done by leaving the pin unconnected and by configuring the pin as a general-purpose I/O input with a pull-up resistor. Alternatively the pins can be configured as a general-purpose I/O output. In either case, the pins should not be connected directly to VDD or GND, in order to avoid excessive power consumption.



Port 2 pins currently do not support interrupts. They may still be pulled up or down with the above configuration in hardware.xml, but BGScript/BGAPI commands to enable interrupts on P2_* pins will not have any effect. Only Port 0 and Port 1 pins support interrupts.

4.11 <usb>

USB interface settings:

Attribute	Value - Description
enable	Enables or disables the USB interface.
	Options:
	true: Use this to enable the USB interface.
	false: Use this to disable the USB interface.
	Default:
	false
endpoint	Configures the USB interface usage purpose
	Options:
	none: USB can be controller with a BGScript application
	api: USB is used for the BGAPI protocol
	test: See endpoint section for more information
	script: do not use
	usb: See endpoint section for more information
	uart0: See endpoint section for more information
	uart1: See endpoint section for more information
	See: Endpoints available below.
Example :	Enabling BGAPI over USB
<usb enab<="" th=""><th>ple="true" endpoint="api" /></th></usb>	ple="true" endpoint="api" />
Example :	Enabling USB access for BGScript
<usb enab<="" th=""><th>ole="true" endpoint="none" /></th></usb>	ole="true" endpoint="none" />



In BLED112 the interface must always be enabled or the dongle becomes unusable.

In BLE112 this should be set to false, unless the interface is really needed, since USB constantly uses 5+ mA of current.

4.12 <usart>

This setting is used to configure the USART interface of the BLE112 or BLE113 *Bluetooth* Smart modules.

In UART mode, the number of data bits is 8 and parity is set to none. Number of data bits and parity cannot be re-configured.

attribute	description
channel	USART channel to configure
	Options:
	0: USART channel 0
	1: USART channel 1
baud	USART baudrate and SPI master clock.
	Range:
	1200 - 2000000
alternate	Alternate configuration option for USART
	Options:
	1: Alternative configuration 1 (see data sheet for details)
	2: Alternative configuration 2 (see data sheet for details)
endpoint	Configures the UART interface usage purpose
	Options:
	none: USART interface can be controller with a BGScript application
	api: USART is used for the BGAPI protocol
mode	USART operation mode
	Options:
	uart: USART is configured as UART interface. When BGAPI is used over UART in this mode, hardware flow control MUST be used.
	packet: USART is configured as UART interface using the BGAPI packet mode. This allows BGAPI to be used over UART without hardware flow control.
	spi_master: USART is configured as SPI master.
	spi_slave: USART is configured as SPI slave. Not recommended to be used, due to the SPI slave interface issues.
	Default:
	uart
	Note:
	See BGAPI protocol description from the API reference manual for more information about the packet mode.

attribute	description
polarity	SPI polarity configuration
	Options:
	positive: Configures the SPI clock polarity to be positive
	negative: Configures the SPI clock polarity to be negative
	Default:
	negative
phase	SPI clock phase
	Options:
	0
	1
	Default:
	1
endianness	SPI bit ordering
	Options:
	msb: most signigicant bit
	Isb: least significant bit
flow	UART flow control setting
	Options:
	true: Hardware flow control (RTS and CTS) enabled
	false: Hardware flow control (RTS and CTS) disabled
	Default:
	true
stop	UART stop bit logic
	Options:
	high
	low
	Default:
	high

attribute	description
start	UART start bit logic
	Options:
	high
	low
	Default:
	low
	Note: Must be different than stop bit logic.
stopbits	UART stop bits Options:
	1: One stop bit
	2: Two stop bits
	Default:
	1

Example: Enabling BGAPI over UART on DKBLE112 or DKBLE113

<usart channel="1" alternate="1" baud="115200" endpoint="api" />

Example: Enabling UART access for BGScript on DKBLE112 or DKBLE113

<usart channel="1" alternate="1" baud="115200" endpoint="none"/>

Example: Enabling SPI master interface on DKBLE112 or DKBLE113 to control the display

<usart channel="0" mode="spi_master" alternate="2" polarity="positive" phase="1" endianness="msb"
baud="57600" endpoint="none"/>

4.13 <timer_ticks>

This configuration controls a global prescaler for Timer 1, Timer 3, and Timer 4. The pre-scaler value can be set to a value from 0.25 MHz to 32 MHz.

This setting can be used to slow down the clock value give to the timer and generate longer values for example for PWM.

attribute	description	
speed	Timer tick settings	
	Options:	
	0: 32 MHz 1: 16 MHz 2: 8 MHz 3: 4 MHz 4: 2 MHz 5: 1 MHz 6: 500 kHz 7: 250 kHz	
Example : 32 MHz timer <timer_ticks speed="0"></timer_ticks>		

4.14 <timer>

This configuration is used to configure the TIMER of the BLE112 module.

attribute	description
index	Timer index to configure
	Options:
	1: TIMER1
	3: TIMER3
	4: TIMER4
enabled_channels	Enabled channels for TIMER
	Range:
	0x00 - 0xFF
divisor	Divisor for timer
	TIMER1:
	0: Tick frequency/1
	1: Tick frequency/8
	2: Tick frequency/32
	3: Tick frequency/128
	TIMER 3 and 4:
	0: Tick frequency/1
	1: Tick frequency/2
	2: Tick frequency/4
	3: Tick frequency/8
	4: Tick frequency/16
	5: Tick frequency/32
	6: Tick frequency/64
	7: Tick frequency/128

attribute	description
mode	Timer operating mode
	TIMER1:
	0 : Suspended
	1 : Free running
	2 : Modulo
	3: Up/Down
	TIMER 3&4:
	0 : Free running
	1 : Down
	2 : Modulo
	3: Up/Down
alternate	Alternate configuration for TIMER
	Options:
	1: Alternative configuration 1 (see data sheet for details)
	2: Alternative configuration 2 (see data sheet for details)
Example: 4-channel PWM configuration	
<timer alternate="2" divisor="0" enabled_channels="0x1f" index="1" mode="2"></timer>	

4.15 <otaboot>

Bootloader configuration for Over-the-Air update.

attribute	description
source	Source where image is updated from.
	Options:
	external: External SPI flash memory is used
	internal: Internal memory is used (required 256kB internal flash)
uart	SPI uart where external flash is connected'
	Options:
	0: USART channel 0
	1: USART channel 1
cs_port	Chip select port for SPI memory
	Options:
	0: Port 0
	1: Port 1
cs_pin	Chip select pin for SPI memory
	Options:
	0-7: Pin 0 to pin 7
power_port	Power port for SPI memory
	Options:
	0 : Port 0
	1: Port 1
	Note: P1_0 and P1_1 are recommended since they provide high power output and can power the flash chip directly.
power_pin	Power pin for SPI memory
	Options:
	0-7: Pin 0 to pin 7
	Note: P1_0 and P1_1 are recommended since they provide high power output and can power the flash chip directly.
Example: En	abling external SPI flash board on DKBLE112 or DKBLE113
<otaboot sou<="" th=""><td>rce="external" uart="0" cs_port="1" cs_pin="2" power_port="1" power_pin="0" /></td></otaboot>	rce="external" uart="0" cs_port="1" cs_pin="2" power_port="1" power_pin="0" />

4.16

4.17 Endpoints

The possible endpoint values used either for USB or UART are listed below:

Value	description	
none	Data can be read from/written to BGScript when using system_endpoint_tx command and system_endpoint_rx event in script	
api	Endpoint is connected to BGAPI protocol.	
test	Endpoint is connected to UART Bluetooth testing purposes.	
script	Do not use.	
usb	Endpoint is connected to USB interface.	
uart0	Endpoint is connected to UART0 interface.	
uart1	Endpoint is connected to UART1 interface.	

4.18 Examples

Example for BLED112 USB dongle to enable BGAPI protocol over USB interface:

Below is an example of hardware configuration file used with BLE112 or BLE113 module, which uses BGAPI protocol over UART on DKBLE112 or DKBLE113. Also the DC/DC control pin is enabled to control the external DC/DC converter and the wake-up pin is enabled in P0_0 pin (button).



Never use the configuration below with a BLED112 USB dongle.

5 Application Configuration File (config.xml)

This application configuration file is used to configure the Bluetooth Smart Software's features such as the number of maximum connections.

5.1 < connections >

This configuration defines the maximum number of connections that are supported by the firmware.

Attribute	Value - Description	
value	Defines how many connections are supported. Affects how much RAM to reserve for connections.	
	Range:	
	1 - 8	
	Default:	
	1	
Example : Enabling one (1) connection		
<connection< th=""><th colspan="2"><connections value="1"></connections></th></connection<>	<connections value="1"></connections>	
Example : Enabling eight (8) connections		
<connection< th=""><th colspan="2"><connections value="8"></connections></th></connection<>	<connections value="8"></connections>	



When more then one (1) connection is supported in the config.xml then connection interval values (minimum and maximum) used in all connection commands must be divisible by connections * 2.5ms

Examples:

If three (3) connections are supported then connection interval range has to contain limit values that are divisible by 3 * 2.5ms = 7.5ms. In this case, any multiple value of 7.5ms can be used like 7.5ms. 15ms, 22.5ms, 30ms, etc.

Alternatively if two (2) simultaneous connections are supported, the interval values must be divisible by 5ms. Notice that in in this case lowest possible interval of 7.5ms cannot be used because it is not divisible by 5.0ms, so only connection intervals of 10ms, 15ms etc. can be used.

If only one connection is supported then any connection interval can be used when issuing the connection commands.

5.2 <defrag>

Tag defines if persistent store is defragmented automatically at boot time.

Attribute | Value - Description

Attribute	Value - Description
enable	Defragmentation enabled
	Options:
	true: Defragmentation run at boot
	false: Defragmentation during boot disabled
	Default:
	true

5.3 <manual_confirm>

If this tag exists in XML file then manual confirmation of attribute indications will be enabled.

When a the *Bluetooth* Smart software receives attribute indications from a remote device it produces an *attribute value* event to the host, where the type is *attclient_attribute_value_type_indicate_rsp_req*. The host (application) must respond to this event with *attclient_indicate_confirm* command after it had handled the indication to inform the data has been received.

This feature can be used by the host software to acknowledge the indication data and this provides extra reliability. If this tag is not enabled the firmware will automatically acknowledge indications upon reception.

Attribute	Value - Description
	Enables or disables manual indication confirmations.
Example : Enabling manual confirmations	
<manual_confirm></manual_confirm>	

5.4 <script_timeout>

Defines maximum number of steps (commands) a BGScript can run within an event before a **system_script_failure** is raised.

Attribute	Value - Description	
value	Maximum number of steps a BGScript can take.	
	Range:	
	0 - 65535	
	Default:	
	1000	
Example : disabling script timeout feature		
<script_tim< th=""><th colspan="2"><script_timeout value="0"></script_timeout></th></script_tim<>	<script_timeout value="0"></script_timeout>	
Example : Limiting BGScript steps to 10000		
<script_timeout value="10000"></script_timeout>		



This timeout is especially recommended to be used when developing BGScript applications into BLED112 USB dongle.

5.5 <throughput>

Defines how data packets are sent over the air during each connection interval.

Attribute	Value - Description	
optimize	Throughput optimization setting	
	Options:	
	power: Only a single packet is sent at each connection interval. This setting minimizes power consumption, but might limit throughput.	
	balanced: Sends only packets that fit in transmission buffer which is 128B. Normally 3-4 packets will fit, depending on user payload and overhead.	
	performance: Maximize throughput and loads new packets to transmission buffer and sends them as soon as previous packets have been successfully transmitted. Increases power consumption.	
	Default:	
	balanced	
Example :	Example : Optimizing data throughput	
<pre><throughout optimize="performance"></throughout></pre>		
Example : Optimizing power consumption		
<pre><throughout optimize="power"></throughout></pre>		

5.6 <passkey>

This configuration defines a fixed passkey to be used during MITM paring, instead of a randomly generated passkey.

If this tag is not used the passkey for Man-in-the-Middle pairing will be randomly generated as described in the *Bluetooth* specification.

Attribute	Value - Description
passkey	Defines a six (6) digit fixed passkey used during MITM pairing.
	Range:
	000000 - 999999
	Default:
	disabled
Example : Use fixed MITM passkey 246802	
<pre><passkey value="246802"></passkey></pre>	



When this configuration is enabled the device will default to *display only* capabilities. The remote device pairing with this device must have capabilities *keyboard only* or *keyboard/display* or otherwise J *ust Works* pairing is used.

5.7 <user_data>

This configuration defines how much continuous flash space will be allocated for user data. These space is taken from pool that would otherwise been used for PS keys. Data size allocated will be rounded up to nearest 2KB.

When using the Over-the-Air (OTA) firmware update with a product that has 256kB internal the flash space must be allocated for the firmware update. The allocated size must be at least the size of the firmware update.

Attribute	Value - Description
size	Defines how much data is allocated for the user data.
	Default:
	o
file	Optionally initialize the data from a file.
	If both the <i>file</i> and <i>size</i> attributes are used than the allocated flash space will be the larger of the two rounded up to closest 2kB.
Example: Allocating 1280 bytes from the flash for user data	
<user_data size="0x500"></user_data>	

5.8 Examples

Below is an example of **config.xml** that enables a single (1) connection, disables BGScript timeout and configures the throughput for balanced mode.

Contact information

Sales: sales@bluegiga.com

Technical support: http://www.bluegiga.com/support/

Orders: orders@bluegiga.com

WWW: http://www.bluegiga.com

Head Office / Finland: Phone: +358-9-4355 060

Fax: +358-9-4355 0660

Sinikalliontie 5 A 02630 ESPOO

FINLAND

Head address / Finland: P.O. Box 120

02631 ESPOO

FINLAND

Sales Office / USA: Phone: +1 770 291 2181

Fax: +1 770 291 2183

Bluegiga Technologies, Inc.

3235 Satellite Boulevard, Building 400, Suite 300

Duluth, GA, 30096, USA

Sales Office / Hong-Kong: Phone: +852 3182 7321

Fax: +852 3972 5777

Bluegiga Technologies, Inc.

Unit 10-18, 32/F, Tower 1, Millennium City 1, 388 Kwun Tong Road, Kwun Tong, Kowloon,

Hong Kong