

In most programming languages, the compiler carries a preprocessing step to determine if certain statements will compile. For instance it may check to see if parentheses match.

Write a Java program that simulates the actions of a preprocessor, to detect if certain Java constructs are syntactically correct. **Table 1** shows the types of Java statement formats under consideration, and also example of each statement.

Table 1

Format	Example
Statement data_type = expression	int x = 3 + (10 - 4) * (10 + 4)
Method <attrib> rt name(<parameter>)	public void display(int n)
{	{
<statement>	int arr[] = new int[n];
}	System.out.println(x[2]);
	}
class <attrib> class Name	public class MyParser
{	{
dt fields;	public static void main(String [] arg
<attrib> Name(<parameter>))
{	{
method (<parameter>);	display (10);
}	}
<attrib> rt method(<parameter>)	static void display(int x)
{	{
	/*
	My pre-processor
}	*/
}	}

}

Table 2 shows the delimiters under consideration.

Table 2

Delimiters	Symbol
Left parenthesis	(
Right parenthesis)
Left curly braces	{
Right curly braces	}
Left square brackets	[
Right square brackets]
Forward slash	/
Star (multiplication symbol)	*

Note: In your implementation, design a class called `Preprocessor` that accepts a file that represents the program to be analyzed. The class will contain, among other possible methods, a method that determines whether or not the statement in the file are valid, with respect to the delimiters of **Table 2**.

2. Do not be concerned with other symbols.

1. You will need a test class. You may want to name it `MyPreprocessor`.
2. You may have to enter all statements on a single line, unless you will be reading the input from a file, in which case the file would be read using presumable the class `BufferedReader` or `LineNumberReader`.
3. Your output would echo the input, and say whether or not the input passed the preprocessing stage.
4. You are to use the concept of **stack** to determine if the constructs are syntactically correct.