Detection

Recall

0.52

0.34

0.52

0.48

0.22

0.42

0.54

0.84

0.4

0.5

1

0.963

0.857

0.917

0.955

0.964

0.867

0.857

1

1

0.87

0.79

0.88

0.75

0.6

0.71

0.7

0.68

0.77

0.85

Accuracy F1 score Precision

0.684

0.507

0.675

0.615

0.355

0.583

0.692

0.4

0.848

0.571

0.667

0.76

0.67

0.75

0.7

0.6

0.7

0.76

0.85

0.7

Feature ID

31110

48228

29244

40052

50197

68491

91930

97322

103291

115738

120158

or abstract concepts.

language.

Lang

Russian

model.layers.12.mlp

model.lavers.12.mlp

model.layers.13.mlp

model.lavers.13.mlp

model.layers.13.mlp

model.layers.13.mlp

model.lavers.13.mlp

model.layers.13.mlp

model.layers.13.mlp

model.layers.13.mlp

model.lavers.13.mlp

Interpretation

The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian morphemes, roots, or affixes that form the core semantic or grammatical structure of words, often marking verbs, adjectives, or nouns. These segments frequently appear at the beginning or end of

words and are essential for conveying meaning, tense, aspect, or other grammatical features in Russian. The activations focus on these meaningful subword units that are central to word formation and comprehension in the language.

The highlighted tokens are primarily Russian morphemes, function words, and endings that mark grammatical relationships, verb conjugations, noun/adjective declensions, and common

syntactic connectors. These tokens are crucial for sentence structure, tense, case, agreement, and linking clauses, reflecting the morphological richness and syntactic dependencies of Russian

The highlighted tokens are primarily morphemes, roots, prefixes, and suffixes within Russian words, often marking word formation, inflection, or derivation. These segments frequently correspond

to meaningful subword units that contribute to the grammatical or semantic structure of the word, such as case endings, diminutives, verb aspects, or noun/adjective formation.

The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian (and some other Slavic) word endings, suffixes, and inflections that indicate grammatical case, number, gender, verb tense, or derivational

morphology. These endings are crucial for understanding syntactic roles and semantic relationships in the text, as well as

The prefix \"or\" and its variants are frequently activated, indicating a focus on Russian morphological patterns where \"or\" serves as a prefix in verbs and nouns to convey meanings related

to separation, removal, or origin. Other common activations include prefixes and prepositions, highlighting the importance of word formation and grammatical function in Russian text.

The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian morphemes, roots, and suffixes that form or modify nouns and adjectives.

often marking case, number, gender, or forming compound

words, especially in contexts describing locations, organizations,

The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian (with some Bulgarian) morphemes, word endings, and function words that are essential for grammatical structure, word formation, and meaning in context. These include case endings, verb conjugations, participles, prepositions, conjunctions, and suffixes

that indicate tense, number, gender, or aspect. The activations focus on elements that define syntactic roles, connect phrases, or modify the meaning of nouns and verbs, reflecting the importance of morphology and function words in Slavic languages

The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian morphological suffixes, prepositions, conjunctions, and noun/adjective endings that indicate grammatical relationships, case, number, gender,

and aspect. These elements are essential for syntactic structure and meaning in Russian, often marking possession, agency, time,

The highlighted tokens are predominantly suffixes and endings in Slavic and some other languages, marking grammatical features

such as case, number, gender, tense, aspect, or participle forms.

These endings are crucial for conveying syntactic and semantic

The important tokens are predominantly Russian morphemes, roots, and affixes that form the core semantic or grammatical structure of words, often marking noun, verb, or adjective stems,

as well as common derivational and inflectional endings. These

tokens frequently appear at the beginning or within the main body of words, highlighting the morphological building blocks essential for meaning and word formation in Russian text.

The highlighted tokens are predominantly Russian morphemes, especially suffixes, roots, and stems that form or modify nouns, adjectives, and verbs. These morphemes often indicate

grammatical features such as case, number, gender, aspect, or

degree, and are essential for word formation and meaning in Russian. The activations focus on these subword units that carry

core semantic or grammatical information.

for sentence construction and semantic clarity.

and other core grammatical functions.

relationships within sentences

for identifying noun, adjective, and verb forms.

Fuzzing

0.974

0.939

0.913

0.838

0.818

0.812

0.731

0.641

0.935

Recall

0.62

0.84

0.62

0.2

0.54

0.52

0.82

0.58

0.7

Accuracy F1 score Precision

0.854

0.747

0.875

0.713

0.333

0.651

0.634

0.719

0.716

0.824