

model.layers.12.mlp	Bulgarian	16648	"The highlighted tokens are predominantly suffixes or stems in Bulgarian that form adjectives, nouns, or participles, often indicating grammatical features such as gender, number, or case, and are especially common in forming complex or compound words. These morphemes frequently appear at the end of words and are central to word formation and inflection in the language."	russ
model.layers.12.mlp	Hindi	13954	"Suffixes and endings in Hindi, such as ो, ी, े, ै, ु, ू, and ूँ, are frequently activated, reflecting their grammatical role in verb conjugation, noun/adjective inflection, and pluralization. These endings are crucial for indicating tense, number, gender, and case in Hindi sentences."	*
model.layers.12.mlp	Russian	31110	"The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian morphemes, roots, or affixes that form the core semantic or grammatical structure of words, often marking verbs, adjectives, or nouns. These segments frequently appear at the beginning or end of words and are essential for conveying meaning, tense, aspect, or other grammatical features in Russian. The activations focus on these meaningful subword units that are central to word formation and comprehension in the language."	га, ров, на, Г, ир
model.layers.12.mlp	Russian	48228	"The highlighted tokens are primarily Russian morphemes, function words, and endings that mark grammatical relationships, verb conjugations, noun/adjective declensions, and common syntactic connectors. These tokens are crucial for sentence structure, tense, case, agreement, and linking clauses, reflecting the morphological richness and syntactic dependencies of Russian language."	га, ров, на, Г, ир
model.layers.13.mlp	Bulgarian	91108	"The text highlights the importance of common Bulgarian prefixes such as "из-", "под-", "раз-", "съ-", "при-", and others, which frequently appear at the beginning of words to form verbs, nouns, or adjectives. These prefixes are key morphological markers that modify the meaning of root words and are highly salient in the structure and semantics of Bulgarian language."	Александ
model.layers.13.mlp	Russian	29244	"The highlighted tokens are primarily morphemes, roots, prefixes, and suffixes within Russian words, often marking word formation, inflection, or derivation. These segments frequently correspond to meaningful subword units that contribute to the grammatical or semantic structure of the word, such as case endings, diminutives, verb aspects, or noun/adjective formation."	ль, га, Александ, ров, на, Г, ир, я
model.layers.13.mlp	Russian	40052	"The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian (and some other Slavic) word endings, suffixes, and inflections that indicate grammatical case, number, gender, verb tense, or derivational morphology. These endings are crucial for understanding syntactic roles and semantic relationships in the text, as well as for identifying noun, adjective, and verb forms."	ль, га, Александ, ров, на, Г, ир, я
model.layers.13.mlp	Russian	97322	"The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian morphological suffixes, prepositions, conjunctions, and noun/adjective endings that indicate grammatical relationships, case, number, gender, and aspect. These elements are essential for syntactic structure and meaning in Russian, often marking possession, agency, time, and other core grammatical functions."	ль, га, Александ, ров, на, Г, ир, я
model.layers.13.mlp	Russian	115738	"The important tokens are predominantly Russian morphemes, roots, and affixes that form the core semantic or grammatical structure of words, often marking noun, verb, or adjective stems, as well as common derivational and inflectional endings. These tokens frequently appear at the beginning or within the main body of words, highlighting the morphological building blocks essential for meaning and word formation in Russian text."	ль, га, Александ, ров, на, Г, ир, я
model.layers.13.mlp	Spanish	53088	"The highlighted tokens are primarily Spanish morphemes, suffixes, and function words, including endings for adjectives, nouns, and adverbs, as well as conjunctions, prepositions, and common connectors. There is also emphasis on punctuation and proper nouns, reflecting structural and grammatical elements essential for sentence construction and meaning in Spanish text.")
model.layers.13.mlp	Thai	40808	"The highlighted tokens are word fragments, often suffixes or inflections, that appear at the end of words across multiple languages, indicating morphological boundaries or grammatical modifications."	uss, russ