C Reference Card (ANSI)

Program Structure/Functions

,	
$type\ fnc(type_1,)$	function declarations
type name	external variable declaration
<pre>main() {</pre>	main routine
declarations	local variable declarations
statements	
}	
type $fnc(arg_1,)$ {	function definition
declarations	local variable declarations
statements	
return $value$;	
}	
/* */	comments
<pre>main(int argc, char *argv[])</pre>	main with args
exit(arq)	terminate execution

C Preprocessor

include library file include user file replacement text	<pre>#include <filename> #include "filename" #define name text</filename></pre>
replacement macro	#define name(var) text
Example. #define max(A,B)	((A)>(B) ? (A) : (B))
undefine	#undef $name$
quoted string in replace	#
concatenate args and rescan	##
conditional execution	#if, #else, #elif, #endif
is name defined, not defined?	#ifdef, #ifndef
name defined?	defined(name)
line continuation char	\

Data Types/Declarations

,	
character (1 byte)	char
integer	int
float (single precision)	float
float (double precision)	double
short (16 bit integer)	short
long (32 bit integer)	long
positive and negative	signed
only positive	unsigned
pointer to int, float,	*int, *float,
enumeration constant	enum
constant (unchanging) value	const
declare external variable	extern
register variable	register
local to source file	static
no value	void
structure	struct
create name by data type	typedef $typename$
size of an object (type is size_t)	${ t size of } \ object$
size of a data type (type is size_t)	sizeof(type name)

Initialization

initialize variable	$type\ name = value$
initialize array	$type name[]=\{value_1,\ldots\}$
initialize char string	char name[]="string'

Constants

long (suffix)	L or 1
float (suffix)	F or f
exponential form	e
octal (prefix zero)	0
hexadecimal (prefix zero-ex)	Ox or OX
character constant (char, octal, hex)	'a', '\ <i>ooo</i> ', '\x <i>hh</i> '
newline, cr, tab, backspace	\n, \r, \t, \b
special characters	\ \?, \', \"
string constant (ends with '\0')	"abcde"

Pointers, Arrays & Structures

,			
declare pointer to type		type	*name
declare function returning p	pointer to type	type	*f()
declare pointer to function	returning type	type	(*pf)()
generic pointer type	0 01	void	*
null pointer		NULL	
object pointed to by pointe	r	*poir	iter
address of object name		&nan	ie
array		name	e[dim]
multi-dim array	na	$me \lceil da$	im_1] [dim_2]
Structures			1-22-
$struct taq {$	structure tem	plate	
declarations	declaration of		bers
};			
create structure		stru	ct. taa name

create structure structure from template name.member member of pointed to structure pointer -> member Example. (*p).x and p->x are the same

single value, multiple type structure $\begin{array}{c} \text{union} \\ \text{bit field with } b \text{ bits} \end{array}$ $\begin{array}{c} \text{member : } b \end{array}$

Operators (grouped by precedence)

. (3 .	v - ,
structure member operator structure pointer	$name.member \\ pointer->member$
increment, decrement plus, minus, logical not, bitwise n indirection via pointer, address of cast expression to type size of an object	
multiply, divide, modulus (remain	nder) *, /, %
add, subtract	+, -
left, right shift [bit ops]	<<, >>
comparisons	>, >=, <, <=
comparisons	==, !=
bitwise and	&
bitwise exclusive or	^
bitwise or (incl)	1
logical and	&&
logical or	[]
conditional expression	$expr_1$? $expr_2$: $expr_3$
assignment operators	+=, -=, *=,
expression evaluation separator	,
Unany anarotors conditional curry	rossion and assignment oper

Unary operators, conditional expression and assignment operators group right to left; all others group left to right.

Flow of Control

statement terminator		;
block delimeters		{ }
exit from switch, while	do, for	break
next iteration of while,	do, for	continue
go to		${ t goto} \ label$
label		label:
return value from functi	on	return expr
Flow Constructions		-
if statement	if (expr) stat else if (expr) else statement	statement
while statement	while $(expr)$ $statement$	
for statement	for (expr ₁ ; expression statement	pr_2 ; $expr_3$)
do statement	<pre>do statement while(expr);</pre>	
switch statement		<pre>statement₁ break; statement₂ break;</pre>

ANSI Standard Libraries

<assert.h></assert.h>	<ctype.h></ctype.h>	<errno.h></errno.h>	<float.h></float.h>	<pre><limits.h< pre=""></limits.h<></pre>
<locale.h></locale.h>	<math.h></math.h>	<setjmp.h></setjmp.h>	<signal.h></signal.h>	<stdarg.h< td=""></stdarg.h<>
<stddef.h></stddef.h>	<stdio.h></stdio.h>	<stdlib.h></stdlib.h>	<string.h></string.h>	<time.h></time.h>

Character Class Tests <ctype.h>

alphanumeric?	isalnum(c)
alphabetic?	isalpha(c)
control character?	iscntrl(c)
decimal digit?	isdigit(c)
printing character (not incl space)?	isgraph(c)
lower case letter?	islower(c)
printing character (incl space)?	<pre>isprint(c)</pre>
printing char except space, letter, digit?	<pre>ispunct(c)</pre>
space, formfeed, newline, cr, tab, vtab?	isspace(c)
upper case letter?	isupper(c)
hexadecimal digit?	isxdigit(c)
convert to lower case?	tolower(c)
convert to upper case?	toupper(c)

String Operations <string.h>

s,t are strings, cs,ct are constant strings

```
length of s
                                         strlen(s)
copy ct to s
                                         strcpy(s,ct)
                                         strncpy(s,ct,n)
    up to n chars
concatenate ct after s
                                         strcat(s.ct)
                                         strncat(s,ct,n)
    up to n chars
compare cs to ct
                                         strcmp(cs,ct)
    only first n chars
                                         strncmp(cs,ct,n)
pointer to first c in cs
                                         strchr(cs,c)
pointer to last c in cs
                                         strrchr(cs,c)
copy n chars from ct to s
                                         memcpy(s,ct,n)
copy n chars from ct to s (may overlap)
                                        memmove(s,ct,n)
compare n chars of cs with ct
                                         memcmp(cs,ct,n)
pointer to first c in first n chars of cs
                                         memchr(cs,c,n)
put c into first n chars of cs
                                         memset(s,c,n)
```

C Reference Card (ANSI)

Input/Output <stdio.h>

Standard I/O	
standard input stream	stdin
standard output stream	stdout
standard error stream	stderr
end of file	EOF
get a character	getchar()
print a character	$\mathtt{putchar}(\mathit{chr})$
	$("format", arg_1,)$
print to string s sprintf(s	$,"format", arg_1, \ldots)$
read formatted data scanf("f	$ormat$ ",& $name_1$,)
read from string s sscanf(s, "for	$ormat$ ",& $name_1$,)
read line to string s (< max chars)	<pre>gets(s,max)</pre>
print string s	<pre>puts(s)</pre>
File I/O	
declare file pointer	FILE $*fp$
pointer to named file for	en("name","mode")
modes: r (read), w (write), a (appen	d)
get a character	$\mathtt{getc}(\mathit{fp})$
write a character	$\mathtt{putc}(\mathit{chr},\mathit{fp})$
write to file fprintf(fp	$,"format", arg_1, \ldots)$
read from file fscanf(fp	$,"format", arg_1, \dots)$
close file	fclose(fp)
non-zero if error	ferror(fp)
non-zero if EOF	feof(fp)
read line to string s (< max chars)	${ t fgets(s,max,} fp)$
write string s	$\mathtt{fputs}(\mathtt{s},\mathit{fp})$
Codes for Formatted I/O: " $\%$ -+ 0 $w.p$	mc"
- left justify	
+ print with sign	
space print space if no sign	
0 pad with leading zeros	
w min field width	
p precision	
m conversion character:	
	L long double
c conversion character:	_
d,i integer u unsigne	
c single char s char str	_
f double e,E expone	
o octal x,X hexade	
	of chars written
g,G same as f or e,E depending	g on exponent

Variable Argument Lists <stdarg.h>

_	•
declaration of pointer to arguments	$va_list name;$
initialization of argument pointer	<pre>va_start(name,lastarg)</pre>
lastarg is last named parameter	of the function
access next unamed arg, update poin	ter va_arg(name, type)
call before exiting function	$ exttt{va_end}(name)$

Standard Utility Functions <stdlib.h>

absolute value of int n	abs(n)		
absolute value of long n	labs(n)		
quotient and remainder of ints n,d	div(n,d)		
return structure with div_t.quot as	•		
quotient and remainder of longs n,d	ldiv(n,d)		
	•		
returns structure with ldiv_t.quot and ldiv_t.rem			
pseudo-random integer [0,RAND_MAX]	rand()		
set random seed to n	srand(n)		
terminate program execution	exit(status)		
pass string s to system for execution	system(s)		
Conversions			
convert string s to double	atof(s)		
convert string s to integer	atoi(s)		
convert string s to long	atol(s)		
convert prefix of s to double	strtod(s,endp)		
convert prefix of s (base b) to long	strtol(s,endp,b)		
same, but unsigned long	strtoul(s,endp,b)		
Storage Allocation			
9	calloc(nobj,size)		
change size of object	realloc(pts,size)		
deallocate space	free(ptr)		
Array Functions			
search array for key bsearch(key,array,n,size,cmp())			
sort array ascending order qsort(array,n,size,cmp())			

Time and Date Functions <time.h>

processor time used by program clock() Example. clock()/CLOCKS_PER_SEC is time in seconds current calendar time time() time₂-time₁ in seconds (double) difftime(time2,time1) arithmetic types representing times clock_t,time_t structure type for calendar time comps seconds after minute tm_sec minutes after hour tm_min tm_hour hours since midnight tm_mday day of month months since January tm_mon

tm_isdst Daylight Savings Time flag

convert local time to calendar time mktime(tp)

convert time in tp to string asctime(tp)

convert calendar time in tp to local time ctime(tp)

convert calendar time to GMT gmtime(tp)

convert calendar time to local time local time local time stripe format date and time info strftime(s,smax,"format",tp)

tp is a pointer to a structure of type tm

vears since 1900

days since Sunday

days since January 1

tm_year
tm_wday

tm_yday

Mathematical Functions <math.h>

Arguments and returned values are double

trig functions	sin(x), $cos(x)$, $tan(x)$
inverse trig functions	asin(x), acos(x), atan(x)
$\arctan(y/x)$	atan2(y,x)
hyperbolic trig functions	sinh(x), cosh(x), tanh(x)
exponentials & logs	exp(x), log(x), log10(x)
exponentials & logs (2 power)	ldexp(x,n), frexp(x,*e)
division & remainder	<pre>modf(x,*ip), fmod(x,y)</pre>
powers	pow(x,y), $sqrt(x)$
rounding	<pre>ceil(x), floor(x), fabs(x)</pre>

Integer Type Limits inits.h>

The numbers given in parentheses are typical values for the constants on a 32-bit Unix system. CHAR_BIT bits in char CHAR_MAX max value of char (127 or 255) CHAR MIN min value of char (-128 or 0)INT MAX max value of int (+32,767)INT_MIN min value of int (-32,768)LONG_MAX max value of long (+2.147.483.647)LONG_MIN min value of long (-2.147.483.648)SCHAR_MAX max value of signed char (+127)SCHAR_MIN min value of signed char (-128)SHRT_MAX max value of short (+32,767)SHRT MIN min value of short (-32,768)UCHAR_MAX max value of unsigned char (255)(65,535)UINT_MAX max value of unsigned int

USHRT_MAX max value of unsigned short Float Type Limits <float.h>

ULONG_MAX max value of unsigned long

Float Type	e Limits <float.h></float.h>	
FLT_RADIX	radix of exponent rep	(2)
FLT_ROUNDS	floating point rounding mode	
FLT_DIG	decimal digits of precision	(6)
FLT_EPSILON	smallest x so $1.0 + x \neq 1.0$	(10^{-5})
FLT_MANT_DIG	number of digits in mantissa	, ,
FLT_MAX	maximum floating point number	(10^{37})
FLT_MAX_EXP	maximum exponent	
FLT_MIN	minimum floating point number	(10^{-37})
FLT_MIN_EXP	minimum exponent	
DBL_DIG	decimal digits of precision	(10)
DBL_EPSILON	smallest x so $1.0 + x \neq 1.0$	(10^{-9})
DBL_MANT_DIG	number of digits in mantissa	
DBL_MAX	max double floating point number	(10^{37})
DBL_MAX_EXP	maximum exponent	
DBL_MIN	min double floating point number	(10^{-37})
DBL_MIN_EXP	minimum exponent	

(4,294,967,295)

(65,536)

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