# aiohttp example

#### **TodoMVC**

While exploring RESTful APIs, we will use a simple "todo" application as an example. This example is compatible with <u>TodoMVC (http://todomvc.com/)</u>. TodoMVC is "a project which offers the same Todo application implemented using MV\* concepts in most of the popular JavaScript MV\* frameworks of today".

You can try your API using any of the TodoMVC clients (e.g. <u>Todo-Backend's client</u> (<a href="http://www.todobackend.com/client/">http://www.todobackend.com/client/</a>)). You can also compare different frameworks with the <u>Todo-Backend (http://www.todobackend.com/</u>) project as they offer "a shared example to showcase backend tech stacks" as they provides a similar RESTful API.

### Same-origin policy

In order to test the API from an external webpage, you should enable <u>CORS</u> (<a href="https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-origin\_resource\_sharing">https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Cross-origin\_resource\_sharing</a>) on your server. With aiohttp, this is achieved by installing the <u>aiohttp-cors</u> (<a href="https://github.com/aio-libs/aiohttp-cors">https://github.com/aio-libs/aiohttp-cors</a>) plugin (pip3 install aiohttp-cors).

Here is a minimal example to create an app with CORS enabled:

```
from aiohttp import web
import aiohttp cors
async def handle(request):
   name = request.match info.get('name', "Anonymous")
   text = "Hello, " + name
   return web.Response(text=text)
app = web.Application()
# Configure default CORS settings.
cors = aiohttp cors.setup(app, defaults={
   "*": aiohttp cors.ResourceOptions(
            allow credentials=True,
            expose headers="*",
            allow_headers="*",
            allow methods="*",
        )
cors.add(app.router.add get('/{name}', handle))
```

### **Running the example**

Let's grab the todo example from <u>GitHub (https://github.com/DurandA/todobackend-aiohttp-min/blob/master/aiotodo.py)</u> (slightly modified version of <u>from alec.thoughts import \* (http://justanr.github.io/getting-start-with-aiohttpweb-a-todo-tutorial)</u> or copy the following code to a aiotodo.py file and run it with python3 aiotodo.py.

```
import logging
from aiohttp import web
import aiohttp cors
TODOS = {
    0: {'title': 'build an API', 'order': 1, 'completed': False},
    1: {'title': '?????', 'order': 2, 'completed': False},
    2: {'title': 'profit!', 'order': 3, 'completed': False}
def get all todos(request):
    return web.json response([
        {'id': key, **todo} for key, todo in TODOS.items()
    1)
def remove_all_todos(request):
    TODOS.clear()
    return web.Response(status=204)
def get_one_todo(request):
    id = int(request.match info['id'])
    if id not in TODOS:
        return web.json response({'error': 'Todo not found'}, status=404)
    return web.json response({'id': id, **TODOS[id]})
async def create_todo(request):
    data = await request.json()
    if 'title' not in data:
        return web.json response({'error': '"title" is a required field'})
    title = data['title']
    if not isinstance(title, str) or not len(title):
        return web.json response({'error': '"title" must be a string with at
least one character'})
    data['completed'] = bool(data.get('completed', False))
    new id = max(TODOS.keys(), default=0) + 1
    data['url'] =
str(request.url.join(request.app.router['one todo'].url for(id=str(new id))))
    TODOS[new id] = data
    return web.Response(
```

```
headers={'Location': data['url']},
        status=303
    )
async def update_todo(request):
    id = int(request.match info['id'])
    if id not in TODOS:
        return web.json response({'error': 'Todo not found'}, status=404)
    data = await request.json()
    TODOS[id].update(data)
    return web.json response(TODOS[id])
def remove todo(request):
    id = int(request.match info['id'])
    if id not in TODOS:
        return web.json response({'error': 'Todo not found'})
    del TODOS[id]
    return web.Response(status=204)
app = web.Application()
# Configure default CORS settings.
cors = aiohttp cors.setup(app, defaults={
    "*": aiohttp_cors.ResourceOptions(
            allow credentials=True,
            expose headers="*",
            allow headers="*",
            allow methods="*",
        )
})
cors.add(app.router.add_get('/todos/', get_all_todos, name='all_todos'))
cors.add(app.router.add_delete('/todos/', remove_all_todos,
name='remove todos'))
cors.add(app.router.add_post('/todos/', create_todo, name='create_todo'))
cors.add(app.router.add_get('/todos/{id:\d+}', get_one_todo, name='one_todo'))
cors.add(app.router.add patch('/todos/{id:\d+}', update todo,
name='update todo'))
cors.add(app.router.add_delete('/todos/{id:\d+}', remove_todo,
name='remove todo'))
logging.basicConfig(level=logging.DEBUG)
web.run app(app, port=8080)
```

Test your API on your browser with the TodoMVC client http://www.todobackend.com/client/. Point to 127.0.0.1:8080/todos/ (-P 8080 parameter starts the server on port 8080). Use you browser built-in network debugger to see how the application client and backend are interacting. Alternatively, use an HTTP debugger like <a href="Fiddler">Fiddler</a> (http://www.telerik.com/fiddler) or any network analyzer that can parse HTTP requests. Mastering one of these tools is necessary to complete your project without headaches.

You can also query the *todo* API directly with HTTPie:

description	verb	path	command
List all todos	GET	/todos/	http 127.0.0.1:8080/todos/
Create a todo	POST	/todos/	http POST 127.0.0.1:8080/todos/ title=blah
Fetch a todo	GET	/todos/{todo_id}	http 127.0.0.1:8080/todos/1
Update a todo	PATCH		http PATCH 127.0.0.1:8080/todos/2 title="changed title" completed=true
Delete a todo	DELETE	/todos/{todo_id}	http DELETE 127.0.0.1:8080/todos/3

Note that this is a minimal example. Real applications split their codebase into <u>modules (https://docs.python.org/3/tutorial/modules.html)</u>.

## Dissecting the example

The code is based on <u>Getting start with aiohttp.web: A todo tutorial</u> (<a href="http://justanr.github.io/getting-start-with-aiohttpweb-a-todo-tutorial">http://justanr.github.io/getting-start-with-aiohttpweb-a-todo-tutorial</a>) which is a step-by-step guide to create a Todo application. Once you're familiar with this simple code, you can switch to a cleaner, view-based and modular version of <a href="https://github.com/DurandA/todobackend-aiohttp">https://github.com/DurandA/todobackend-aiohttp</a> (todobackend-aiohttp) which shows how you can organize your project.