

Artificial Intelligence Lab

Lab 01



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Practice all the examples mentioned in lab 01

Basics of Python

Example 01: Create variable of all types, print values and types of all variables.

```
In [ ]: ▶ i = 20  
print ("The data type of i is " , type (i))
```

The data type of i is <class 'int'>

```
In [ ]: ▶ x = 'xyz'  
print ("The data type of x is " , type (x))
```

The data type of x is <class 'str'>

```
In [ ]: ▶ z = 2+3j  
print ("The data type of z is " , type (z))
```

The data type of z is <class 'complex'>

```
In [ ]: ▶ j = 0.9  
print ("The data type of j is " , type (j))
```

The data type of j is <class 'float'>

```
In [ ]: ▶ check = True  
print ("The data type of check is " , type (check))
```

The data type of check is <class 'bool'>

Example 02: Take input from user(two numbers) and perform all arithmetic and logical operations on it and print results.

```
In [ ]: ▶ num = input("Enter 1st Number = ")  
num
```

Enter 1st Number = 200

Out[13]: '200'



"input" function always takes input in string data type, So we have to convert it into integer data type to perform arithmetic operations

```
In [ ]: ▶ num1 = int(num1)  
num1
```

Out[19]: 200

```
In [ ]: ▶ num3 = int(input("Enter 2nd Number = "))  
num3
```

Enter 2nd Number = 5000

Out[21]: 5000

Addition

```
In [ ]: ▶ add = num1 + num3  
add
```

Out[25]: 5200

Subtraction

```
In [ ]: ▶ sub = num3 - num1  
sub
```

Out[29]: 4800

Multiplication

```
In [ ]: ▶ Mul = num3 * num1  
Mul
```

Out[31]: 1000000

Division

```
In [ ]: ▶ Div = num1 / num3  
Div
```

Out[32]: 0.04

Mod

```
In [ ]: ▶ Mod = num1%num3  
Mod
```

Out[33]: 200

Exponent

```
In [ ]: ▶ num1 = 5  
num2 = 6  
exp = num1**num2  
exp
```

Out[38]: 15625

```
In [ ]: ► x1 = input('Enter 1st number = ')
y1 = input('Enter 2nd number = ')
x=int(x1)
y=int(y1)
add=x+y
sub=x-y
mul=x*y
div=x/y
mod=x%y
exp=x**y
a=x and y
b=x or y
c=not x
#print
print("The addition of numbers is ",add)
print("The subtraction of numbers is ", sub)
print("The multiplication of numbers is ",mul)
print("The division of numbers is ",div)
print("The modulus of numbers is ", mod)
print("The exponent of numbers is ",exp)
print("The AND of numbers is ",a)
print("The OR of numbers is ",b)
print("The NOT of numbers is ",c)
```

```
Enter 1st number = 4
Enter 2nd number = 3
The addition of numbers is 7
The subtraction of numbers is 1
The multiplication of numbers is 12
The division of numbers is 1.3333333333333333
The modulus of numbers is 1
The exponent of numbers is 64
The AND of numbers is 3
The OR of numbers is 4
The NOT of numbers is False
```

Example 03: Take a string (a long Statement) from user

- Find the length of the string
- Display the first and last character of the string
- Capitalize all alphabets
- Split string in to words (split using ' ')
- count the occurrence of an Alphabet (i.e : a)
- replace the second word of a string with 'Artificial'
- reverse the complete string

```
In [ ]: ► longStr=input("Enter a long string : ")
```

```
Enter a long string : Hi! My name is Muhammad Abul Hassan,I'm
final year computer Engineering student
```

In []: ▶ longStr

Out[45]: "Hi! My name is Muhammad Abul Hassan,I'm final year computer Engineering student"

In []: ▶ `print(f"The length of given string is {len(longStr)} including spaces")`

The length of given string is 79 including spaces.

In []: ▶ `print("The first character of the given string is ", longStr[0])`

The first character of the given string is H

In []: ▶ `print(f"The last character of the given string is {longStr[-1]}")`

The last character of the given string is t

In []: ▶ `print(f"The given string in upper case : \n {longStr.upper()}")`

The given string in upper case :
HI! MY NAME IS MUHAMMAD ABUL HASSAN,I'M FINAL YEAR COMPUTER ENGINEERING STUDENT

In []: ▶ `print(f"The splitted string : \n {longStr.split(' ')}")`

The splitted string :
['Hi!', 'My', 'name', 'is', 'Muhammad', 'Abul', 'Hassan,I'm', 'final', 'year', 'computer', 'Engineering', 'student']

In []: ▶ `print(f"In the given string 'a' has occurred : {longStr.count('a')}")`

In the given string 'a' has occurred : 7

In []: ▶ `print(f"The reversed string is : {longStr[::-1]}")`

The reversed string is : tneduts gnireenignE retupmoc raey lan
if m'I,nassaH lubA dammahuM si eman yM !iH

Example 04:

- Take three integer input from user in a single line and find the average

```
In [ ]: ► x, y, z=input('Enter three numbers with spaces to distinguish th
x1 = int(x)
x2 = int(y)
x3 = int(z)

avg=(x1+x2+x3)/3
print("The average of the numbers entered is = ", avg)
```

Enter three numbers with spaces to distinguish them = 2 3 5
The average of the numbers entered is = 3.3333333333333335

Example 05:

- Create a list of 10 values
- Display the elements of a list
- Update the value of 3rd index
- Reverse the list
- count the occurrence of an Alphabet (i.e : a)
- Add 2 more elements in 2nd index and print list
- Pop element of 1 index and display list

```
In [ ]: ► list=[1,2, 'A', 'Ali',3,4, 'U', 'Askari', 'Abbas', 'Haider']
list
```

Out[63]: [1, 2, 'A', 'Ali', 3, 4, 'U', 'Askari', 'Abbas', 'Haider']

```
In [ ]: ► list[2]='B'

print("The updated list with element of 3rd index = ",list)
```

The updated list with element of 3rd index = [1, 2, 'B', 'Ali', 3, 4, 'U', 'Askari', 'Abbas', 'Haider']

```
In [ ]: ► print("The reversed list is :",list[::-1])
```

The reversed list is : ['Haider', 'Abbas', 'Askari', 'U', 4, 3, 'Ali', 'B', 2, 1]

```
In [ ]: ► list.insert(1,45)

list.insert(1,66)

print("The list after inserting elements of 2nd index is :",list)
```

The list after inserting elements of 2nd index is : [1, 66, 45, 66, 45, 2, 'B', 'Ali', 3, 4, 'U', 'Askari', 'Abbas', 'Haider']

```
In [ ]: ► list.pop(0)  
  
print("The list after popping element of 1st index is :", list)
```

The list after popping element of 1st index is : [66, 45, 66,
45, 2, 'B', 'Ali', 3, 4, 'U', 'Askari', 'Abbas', 'Haider']

Ended