

Вариант 1

- $\log_{5^x}(x^2 + 9x + 15) + \log_{125^x} x^3 = \frac{2}{x}$
- $2\log_9^2 x - 3\log_9 x + 1 = 0$
- $16^{\frac{x-1}{x}} \cdot 5^x = 100$
- $\left| \frac{x^2}{2} + x - \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \right| - 3x + 3\frac{\sqrt{2}}{2} < \frac{3x^2}{2} - \left| \frac{x^2}{2} + x - \sqrt{2} \right|$
- $(x^2 + 5x - 6) \cdot |x + 4|^{-1} < 0$

Вариант 2

- $\lg^2 x - 6\lg \sqrt{x} = \frac{2}{3}\lg x^3 - 4$
- $x^{\lg x} = 100x^2$
- $(1 - \log_2 x) \cdot \sqrt{\log_{\frac{x}{2}} \sqrt{x}} = 1$
- $x^2 + 2x - |x + 1| > 5;$
- $\frac{5 - 4x}{|x - 2|} \leq |2 - x|$

Вариант 3

- $\log_{0,5}^2 x - \log_2 x - 6 = 0$
- $3x \log_3 x + 2 = \log_{27} x^3 + 6x$
- $\log_{\frac{1}{27}} x = -\frac{1}{3}$
- $|3x + 1| + 2 + \frac{3}{|3x + 1| - 2} \leq \frac{1}{|3x + 1| + 2}$
- $3|x + 2| - 4|x + 1| \geq 2$

Вариант 4

- $\log_4 \log_2 x + \log_2 \log_4 x = 2$
- $\sqrt{\log_x \sqrt{2x}} \cdot \log_4 x = -1$
- $\log_7(x^2 - 3x + 3) = 0$
- $|x - 6| \leq 4$

- $\left| \frac{x}{10} - \frac{1}{5} \right| \geq \left| \frac{x}{4} - \frac{1}{2} \right|$

Вариант 5

- $\log_{\frac{1}{2}}^2 4x + \log_2 \frac{x}{8} = 7$
- $(\log_3(3^{-2x} + 1) + x) \cdot (2\log_9(3^{2x} + 1) - x - 2) = 3$
- $\log_3^2 x - \log_3 x = 2$
- $3|x - 2| + |5x - 4| \leq 10$
- $||2 + x - x^2| - |x + 1|| \geq |x^2 - 2x - 3|$

Вариант 6

- $\log_{16} x = -\frac{3}{4}$
- $\log_{0,1} x = -2$
- $\frac{\log_8 \frac{8}{x^2}}{\log_8^2 x} = 3$
- $-1 < |x^2 - 7| < 29$
- $(|x| - 1)(2x^2 + x - 1) \leq 0$