

International
JavaScript
Conference
by  devmio



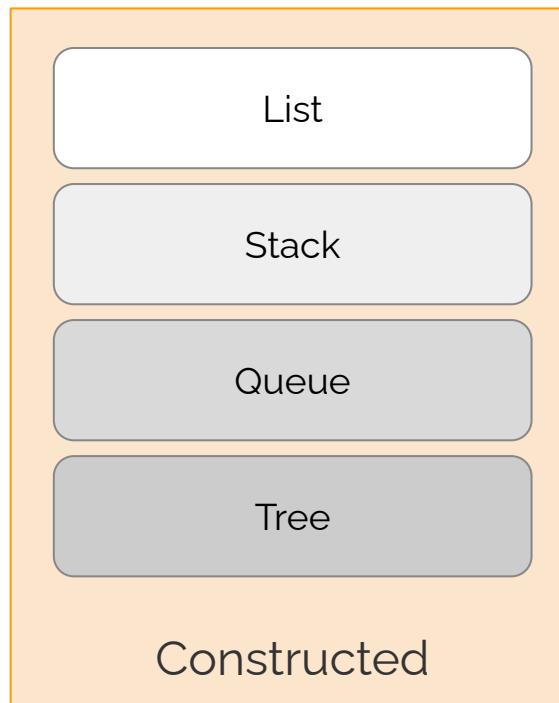
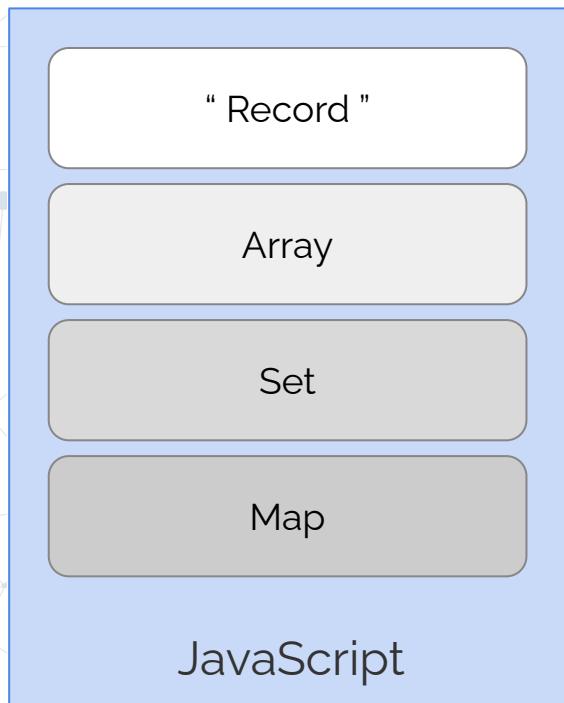
Data Structures

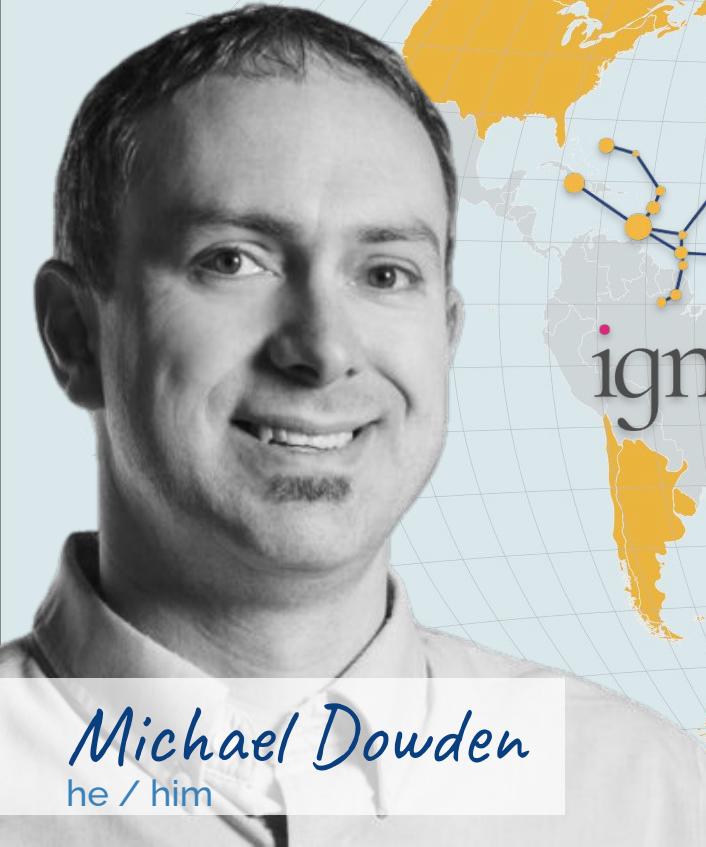
in TypeScript

Michael Dowden *(he/him)*
@mrldowden



What will we cover?





Michael Dowden
he / him



Building without Structure



Photo by [Alexandra Vasilyeva](#) on [Unsplash](#)

Building with Structure



Photo by [Alphacolor](#) on [Unsplash](#)

Benefits of Structure



Performance

Photo by [serjan midili](#) on
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Memory Management

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Maintenance

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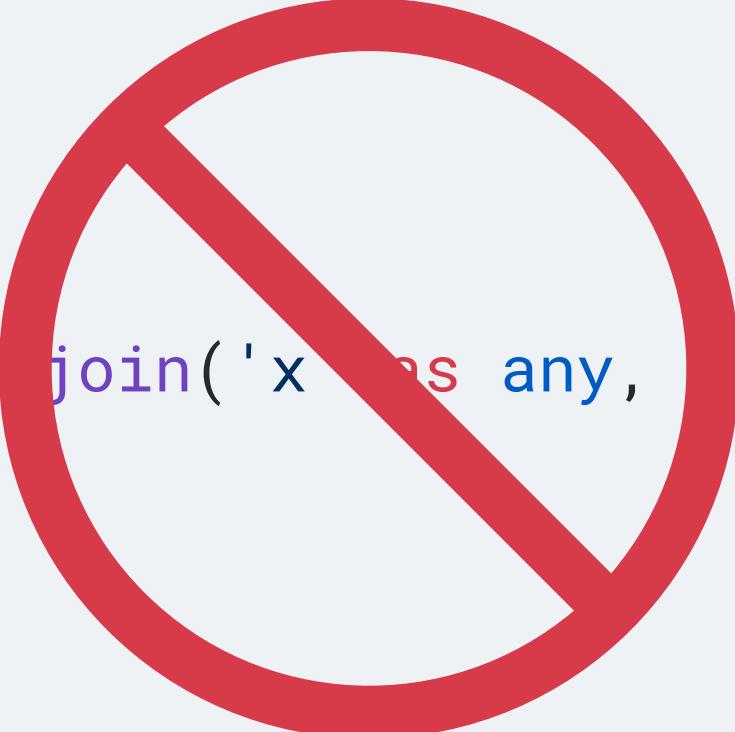
```
let user_1_first_name = 'Karel'  
let user_1_last_name = 'Sanchis'  
let user_1_email = 'ksanchis@networkadvertising.org'  
let user_1_address_street_1 = '12 Roxbury Crossing'  
let user_1_address_street_2 = 'PO Box 97501'  
let user_1_address_city = 'Otacilio Costa'  
let user_1_address_postal_code = '88540-000'  
let user_1_address_country = 'Brazil'  
  
let user_2_first_name = 'Tim'  
let user_2_last_name = 'Pandey'  
let user_2_email = 'tpandey1@smugmug.com'  
let user_2_address_street_1 = '6 Elmside Avenue'  
let user_2_address_street_2 = ''  
let user_2_address_city = 'Pathum Thani'  
let user_2_address_postal_code = '90110'  
let user_2_address_country = 'Thailand'
```

Typing

```
function join(a, b) {  
    return a + b  
}
```

```
function join(  
    a: string, b: string  
): string { return a + b }
```

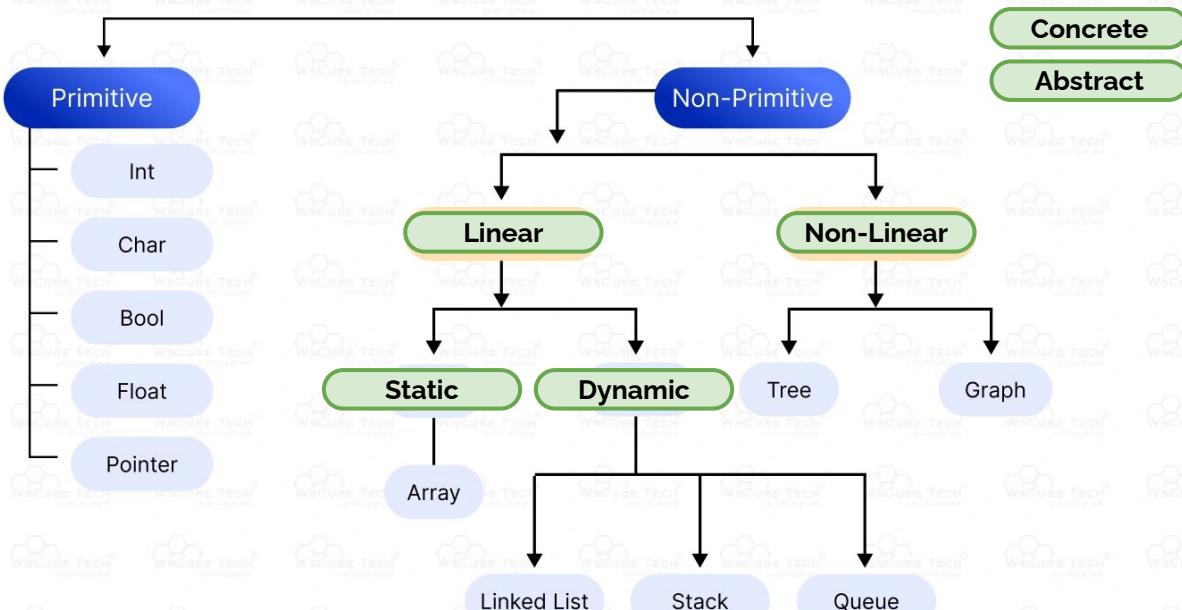
```
function join(  
    a: number, b: number  
): number { return a + b }
```



```
join('x' * s, any, )
```

Classification

Data Structure



<https://www.wscubetech.com/resources/dsa/data-structure-types>





Struct / Record

Non-Linear

Static

Concrete



Photo by [Edgar Chaparro](#) on [Unsplash](#)

Object as Record

```
type Product = {  
    sku: string  
    upc: string  
    name: string  
    price: number  
    description: string  
    weight: number  
    dimensions: {  
        depth: number  
        height: number  
        width: number  
    }  
}
```

```
const product: Product = {  
    sku: '',  
    upc: '',  
    name: '',  
    price: 13.99,  
    description: '',  
    weight: 12.3,  
    dimensions: {  
        depth: 12.0,  
        height: 6.25,  
        width: 4.55  
    }  
}
```

TypeScript Record Type

```
type CatName = "miffy" | "boris" | "mordred";  
  
interface CatInfo {  
    age: number;  
    breed: string;  
}  
  
const cats: Record<CatName, CatInfo> = {  
    miffy: { age: 10, breed: "Persian" },  
    boris: { age: 5, breed: "Maine Coon" },  
    mordred: { age: 16, breed: "British Shorthair" },  
};
```

Generics

```
type Square = {  
    width: number  
    height: number  
}  
  
type Circle = {  
    radius: number  
}  
  
type Border<T> = {  
    weight: 'light' | 'normal' | 'bold'  
    color: string  
    shape: T  
}
```

```
let b: Border<Square> = {  
    weight: 'bold',  
    color: '#000000',  
    shape: {  
        width: 24,  
        height: 36  
    }  
}
```



Array

Linear

Static

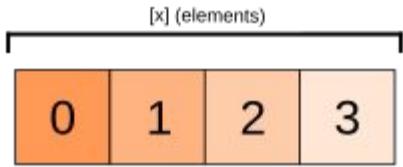
Concrete

32	false	"London"	3.14159	{ id: 123 }
0	1	2	3	4

- Sequential, iterable collection of values
- Can contain any values
- Homogeneous / Complex

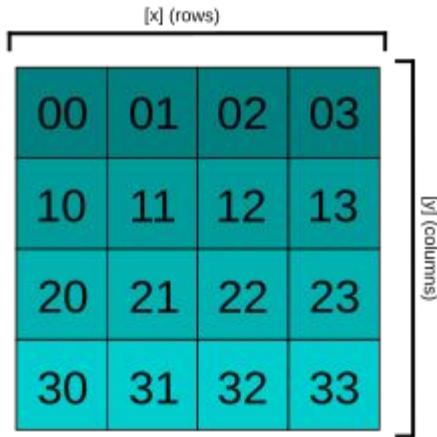
Array Dimensions

Typical "1 Dimensional" array



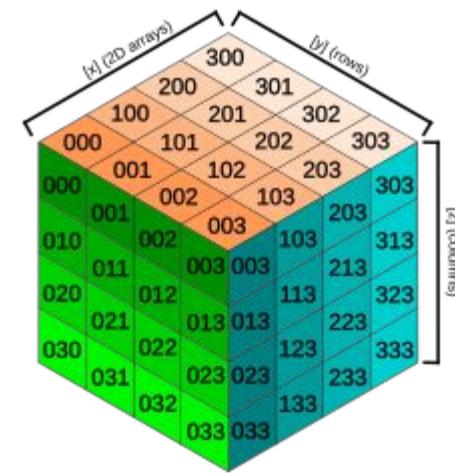
Element indexes are typically defined in the format [x]
[x] being the number of elements
For example: this array could be defined as array[4]

Typical "2 Dimensional" array



Element indexes are typically defined in the format [x][y]
[x] being the number of rows
[y] being the number of columns
For example: this array could be defined as array[4][4]

Typical "3 Dimensional" array



Element indexes are typically defined in the format [x][y][z]
[x] being the number of "2D" arrays
[y] being the number of rows
[z] being the number of columns
For example: this array could be defined as array[4][4][4]

[https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Array_\(data_structure\)](https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Array_(data_structure))

Arrays in TypeScript

```
let array: string[] = ['a', 'b', 'c']

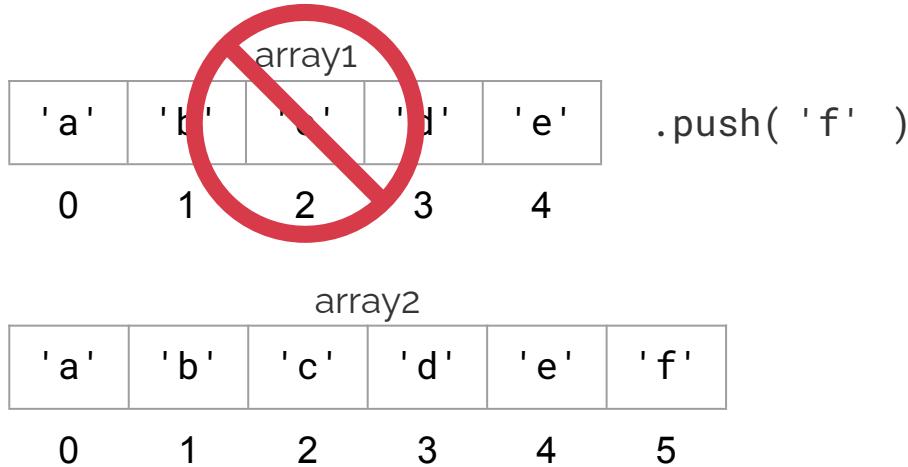
let complexArray: Array<String | Number> = ['a', 2, 'x', 2.3]

let array2d = [['x', 'o', 'x'], ['x', 'x', 'o'], ['o', 'o', 'x']]

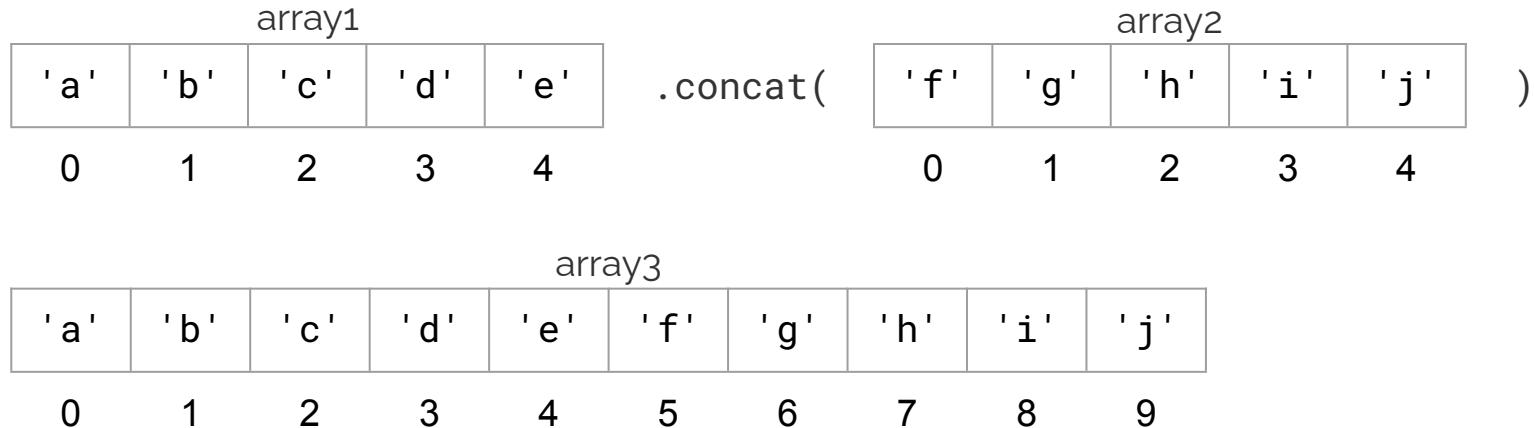
let list: number[] = []

list.push(3.14)
```

Array Memory



Array Memory



Iterable

```
// for loop
for (let i = 0; i < a.length; i++) { console.log(a[i]) }

// for-in
for (const elem in a) { console.log(elem) }

// for-of
for (const elem of a) { console.log(elem) }

// foreach
a.forEach(elem => { console.log(elem) })
```

Map & Filter

```
const a = [1, 32, 7, 16, 9, 11]

a.every(elem => elem > 0) // true

a.some(elem => elem > 30) // true

a.filter(elem => elem % 2 == 0) // [32, 16]

a.map((n, i) => ({ i, n, even: n % 2 == 0 }))

// [{ i:0, n:1, even:false}, { i:1, n:32, even:true }, ...]
```

Reduce

```
const employees = [{id:23, name:'Frank'}, {id:73, name:'Sally'}]  
const byId = employees.reduce((acc, emp) => {  
    acc[emp.id] = emp  
    return acc  
}, {})  
byId[23].name === 'Frank' // VS  
employees.find(emp => emp.id == 23)?.name === 'Frank'
```



Tuple

Linear

Static

Abstract

Ordered and finite list of elements, similar to an array

Notated: `(1, 2, 3)` (instead of the array which is `[1, 2, 3]`)

Monad (1-tuple) = `(1)`

Pair (2-tuple) = `(1, 2)`

Multi-type such as `('pi', 3.14, 'e', 2.718)`

Order matters, so `(1, 2, 3) != (2, 1, 3)`

Tuples in TypeScript

```
let response = [404, 'Not Found']

let tuple: [string, number, string, number] = ['pi', 3.14, 'e', 2.718]
```

```
type Phone = [number, number, number, string?]

let phones: Phone[] = [
    [213, 213, 1242],
    [222, 555, 1259, 'x123'],
]
```



Set

Linear

Static

Concrete

- Easily convert between Set and Array
- Distinct/unique entries
- Iterate over entries
- Mathematical Set operations like difference, intersection, and union

```
const s1 = new Set([1, 2, 2, 3])
const a = [...s1]
console.log( JSON.stringify(a) )
// 1, 2, 3
```

```
let s2 = new Set()
s2.add(1)
s2.add(3)
```



Map

Linear

Dynamic

Concrete

- Key-value store
- Remembers insertion order
- Contains no default keys
- No prototype
- Keys of any type
- Iterable
- Tracks size

```
let contacts = new Map()  
  
contacts.set('Mike',  
    'michael@email.org')  
  
contacts.set('Jill',  
    'jill@email.org')  
  
contacts.size // 2  
  
contacts.get('Mike')  
// 'michael@email.org'
```

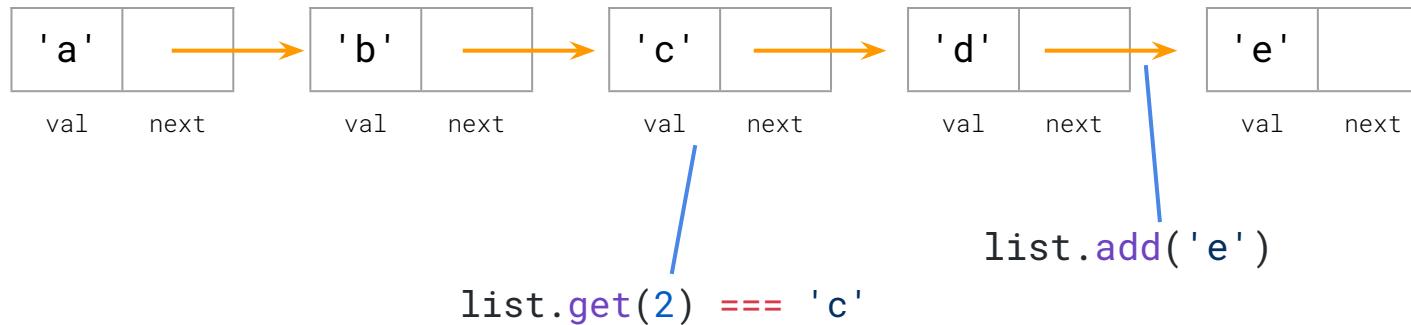


Linked List

Linear

Dynamic

Concrete



- Arrays and Linked Lists are concrete implementations of Lists
- Memory doesn't need to be contiguous
- Methods: add, insert, delete, get, etc.

Linked Lists in TypeScript

```
type Node<T> = { val: T, next: Node<T> }
class LinkedList<T> {
    size = 0
    first: Node<T>
    add(val: T) {
        const node = { val, next: null }
        if(!this.first) this.first = node
        else {
            let x = this.first
            while(x.next != null) x = x.next
            x.next = node
        }
        this.size++
    }
    get(n: number): T {
        let node = this.first
        for(let i = 0; i < n; i++) {
            node = node?.next
        }
        return node?.val
    }
}
```

```
const list = new
LinkedList<string>()
list.add('Mark')
list.add('Mary')
list.add('Sally')
console.log( list.get(1) ) // Mary
```

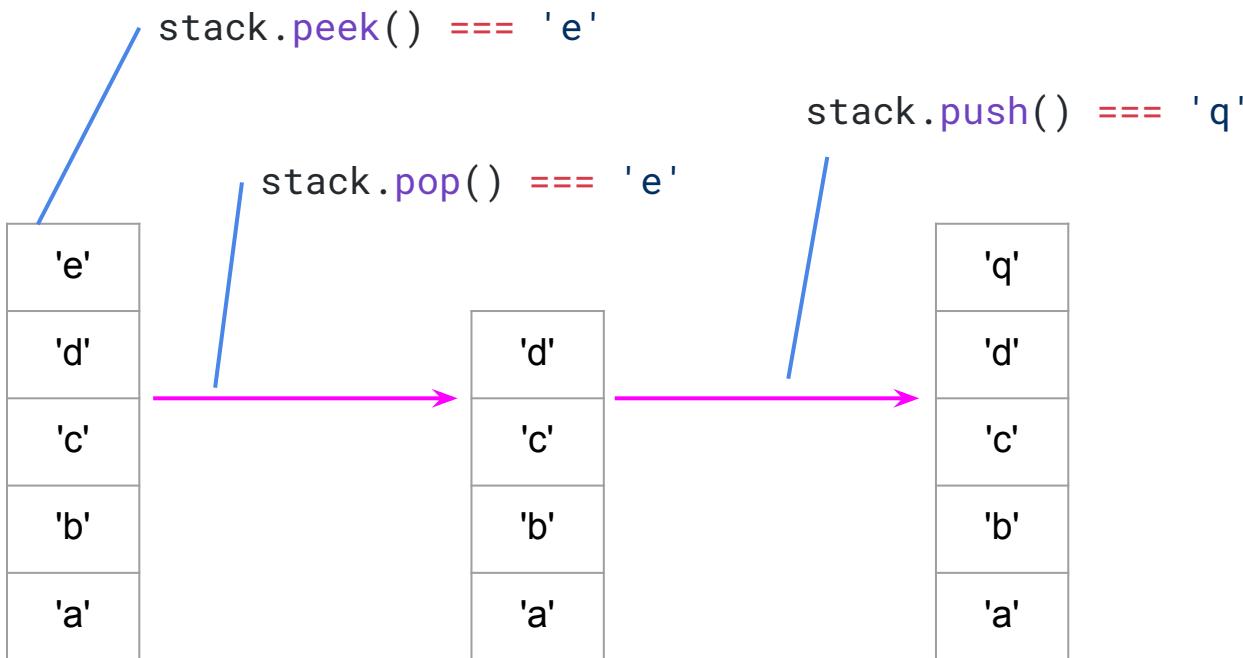


Stack

Linear

Dynamic

Abstract



Array-backed Stack in TypeScript

```
const stack: string[] = []  
  
stack.push('Mark')  
  
stack.push('Mary')  
  
console.log(stack) // Mark, Mary  
  
stack.pop() === 'Mary'
```

Stacks in TypeScript

```
type Node<T> = {  
    val: T, next: Node<T>  
}  
class Stack<T> {  
    top: Node<T>  
    push(val: T) {  
        this.top = {val, next:this.top}  
    }  
    pop(): T {  
        const node = this.top  
        this.top = node?.next  
        return node?.val  
    }  
    peek(): T { return this.top?.val }  
}
```

```
const stack = new Stack<string>()  
stack.push('Mark')  
stack.push('Mary')  
console.log( stack.peek() ) // Mary  
stack.pop() === 'Mary'  
console.log( stack.peek() ) // Mark
```

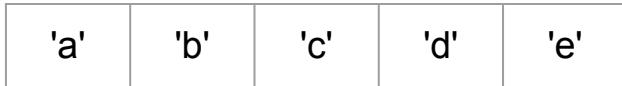


Queue

Linear

Dynamic

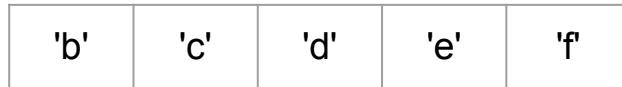
Abstract



queue.dequeue() === 'a'



queue.enqueue('f')



Array-backed Queue in TypeScript

```
const queue: string[] = []
queue.push('Mark') // enqueue
queue.push('Mary') // enqueue
console.log(queue) // Mark, Mary
queue.shift() === 'Mark' // dequeue
console.log(queue) // Mary
```

Queues in TypeScript

```
type Node<T> = { val: T, next: Node<T> }
class Queue<T> {
    private top: Node<T>
    private end: Node<T>
    size = 0
    enqueue(val: T) {
        const node = { val, next: null }
        if(!this.end) { this.top = node }
        else { this.end.next = node }
        this.end = node; this.size++
    }
    dequeue(): T {
        const node = this.top
        this.top = node?.next
        if(!this.top) this.end = null
        this.size--; return node?.val
    }
}
```

```
const queue = new Queue<string>()
queue.enqueue('Mark')
queue.enqueue('Mary')

console.log( queue.dequeue() )
// Mark

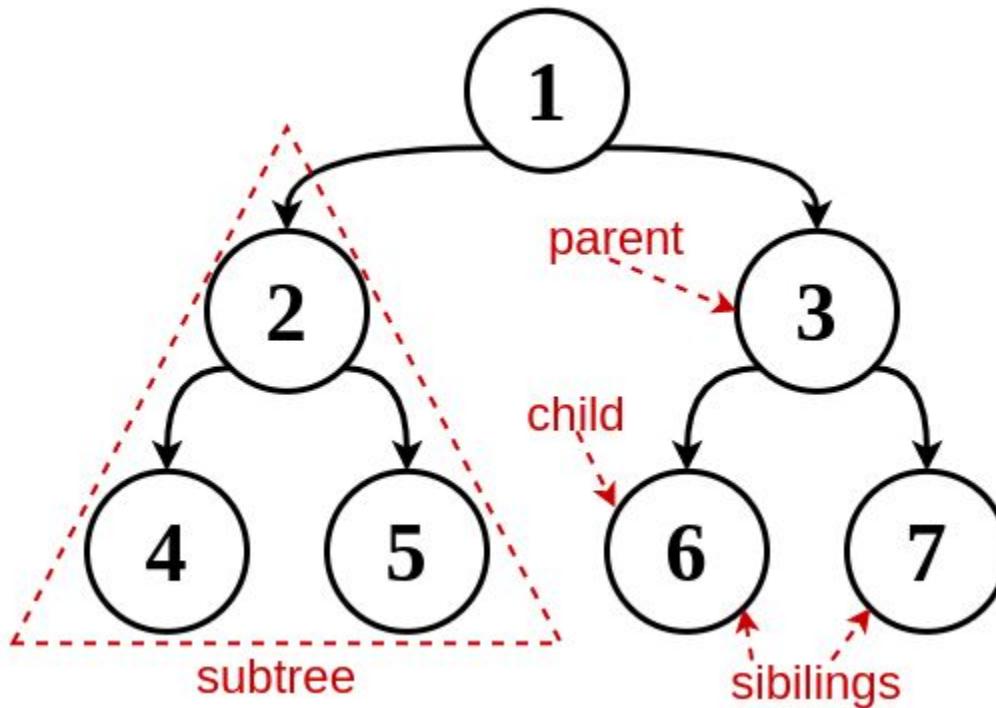
console.log( queue.size ) // 1
```

 Tree

Non-Linear

Dynamic

Abstract



<https://ricardoborges.dev/blog/data-structures-in-typescript-binary-search-tree>

Trees in TypeScript

```
class TreeNode<T> {
    private data: T;
    private children: TreeNode<T>[ ];

    constructor(data: T) {
        this.data = data;
        this.children = [];
    }

    addChild(child: TreeNode<T>): void {
        this.children.push(child);
    }
}
```

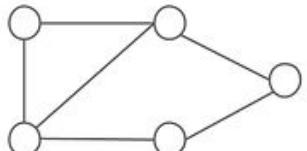


Graph

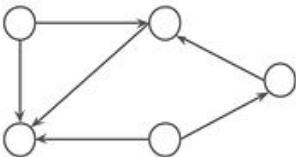
Non-Linear

Dynamic

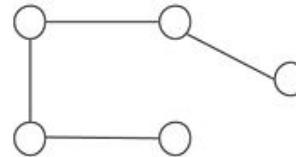
Abstract



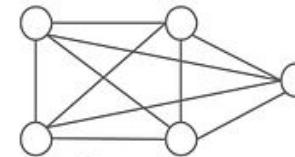
Undirected



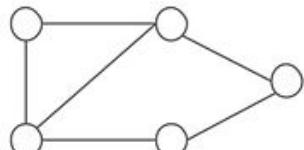
Directed



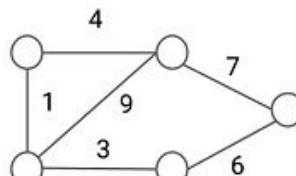
Sparse



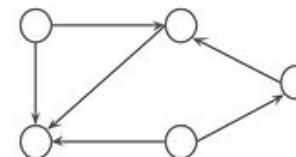
Dense



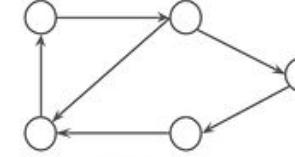
Unweighted



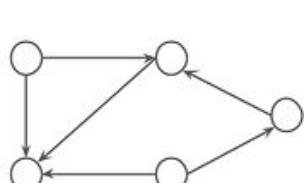
Weighted



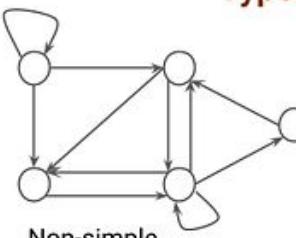
Acyclic



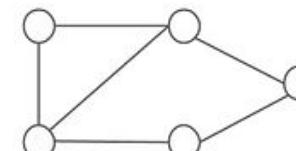
Cyclic



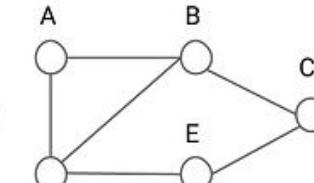
Simple



Non-simple



Unlabeled



Labeled

Types of Graph

[enjoyalgorithms.com](https://www.enjoyalgorithms.com)

<https://www.enjoyalgorithms.com/blog/types-of-graphs-in-data-structures>

Graphs in TypeScript

```
class GraphNode<T> {
    private data: T;
    private neighbors: GraphNode<T>[];

    constructor(data: T) {
        this.data = data;
        this.neighbors = [];
    }

    addNeighbor(child: GraphNode<T>): void {
        this.neighbors.push(child);
    }
}
```

Graphs in TypeScript

```
class Graph<T> {
    nodes: GraphNode<T>[] ;
    constructor() {
        this.nodes = [] ;
    }
    addNode(value: any) {
        const node = new GraphNode<T>(value);
        this.nodes.push(node);
    }
    addEdge(source: GraphNode<T>, destination: GraphNode<T>) {
        source.addNeighbor(destination);
        destination.addNeighbor(source);
    }
}
```

Summary

- Record
- Array
- Tuple
- Set
- Map
- Stack
- Queue
- Linked List
- Tree
- Graph

Non-Linear	Static	Concrete
Linear	Static	Concrete
Linear	Static	Abstract
Linear	Static	Concrete
Linear	Dynamic	Concrete
Linear	Dynamic	Abstract
Linear	Dynamic	Abstract
Linear	Dynamic	Concrete
Non-Linear	Dynamic	Abstract
Non-Linear	Dynamic	Abstract

We ask for
your feedback!

PLEASE
VOTE
NOW!

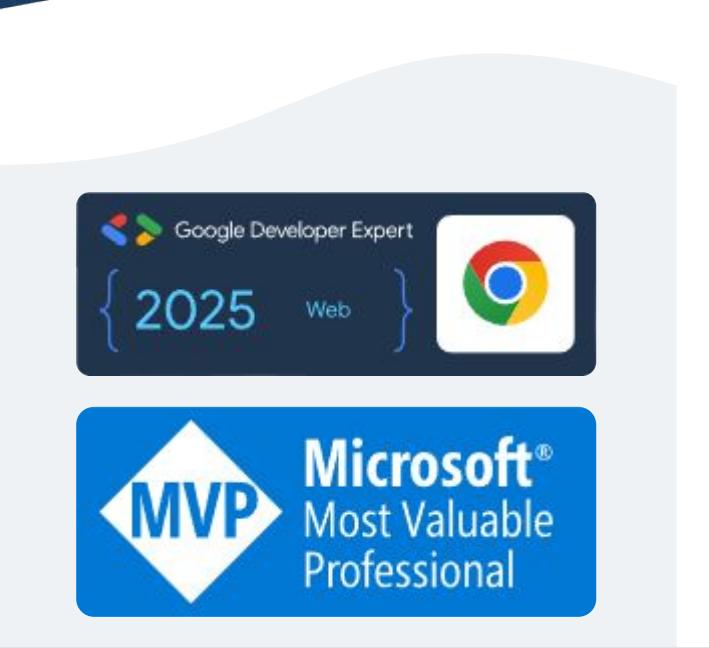


Michael Dowden *(he/him)*

@mr dowden



mrdowden.com



Architecting CSS

The Programmer's Guide to Effective
Stylesheets

—
Martine Dowden
Michael Dowden

Apress

Approachable Accessibility

Planning for Success
—
Martine Dowden
Michael Dowden

Apress

Programming Languages

ABC++



References

- <https://www.linkedin.com/pulse/mastering-arrays-comprehensive-guide-typescript-muhammad-rizwan-l2ybe/>
- <https://www.techtarget.com/whatis/definition/tuple>
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Guide/Memory_management
- <https://www.typescriptlang.org/docs/handbook/utility-types.html#recordkeys-type>
- <https://www.typescriptlang.org/docs/handbook/variable-declarations.html#re-declarations-and-shadowing>
- <https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Tuple>
- <https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript>
- https://developer.mozilla.org/en-US/docs/Web/JavaScript/Reference/Global_Objects/Set/Set
- <https://stackfull.dev/graph-data-structure-in-typescript>