

Promoting the legal timber trade and better forest governance



Illegal logging and and associated trade:



**DEGRADE** carbon-rich forests



sustainable forest management



THREATEN livelihoods



to biodiversity loss



Are worth an estimated **30-100 billion USD** annually,
or 10-30% of the global
timber trade<sup>1</sup>

(<sup>1</sup>UNEP/Interpol, 2014)

# What is FAO doing to help?

FAO's **FLEGT Programme** works with the **European Union** (EU), its member states and many other international partners to implement the **EU FLEGT Action Plan** to combat illegal logging and associated trade by:



Increasing demand for legal timber



Improving the supply of legal timber

# What are Voluntary Partnership Agreements (VPAs)?

VPAs are bilateral trade agreements between the EU and timber-exporting countries that:



aim to ensure countries only export legally harvested, transported, processed and traded timber products



are negotiated by governments in close consultation with private sector, civil society and indigenous peoples



agree on a timber legality assurance system that is audited and results in FLEGT licences for consignments of legal timber exported to Europe

## Which countries are engaged in the VPA process?

m

田

In 2016, Indonesia and the EU agreed to issue the world's first FLEGT license, helping to ensure that Indonesian timber entering the EU has been legally harvested, transported, processed and traded.



### How does FAO strengthen forest governance?

FAO offers **technical and financial support** to countries in Africa, Asia and South America:

Support is provided through:



working towards a VPA





#### Calls for proposals

- Project ideas promoting forest governance and timber legality
- Open to government, civil society and private sector organizations



### Direct Assistance

- Immediate, specific requests such as provision of training and technical assistance.
- Open to governments and private sector organizations

The FAO FLEGT Programme has supported over 200 projects in some 40 tropical timber-producing countries since 2008





With the support of





