

Class Diagrams-

Attributes:-

A significant piece of data containing values that describe each instance of that class.

Operations:-

Allow you to specify any behavioral feature of class

- private:-

can't access by any class

or subclass.

+ public:-

can be access:-

protected:-

These can be accessed by the same class or its sub-classes.

operations-

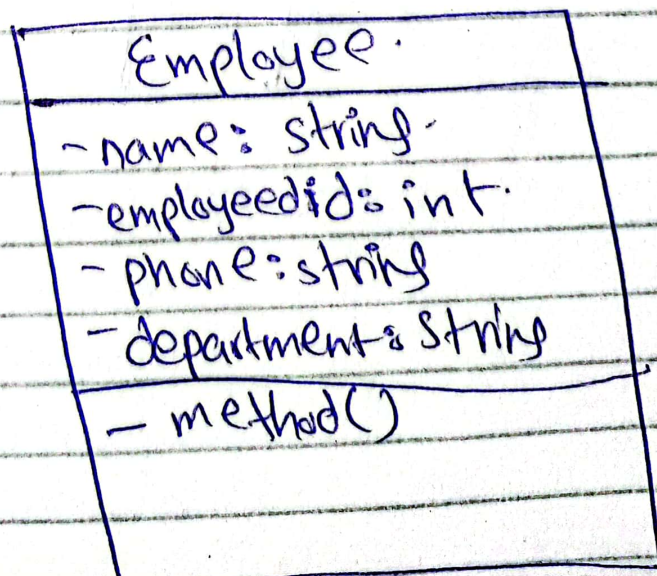
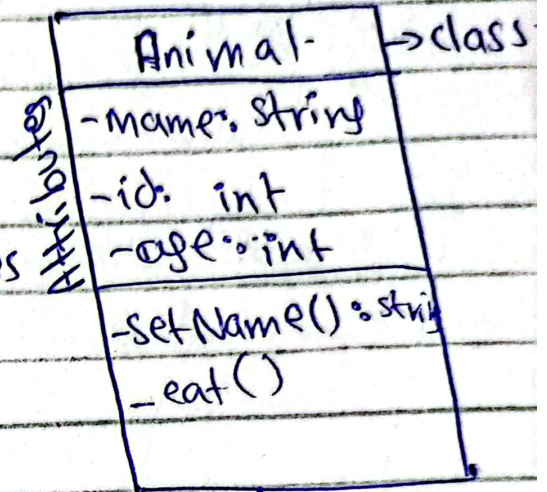
visibility -




- private

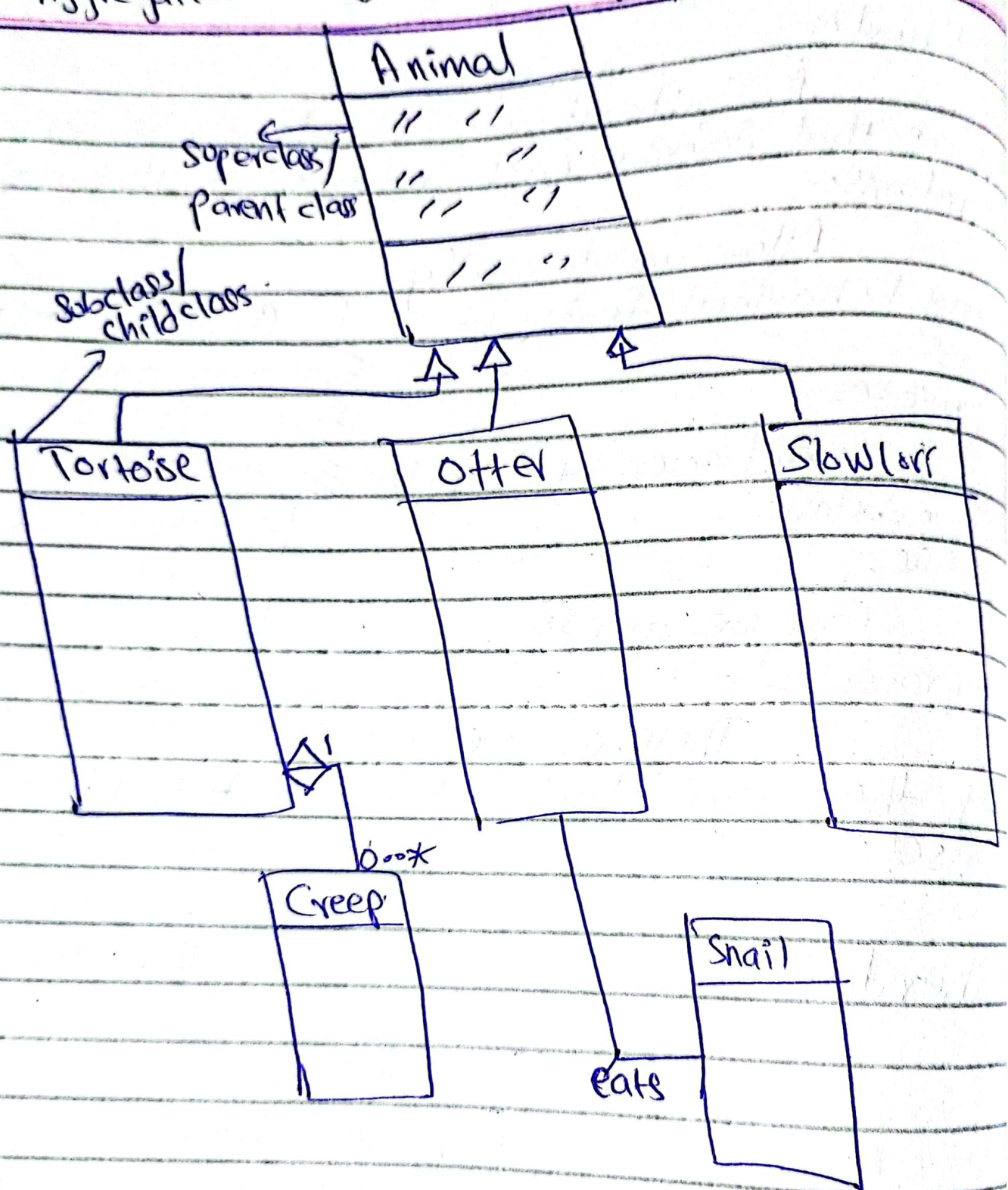
+ public

protected.

Inheritance:-



Inheritance → 
Association — 
Aggregation —  type of association specifies whole and its parts



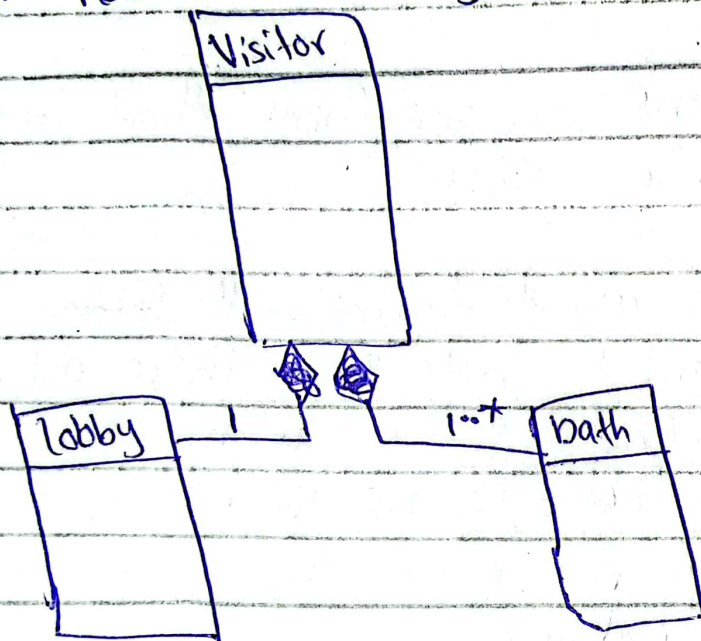
Aggregations-

where a part can exist outside the whole is aggregation

Creep is a group of tortoise, if a tortoise can be separated from creep it this can exist on its own.

Compositions-

Part can't exist outside the whole.
Centre has one lobby or atleast one bathroom.



Multiplicity:-

- 0..1 (zero to one) optional
- n specific number
- 0..* Zero to many
- 1..* One to many.
- m..n specific number range.

Object diagrams:-

It is snapshot of the objects in the system:-

Shows instances of class diagrams & links among them.

How classes can communicate?

Synchronous: →

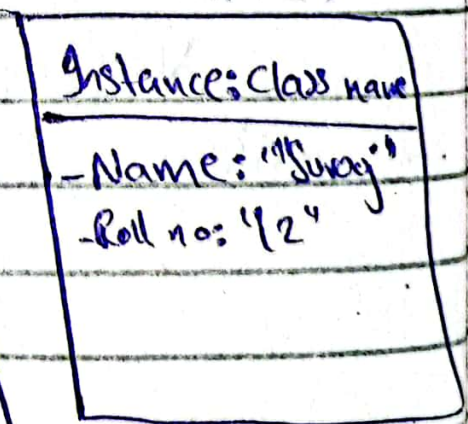
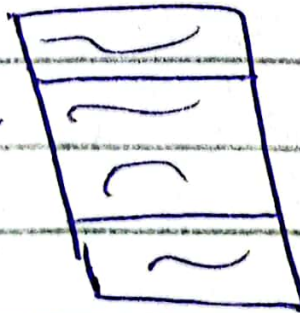
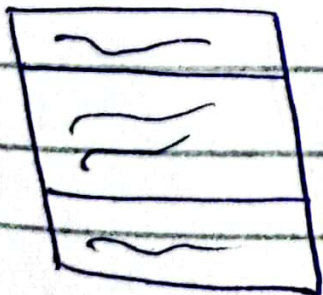
Synchronous message requires a response before the interaction can continue.

Asynchronous: → Eg →

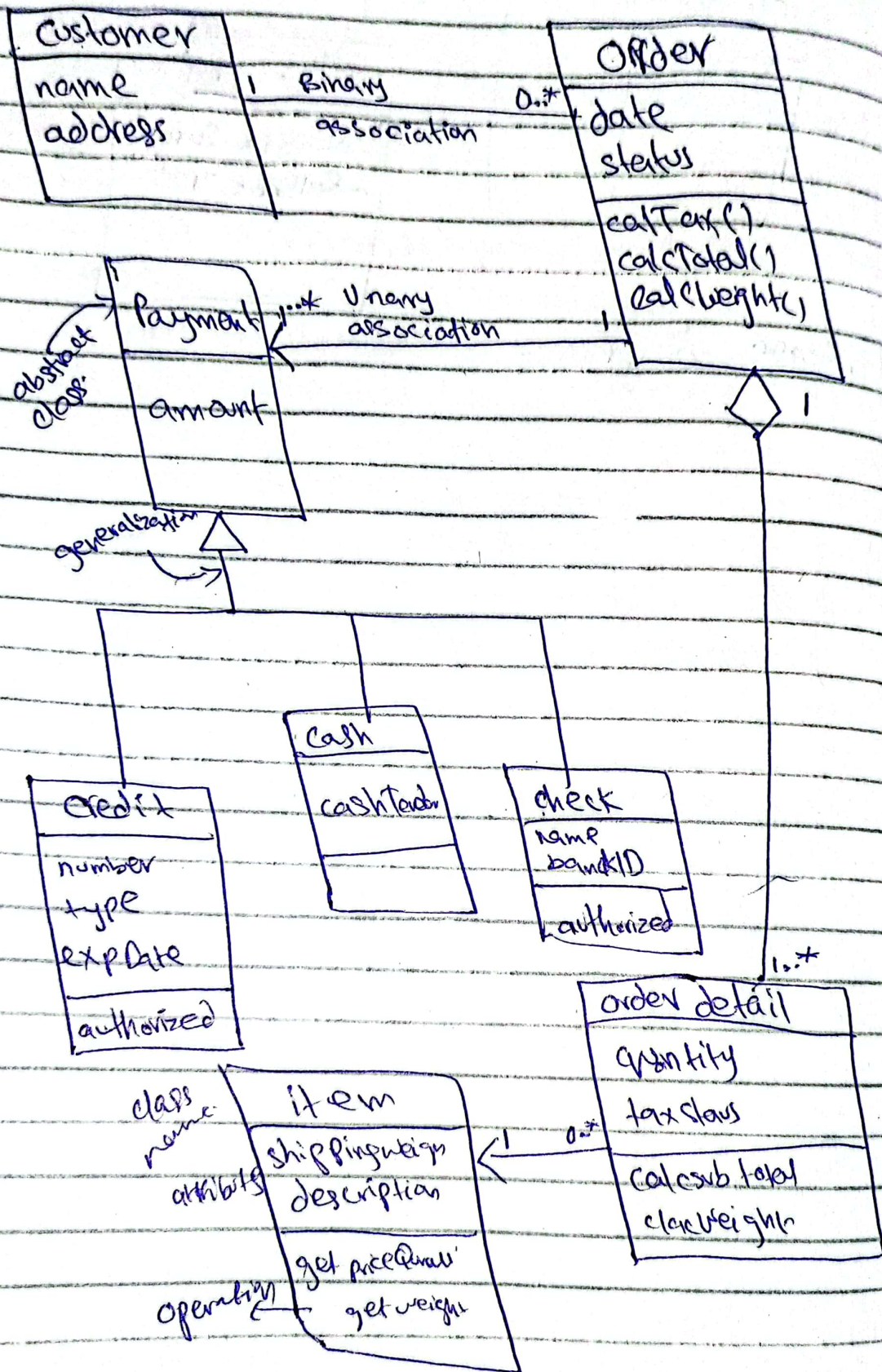
Don't need a reply for interaction to continue.

Reply:- ←

When a class replies back to the sending one class.



Class Diagram

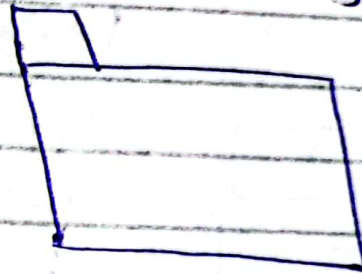


Package diagrams:-

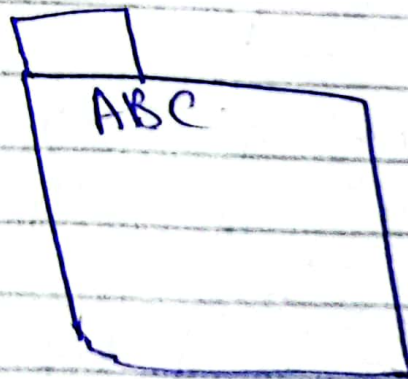
To organize complex diagrams, you can group classes into packages. It is the collection of logically related UML elements.

• Notation:-

→ Packages diagram appears as rectangles with small tabs at the top.

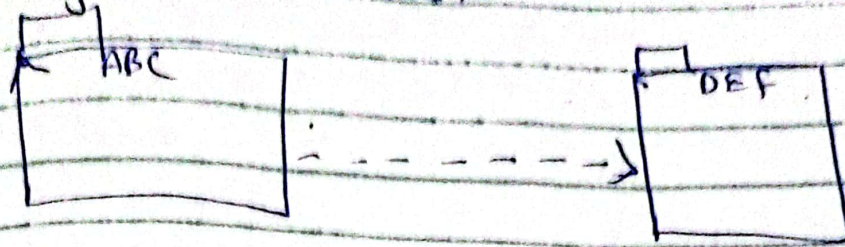


→ The package name is on the tab or inside the rectangle.



→ The dotted arrows are dependencies. One package depends on another if changes in the other could possibly force

changes in the first



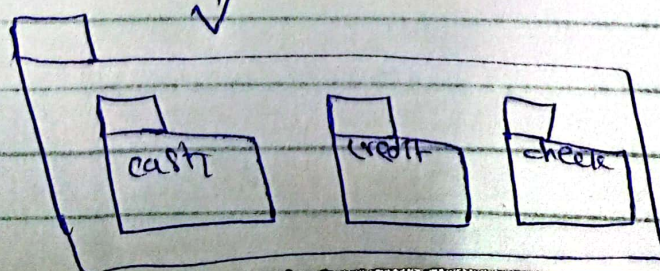
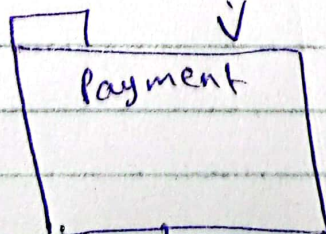
→ Packages are the basic grouping construct with which you may organize UML models to increase their readability.

→ Dynamic.

→ Packages contain more than one package.

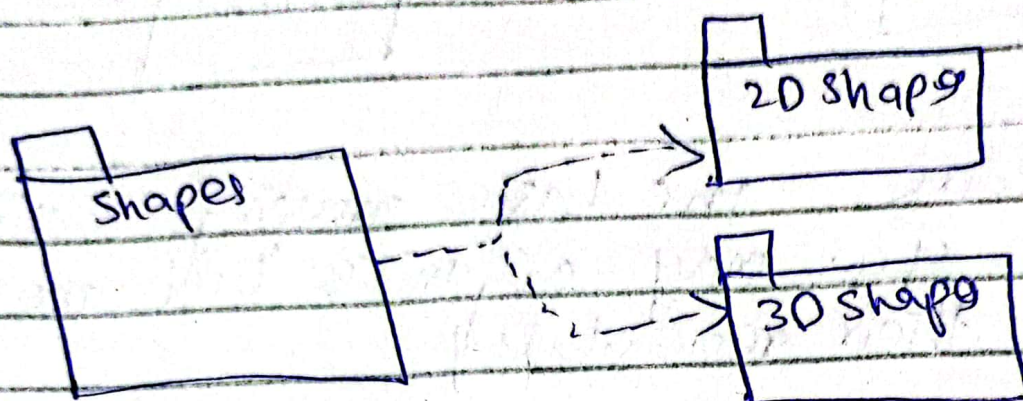


<<use>>



<< Import >>

Indicates that functionality has been imported from one package to another.



<< Access >>

Indicates that one package requires assistance from the functions of another package.

