

Data Structures and Algorithms (CS09203)

Lab Report

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Experiment # 6 Double Link list-Basic Insertion

Objective

The objective of this session is to understand the Double linked list in C++. using C++..

Software Tool

1. I use Code Blocks with GCC compiler.

1 Theory

DOUBLE LINKED LIST:- A linked list is a collection of components, called nodes. Every node (except the last node) contains the address of the next node. Thus, every node in a linked list has two components: one to store the relevant information (that is, data) and one to store the address, called the link, of the next node in the list. The address of the first node in the list is stored in a separate location, called the head or first. Figure 1 is a pictorial representation of a node. In a double link list we are given with the previous index and next index and in the middle we have a value stored at previous address and in double link list we can move forward and backward the very first nodethe previous address is empty because it shows the starting point and at the last node the next address is also empty which shows that the link list is ended here.

2 Task

2.1 Procedure: Task 6

Write a C++ code using functions for: 1.Creating a double linked List.

2.2

```
C:\Users\DELL\Desktop\Dev C++\double link listttt.exe

Press 1 to Insert Data
Press 2 to Display Data

1
Enter data:
2
Press 1 to Insert Data
Press 2 to Display Data

1
Enter data:
3
Press 1 to Insert Data
Press 2 to Display Data

2
Data in the list
3 2
Press any key to continue..
```

Figure 1: output

```
\#include < iostream >
\#include < conio.h >
\#include < stdlib.h>
using namespace std;
struct Node{
 int data;
 Node* next;
Node* pre;
};
struct Node* head;
Node* getNewNode(int item){
        Node* newNode = (Node*) malloc(sizeof(Node));
        (*newNode).data = item;
         (*newNode).pre = NULL;
         (*newNode).next = NULL;
        return newNode;
void add(Node* newNode)
        struct Node* temp=(Node*) malloc(size of (struct Node));
        temp=head;
        head=newNode;
```

```
newNode->pre=NULL;
        newNode->next=temp;
        return;
void display(){
        Node* newNode = (Node*) malloc(size of (Node));
        newNode = head;
        cout << " \n Data_in_the_list \n ";
        while (newNode != NULL) {
                 cout << newNode -> data << "";
                 newNode = newNode -> next;
         cout << "\n\nPress \_any \_key \_to \_continue \.. ";
         getch();
        return;
         }
int main(){
        int choice , item ;
        Node* newNode;
        up:
        cout << "Press_1_to_Insert_Data" << endl;
         cout << "Press_2_to_Display_Data\n" << endl;
         cin>>choice;
         if(choice == 1)
                 cout << "Enter_data: _"<< endl;
                 cin>>item;
                 newNode = getNewNode(item);
                 add (newNode);
                 goto up;
         else if (choice = 2)
                 display();
                 goto up;
         else{
                 cout << "\n\nPress_any_key_to_continue..";
```

```
\label{eq:continuous} \left. \begin{array}{c} \text{goto up;} \\ \\ \text{return } 0; \\ \end{array} \right\}
```

3 Conclusion

In today lab we have discussed how we can create double link list .