Assignment #4: T-primes + 贪心

2024 fall, Complied by <mark>李婧涵,生科院</mark>

1. 题目

34B. Sale

greedy, sorting, 900, https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/34/B

思路: 先排序, 判断是扛不动在先还是赚不了钱在先, 结束

代码

```
m, n = map(int, input().split())
tvs = sorted(list(map(int, input().split())))
count = 0
for i in range(n):
    if tvs[i] >= 0:
        break
    count -= tvs[i]
print(count)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

286005525	Oct/15/2024 15:19 ^{UTC+8}	lyralee	<u>34B - Sale</u>	Python 3	Accepted	124 ms	0 KB

160A. Twins

greedy, sortings, 900, https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/160/A

思路:

倒序排序减少循环次数, 求和比较, 输出结果

代码

```
n = int(input())
coins = sorted(list(map(int, input().split())))
coins.reverse()
value = sum(coins)
ive = 0
for i in range(n + 1):
    #ive += coins[i]
    if sum(coins[:i]) >= value//2 + 1:
        print(i)
        break
```

代码运行截图 == (至少包含有"Accepted") ==

<u>286008043</u> Oct/15/2024 15:42^{UTC+8} lyralee <u>160A - Twins</u> Python 3 **Accepted** 154 ms 0 KB

1879B. Chips on the Board

constructive algorithms, greedy, 900, https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/1879/B

思路:

这道题的最优解即: 取每行最小的数相加/每列最小的数相加,再比较这两种取法哪个更小

代码

```
t = int(input())
for i in range(t):
    n = int(input())
    a = list(map(int,input().split()))
    b = list(map(int,input().split()))
    min_c = min(a)*n + sum(b)
    min_l = min(b)*n + sum(a)
    print(min(min_c, min_l))
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")



158B. Taxi

*special problem, greedy, implementation, 1100, https://codeforces.com/problemset/problem/15 8/B

思路:

跟之前有道装包裹的题很想,这道题简化一点。

4,3个人的独立分装,2的两辆配对分装,剩下的1填进去

```
import math

n = int(input())
teams = input().split()
t_1, t_2, t_3, t_4 = teams.count('1'), teams.count('2'), teams.count('3'),
teams.count('4')
res = t_4 + t_3 + math.ceil(t_2/2)
if t_1 > t_3 + 2*(math.ceil(t_2/2) - math.floor(t_2/2)):
    res += math.ceil((t_1 - (t_3 + 2*(math.ceil(t_2/2) - math.floor(t_2/2))))/4)
print(res)
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

#	Author	Problem	Lang	Verdict	Time	Memory	Sent	Judged
285819043	Practice: lyralee	<u>158B</u> - 10	Python 3	Accepted	186 ms	3240 KB	2024-10-14 15:01:06	2024-10-14 15:01:06

*230B. T-primes (选做)

binary search, implementation, math, number theory, 1300, http://codeforces.com/problemset/pr oblem/230/B

思路:

感觉这道题老早了哈哈哈,

筛质数的方式最快的是欧拉筛,找到质数并删除以其为因数的合数,把j**2放入Tprime列表中最大问题是一直超时(很奇怪,但是使用了欧拉筛还是超时),最后被迫放弃个人钻研学习了一下标答代码

```
import math
T_prime = []
number = [False]*2 + [True]*999999
for j in range(2,1000001):
   if number[j] == True:
        T_prime.append(j**2)
        for k in range(2, 1000000//j + 1):
            number[k*j] = False
n = int(input())
rec = list(map(int, input().split()))
ans = []
for i in range(n):
    if rec[i] < 4 or int(rec[i]**0.5) != rec[i]**0.5:</pre>
        ans.append('NO')
    elif rec[i] in T_prime:
        ans.append('YES')
    else:
```

```
ans.append('NO')
print('\n'.join(ans))
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

(因为不是个人代码ac就不放了)

*12559: 最大最小整数 (选做)

greedy, strings, sortings, http://cs101.openjudge.cn/practice/12559

思路:

不断的比较,交换

其实挺危险的,这个方法有一定超时的可能性,学习了一下另一种做法

代码

```
n = int(input())
num = sorted(list(input().split()))
for i in range(n - 1):
    for j in range(i + 1, n):
        if num[j] + num[i] < num[i] + num[j]:
            num[i], num[j] = num[j], num[i]
mun = reversed(num)
print(''.join(mun) + ' ' + ''.join(num))</pre>
```

代码运行截图 (至少包含有"Accepted")

2. 学习总结和收获

如果作业题目简单,有否额外练习题目,比如:OJ"计概2024fall每日选做"、CF、LeetCode、洛谷等网 站题目。

进入算法学习后明显感受到迷茫,盯着题目但是脑子里一下子蹦不出来思路的情况经常出现最近一段时间其他课业有点繁忙,每日一题落了四五题,争取快速赶上