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STUDENT REPORT

085

DETAILS

Name

M LATHA

Roll Number

3BR23EC085

300

PEAK ELEMENT FINDER

Description: You are given an N- dimensional array arr[]. A peak element in the array is defined as an element whose value is greater than or equal to its neighboring elements (if they exist). Your task is to find the index of any peak element in the given array

Note: use 0-based indexing

Input:

An integer representing the number of elements in the array. N space-separated integers, denoting the elements of the array.

N space-separated integers ,denoting the elements of the array arr[]

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Sample Input:

5

1 3 20 4 1

Sample Output:

2

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2,ECO81, 3,BR2,3ECO81, 3,BR2,3 38R23EC085 38R23EC085 3RR23EC085 3RC26 3R https://practice.reinprep.com/student/get-report/5987dd1d-7c0d-11ef-ae9a-0e411ed3c76b

```
def find_peak_element(arr):
 n = len(arr)
 if n == 1:
    return 0
 if arr[0] > arr[1]:
    return 0
 if arr[n - 1] > arr[n - 2]:
    return n - 1
 for i in range(1, n - 1):
    if arr[i] > arr[i - 1] and arr[i] > arr[i + 1]:
      return i
  return -1
n = int(input())
arr = list(map(int, input().split()))
index = find_peak_element(arr)
if index != -1:
  print(index)
else:
 print("No peak element found.")
```

5 / 5 Test Cases Passed | 100 %

https://practice.reinprep.com/student/get-report/5987dd1d-7c0d-11ef-ae9a-0e411ed3c76b