Activities P1

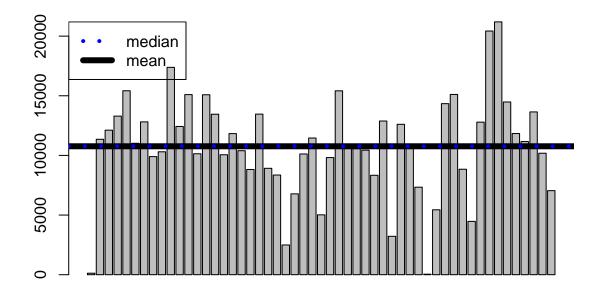
Steps

Loading and preprocessing the data

```
# download data
url <- "https://d396qusza40orc.cloudfront.net/repdata%2Fdata%2Factivity.zip"</pre>
destfile <- "repdata_data_activity.zip"</pre>
download.file(url, destfile)
# unzip data
unzip("repdata_data_activity.zip",exdir = "data")
activity <- read.csv("data/activity.csv", stringsAsFactors=FALSE)</pre>
str(activity)
                   17568 obs. of 3 variables:
## 'data.frame':
## $ steps : int NA ...
             : chr "2012-10-01" "2012-10-01" "2012-10-01" "2012-10-01" ...
## $ date
## $ interval: int 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 ...
summary(activity)
##
       steps
                        date
                                          interval
## Min. : 0.00 Length:17568
                                       Min. :
                                                  0.0
                                       1st Qu.: 588.8
## 1st Qu.: 0.00
                    Class :character
## Median : 0.00
                    Mode :character
                                       Median :1177.5
## Mean : 37.38
                                       Mean :1177.5
## 3rd Qu.: 12.00
                                       3rd Qu.:1766.2
## Max. :806.00
                                       Max. :2355.0
## NA's
          :2304
head(activity)
    steps
                date interval
       NA 2012-10-01
## 1
## 2
       NA 2012-10-01
                            5
## 3 NA 2012-10-01
                          10
## 4
     NA 2012-10-01
                           15
       NA 2012-10-01
## 5
                           20
## 6
       NA 2012-10-01
# data set with NA rows removed
activity <- activity[which(!is.na(activity$steps)), ]</pre>
# further investigation
nlevels(as.factor(activity$steps))
## [1] 617
nlevels(as.factor(activity$date))
## [1] 53
nlevels(as.factor(activity$interval))
```

```
## [1] 288
adjust date into POSIX
class(activity$date)
## [1] "character"
# turn date into
library(lubridate)
##
## Attaching package: 'lubridate'
## The following object is masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       date
activity$date <- ymd(activity$date)</pre>
str(activity)
## 'data.frame':
                    15264 obs. of 3 variables:
## $ steps : int 0000000000...
              : Date, format: "2012-10-02" "2012-10-02" ...
## $ interval: int 0 5 10 15 20 25 30 35 40 45 ...
class(activity$date)
## [1] "Date"
What is the average daily activity pattern?
require(dplyr)
## Loading required package: dplyr
##
## Attaching package: 'dplyr'
## The following objects are masked from 'package:lubridate':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, union
## The following objects are masked from 'package:stats':
##
##
       filter, lag
## The following objects are masked from 'package:base':
##
##
       intersect, setdiff, setequal, union
# piping usage:
total_day <- activity %>% group_by(date) %>%summarise(total_steps=sum(steps,na.rm=TRUE),na=mean(is.na(s
## # A tibble: 53 x 3
##
     date
              total_steps
##
      <date>
                      <int> <dbl>
## 1 2012-10-02
                         126
                                0.
## 2 2012-10-03
                      11352
                                0.
## 3 2012-10-04
                     12116
                                0.
```

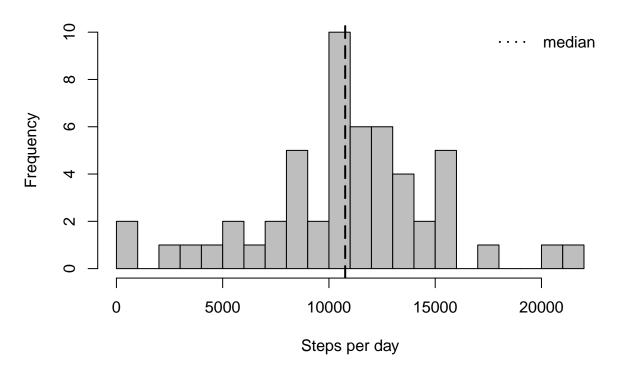
```
## 4 2012-10-05
                        13294
                                 0.
## 5 2012-10-06
                        15420
                                 0.
   6 2012-10-07
                        11015
                                 0.
  7 2012-10-09
                        12811
                                 0.
##
##
    8 2012-10-10
                         9900
                                 0.
   9 2012-10-11
                        10304
                                 0.
##
## 10 2012-10-12
                        17382
                                 0.
## # ... with 43 more rows
mean_steps <- mean(total_day$total_steps,na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
median_steps <- median(total_day$total_steps,na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
barplot(height = total_day$total_steps,col="grey")
abline(h=mean(total_day$total_steps), lwd=6, col="black")
abline(h=median(total_day$total_steps), lty=15,lwd=4, col="blue")
legend(legend=c("median", "mean"), "topleft", lty=c(15,1), lwd=c(4,6), col=c("blue", "black"))
```



```
#legend(legend="mean", "topleft", lwd=6, col="black")

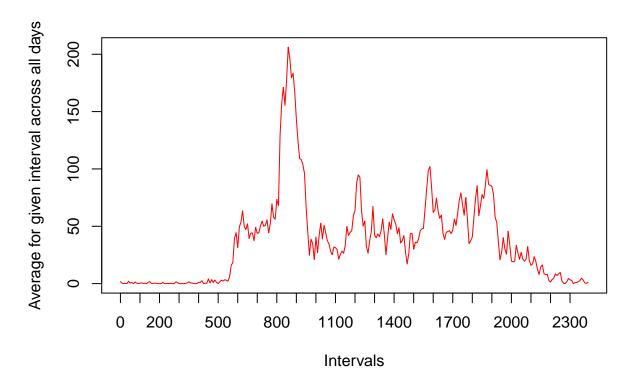
total_day <- filter(total_day, na < 1)
hist(total_day$total_steps,col="grey",breaks=20,main="steps/day",xlab="Steps per day")
abline(v=median(total_day$total_steps),lty=5, lwd=2, col="black")
legend(legend="median", "topright",lty=3,lwd=2,bty = "n")</pre>
```

steps/day



```
mean_steps <- mean(total_day$total_steps,na.rm=TRUE)
median_steps <- median(total_day$total_steps,na.rm=TRUE)</pre>
```

What is the average daily activity pattern?



```
max_numb_steps_interval <- filter(daily_patterns,average==max(average))
max_numb_steps_interval

## # A tibble: 1 x 2
## interval average
## <int> <dbl>
## 1 835 206.
```

Imputing missing data

```
head(activity2)
##
                 date interval
     steps
## 1
         0 2012-10-02
                             0
        0 2012-10-02
## 2
                             5
## 3
        0 2012-10-02
                            10
## 4
        0 2012-10-02
                            15
                            20
## 5
        0 2012-10-02
         0 2012-10-02
                            25
## 6
```

Are there differences in activity patterns between weekdays and weekends?

```
library(lubridate)
is_weekday <-function(date){</pre>
        if(wday(date)%in%c(1,7)) result<-"weekend"</pre>
        else
                result<-"weekday"
        result
}
activity_without_NAs <- mutate(activity_without_NAs,date=ymd(date)) %>% mutate(day=sapply(date,is_weekd
table(activity_without_NAs$day)
##
## weekday weekend
     11232
              4032
library(ggplot2)
daily_patterns <- activity_without_NAs %>% mutate(day=factor(day,levels=c("weekend","weekday")),steps_n
qplot(interval,average,data=daily_patterns,geom="line",facets=day~.)
```

