

Ex: 8

Date:

Introduction to Prolog

Aim:

TO learn Prolog terminology and write basic programs.

Source code:

KB1:

woman(mia).

woman(jody).

woman(yolanda).

playsAirGuitar(jody).

party.

Query 1: ?-woman(mia).

Query 2: ?-playsAirGuitar(mia).

Query 3: ?-party.

Query 4: ?-concert.

Output:

?-woman(mia)

true.

?-playsAirGuitar(mia)

false

?-party.

true

?-concert

ERROR: Unknown procedure: concert/0 (DWIM could not correct goal)

KB2:

happy(yolanda)

listen2music(mia).

Listen2music(Yolanda):- happy(Yolanda).

Play8 Air Guitar(nia):- listen2music(nia).

Play8 Air Guitar(Yolanda):- listen2music(Yolanda).

Output:-

? - Play8 Air Guitar(nia).

true.

? - Play8 Air Guitar(Yolanda).

true.

? - ■

KB3:

likes(dan, Sally)

likes(Sally, dan).

likes(john, brittney).

married(X, Y):- likes(X, Y), likes(Y, X).

friends(X, Y):- likes(X, Y); likes(Y, X).

Output:-

? - likes(dan, X)

X = Sally.

? - married(dan, Sally).

true.

? - married(john, brittney).

false.

KB4:

food(burger).

food(sandwich).

food(pizza).

lunch(sandwich).

dinner(pizza).

meal(X):- food(X).

Output:

2 -

1 food(Pizza).

true.

2 - meal(X). lunch(X).

X = sandwich.

2 - dinner(sandwich

false.

2 -

KB5:

owns(jack, car(bmw)).

owns(john, car(chery)).

owns(olivia, car(civic)).

owns(jane, car(chery)).

sedan(car(bmw)).

sedan(car(civic)).

truck(car(chery)).

Output:

2 -

1 owns(john, X).

X = car(chery).

2 - ownf(john, -).

true

2 - ownf(who, car(chery)).

who = john.

2 - ownf(jane, X), sedan(X).

false.

2 - owns(jane, X), truck(X).

X = car(chery).

Result:

Thus the program of Prolog terminology has been successfully executed.