## **TEST**

d)D(-2,5) e)E(-4,6)

e)E(-1,1)

d)D(5,-4)

1. Quyidagi nuqtalarga (Ox) oʻqqa nisbatan simmetrik boʻlgan nuqtalarning

2. Quyidagi nuqtalarga oy oʻqqa nisbatan simmetrik boʻlgan nuqtalarning

koordinatalarini toping  $(w = \vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2 = 30^\circ)$ :

koordinatalarini toping  $(w = \vec{e}_1, \vec{e}_2 = 30^\circ)$ :

b)B(-2,-4)

a) A(2,3)

a) A(3,3)

b)B(-3,2) c)C(-1,1)

C)C(2,-1)

3. Quyidagi nuqtalarga koordinatalar boshiga nisbatan simmetrik boʻlgan
nuqtalarning koordinatalarini toping : $a) A(-1,2) \qquad b) B(3,-1) \qquad c) C(-2,2) \qquad d) D(-2,5) \qquad e) E(-3,-5)$
4. Quyida berilgan shartlarga asoslanib, $M(x, y)$ nuqta koordinatalar
sistemasining qaysi choragida yotishi mumkinligini ayting.
a) $xy > 0$ b) $xy < 0$ c) $xy = 0$ d) $x - y = 0$
5. Quyidagi Vektorlarning boshlari $M(-1,2)$ nuqtada boʻlsa, ular oxirlarining
koordinatalarini toping:
1) $\vec{a}_1(3,0)$ 2) $\vec{a}_2(-5,3)$ 3) $\vec{a}_3(3,-2)$ 4) $\vec{a}_4(-1,-2)$
6. Parallelogrammning uchta A, B, C uchining koordinatalari bo'yicha
to'rtinchi uchining koordinatalarini toping:
a) A(1,4), B(3,-1), C(0,2)
b) A(-1,0), B(2,1), C(4,-1)
7. Quyidagi uchta A, B, C nuqtaning bir toʻgʻri chiziqda yotishini koʻrsating:
a) $A(2,1)$ , $B(0,5)$ , $C(4,-3)$
b) $A(-1,0)$ , $B(1,-2)$ , $C(3,-4)$
1. <i>M</i> nuqta biror koordinatalar sistemasiga nisbatan $x = -6, y = 3$
koordinatalarga ega. Koordinatalar boshi ushbu:
$a)O_1(-3,0)$ $b)O_2(-4,3)$ $c)O_3(5,-8)$
nuqtalardan biriga koʻchirilsa, shu nuqtaning koordinatalari qanday
boʻladi?
2. Quyidagi hollar uchun $\beta = \{O, \vec{e_1}, \vec{e_2}\}$ affin reperdan $\beta = \{O, \vec{e_1}, \vec{e_2}\}$ affin
reperga o'tish formulalarini yozing:
$a)\overrightarrow{e_1}(2,1), \overrightarrow{e_2}(-2,1)$ $b)\overrightarrow{e_1}(1,1), \overrightarrow{e_2}(0,1)$
$c)\vec{e_1}(1,0), \vec{e_2}(1,1)$ $d)\vec{e_1}(1,0), \vec{e_2}(0,1)$
3. Quyidagi berilganlarga asosan $\beta = \{O, \vec{e_1}, \vec{e_2}\}$ affin reperdan $\beta = \{O, \vec{e_1}, \vec{e_2}\}$
affin reperga oʻtish formulalarini yozing:
$a)\vec{e_1}(-3,0), \vec{e_2}(1,2), O'(-3,5)$

$$b)\overrightarrow{e_1}(1,0), \overrightarrow{e_2}(0,1), O(2,0)$$
  
 $C)\overrightarrow{e_1}(1,1), \overrightarrow{e_2}(1,0), O(0,-5)$ 

4.  $\beta = \{O, \vec{i}, \vec{j}\}$  dekart reper berilgan. Koordinatalar o'qini quyidagi burchaklardan biriga burishdagi koordinatalarni almashtirish formulalarini yozing:

$$a)30^{\circ}$$
  $b)45^{\circ}$   $c)120^{\circ}$   $d)-60^{\circ}$   $e)75^{\circ}$ 

 $5 \cdot \vec{a} = \{-3, -2, 6\} \text{ va } \vec{b} = \{-2, 1, 10\} \text{ vektorlar berilgan. Quyidagi vektorlarning}$ koordinatalarini toping:

a) 
$$2\vec{a} - \frac{1}{3}\vec{b}$$

$$\mathbf{b})\vec{a}+\vec{b}$$

c) 
$$4\vec{a}-3\vec{b}$$

$$(d)\frac{1}{3}\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}$$

b) 
$$\vec{a} + \vec{b}$$
 c)  $4\vec{a} - 3\vec{b}$  d)  $\frac{1}{3}\vec{a} + 3\vec{b}$  e)  $\frac{5}{12}\vec{a} - \frac{2}{5}\vec{b}$