

Сложение

```
function add_numbers(u::Vector{Int}, v::Vector{Int}, b::Int)
```

```
    n = max(length(u), length(v))
    u_padded = [u; zeros{Int}(n - length(u))]
    v_padded = [v; zeros{Int}(n - length(v))]
    w = Int[]
    carry = 0
    for j in 1:n
        t = u_padded[j] + v_padded[j] + carry
        push!(w, t % b)
        carry = t ÷ b
    end
    if carry > 0
        push!(w, carry)
    end
    # Удаляем ведущие нули
    while length(w) > 1 && last(w) == 0
        pop!(w)
    end
    return w
```

```
end
```

Вычитание ($u \geq v$)

```
function subtract_numbers(u::Vector{Int}, v::Vector{Int}, b::Int)
```

```
    n = max(length(u), length(v))
    u_padded = [u; zeros{Int}(n - length(u))]
    v_padded = [v; zeros{Int}(n - length(v))]
    w = Int[]
    borrow = 0
    for j in 1:n
        t = u_padded[j] - v_padded[j] - borrow
        if t < 0
            t += b
            borrow = 1
        else
            borrow = 0
        end
        push!(w, t)
    end
    # Удаляем ведущие нули
```

```
while length(w) > 1 && last(w) == 0
    pop!(w)
end
return w
```

end

Умножение (столбиком)

function multiply_numbers(u::Vector{Int}, v::Vector{Int}, b::Int)

```
m = length(v)
n = length(u)
w = zeros{Int, m + n}
for j in 1:m
    if v[j] == 0
        continue
    end
    k = 0
    for i in 1:n
        idx = i + j - 1
        t = v[j] * u[i] + w[idx] + k
        w[idx] = t % b
        k = t ÷ b
    end
    w[j + n] = k
end
# Удаляем ведущие нули
while length(w) > 1 && last(w) == 0
    pop!(w)
end
return w
```

end

Быстрое умножение

function fast_multiply(u::Vector{Int}, v::Vector{Int}, b::Int)

```
m = length(v)
n = length(u)
w = zeros{Int, m + n}
t = 0
for s in 0:(m + n - 1)
    for i in 0:s
```

```

        u_idx = n - i
        v_idx = m - (s - i)
        if u_idx < 1 || v_idx < 1 || u_idx > length(u) || v_idx > length(v)
            continue
        end
        t += u[u_idx] * v[v_idx]
    end
    w_idx = m + n - s
    if w_idx > length(w)
        continue
    end
    w[w_idx] = t % b
    t ÷= b
end
# Удаляем ведущие нули
while length(w) > 1 && last(w) == 0
    pop!(w)
end
return w

```

end

Вспомогательные функции для тестирования

```
number_to_digits(n, b) = n == 0 ? [0] : reverse(digits(n, base=b))
```

```
digits_to_number(digits, b) = sum(d * b^(i-1) for (i, d) in enumerate(reverse(digits)))
```

Пример использования

```
u = number_to_digits(243, 10) # [3,4,2] (обратный порядок)
```

```
v = number_to_digits(99, 10) # [9,9]
```

```
w_add = add_numbers(u, v, 10)
```

```
println("Сложение: ", digits_to_number(w_add, 10)) # 342
```

```
w_sub = subtract_numbers(u, v, 10)
```

```
println("Вычитание: ", digits_to_number(w_sub, 10)) # 144
```

```
w_mul = multiply_numbers(u, v, 10)
```

```
println("Умножение (столбиком): ", digits_to_number(w_mul, 10)) # 24057
```

```
w_fast_mul = fast_multiply(u, v, 10)
```

```
println("Быстрое умножение: ", digits_to_number(w_fast_mul, 10)) # 24057
```