

## 第一次小测（翔安）答案

$$1. \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{\ln(1+n) - \ln n}{1 + \frac{k}{n}}.$$

$$\text{解: 原式} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \ln\left(1 + \frac{1}{n}\right) \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{1 + \frac{k}{n}} = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} \frac{1}{n} \sum_{k=1}^n \frac{1}{1 + \frac{k}{n}} = \int_0^1 \frac{1}{1+x} dx = \ln 2.$$

$$2. \text{已知: } P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x^2 - 1)^n, \text{ 求 } P_n(-1), P_n(1).$$

$$\text{解: } P_n(x) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \frac{d^n}{dx^n} (x-1)^n (x+1)^n = \frac{1}{2^n n!} \sum_{k=0}^n C_n^k \left[ (x-1)^n \right]^{(k)} \left[ (x+1)^n \right]^{(n-k)}$$

注意到上面的求和中仅当  $k=0$  时不含  $(x+1)$  因子, 因此有  $P_n(-1) = \frac{1}{2^n n!} (-2)^n n! = (-1)^n$ ,

同理可求得:  $P_n(1) = 1$ .

$$3. \text{求 } \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}}}{(\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}} + (\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}}} dx$$

解: 注意到  $\sin x, \cos x$  关于  $x = \frac{\pi}{4}$  对称, 做变换  $u = \frac{\pi}{2} - x$  则有:

$$\begin{aligned} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}}}{(\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}} + (\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}}} dx &= \int_{\frac{\pi}{2}}^0 \frac{\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right)\right)^{\sqrt{5}}}{\left(\sin\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right)\right)^{\sqrt{5}} + \left(\cos\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right)\right)^{\sqrt{5}}} d\left(\frac{\pi}{2} - u\right) \\ &= \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\cos u)^{\sqrt{5}}}{(\cos u)^{\sqrt{5}} + (\sin u)^{\sqrt{5}}} du = \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \frac{(\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}}}{(\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}} + (\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}}} dx \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{因此有: 原式} = \frac{1}{2} \int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}} \left( \frac{(\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}}}{(\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}} + (\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}}} + \frac{(\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}}}{(\cos x)^{\sqrt{5}} + (\sin x)^{\sqrt{5}}} \right) dx = \frac{\pi}{4}$$