

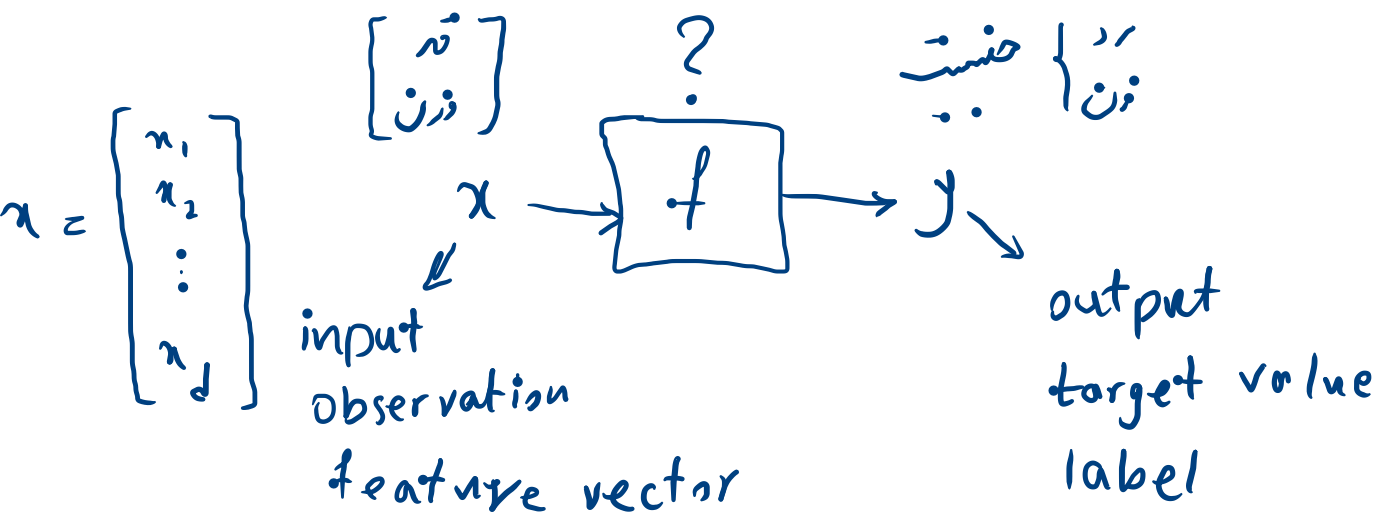
AI ML

$$AI = ML$$

$$AI \subseteq ML$$

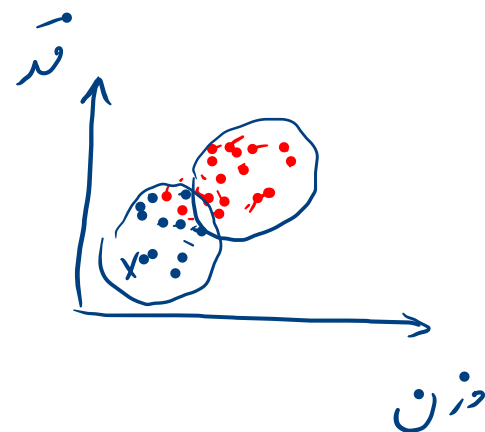
$$AI \supseteq ML \quad \checkmark$$

Data



x_1
 x_2
 \vdots
 x_n

y_1
 y_2
 y_n

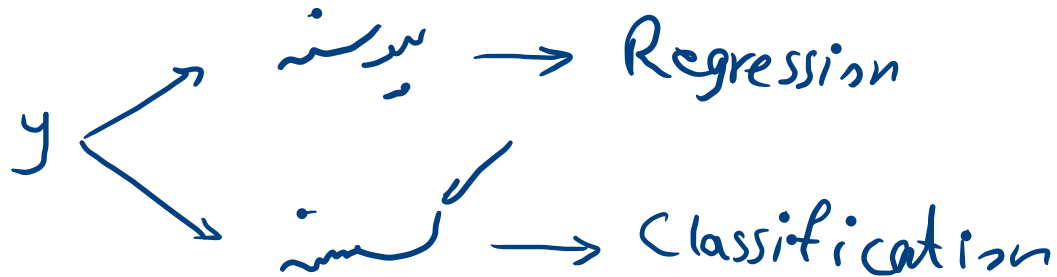




$$D = \{(x_1, y_1), \dots, (x_n, y_n)\}$$

Find $f = ?$

$$y = f(x)$$



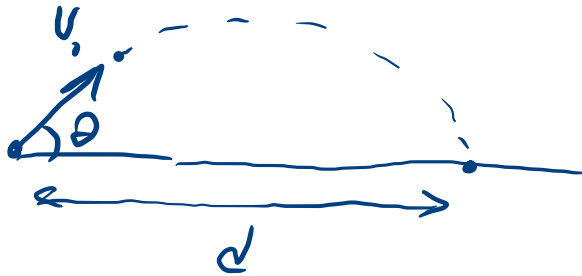
داده‌ها برچسب دارند \rightarrow Supervised

داده‌ها برچسب ندارند \rightarrow Unsupervised

یک بخش از داده‌ها برچسب دارند \rightarrow Semi-Supervised

Bayes Classifier

1. We must have Data
2. There exists a pattern between input x and output y , f
3. f is unknown.

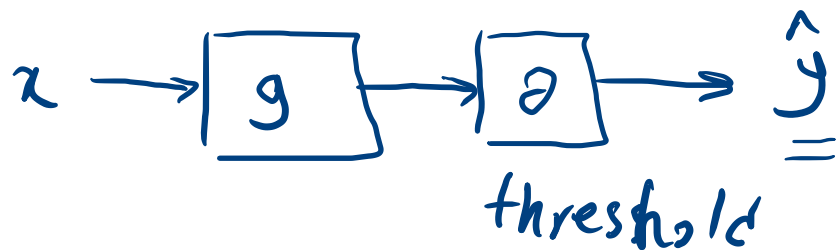


$$x = \begin{bmatrix} v_0 \\ \theta \end{bmatrix}$$

$$y = d$$

$$\underline{x = \begin{bmatrix} 170 \\ 70 \end{bmatrix}}$$

$$\underline{x = \begin{bmatrix} 180 \\ 90 \end{bmatrix}}$$



$$x \rightarrow P(y|\underline{x}) \begin{cases} \rightarrow P(y=1|x) = 0.7 \\ \rightarrow P(y=0|x) = 0.3 \end{cases}$$

$$P(y=1|x) = 0.7$$

✓

$$P(y=0|x) = 0.3$$

$$\underbrace{P(y|x)}_{\text{Posterior}} = \frac{P(x, y)}{P(x)} = \frac{\underbrace{P(x|y)}_{\text{likelihood}} \underbrace{P(y)}_{\text{Prior}}}{\underbrace{P(x)}_{\text{evidence}}}$$

Posterior: $P(y|x)$
 likelihood: $P(x|y)$
 Prior: $P(y)$
 evidence: $P(x)$

$$P(y = \text{ر}) = 0.8$$

$$P(y = \text{زن}) = 0.2$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} ? \\ ? \\ ? \end{bmatrix}$$

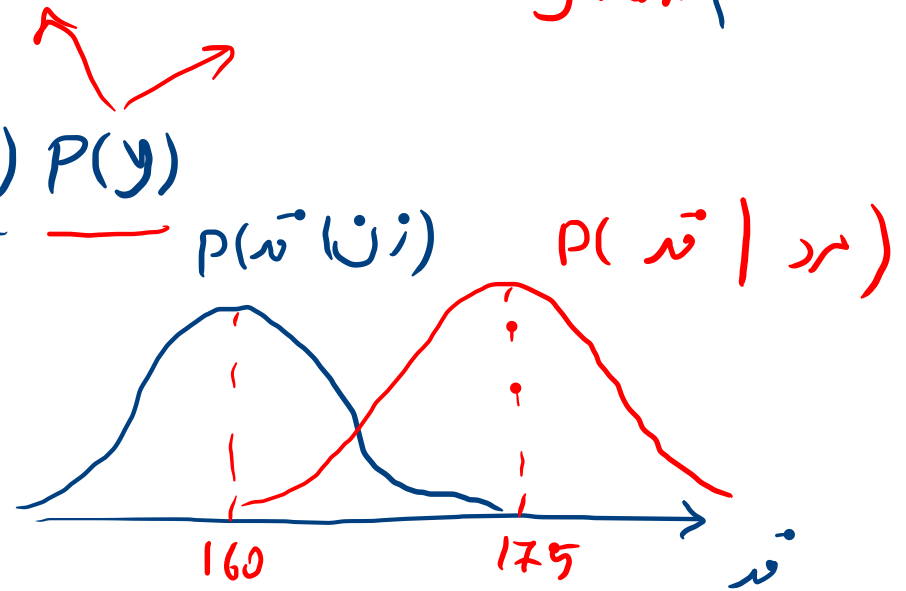
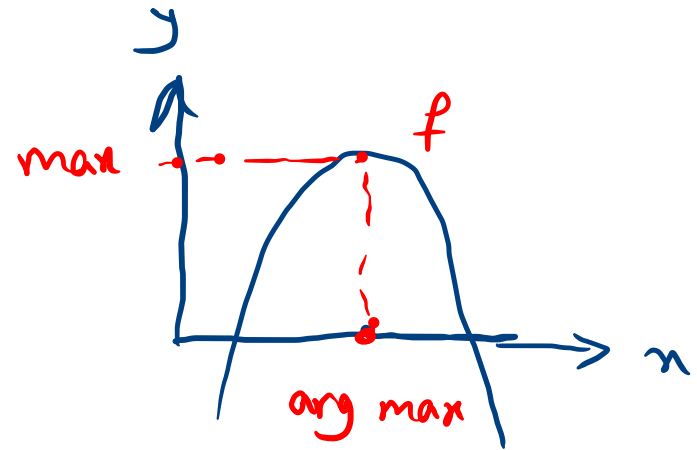
$$P(y = \text{ر} \mid \begin{bmatrix} 1 \\ 0 \\ 0 \end{bmatrix})$$

!

$$P(y|x) = \frac{P(x|y) P(y)}{\underbrace{P(x)}}$$

$$y^* = \arg \max_y \underline{P(y|x^*)}$$

$$\Rightarrow y^* = \arg \max_y \underline{P(x|y)} \underline{P(y)}$$



$$P(y=1|x) \gtrless_0 \underbrace{P(y=0|x)}_{g(x)}$$

$$\frac{P(x|y=1)P(y=1)}{P(x|y=0)P(y=0)}$$

$$\underbrace{\hspace{10em}}_{g(x)}$$

$$\gtrless_0 \underbrace{1}_{\theta}$$

$$\underbrace{\frac{P(x|y=1)}{P(x|y=0)}}_{\text{likelihood Ratio}} \gtrless_0$$

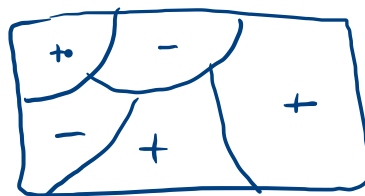
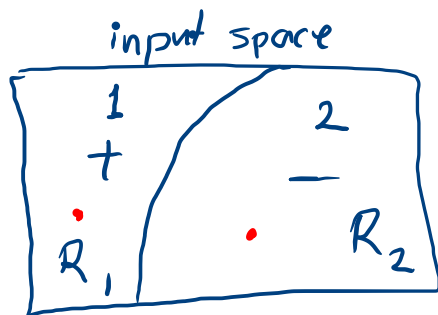
likelihood
Ratio

$$\gtrless_0 \underbrace{\frac{P(y=0)}{P(y=1)}}_{\theta}$$

Bayes classifier is Optimal!

$$\underbrace{P(y|x)}_{\text{عس}} \propto \underbrace{P(x|y)}_{\text{كسبة}} \underbrace{P(y)}_{\text{مكرر}}$$

$$P(x \in R_2, y=1) \\ = \int_{R_2} p(x, y) dx$$



y
 \hat{y}

$$\underline{P(x)} = \int p(x, y) dy$$

$$P(\text{error}) = P(y \neq \hat{y}) = P(y=1, \hat{y}=2) + P(y=2, \hat{y}=1)$$

$$= P(y=1, x \in R_2) + P(y=2, x \in R_1) \\ + P(y=1, x \in R_1) - P(y=1, x \in R_1)$$

$$= P(y=1) + \int_{R_1} p(x, y=2) dx - \int_{R_1} p(x, y=1) dx$$

$$P(\text{error}) = P(y=1) + \int_{R_1} \left[\underbrace{P(y=2, x)}_{P(x) P(y=2|x)} - \underbrace{P(y=1, x)}_{P(x) P(y=1|x)} \right] dx$$

$$= \underbrace{P(y=1)}_{\text{red underline}} - \underbrace{\int_{\underbrace{R_1}_{\text{red circle}}} P(x) \left[\underbrace{P(y=\overset{\checkmark}{1}|x)}_{\text{red underline}} - \underbrace{P(y=2|x)}_{\text{red underline}} \right] dx}_{\text{red bracket}}$$

✓ ✓

$$y \neq \hat{y}$$

$$y, \hat{y} \in \{0, 1\}$$

Risk

$$\lambda_{11}$$

$$\lambda_{12}$$

$$\lambda_{21}$$

$$\lambda_{22}$$

$$R = \begin{bmatrix} 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}_{k \times k}$$

-

$$\begin{bmatrix} 0 & 10 \\ 1 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

