ascii

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REVISION HISTORY			
NUMBER	DATE	DESCRIPTION	NAME

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ascii is a R package for writing asciidoc or txt2tags document with embeded R commands.

1 short example

2 what ascii provides

ascii provided:

- a generic method for common R objects: ascii(). Default argument depends of R object.
- two Sweave drivers: Sweave ("yourfile.Rnw", RweaveAsciidoc()) or Sweave ("yourfile.Rnw", RweaveT2t()).

3 ascii manual

4 ascii examples

ascii provides methods for:

```
> methods(ascii)
 [1] ascii.anova
                                    ascii.aov
 [3] ascii.aovlist
                                    ascii.cast_df
 [5] ascii.character
                                   ascii.coxph
 [7] ascii.data.frame
                                    ascii.default
 [9] ascii.density
                                   ascii.describe
[11] ascii.describe.single
                                   ascii.factor
[13] ascii.glm
                                   ascii.htest
[15] ascii.integer
                                   ascii.list
[17] ascii.lm
                                   ascii.matrix
[19] ascii.numeric
                                   ascii.prcomp
[21] ascii.smooth.spline
                                   ascii.summary.aov
[23] ascii.summary.aovlist
                             ascii.summary.formula.response
```

X	An R object of class found among methods (ascii).
include.ro- wnames	logical. If TRUE the rows names are printed. Default value depends of class of x .
include.co-	logical. If TRUE the columns names are printed. Default value depends of class of x .
format	Character vector of length equal to the number of columns of the resulting table (otherwise it will be replicated or truncated as necessary) indicating the format for the corresponding columns. These values are passed to the formatC function. Use "d" (for integers), "f", "e", "E", "g", "G", "fg" (for reals), or "s" (for strings). "f" gives numbers in the usual $xxx.xxx$ format; "e" and "E" give n. ddde+nn or n. dddE+nn (scientific format); "g" and "G" put $x[i]$ into scientific format only if it saves space to do so. "fg" uses fixed format as "f", but digits as number of significant digits. Note that this can lead to quite long result strings. Default depends on the class of x .
digits	Numeric vector of length equal to the number of columns of the resulting table (otherwise it will be replicated or truncated as necessary) indicating the number of digits to display in the corresponding columns. Default is 2. decimal.mark: The character to be used to indicate the numeric decimal point. Default is ".".
na.print	The character string specifying how NA should be formatted specially. Default is "".
caption	Character vector of length 1 containing the table+s caption or title. Set to "" to suppress the caption. Default value is "".
width	Numeric vector of length one containing the table width relative to the available width (expressed as a percentage value, 199). Default is 0 (all available width).
frame	Character vector of length one. Defines the table border, and can take the following values: "topbot" (top and bottom), "all" (all sides), "none" and "sides" (left and right). The default value is "".
grid	Character vector of length one. Defines which ruler lines are drawn between table rows and columns, and can take the following values: "all", "rows", "cols" and "none". Default is "".
valign	Character vector of length one indicating vertical alignment of all cells in table. Can take the following values: "top", "bottom" and "middle". Default is "".
header	logical. If TRUE the first line of the table is emphasized. The default value depends of class of x .
footer	logical. If TRUE the last line of the table is emphasized. The default value depends of class of \mathbf{x} .
align	Character vector of length one indicating the alignment of the corresponding columns. Can be composed with "r" (right), "l" (left) and "c" (center). Default value is "".
col.width	Numeric vector of length equal to the number of columns of the resulting table (otherwise it will be replicated or truncated as necessary) indicating width of the corresponding columns (integer proportional values). Default is 1.
style	Character vector of length one indicating the style of the corresponding columns. Can be composed with "d" (default), "e" (emphasis), "m" (monospaced), "a" (cells can contain any of the AsciiDoc elements that are allowed inside document), "l" (literal), "v" (verse; all line breaks are retained). Default is "".
• • •	Additional arguments. (Currently ignored.)

```
An object of class "ascii"

Type of syntax produce. Possible values for type are "asciidoc", "t2t" or "textile".

Default value produce AsciiDoc syntax.

Character vector of length one indicating the list type ("bullet", "number" or "none").

Default is "bullet".

Additional arguments. (Currently ignored.)
```

Table 2: print.ascii

```
[25] ascii.summary.glm ascii.summary.lm
[27] ascii.summary.prcomp ascii.summary.table
[29] ascii.survdiff ascii.tabl
[31] ascii.table ascii.ts
[33] ascii.zoo
```

4.1 vector

```
> ascii(1:4)
| 1.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 |
```

11.00 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 |

4.2 matrix

```
> ascii(VADeaths, include.rownames = T, include.colnames = T, caption = "VADeaths",
     header = T, col.width = c(1, 2, 2, 2, 2, 2), valign = "middle",
     align = "lrrrr", frame = "topbot")
VADeaths
       | Rural Male | Rural Female | Urban Male | Urban Female
11
| 50-54 | 11.70 | 8.70
                             | 15.40
                                             | 8.40
| 55-59 | 18.10
                   | 11.70
                                  | 24.30
                                              | 13.60
                                  | 37.00
| 60-64 | 26.90
                   | 20.30
                                              | 19.30
                   30.90
| 65-69 | 41.00
                                  | 54.60
                                              | 35.10
| 70-74 | 66.00
                    | 54.30
                                  | 71.10
                                               | 50.00
```

VADeaths | | Rural Male | Rural Female | Urban Male | Urban Female | 50-54 | 11.70 | 8.70 | 15.40 | 8.40 | 55-59 | 18.10 | 11.70 | 24.30 | 13.60 | 60-64 | 26.90 | 20.30 | 37.00 | 19.30 | 65-69 | 41.00 | 30.90 | 54.60 | 35.10 | 70-74 | 66.00 | 54.30 | 71.10 | 50.00

4.3 data.frame

```
> ascii(iris[1:10, ], include.rownames = F, caption = "iris", width = 75,
     align = "c", valign = "bottom", frame = "topbot", grid = "none")
iris
|| Sepal.Length | Sepal.Width | Petal.Length | Petal.Width | Species
| 5.10
        | 3.50 | 1.40
                                  | 0.20
                                                  | setosa
| 4.90
             | 3.00
                          1.40
                                        | 0.20
                                                     | setosa
| 4.70
             | 3.20
                          | 1.30
                                       0.20
                                                     l setosa
| 4.60
             | 3.10
                          | 1.50
                                        | 0.20
                                                     | setosa
| 5.00
             | 3.60
                          | 1.40
                                       | 0.20
                                                     | setosa
| 5.40
              | 3.90
                          | 1.70
                                        0.40
                                                     | setosa
| 4.60
            | 3.40
                        | 1.40
                                     | 0.30
```

iris || Sepal.Length | Sepal.Width | Petal.Length | Petal.Width | Species | 5.10 | 3.50 | 1.40 | 0.20 | setosa | 4.90 | 3.00 | 1.40 | 0.20 | setosa | 4.70 | 3.20 | 1.30 | 0.20 | setosa | 4.60 | 3.10 | 1.50 | 0.20 | setosa | 5.00 | 3.60 | 1.40 | 0.20 | setosa | 5.40 | 3.90 | 1.70 | 0.40 | setosa | 4.60 | 3.40 | 1.40 | 0.30 | setosa | 5.00 | 3.40 | 1.50 | 0.20 | setosa | 4.40 | 2.90 | 1.40 | 0.20 | setosa | 4.90 | 3.10 | 1.50 | 0.10 | setosa

4.4 summary.table

```
> ascii(summary(table(1:4, 1:4)))
- Number of cases in table: 4
- Number of factors: 2
- Test for independence of all factors:
- Chisq = 12, df = 9, p-value = 0.2133
- Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect
```

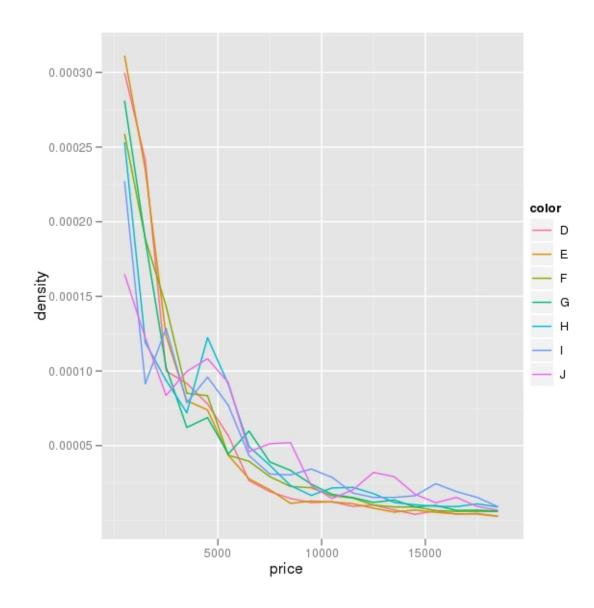
- Number of cases in table: 4
- Number of factors: 2
- Test for independence of all factors:
- Chisq = 12, df = 9, p-value = 0.2133
- Chi-squared approximation may be incorrect

4.5 glm

```
> counts <- c(18, 17, 15, 20, 10, 20, 25, 13, 12)
> outcome <- gl(3, 1, 9)
> treatment <- gl(3, 3)
> d.AD <- data.frame(treatment, outcome, counts)</pre>
> glm.D93 <- glm(counts ~ outcome + treatment, family = poisson())</pre>
> glm.D93
Call: glm(formula = counts ~ outcome + treatment, family = poisson())
Coefficients:
(Intercept)
              outcome2
                           outcome3 treatment2
                                                treatment3
  3.045e+00 -4.543e-01 -2.930e-01
                                      8.717e-16
                                                  4.557e-16
Degrees of Freedom: 8 Total (i.e. Null); 4 Residual
                  10.58
Null Deviance:
Residual Deviance: 5.129
                              AIC: 56.76
> ascii(glm.D93, caption = "glm.D93")
glm.D93
              | Estimate | Std. Error | z value | Pr(>\|z\|) |
| (Intercept) | 3.04 | 0.17 | 17.81 | 0.00
                                                      | outcome2 | -0.45
                       | 0.20
                                   | -2.25
                                            | 0.02
                                            | 0.13
| outcome3
            | -0.29 | 0.19
                                   | -1.52
| treatment2 | 0.00 | 0.20
                                            | 1.00
                                   | 0.00
| treatment3 | 0.00
                                             1.00
                      | 0.20
                                    0.00
> ascii(anova(glm.D93), caption = "anova glm.D93", include.rownames = T)
anova glm.D93
                 | Deviance | Resid. Df | Resid. Dev |
| Df
| NULL
                            8.00
                                       | 10.58
           | 2.00 | 5.45
                            | 6.00
                                        | 5.13
| outcome
| treatment | 2.00 | 0.00
                            | 4.00
```

 $\begin{array}{l} glm.D93 \parallel \mid Estimate \mid Std. \;\; Error \mid z \;\; value \mid Pr(>\mid z \mid) \mid \mid (Intercept) \mid 3.04 \mid 0.17 \mid 17.81 \mid 0.00 \mid \mid outcome2 \mid -0.45 \mid 0.20 \mid -2.25 \mid 0.02 \mid \mid outcome3 \mid -0.29 \mid 0.19 \mid -1.52 \mid 0.13 \mid \mid treatment2 \mid 0.00 \mid 0.20 \mid 0.00 \mid 1.00 \mid \mid treatment3 \mid 0.00 \mid 0.20 \mid 0.00 \mid 1.00 \mid a nova \\ glm.D93 \parallel \mid Df \mid Deviance \mid Resid. \;\; Df \mid Resid. \;\; Dev \mid \mid NULL \mid \mid \mid 8.00 \mid 10.58 \mid \mid outcome \mid 2.00 \mid 5.45 \mid 6.00 \mid 5.13 \mid \mid treatment \mid 2.00 \mid 0.00 \mid 4.00 \mid 5.13 \mid \\ 2.00 \mid 0.00 \mid 4.00 \mid 5.13 \mid \\ \end{array}$

4.6 plot



4.7 txt2tags

```
> library(reshape)
> names(airquality) <- tolower(names(airquality))
> aqm <- melt(airquality, id = c("month", "day"), na.rm = TRUE)</pre>
```

```
> res <- cast(aqm, month ~ variable, mean, margins = "grand_row")
> res
          ozone solar.r
 month
                              wind
                                       temp
    5 23.61538 181.2963 11.622581 65.54839
2
      6 29.44444 190.1667 10.266667 79.10000
3
     7 59.11538 216.4839 8.941935 83.90323
     8 59.96154 171.8571 8.793548 83.96774
4
     9 31.44828 167.4333 10.180000 76.90000
5
6 (all) 42.12931 185.9315 9.957516 77.88235
> print(ascii(res), "t2t")
|| month | ozone | solar.r | wind | temp
| 5
       | 23.62 | 181.30 | 11.62 | 65.55 |
       | 29.44 | 190.17 | 10.27 | 79.10 |
| 6
| 7
       | 59.12 | 216.48 | 8.94 | 83.90 |
| 8
       | 59.96 | 171.86 | 8.79 | 83.97 | |
| 9 | 31.45 | 167.43 | 10.18 | 76.90 |
| (all) | 42.13 | 185.93 | 9.96 | 77.88 |
```

5 convert

Sweave process creates a yourdocument.txt file from yourdocument.Rnw.

```
Sweave("youdocument.Rnw", RweaveXxx)
```

You can convert it to html format with the following command:

```
asciidoc yourdocument.txt
or
txt2tags -t html yourdocument.t2t
```

or to xhtml, docbook, man, tex...

For example, you can see the source of this documentation, the file generated by Sweave, the same file in docbook format, the same file converted to pdf with dblatex, and the same file converted to odt with docbook2odf.

6 more informations

- txt2tags: http://txt2tags.sourceforge.net
- asciidoc: http://www.methods.co.nz/asciidoc