



Object Oriented Programming

BE(CSE) II-Semester

Prepared by
S. Durga Devi,
Assistant Professor,
CSE,CBIT

S. Durga Devi ,CSE,CBIT



Unit-V

Plot Graphs in python



matplotlib

- matplotlib is module used to plot the graphs in the python.
- We can plot graphs using python script, python and ipython shell.
- How to install matplotlib?
- Go to command prompt type the following command

```
python -m pip install -U pip  
pip install matplotlib
```

- - to verify the matplotlib is installed or not give the following command
 - import matplotlib
 - matplotlib.__version__
 - # '3.2.1'



numpy module

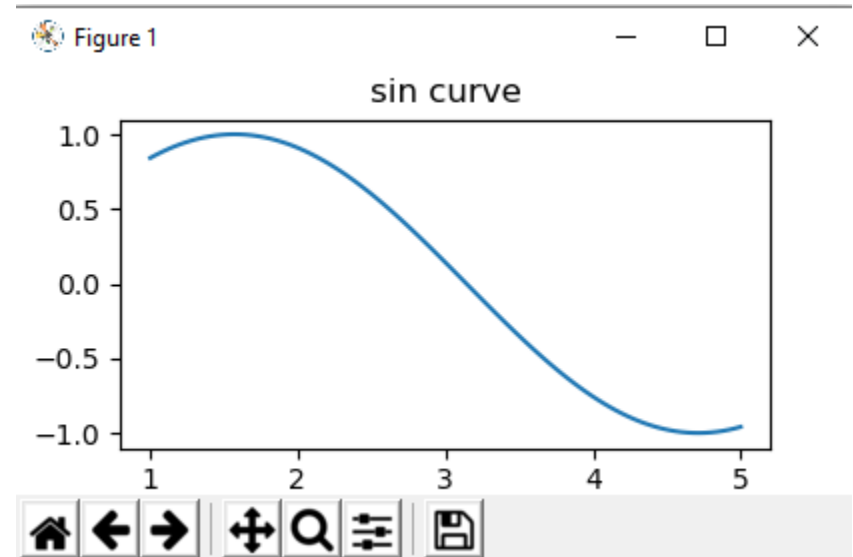
- numpy stands for numerical python
- numpy package provides library for the scientific computing and powerful N dimensional array objects.
- Install numpy module using the following command
pip install numpy (execute this command in command prompt)



Plot graph for sin function

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
t=linspace(1,5,100)# in numpy  
print(t)  
plot(t,sin(t))# plot in pyplot  
title("sin curve")  
show()
```

sincurve.py



`linspace()` – generates random numbers in within the specified values.

`sin()` – available in numpy

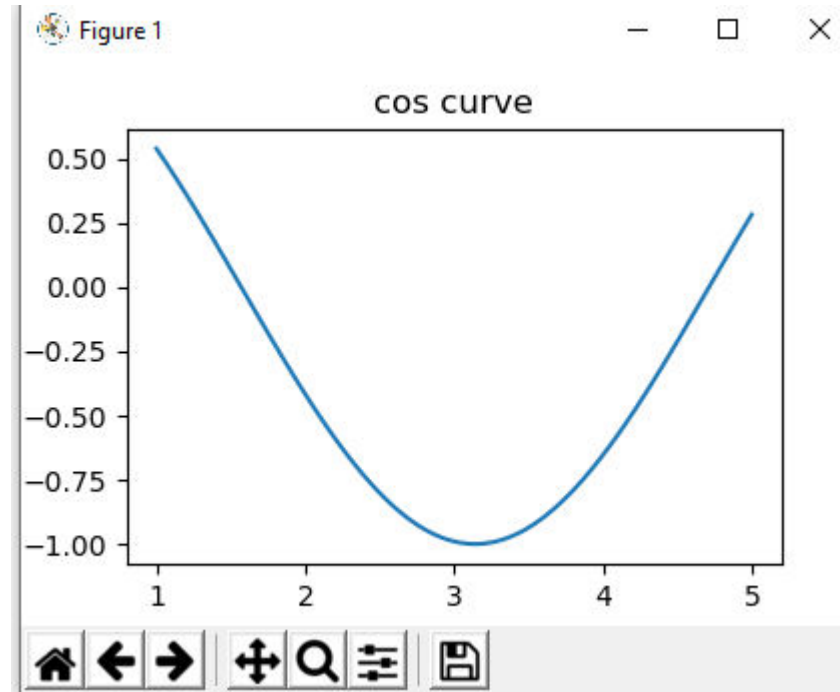
`plot()` method is used to plot the values in the graph using specified functions



Plot graph for cos function

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
t=linspace(1,5,100)# in numpy  
#print(t)  
plot(t,cos(t))# plot in pyplot  
title('cos curve')  
show()
```

coscurve.py





Exercise

1. Plot the graph for the following function $(\sin(x)*\sin(x))/x$

Solution- plotGraph3.py

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
x=linspace(1,5,100)# in numpy  
y=(sin(x)*sin(x))/x  
plot(x,y,'r',linewidth=3)# graph in red color  
show()
```

2. Plot the graph for the following function $-x*x+4x-5$

plot(x,-x*x+4*x-5) - refer ploatGraph4.py



Specify line width and plot graph in dot, double dash

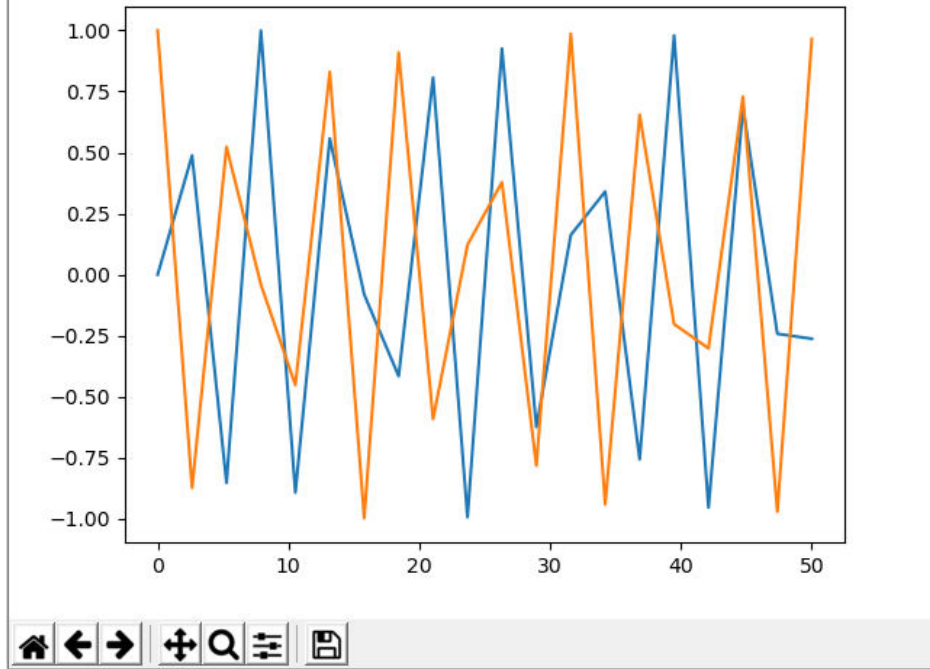
```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
x=linspace(1,5,100)# in numpy  
y=(sin(x)*sin(x))/x  
plot(x,y,'r. ',linewidth=4)# dotted lines  
show()
```

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
x=linspace(1,5,100)# in numpy  
y=(sin(x)*sin(x))/x  
plot(x,y,'r-- ',linewidth=4)# dashed lines  
show()
```




Plot multiple graphs

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
x=linspace(0,50,20)  
plot(x,sin(x))  
y=linspace(0,50,20)  
plot(x,cos(y))  
show()
```



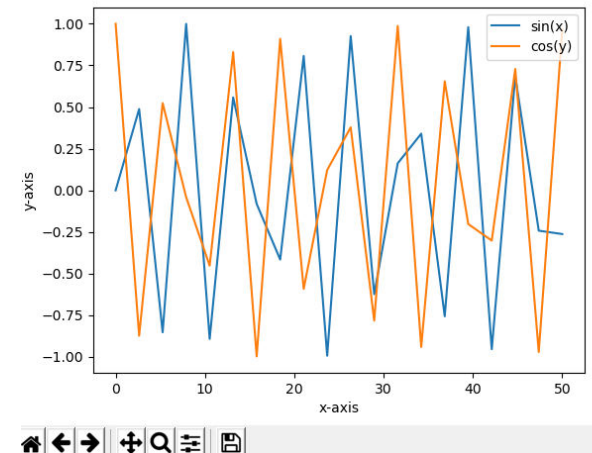
In above figure you have confusion that which graph is $\sin(x)$ and $\cos(y)$

- To overcome that problem name each graph using `legend()` method.



Multiplot1.py

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *
from numpy import *
x=linspace(0,50,20)
y=linspace(0,50,20)
plot(x,sin(x))
plot(y,cos(y))
legend(['sin(x)','cos(y)'])#distinguish the graphs
xlabel('x-axis')#label x axis
ylabel('y-axis')# label y axis
show()
```



Note: when you plot multiple functions in a single graph they may overlap to separate them we can use subplot() method



subplots

- subplot(rows, cols, serial no for the plot)

```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *
```

```
from numpy import *
```

```
x=linspace(0,50,20)
```

```
subplot(2,1,1)
```

```
plot(x,sin(x),'r')
```

```
title("sin(x)")
```

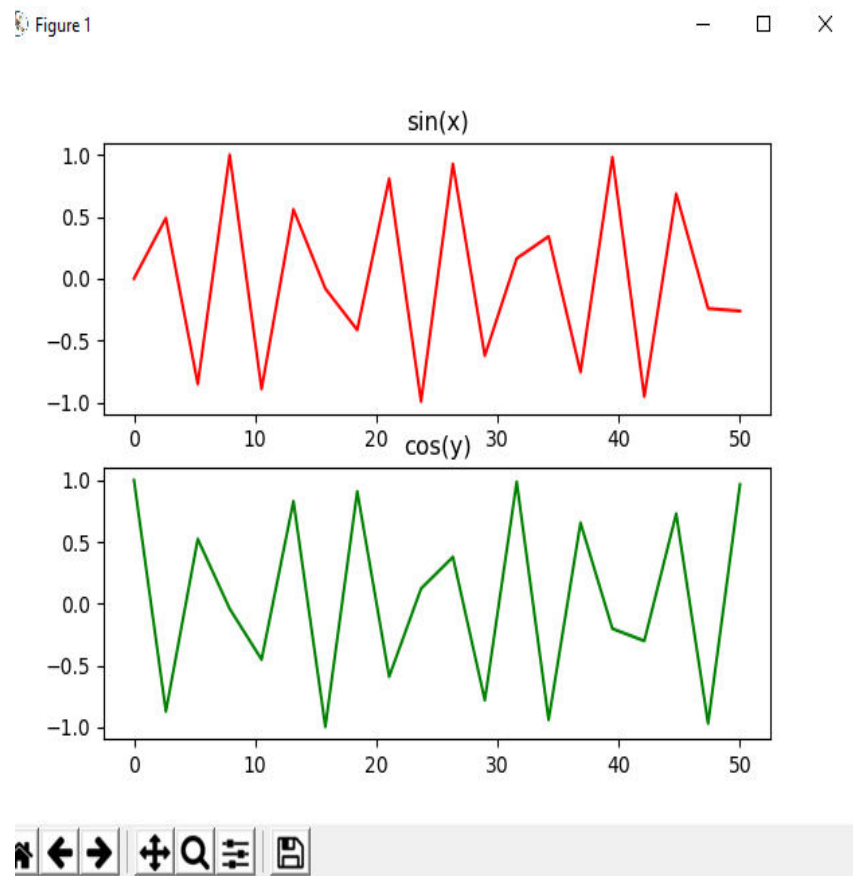
```
y=linspace(0,50,20)
```

```
subplot(2,1,2)
```

```
plot(y,cos(y),'g')
```

```
title("cos(y)")
```

```
show()
```



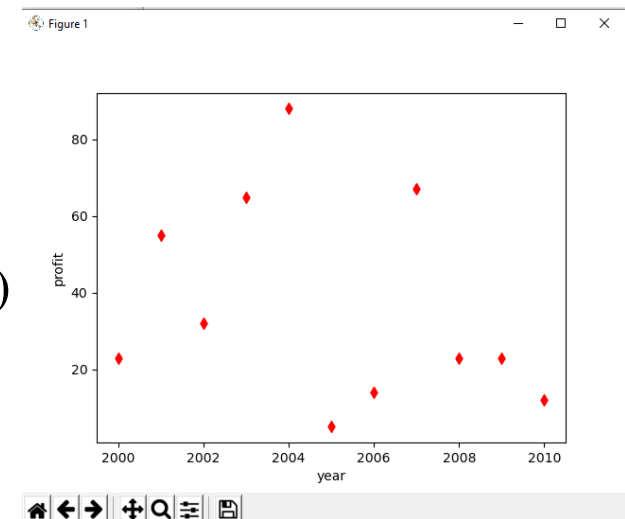


Scatter graph

- Data displayed as collection of points
- `scatter()` function is used to generate scatter graph.
- Syntax: `scatter(x,y)`

- Example

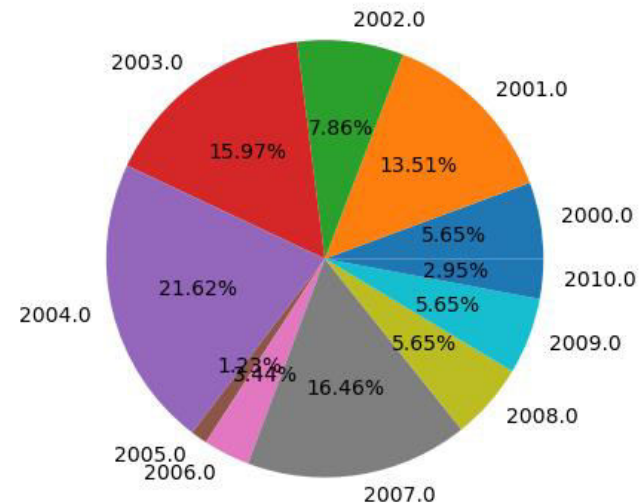
```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
year,profit=loadtxt("company-a-data.txt",unpack=True)  
print(year)  
print(profit)  
scatter(year,profit,color='r',marker='d')  
xlabel('year')  
ylabel('profit')  
show()
```





piechart

- Syntax:
- `pie(values, labels=labels)`
- Where values: data to be displayed
- labels: labels for each wedge.



```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *  
from numpy import *  
year,profit=loadtxt('company-a-data.txt',unpack=True)  
pie(profit,labels=year,autopct = '%.2f%% %')  
show()
```



bargraph

- graphs with rectangular graphs
- syntax:
- `bar(x,y)`

- Example- bargraph.py

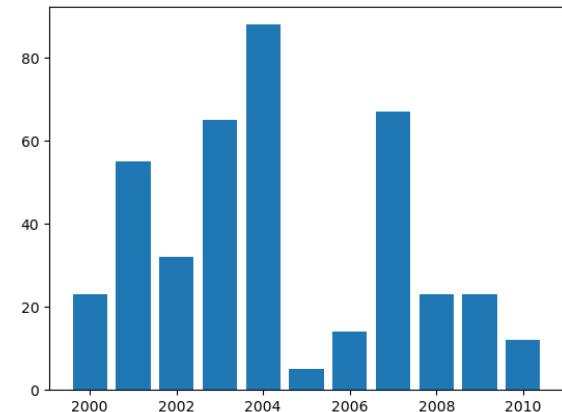
```
from matplotlib.pyplot import *
```

```
from numpy import *
```

```
year,profit=loadtxt("company-a-data.txt",unpack=True)
```

```
bar(year,profit)
```

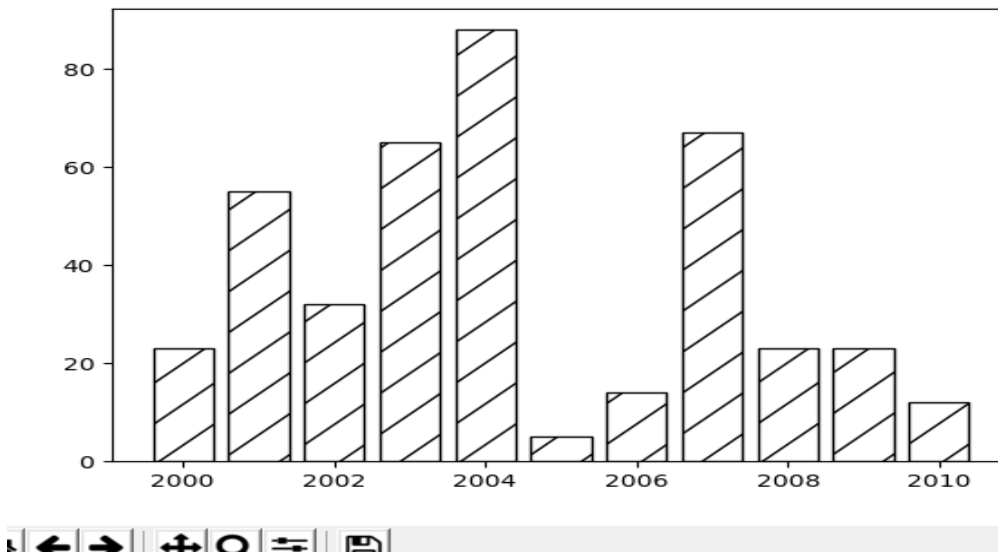
```
show()
```





- Create a bar chart is not filled and which is hatched with 45 degrees slanting lines

`bar(year,profit,fill=False,hatch='/')`





Plot images using matplotlib

- To plot images import matplotlib.image package.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.image as mpimg
img1=mpimg.imread('stinkbug.png')
plt.imshow(img1)
plt.show()
```




References

- <https://docs.python.org/3/library/turtle.html>
- <https://docs.python.org/3/library/turtle.html#turtle.forward>